Section 1

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Cloudy, cooler, with probable local thunder showers Sunday; cloudy, moderate temperature Monday.
☞ For full weather report see Page 21.

Section 1

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,443. NEW YORK, SUNDAY, JULY 6, 1919. 98 PAGES, In Nine Parts, Including Picture and Magazine Sections (Rotogravure) and Book Section. FIVE CENTS In Greater New York | Elsewhere SEVEN CENTS

R-34, FUEL NEARLY GONE, ASKS QUICK HELP; BELOW BAY OF FUNDY, MAKING FOR MONTAUK; HANDLEY-PAGE IS WRECKED IN NOVA SCOTIA

EX-KAISER'S SONS OFFER TO SUFFER IN HIS STEAD

Eitel Friedrich Asks George V. to Accept Surrender of Himself and Brothers.

PENALTY MAY BE DEATH

Statement on 'Highest Authority' That London Court Will Be 'Absolutely Unfettered.'

NEW PRESSURE ON HOLLAND

United Demand for Extradition of William Is Expected to be Effective.

BERLIN, July 5, (Associated Press.)—Prince Eitel Friedrich of Prussia, second son of the former German Emperor, has sent the following telegram to King George:

"To his Majesty the King of Great Britain and Ireland:

"In fulfillment of the natural duty of son and officer, I, with my four younger brothers, place myself at your Majesty's disposal, in place of my imperial father, in the event of his extradition, in order by our sacrifice to spare him such degradation.

"In the name of Princes Adalbert, August Wilhelm, Oscar, and Joachim.
"EITEL FRIEDRICH."

Court May Impose Death Penalty.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 5.—It is stated on the highest authority that the international tribunal created to try the ex-Kaiser will be absolutely unfettered, and that it will have power to impose any penalty it may think the crimes of the accused demand—even the death penalty, if it considers such a fate warranted by the evidence brought before it.

There is no truth in the story that the American delegates consented to the trial of the ex-Kaiser only on the understanding that the death penalty was not inflicted.

So far the names of the five judges to be chosen from Great Britain, the United States, France, Italy and Japan have not been settled upon, but the probability is that each country will send the head of its judiciary—for example, the British Lord Chief Justice, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, the President of the Court of Cassation in France.

Communications have been passing for some days between the allied and associated powers and Holland regarding the extradition of the ex-Kaiser. The request for his extradition is being made by all the powers banded together against Germany during the war. The Dutch Government, while protesting as a sovereign power against the alleged violation of the right of asylum, does not feel able to resist such a request, and there seems to be no doubt that the imperial culprit will be handed over to the British authorities, Holland at the same time making it clear that she is yielding only to superior force.

With regard to the trial of other persons charged with offenses against humanity during the war, they are to be handed over at once to the countries in which the alleged crimes were committed as soon as the treaties are ratified. As Germany has announced that this will be done forthwith, it is expected that the murderers of Captain Fryatt and Edith Cavell will be in London before many days are over. The perpetrators of U-boat outrages will also be with them, and the trials will take place at once.

It is possible that, as most of the outrages were committed by commanding officers in the German army or navy, their trials will take place before properly constituted naval and military courts-martial. The prisoners will be allowed to have their own counsel and call any witness they desire.

Premier Surprised Americans.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

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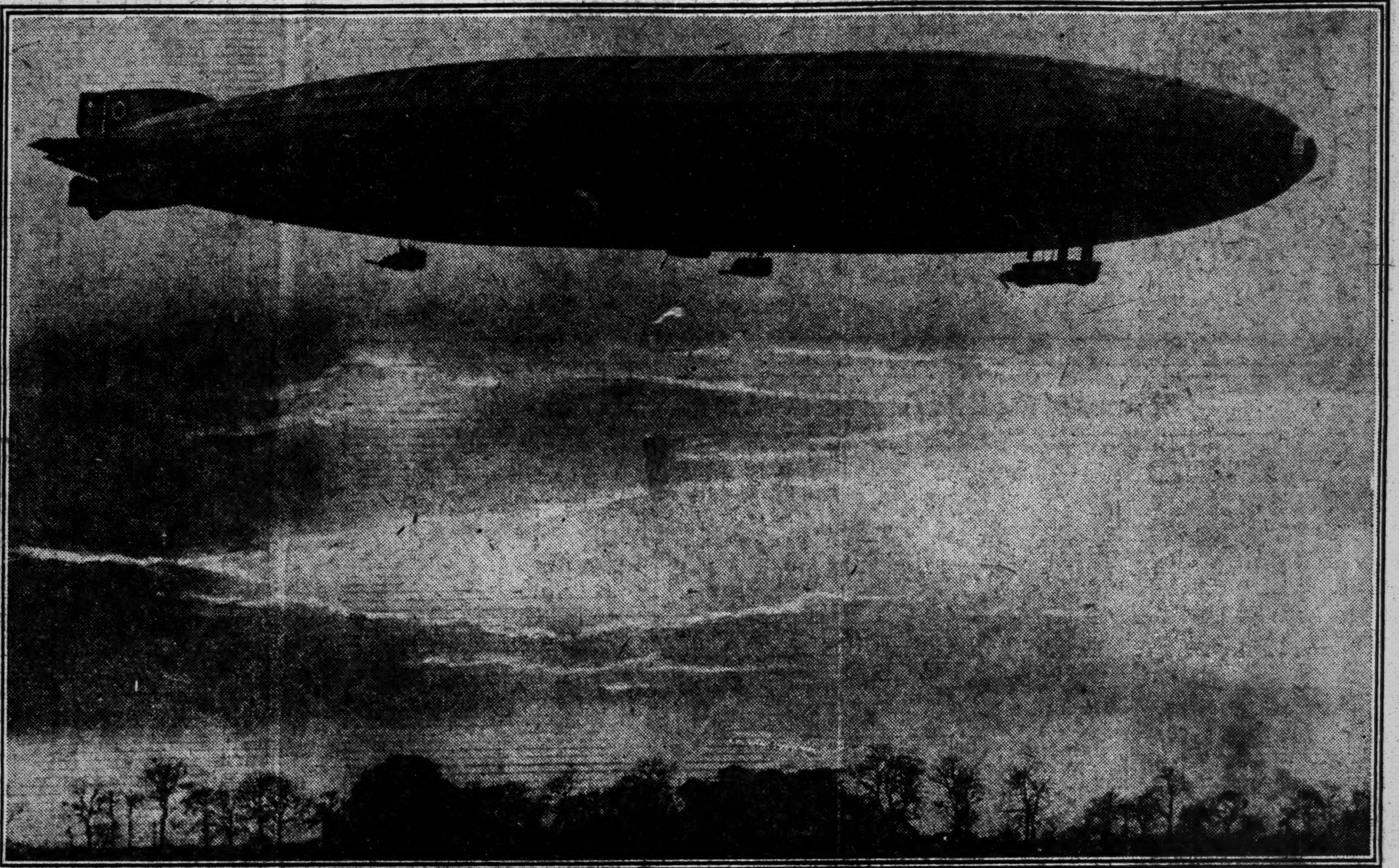
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 4.—The British Prime Minister's statement in the House of Commons yesterday that the ex-Kaiser would be tried in London was a surprise to the members of the American peace delegation. None of them had ever heard of any such arrangement, and all were mystified over Mr. Lloyd George's declaration. According to their view, it is possible that an agreement was

Continued on Page Five.

WASHINGTON'S NEWEST AND BEST. WARDMAN PARK HOTEL. Address H. Albert, (formerly Mgr. The Homestead, Hot Springs, Va.)—Advt.

IF YOU HAVE A BACKWARD CHILD See advertisement on Page 4, Section 4.—Advt.



British Dirigible, R-34, Now Making for Montauk, L. I., After Urgent Appeal for Help.

Handley-Page Forced to Descend; Wrecked in Nova Scotia Town

Hits Fence in Landing at Parrsboro Race Track and Smashes Into Tree—None of Crew Injured—Engine Trouble Forced Landing—Further Flight Impossible.

By FREDERICK WYATT,
Wireless Operator on the Handley-Page.
Special to The New York Times.

PARRSBORO, Nova Scotia, July 5.—The plane Atlantic crashed on a forced landing here and is useless for further flight. The front starboard engine failed after thirteen hours of flight. No one was injured.

The first sign of trouble was noticed about 1 o'clock this morning, and at first it appeared that one of the plugs had blown out. Major Gran, the navigator, and one of the mechanics crawled out through the skylight and examined the engine. It was found that a leak had sprung in the joint between the engine supply pipe and the oil tank, which is situated between the two engines.

We were at this time approaching the coast line, and it was agreed that the safest and best thing to do was to cruise around about the coast line until daybreak and then land in the most convenient spot.

The faulty engine was stopped and it was left to the three remaining engines to keep the machine up. A "C Q" call was given on the wireless and a message stating that engine difficulty had occurred was sent out. Our position was also given and stations were asked to look out for us. The altitude was about 2,000 feet, which was retained until dawn.

As daylight appeared we descended to 500 feet, and a field was chosen in which to land, but as it proved to be unsuitable the engines were opened out and the plane ascended, but not before touching the ground. We finally landed in a field owned by the Mayor, Captain Salter. This proved to be very bumpy and caused our undercarriage to give way just after touching the ground, one of the four wheels being completely detached and smashed.

This caused the nose of the machine to dip, with the result that it was crumpled up. The pilot, Major Brackley, had a marvelous escape. He was apparently thrown forward at the same time that his seat doubled up. Admiral Mark Kerr and Major Gran were also in the nose at the time, but fortunately escaped injury. The wireless operator and the two machinists, comprising the rest of the crew, went behind the petrol tank before landing and escaped with nothing more than a few bumps. In addition to the damaged nose and under carriage, one wing was found to be broken, it being ripped off its hinges and the fabric stripped. The damaged engine has a large hole in its crank case, pieces of which hit the rear prop and chipped the edges.

All the Marconi wireless instruments are undamaged. These worked well on the trip, especially the directional compass, which was the first of its kind to be installed on an airplane. Unde rthe circumstances the crew are to be congratulated on their escape; also that the weather was clear. Otherwise loss of life would doubtless have occurred on the forced landing.

Great excitement prevails here among the townsfolk, the damaged plane attracting many visitors. It is expected that the Atlantic will be dismantled and returned in two cases now lying at Harbor Grace in which the plane was brought from England.

[Mr. Wyatt's dispatch shows that the biplane experienced her first trouble half an hour after he had sent a wireless message to THE TIMES announcing that at 12:30 yesterday morning, Greenwich mean time, the Atlantic was making eighty-five knots an hour and approaching North Sydney.]

Special to The New York Times.

PARRSBORO, N. S., July 5.—The Handley-Page biplane Atlantic, voyaging on its attempted nonstop flight

Continued on Page Three.

Vice Admiral Kerr Tells of Handley-Page Flight

By VICE ADMIRAL KERR.
Special to The New York Times.

PARRSBORO, N. S., July 5.—Everything went well. The Rolls-Royce engines worked splendidly and the Marconi wireless installation, sending, receiving and directional, was excellent. The oil pipe to one engine broke, so Major Gran and Engineer Arnold twice climbed out on to the engine and endeavored to make repairs. Pieces of broken metal did some injuries to parts of the machine. We made for the coast and circled round, waiting for dawn. When we landed on an old race course the machine crashed, as an unexpected inequality in the ground broke the under carriage. Reduced engine power prohibited us from rising again.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, West Virginia.—THE GREENBRIER, European Plan, Open Year-round. THE WHITE, American Plan, Opens June 28. Bookings at the Plaza, New York.—Advt.

PALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES. Cork and Plain Ends.—Advt.

TERRACE GARDEN DANCE PALACE. Dancing Evenings, 7 to 12. Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays, 2 to 12. DANCE IN THE OPEN AIR.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion.—Advt.

London Hears German Assembly Will Ratify Treaty Tomorrow

LONDON, July 5.—The German Cabinet discussed this morning the questions of ratification of the Peace Treaty and future diplomatic service, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch received by way of Copenhagen.

The German National Assembly, this dispatch says, will ratify the treaty on Monday, and Dr. Müller will outline the Government's future foreign policy.

BOSTON PREPARES FOR THE DIRIGIBLE

R-34 Could Land on Island in the Harbor if She Went There.

BOSTON, Mass., July 5.—Word that the R-34 had passed to sea from Yarmouth and was headed toward this city aroused much speculation here tonight as to her probable landing place. Should the dirigible be able to go as far as Chatham she would find there men accustomed to handling dirigibles, as Chatham became a dirigible base during the war.

It is thought doubtful, however, whether a suitable landing place could be obtained on Cape Cod for so large a dirigible as the R-34, and whether enough men could be concentrated there to handle the big airship properly if she should arrive tomorrow.

There are large fields in the vicinity of Boston and on at least one of the islands in Boston Harbor where an emergency landing might be made. Airplanes have used particularly Franklin Field and an aviation field in Saugus.

At the navy yard tonight it was said that it would probably be impossible to get any naval vessels ready in time to get away tonight in addition to the Bancroft and the Stevens.

There are about ten destroyers at the Boston Navy Yard in addition to the two already out.

The cruiser Birmingham, a high-speed scouting vessel, is at Boston, and will be sent to sea as soon as possible. Several submarine chasers, probably totaling ten or twelve, stationed along the Maine coast will be sent out as a result of Admiral Benson's order to rush out all available craft.

The navy converted yacht Satilla sailed this afternoon from Machias Bay, Maine, to the assistance of the R-34.

The submarine chaser 407 left Bar Harbor, Me., this afternoon to aid the R-34.

The destroyers Bancroft and Stevens at the Boston Navy Yard got up steam this afternoon under orders to proceed to the assistance of the dirigible at top speed.

The destroyer Stevens sailed at 3:45 o'clock. She expected to make about 22 knots an hour. The Bancroft followed her.

Hotel Seville, 5th Av. and 29th St.—Rooms with private bath, $2.50; suites at moderate rates. Restaurant and grill.—Advt.

CALOX TOOTH POWDER Cleans—Whitens—Preserves.—Advt.

Planned To Resume Trip to Mineola After Taking On Fuel at Boston

Word from the R-34 Received at Roosevelt Field—Experts Had Left Here for Boston to Aid the Big British Dirigible.

Special to The New York Times.

ROOSEVELT FIELD, Mineola, L. I., July 5.—The intention of Major Scott, commander of the R-34, to proceed on Sunday to Mineola, after re-fueling at Boston, was announced in the following message received at headquarters here at 11:04 tonight after being relayed from the Naval Department of Communications at Boston.

"R-34 will put into Boston and refuel. Will proceed to Mineola on Sunday. Keep dirigible informed of weather conditions and changes through the Commandant of the First Naval District."

It was said at the field tonight that it was possible for the R-34 to reach Mineola Sunday if the refuelling at Boston involved a minimum of delay, but that there was serious doubt that she will be able to refuel and get away from Boston tomorrow.

British officers said that Commander Scott, if he ran completely out of fuel, could drop an anchor and remain adrift above the sea until rescue came, or, if he reached land, could anchor in a tree or else descend completely to earth, if the conditions for landing were right. In the event of running out of gasoline while over water the dirigible, it was said, would drop a "droque," or sea anchor, which is a large canvas container that fills with water and reduces drift by two-thirds.

Early tonight Lieut. Col. Frederick W. Lucas of the British Air Force received a wireless from Major Scott, commanding the R-34, asking if it was possible to get hydrogen and petrol to Chatham, Mass., early tomorrow, the message from the commander of the dirigible adding that he desired to land at the Massachusetts port, which is on the southern edge of Cape Cod, eighteen miles east of Barnstable. Colonel Lucas immediately replied that Chatham was too small for a landing, and asked Major Scott if it was not possible for him to make Montauk Point, where the United States Navy maintains one of its principal dirigible bases. Later in the night the message announcing the decision to go to Boston was received.

The first message from Major Scott to Colonel Lucas read:

"Captain R-34 wishes to land at Chatham, —— miles from Boston. Can you supply gas and hydrogen early tomorrow there? SCOTT."

It was recalled that Chatham was the port at which the NC-4, the American seaplane that subsequently flew across the Atlantic, put in for repairs following the engine trouble that caused the plane to lose several days during the jump from Rockaway to Halifax.

A wireless message received later from the R-34, relayed here from Boston, read:

"P. Q. D. Rush help. Making for Boston from Bay of Fundy, 23 knots. Come quickly. Gasoline giving out. Send ship. High power off, except ½ kilowat set. R-34."

The message presumably was intended for Roosevelt Field. It was intercepted at Boston at 9:36 tonight and sent over the long-distance telephone to the field here.

As soon as this message was received the following officers were dispatched to Boston to aid in preparations for handling and refueling the R-34 there: Capt. T. T. Craven of the United States Signal Corps, Commander Max Field, Major Hug Fuller of the Royal Air Forces, and Commander J. J. Quinn, in charge of the American dirigible T-R at Rockaway Point.

A large body of mechanics was kept in readiness until a late hour to be sent to Montauk Point, in case it might be found possible to attempt a landing there. This message was sent to the R-34:

"Impossible to land at Chatham. Proceed to Montauk if possible. If not let us know where you will land. We have men and supplies ready to be rushed to you. We can get them to Montauk by daylight."

The message from the R-34 indicated to officers here that the high power radio set was out of commission, and they feared if this was true that it would be difficult for naval craft to locate the dirigible in the dark.

Colonel Lucas in a second wireless to Major Scott tonght assured the commander of the R-34 that in the event he was not able to make Montauk a flotilla of United States destroyers from the Atlantic fleet would be within a short distance ready to take the dirigible in tow whenever the commander gave the word. These destroyers, he added, would keep in close touch with the dirigible during the voyage down the New England coast.

Colonel Lucas also pointed out that it would not be necessary to send either gas or hydrogen to Montauk, as there is already an ample supply at the naval base there which the Navy Department will order given over to the R-34. The bluejackets and soldiers who have been trained to anchor the giant airship, he added, could be rushed to Montauk Point by special train in a few hours. The anchorage personnel is now at Roosevelt Field.

Asked concerning his objections to Chatham as a landing place, Colonel Lucas said that the field at that place was too small and, furthermore, that owing to its isolated location, it would be very difficult to get a large amount of fuel and hydrogen to the place before the airship arrived.

Shortly before noon today a radio signed by Major Scott was received in which he stated that he then expected to arrive at Mineola early tomorrow morning. This cheerful news, however, was short lived for soon thereafter another wireless was relayed to Hazlehurst

Continued on Page Two.

IMPERIAL GRANUM, the Unsweetened Food, protects Babies from hot weather ills.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion.—Advt.

MAGNIFICO—the Different Cigar. Mild and fragrant. Manufactured in Key West. Exclusively at UNITED CIGAR STORES.—Advt.

DESTROYER BANCROFT IN TOUCH WITH HER

Now Trailing the R-34 as She Makes for the Long Island Coast from the Bay of Fundy.

EARLY MESSAGES HAD GIVEN CAUSE FOR ALARM

"Rush Help, Come Quickly, Gasoline Giving Out," Reported the Big Airship—Battled With Head Winds and Storm All Day.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, July 6.—This message received at Otter Cliff, Maine, wireless station at 1:29 A. M. from the R-34 was received at 2:10 this A. M. by the Navy Department:

"Will land Montauk. Will report time later."

The big British dirigible, after coursing all day yesterday across Nova Scotia and the Bay of Fundy, was early this morning about 115 nautical miles southwest of Yarmouth, N. S. She had been variously reported as heading for Boston or Chatham.

At 11:09 P. M. the Navy Department received this message by way of the Otter Cliff wireless station, telling of the R-34's great shortage of gasoline, which had bothered her all day, and of her need of help:

> Following received from R-34:
>
> Position R-34, 67 degrees 30 minutes west, 43 degrees 20 minutes north. Course southwest by south by magnetic compass.
>
> Flying 1,500 feet. Come and meet us. Making for Boston. Rush. Very short gasoline.

This message was preceded only an hour and a half by a message that caused alarm for the safety of the dirigible and led navy officials to order all available vessels in the Boston naval district to hurry out to her aid.

This message, which was received at 9:36 P. M., read as follows:

"Rush help. Making for Boston from Bay of Fundy at 23 knots. Come quickly; gasoline giving out. Send ship."

Admiral Benson, Chief of Naval Operations, at once sent this message to Rear Admiral Dunn, commander at Boston:

> Communicate to all stations along the Maine coast to get out everything available immediately and get in touch with and keep in touch with R-34. Render every assistance possible. Keep the department informed of action taken.

Soon after this message went out word came that the destroyer Bancroft, which started out of Boston in mid-afternoon to find the R-34, had begun to trail the dirigible. A message from the Otter Cliff station filed at 11:30 P. M. reads as follows:

> U. S. Bancroft trailing the R-34.

The destroyer Stevens has passed the dirigible. This report came from her at Otter Cliff:

> U. S. Stevens at 11:30 P. M., (Washington time,) reports position 45.50 north; 66.50 west.

Orders were sent from Washington to the Stevens to proceed at full speed toward the dirigible's location, trying to establish radio communication.

Early this morning this message came from the Bancroft, showing that the R-34 might be able to reach Chatham. It read:

> To Commandant First Naval District: Position 41.52 north, 68.04 west. Headed for Chatham at 23 or 24 knots. R-34 thinks fuel will hold.

Later the Otter Cliff Naval Station reported this intercepted message from the Bancroft to the R-34:

> We see you are heading for Chatham, course 230 degrees, speed twenty-three knots. Keep me informed your movement.

If the dirigible finds it possible to continue at twenty-three knots and her fuel holds out, navy officials think she can reach Chatham between 6 and 6:30 o'clock this morning.

200 Men Sent to Montauk Point to Land R-34.

At 9 o'clock last night 200 members of the army and navy aviation personnel were ordered from Mineola to Montauk Point to assist in landing R-34, should she be able to come there as she has been advised to do.

Cruised Slowly South All Day Against Head Winds.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 5.—Baffled by head winds much of the day, and turned from her course down the coast of New Brunswick late this afternoon by a thunder storm, the big British dirigible R-34, from Scotland, was this evening off the west coast of Nova Scotia in the vicinity of Yarmouth.

A message received here reports that she passed over Saulnierville, midway between Digby and Yarmouth, at 8:35 P. M.

The fact that the dirigible did not land at Digby (northwest of Saulnierville) despite favorable conditions, was interpreted by naval officers here as indicating that she had enough fuel to carry her to Mineola, N. Y., despite the serious shortage which had slowed up her speed.

A little before this the dirigible was sighted over Digby, flying so low that members of the crew were plainly visible. The dirigible cruised about for several minutes, and observers thought that she was seeking a landing place.

Before the R-34 was sighted over Digby she had last been reported as in the vicinity of Patridge Island, N. B., (across the Bay of Fundy from Digby.)

She was then on the direct route to New York, but left the course to avoid a severe electrical storm which was raging along the New Brunswick coast,

A message from Bridgetown, N. S., saying that the R-34 passed over Smith's Cove, near there, at 6:50 o'clock, indicated that the dirigible flew straight across the Bay of Fundy from St. Martin's. The bay is about thirty miles wide at this point.

The R-34 spent most of the daylight hours cruising in a generally southwesterly direction over Nova Scotia and the Bay of Fundy, most of the time at slow speed.

Her progress down the coast was reported here from various sources thoughout the day.

The first message reaching here was a wireless to the Admiralty station at 10:30 A. M., which stated that the dirigible was between Halifax and Canso (150 miles north of here). Her exact position was not given. The airship reported "all well."

Another wireless message, received at 12:30 P. M., stated that the R-34 was at the south end of the Bay of Fundy, between Yarmouth and the Grand Manan. [Apparently an error.]

At 1:30 P. M., according to a dispatch from Parrsboro, (north of Minas Basin,) she passed over that town, where eight hours before the Handley-Page machine had come to grief. Parrsboro reported that she appeared to be in good shape and going strong.

At 2:20 P. M. the R-34 passed over Maitland, Hants County, N. S., fifty-three miles northwest of Halifax. Apparently she was headed for the Bay of Minas, a tributary of the Bay of Fundy.

A wireless message from the R-34 during the afternoon said that she was well on her way down the Bay of Fundy and was hugging the coast, (presumably that of New Brunswick). Her only trouble, the message said, was the diminishing supply of petrol, resulting from the strong head winds she had encountered since early morning.

Messages passing between the R-34 and H. M. S. Cumberland during the afternoon and intercepted here, indicated that the French cruiser Somme might proceed to the entrance of the Bay of Fundy to give assistance to the dirigible in case of need. The Cumberland told the R-34 that the Somme could reach her position more quickly than could the British cruiser.

At 4:15 P. M. the R-34 was in direct communication with the wireless station at Bar Harbor, Me.

The naval authorities arranged late in the day to have tugs stationed off St. John's, N. B., to assist the R-34 if they were needed. From her position and the speed at which she was then traveling, it was believed that she would be off St. John's Harbor at 6 o'clock tonight.

Was Close to St. John's, N. B., at One Time.

ST. JOHN'S, N. B., July 5.—The wireless station at Patridge Island reported at 8:30 P. M., that the R-34 was close by at that time. Constant communication between the station and the dirigible has been maintained all the afternoon.

A telephone message tonight from St. Martins (30 miles northeast of St. John's) reported that the R-34 passed there at about 4 o'clock this afternoon, local time. She was flying low and going slowly.

The message was delayed by a thunderstorm.

Our Warships Out on Rescue Errand.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Following the receipt of messages from the R-34, asking aid from the United States Navy, four vessels, two of them, the Stevens and the Bancroft, destroyers of the latest type and capable of thirty-five knots an hour, were started out early today to the rescue of the giant British airship.

The converted yacht Satilla was sent from Machias Bay, while the Bancroft, Stevens, and the Submarine Chaser 407 went out of Boston.

Tonight the Commandant of the Boston Navy Yard ordered out all available naval vessels to join in the effort to get in touch with the R-34.

The Navy Department also late tonight sent out broadcast a late message from the dirigible, asking for help and saying she was making for Boston.

Here are the messages received and sent by the Navy Department today in regard to the R-34:

Intercepted message from Commander Scott of R-34 to British Air Ministry read:

> Flying across Nova Scotia. Strong head winds. Petrol beginning to run short. (Signed) COMMANDING OFFICER.

Message received by commander of naval district at Boston, from Lieut. Commander Lansdowne, U. S. N., on the R-34:

> Could destroyer proceed, if required, to southern end of Bay of Fundy to take his Majesty's airship R-34 in tow? (Signed) LANSDOWNE.

Message from Admiral Dunn, Commander at Boston, received at Navy Department at 1:40 P. M.:

> U. S. S. Satilla left Cross Island, at lower end of Machias Bay, Me., at 12:30 to the assistance of the R-34. U. S. S. Stevens and U. S. S. Bancroft will leave Navy Yard at Boston about 3 P. M. to the assistance of the R-34. Submarine chaser 407 ordered from Bar Harbor to the assistance of the R-34. (Signed) H. O. DUNN.

Message from commander of R-34 by way of Otter Cliff, received at 1:30 P. M.:

> Position 45 degrees 21 minutes north, 64 degrees no minutes west. Course southwest, true. Running out of fuel, after flight from Britain. Please tell me if your destroyers are coming. (Signed) COMMANDING OFFICER.

Navy Department message to Commander Scott of the dirigible:

> U. S. S. Satilla left Cross Island, Me., at 12:30 P. M., to assist you. Two destroyers leaving Boston will communicate with you. The following was received from the commandant First Naval District, to Navy Department: U. S. S. Satilla left Cross Island, at lower end of Machias Bay, Me., at 12:30 to the assistance of the R-34. U. S. S. Stevens and U. S. S. Bancroft will leave Navy Yard, Boston, about 3 P. M. to the assistance of the R-34. Submarine chaser 407 ordered from Bar Harbor to the assistance of the R-34. (Signed) BENSON, Chief of Naval Operations.

Message from Commander Scott of R-34, received at 3:08 P. M.:

> Position noon, 75th meridian time, latitude 45 degrees 21 minutes north, longitude 64 degrees, no minutes west. Course southwest, true. Speed, 20 knots. Standing down coast New Brunswick and Maine. Petrol running short. Please have destroyer meet us at the earliest possible. (Signed) R-34.

Received at 5:07 P. M., from destroyer Stevens:

> In accordance with orders, Commandant 1st Naval District, am proceeding to assistance of R-34. 14305 G. M. T., (2:30 P. M. Washington time.) (Signed) U. S. S. Stevens.

Received at 5:15 P. M., from destroyer Bancroft:

> Proceeding to assist R-34. 3:30 P. M. (Signed) U. S. S. Bancroft.

Received from Otter Cliff at 9:35 P. M.:

> Canadian press informs me that R-34 flying over Dominion Atlantic Railroad from Digby, Yarmouth, about 8 P. M., (Washington time.) Please inform Commandant First Naval District in order to route destroyers accordingly off Yarmouth.

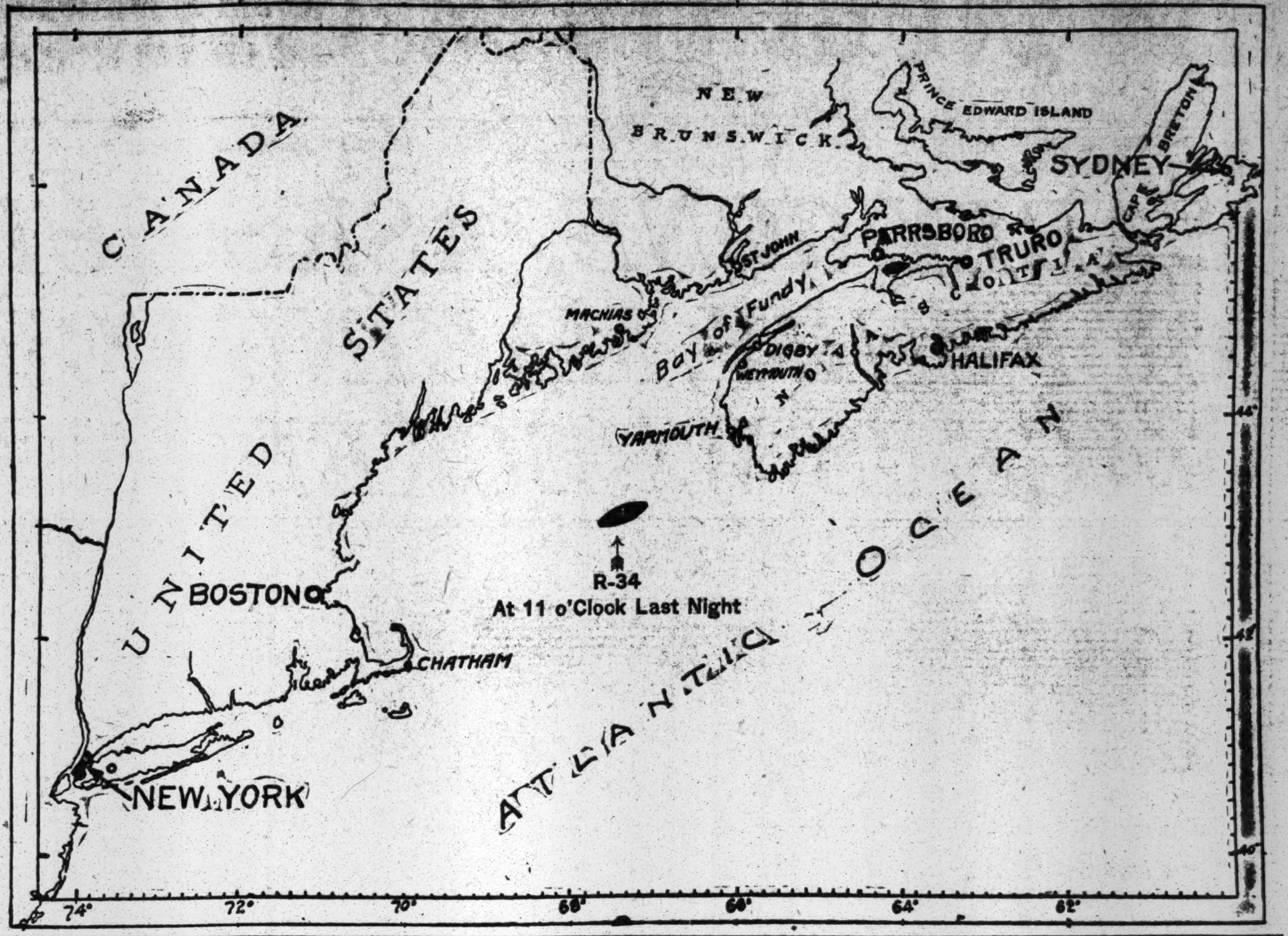
Received at 10:30 P. M., by long distance telephone, from the Commandant at Boston:

> Sending out all available craft in yard to assist R-34. Unable to get into communication with the destroyers Stevens or Bancroft since they left.

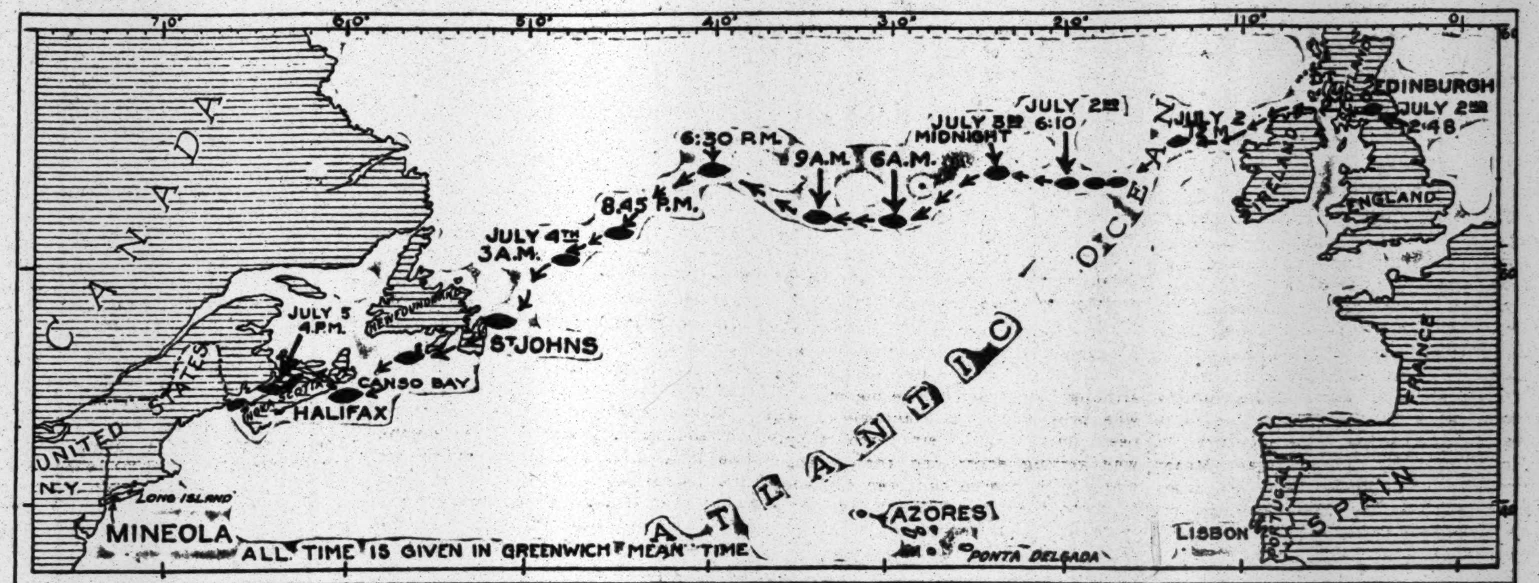
The commanding officers of the naval vessels sent to the assistance of the R-34 are: Stevens—Commander F. M. Robinson; Bancroft—Lieut. Commander H. F. Haslit; Satilla—Lieutenant R. F. Eaton; Submarine Chaser 407—Boatswain W. J. Smith.

Commanders of the vessels were instructed to attempt to intercept the R-34 in the Bay of Fundy, establish radio communication as quickly as possible, and keep the commandant at Boston informed of the progress of the search.

Position of R-34 at 11 o'Clock Last Night—Parrsboro, Where Handley-Page Stopped.



Course of the R-34 from Scotland to the United States



BIGGEST AIRSHIP BUILT.

R-34 Is 670 Feet Long—Kept Up by 2,200,000 Cubic Feet of Gas.

The R-34 is one of the two largest dirigibles in the world, the other ship of similar size being the R-33, a craft almost exactly like the R-34 except for minor dimensions. Both were built with the idea that they would carry heavy loads of bombs to drop upon Berlin and other German cities.

A few minutes before the armistice was signed the British Air Ministry called into conference some of the best experts among the Allies, and told them that it had been decided to build lighter-than-air bombing machines, larger even than the Germans had sent on unsuccessful sallies over London. It was reported, unofficially, that some of the ideas for these war machines that were to beat the Germans were taken from the Zeppelin that went down in flames near London while it was on a bombing expedition.

Work was being rushed on the dirigibles at the plants of Sir W. G. Armstrong, Whitworth & Co., at Inchinnan, near Edinburgh, when the war ended, but orders for the speedy completion of the airships were not rescinded. This work progressed so rapidly that both of the huge craft were ready for their trial flights last March. Within two days of each other, both of the big ships completed their trial flights satisfactorily and were accepted by the Admiralty. They were armed with machine guns, bombing apparatus, and other war materials and held in readiness in their hangars at East Fortune, near Edinburgh, for any duty that might be assigned to them if the Germans failed to live up to the terms of the armistice.

When it became apparent that the Germans would not continue hostilities the Admiralty decided to dismantle both aerial cruisers and send them on a peaceful voyage to this country. They were to have started at the same time and to have taken different courses. When workmen began to go over the R-33, however, they found that the job of tearing down all the war equipment was so great that it was decided to remodel only the R-34 immediately for the Atlantic crossing.

The R-34 is of the same dimensions as the Adriatic, one of the big liners plying between New York and Liverpool. She is about 670 feet long with a beam of about seventy-nine feet, and from the top of her cigar-shaped gas bag to the lowest point of the five gondolas she measures about ninety feet. The capacity of her gas bag is about 2,200,000 cubic feet, and it was estimated that about one-third of this volume would escape in the flight over the sea.

She has slung under her cigar-shaped bag five gondolas to carry the members of her crew and the motors to furnish power. One of these gondolas is forward and is for the use of the commander and the navigator, and also carried the radio instruments. The five motors are of the Sunbeam Maori type of about 250 horse power, and with 2,500 revolutions would give the huge dirigible a speed of about seventy miles an hour in still air. Winds at her tail would add to this speed greatly, and head winds would detract from it, so that her average speed is between thirty and forty miles an hour. Two of the motors were to have been kept in reserve.

All of her gondolas were inclosed by glass and all were connected by a huge platform, so that the commander and the members of the crew could pass easily from one to the others. In these gondolas were cooking apparatus so that the men could prepare hot meals and sleeping quarters for the thirty men who could be carried aboard as members of the crew and passengers.

When the war equipment was stripped from the big vessel about six extra gasoline tanks were added, and it was estimated that her cruising radius in favorable weather would be close to 5,000 miles. Changes made her total freight and fuel capacity about twenty-one tons, the weight of the balloon itself and all the other equipment amounting to about thirty tons.

As a battle cruiser she had carried two four-inch guns, several machine guns, four bombs, weighing about 580 pounds each, capable of destruction in an area of 40,000 square feet, and eight smaller bombs, weighing about 250 pounds each. With all these changes made it was estimated that the proportion of the space assigned to the carrying of fuel would permit the ship to take on between 6,000 and 7,000 gallons of gasoline.

No definite figures on the cost of constructing the R-34 or of making the alterations were given by the British Government when the vessel started her flight to this country, but English experts had estimated the original cost at between $1,250,000 and $1,500,000. The constant wear and tear on the delicate fabrics and materials in the gas bag and exposure to the weather, as well as the cost of operation, was estimated to have increased this original expense to the British Government several times.

Experts in the Royal Air Force had pointed out just before the flight was begun that the hydrogen in the bag was not confined to a single chamber, so that one puncture would not cause the ship to descend. The silken bag had more than fifteen separate chambers, and the entire bag was stretched tightly over a flexible metal frame which was re-inforced strongly by wires.

Under the plans for the alteration of the ship a powerful wireless apparatus was installed and tested out in several flights. It was estimated then that the range of this radio apparatus would be about 1,500 miles. One of the special pieces of apparatus attached to the radio plant was a directional finder, and one of the experiments to have been conducted on the trip was with the device. It was hoped that a simple method of finding would be evolved so that the radio operator could receive messages from two stations, one in Europe and one in America, and, by automatic calculation, determine the exact position of the airship. Meteorological apparatus also had been installed in the gondola with the radio plant.

In the uncertainty preceding the acceptance of the peace terms by the Germans the R-34 made a long journey over the North Sea. Little information about the flight was given out by the Admiralty and officers refused to discuss a report that, during her flight, the ship had been over Copenhagen, and they denied knowledge of orders that were said to have carried her over the Baltic. In returning she was forced to hover over her hangar several hours because of bad weather that would have made her landing dangerous.

On the trip to this country the crew was to have stood four-hour watches. Three men were to have watched the gas bags constantly, and three were to have kept their eyes on the motors. Other duties on the deck were to have been performed by regular watches, and the officers were to have had the duties similar to those of the same officers on a vessel at sea. The commander was Major G. H. Scott of the Royal Air Force, with Major Cooke, R. A. F., as the navigator. Lieut. Commander Zachary Lansdowne, U. S. N., was assigned by Secretary of the Navy Daniels to observe the flight for the American Navy. Another observer, for the British, was Brig. Gen. E. T. Maitland, head of the balloon section of the Royal Air Force.

PLANS TO RESUME TRIP TO MINEOLA

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

Field by the Navy Department which was to the effect that the dirigible was running short of fuel and asking that an American destroyer be sent to meet the airship so as to be ready to render assistance in the event of emergency. Two destroyers were immediately ordered to proceed full sped to the Bay of Fundy above which the R-34 was when the message was sent.

The receipt of this message occasioned the first real pessimism at the aviation fields and several officers expressed the opinion that in the event the dirigible was taken in tow by the destroyers she would be guided into one of the New England naval reservations. They mentioned the naval stations at Portland, Me.; Portsmouth, N. H.; Chatham, Mass., and Boston as probable havens for the giant airship if she had to make a port of call for more fuel before continuing her voyage to New York.

It was the opinion of naval officers here that the destroyers now speeding to the assistance of the R-34 should be in touch with the dirigible before midnight. The destroyers ordered to this duty were said to be among the newest and speediest in the navy. It is believed that by tomorrow a flotilla of the navy's fastest destroyers will have established communication with the dirigible. If necessary it was said that several flotillas, now based on Newport and Boston, could be hurried to the rescue of the airship. Rear Admiral Charles W. Plunkett is in command of the destroyer force now in the North Atlantic.

One of the American officers suggested tonight that it might be possible to refuel the R-34 at sea. This has been done on previous occasions, he said, and there are ships now available at Boston which could be rushed to the dirigible with sufficient gas to make it possible for her to make Montauk under her own power. Lieutenant Little of the Montauk Air Station was one of the officers who suggested refueling at sea as a possible solution of the trouble that has overtaken the R-34.

The weather reports received this afternoon and tonight are all favorable for the R-34.

American and British naval officers who have been at Roosevelt Field for the last few days awaiting the arrival of the R-34, said that it would be a tremendous task to remove the million gallons or more of gas, stored here, for recharging the ship before she starts on her return trip.

It would also be a very difficult task to find another trained crew to look after the landing, refueling, and repairing if a decision was reached not to land her here.

The men to whom has been intrusted this task at Roosevelt Field are trained for just such work, and every one is in the service of the United States and subject to the orders of their superior officers. They have been drilled to the point of efficiency and, in the opinion of experts, it would be a grave mistake to remove the landing base from here.

Thousands of people journeyed to Roosevelt Field this morning and again this afternoon in the expectation of seeing the R-34 land. They came from all parts of Long Island, New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut, and remained for hours in the vicinity of the big flying fields, hoping that the giant airship would put in an appearance. Not until late in the afternoon did the crowd become convinced that there was no possibility of the R-34 making New York today or probably for several days to come.

TODAY'S SUNDAY TIMES

Consists of 98 Pages,

as follows:

I. General News Section.
II. News Section, Financial, Business.
III. Editorial Section.
IV. Drama, Music, Special Articles.
V. Rotogravure Picture Section, First Part.
VI. Rotogravure Picture Section, Second Part.
VII. Rotogravure Magazine Section.
VIII. Review of Books Section.
IX. Real Estate and Want Section.

WEATHER NOT UNFAVORABLE.

Special Report Sent to R-34 from Washington Bureau.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Weather conditions are not likely to add to the hardships of the R-34, according to the special report flashed to the airship tonight from the United States Weather Bureau. The upper winds for the next twenty-four hours along the North Atlantic Coast will be westward and northwestward, and moderate. Local squalls and rainstorms are likely, however.

E. H. Bowie, Supervising Forecaster, explained that the upper winds, above the 1,000-foot level, were chiefly important to the aeronauts. The prediction concerning them is based on the bureau's work with pilot balloons, which have been released each day at 4 P. M. from several stations over the United States, while along the Atlantic Coast they have been sent up twice daily for some time.

CRAFT IN 3 LONG RACES.

Two for Motor and One for Sailing Boats This Week.

Long distance racing appears on the horizon and will hold the attention of metropolitan yachtsmen over the coming week-end. Three important races have been arranged, two for motor and one for sailing craft. One is the annual Poughkeepsie and return race of the Yacht Racing Association of Jamaica Bay, a contest for screw-driven craft, and the others are the annual Block Island races of the New York Athletic Club, one for sail and one for power yachts.

From a point of historical interest, the sailing boat race will be the most important struggle. It will be the fourteenth annual contest given by the Winged Foot club, and its resumption has created a great deal of interest among the owners of small sailing yachts. The contest is open to decked or cabin yachts in cruising trim of 20 to 35 feet on the water line. There is no restriction on either crew or sails. The time allowance is ten minutes per overall foot. Yawls and auxiliaries race with a 5 per cent. extra allowance. The distance is 100 miles from Huckleberry Island to the West Harbor at Block Island.

GERMANS READY TO CONFER.

Will Discuss Details of Turning Over Coal, Dyestuffs, &c.

PARIS, July 5, (Associated Press.)—Baron Kurt von Lersner of the German peace delegation has sent a note from Versailles to the conference saying that German experts are prepared to meet those of the Allies for consideration of questions involved in turning over to the allied countries the coal, dyestuffs, shipbuilding materials, and other commodities specified in the Peace Treaty.

The note also expressed the desire to discuss at the same time, or at an earlier date, the agreement regarding occupation of the left bank of the Rhine. Baron von Lersner says the Germans signed this convention with the understanding that they would have an opportunity to discuss it.

Kolchak Envoy Arrives in Paris.

PARIS, July 5.—General Dragomiroff, on a special mission from Admiral Kolchak, head of the Omsk All-Russian Government, arrived here today.

CALL HUNGARIAN OFFICERS.

Communists Force Them to Help Organize the Red Army.

In its efforts to put the Hungarian Communist Army upon a real war footing, the Soviet Ministry of Military Affairs not only called to the colors practically all the able-bodied men in the territory under its control, but also ordered every reserve officer up to 45, and every retired professional officer up to 60 years of age to report at once for service, according to a notice printed in the Pester Lloyd of May 31.

The shortage of clothing obtaining in the ranks of the Communist Army early in May was sharply revealed in an appeal issued from general headquarters by William Böhm, the Commander in Chief of the Red forces, calling for the collection of all underclothing that could be spared by the civilians, including the women, for the purpose of providing the soldiers with a change of linen, thus enabling them to bathe and avoid becoming "verlaust." General Böhm warned the bourgeoisie that if a goodly supply of linen was not forthcoming directly, he would ask the Soviet Government to requisition all surplus underclothing and white goods.

BELGIANS HONOR FOURTH.

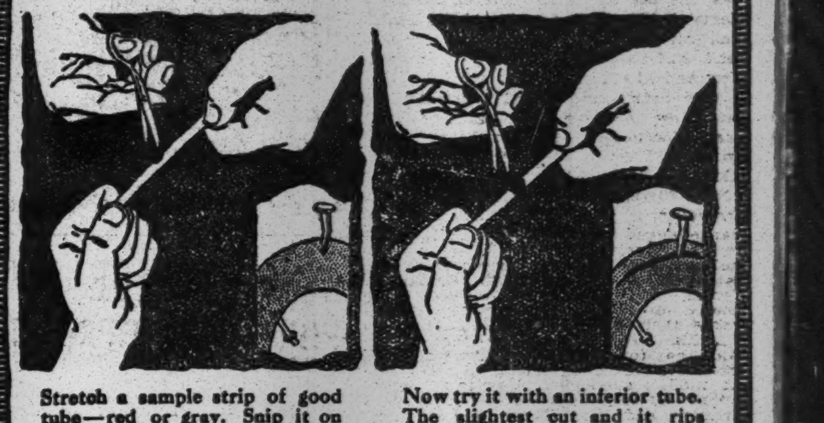
Celebrations Held in Many Places Especially at Antwerp and Brussels

BRUSSELS, July 4.—American Independence Day was celebrated in many places in Belgium, especially at Brussels and Antwerp. A luncheon was given at the American Legation, Burgomaster Max proposing a toast to America and Brand Whitlock, the American Minister, The latter responded in a feeling manner.

A feature of the celebration at Antwerp was a parade of American, Scotch, French, and Belgian troops to the theatre, where Mr. Whitlock spoke. The Americans later participated in field games near the city. During the day there was a ceremony at the stadium where the Olympic games will be held next year, the first stone of the edifice being laid. The Burgomaster presided at the ceremony, which was attended by civil authorities and allied officers. The stadium will seat 28,000 persons.

In his address at the opening of the Stadium Minister Whitlock told the assemblage of allied officers and men they would have to fight just as hard to maintain peace as they had fought to win the war.

The Scissors Test Take sample piece of tube ¼ inch by 3 inches. Stretch to 9 inches or three times its original length. Cut on the edge with the scissors. The cut should not be more than ⅛ inch across the sample. If the strip tears apart the rubber is inferior.



Stretch a sample strip of good tube—red or gray. Snip it on the edge. It cuts—but it does not rip.

Now try it with an inferior tube. The slightest cut and it rips across. Make your dealer prove that the tube he sells will stand the Norwalk Test.

The Scissors Test Proves That Norwalk Tubes Do Not Rip

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2. Cuts remain little, clean-edged holes, which can be easily repaired.
3. Norwalk Tubes are guaranteed not to rip as other tubes.

Norwalk Tubes, both red and gray, set a new standard—floating stock*.

File away a dated sample of Norwalk Tube and others and compare them at the end of a year.

Norwalk Non-Skid fabric and cord casings are just as good as Norwalk Tubes.

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Makers of Casings, Cord and Fabric; and of Tubes, Red and Gray
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*Floating stock is exactly equivalent to 24K gold. A tube which sinks does so because it is loaded with cheap minerals or reclaimed scrap rubber which saps its strength. Norwalk Tubes float. You are going to hear more about Norwalk quality. But don't wait. Start saving your mileage money now. Ask us for a sample of Norwalk rubber.

NORWALK CORD
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TUBES and CASINGS.

Redfern Corsets
Back Lace Front Lace
Distinctive Blouses and Hand-Made Lingerie
At all high-class stores and at the
Redfern Corset Shop
510 Fifth Avenue
(Just above 42nd Street)
Shop closed all day Saturday during July and August.

SLAYER OF GIRL SAYS HE'S SENATOR'S SON

Young New Surrenders to Police in Los Angeles and Confesses.

HAD BEEN ENGAGED TO WED

Quarreled Over a Postponement—His Mother Tells of Early Marriage—Senator Denies It.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 5.—Harry S. New of Glendale, Cal., walked into police headquarters early today, informed detectives that there was a dead woman in his automobile and that he desired to give himself up as a murderer. He led the police to a car outside, where the body of Frieda J. Lesser, 21 years old, was found.

New, according to the police, said he had quarreled with the young woman at Topango Canyon, several miles from the city, when she refused to marry him, and had shot her. She had a bullet hole through the head. New was charged with murder and held without bond.

New told the police, they said, that he was the son of United States Senator Harry S. New of Indiana, and his claim was corroborated by relatives of the dead girl, who said they had known New and his family in Indiana.

"We didn't understand each other," said New, according to Detective Sergeant Davidson, "and so I shot her, and here I am. There she is, too," he added, as he gazed at the dead girl.

New, 30 years of age, told the officers, according to their statement, that he was engaged to Miss Lesser. He said he had borrowed a revolver from his mother, Mrs. Lulu M. Burger of Glendale, and had driven with the woman to Venice, then through Hollywood, and finally up the Topango Canyon road, where their quarrel culminated in the shooting. He told the officers, they said, that for three hours afterward he drove around town, trying to make up his mind to surrender. New is of slight build. He showed no evidence of excitement and the officers said he had not been drinking.

The fact that the slain girl was the daughter of Emil Lesser, suspected of being a German secret agent, was established today when her mother admitted that her husband was being sought by United States secret service operatives. Mrs. Lesser stated that her husband disappeared about a year and a half ago when he learned that Government officers were seeking him. His clothing was found on a pier at Venice, but no further trace rewarded a prolonged quest. Subsequently Mrs. Lesser figured with her daughter in a number of suits in Los Angeles courts to collect many thousands in insurance held by Lesser. During one of these trials it developed that Lesser had been suspected of four murders in Birmingham, Ala., from which city he came here several years ago.

Late today young New, after a long and stoical acceptance of the tragedy he had brought about, broke down and sobbed a complete confession.

"Frieda and I were engaged to be married for a long time," he said. "Yesterday we, accompanied by several others, drove to Hermosa Beach and after our return I took her for a ride in order to discuss our coming marriage, which was to have taken place tomorrow night. We drove to a lonely canyon several miles away and talked over our future. During our conversation Frieda told me the wedding would have to be postponed, as she intended seeking a nurse for an operation which would prevent our child being born. Enraged at her stand, I drew a revolver from a pocket of the machine in which we were sitting, and shot her through the temple. She dropped in the bottom of the car. I picked her up, but she had died almost instantly. After that everything was perfectly clear to me. I remember driving about for four hours holding her hand in one of mine while with the other I steered the car. Often I stopped and kissed her cold face, as if that would bring back to me the spirit I had sent to eternity.

"At length I decided my best course was to surrender to the police. Therefore I drove to Central Station, delivered her body to the police, and gave myself up.

"I loved her and still love her. I only hope to receive the death penalty that I may join her in the hereafter.

"I am the son of Senator New of Indiana. I was educated at Culver Military Academy and at Notre Dame."

New was working as a truck driver at the American Sash and Door Factory here. Miss Lesser was a stenographer at the same place.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Senator New issued a statement tonight denying that he and Mrs. Burger ever were married or divorced.

When shown a dispatch from Indianapolis quoting Mrs. Burger, Senator New said:

"The only thing I care to add is that the statement from any source that Mrs. Burger and I were ever either married or divorced at any time or under any name is absolutely untrue."

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 5.—Mrs. Lulu Burger, mother of Harry S. New, who murdered his sweetheart in California today, was overcome with grief when she learned the details of the tragedy. "He was a model son, and never gave me a minute's trouble in his life," she said. "I know the poor boy was not in his right mind or he never would have done such a thing."

He had spoken the truth, she said, when he said he was the son of United States Senator Harry S. New.

"We were married when we were mere children. I was only 16 at the time. We lived happily together for sixteen years. Harry is now 30 years of age. He was never arrested before in his life, and neither smokes nor drinks.

"The girl he killed comes from a German-Jewish family and Harry met her a couple of months ago. I pleaded with him not to go with her. Harry made a remarkable record while in the army. He enlisted with Battery A and went down to the Mexican border, where he soon won promotion as a corporal. It was while on the border that he contracted tuberculosis. He had an honorable discharge, and made an effort to get back into the army, but they would not accept him. The fact that he had the dreaded disease constantly preyed on his mind, and I am sure that he was unbalanced."

Miss Lesser's father, she said, committed suicide at Ocean Park, in California, after being charged with being a German spy.

Mrs. Burger, whose second husband is dead, is planning to leave on an early morning train for Los Angeles. She said she would obtain the best of legal talent to defend her boy.

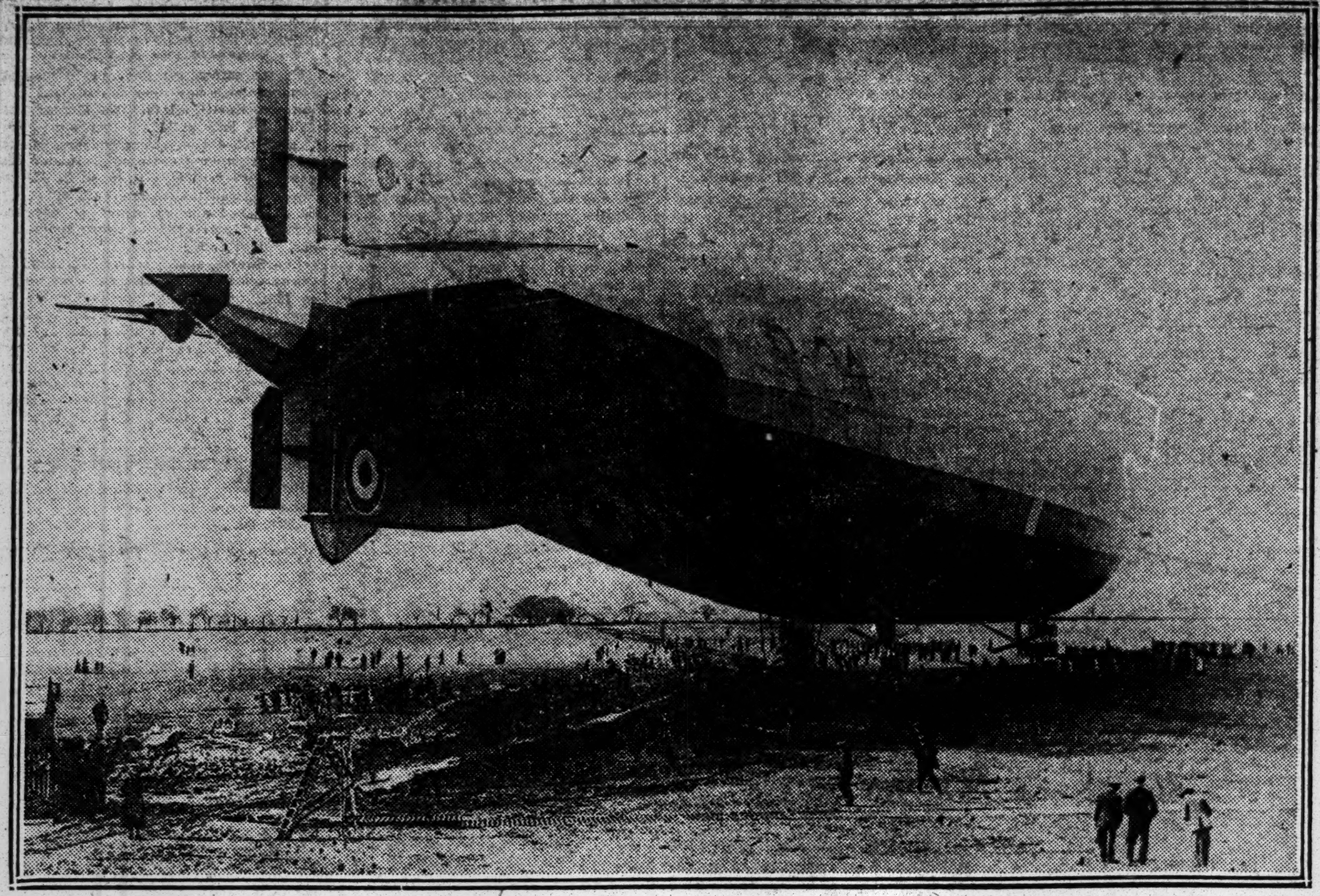
MESCAL BAN STIRS MEXICO.

Governor of Sonora Is Denounced for Prohibition Decree.

AGUAPRIETA, Sonora, Mexico, July 5.—According to Deputy Jose Pesquiera, who has just returned from Mexico City, the order recently issued by Governor Calles of Sonora decreeing death to those persons caught in Sonora in the manufacture, transportation or wholesaling of mescal, has caused a tremendous wave of indignation at the national capital, which may result in the abrogation of the order.

Recently in the national Chamber of Deputies Deputy Jose Pesquiera of Sonora charged Governor Calles with assuming powers reposing only in the President of the republic, that of imposing a death penalty for an offense in time of peace.

The Legislature will not meet again untilSeptember, after Governor Calles's term expires, and in the meantime the State, at least officially, will remain dry.



Rear View of R-34 Just After Landing from Trial Trip That Preceded Her Present Flight.

HANDLEY-PAGE FORCED TO DESCEND

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

from Newfoundland to New York, crashed to earth here at an early hour this morning and is badly damaged. Admiral Kerr, who commanded the airship, gave the details of the accident.

While over the Parrsboro area an oil feed of one engine broke and the crew realized that they would have to come down. They circled about for two and a half hours looking for a suitable landing ground and finally decided on a field that looked, from their low altitude, to be clear and free from obstruction. In the attempted landing, however, the machine encountered some wire and the smash occurred.

Admiral Kerr, Major Brackley, the pilot; Major Gran, the navigator, and Frederick Watt, the radio operator, escaped injury.

Admiral Kerr stated that they constantly knew their location; that the plane's instruments were in perfect shape and that the machine came to grief solely through being forced down by the broken oil feed.

After leaving Harbor Grace Admiral Kerr shaped his course in a direct air line for Mineola, Long Island. The plane successfully crossed from Newfoundland over the Island of St. Pierre Miquelon and then headed for Nova Scotia. They then struck Louisburg, and continued their course in a straight line over Nova Scotia.

The plane was making direct for the Bay of Fundy when the engine trouble developed, and as the night was very dark it was impossible to find a safe landing place. They located their position as off Parrsboro, and for nearly three hours the big plane circled about and cruised up and down over the waters of Minas Basin until after the break of day. In the meantime the drone of the engines aroused the people of Parrsboro, who hurriedly dressed and proceeded to the shores of the basin.

They lighted great bonfires on the beach and the crew of the plane flashed signals by light, but the shore folks could not read them.

Then daylight came. The plane headed in over the town and the crew located what they thought was an open field. This proved to be the old horse race grounds. The plane started to descend slowly. Coming down she crashed into a spruce tree and a little later became entangled in a barbed wire fence. In her efforts to get free the plane was badly damaged.

She struck the ground with great force, one wing being smashed and all the undergear being carried away.

The crew alighted, greatly fatigued after a strenuous night. They soon abandoned the plane and proceeded to a hotel and went to bed.

Admiral Kerr has not announced his plans for the future, but it is likely that what remains of the plane will be dismantled and the flight abandoned.

People from all parts of the country today visited the field where the plane rests, partly buried in the soft turf.

Admiral Kerr, Major Gran, Major Brackley and Wyatt are at Broderick's Hotel, the Handley-Page biplane being in a field about one and a quarter miles distant.

Parrsboro is on the northwestern shore of the Bay of Fundy and is a town of something over 3,500 inhabitants. It was about 1 o'clock this morning when the biplane was heard overhead, partly enshrouded in fog.

The breaking loose of a connecting rod on the right hand motor, which smashed through the oil casing on both sides, practically disabled one engine. The pilot brought the plane down in a curve, and on hitting the ground encountered a barbed wire fence, which punctured two of the tires. This added to the difficulty, and when the plane stopped it was found to have suffered a great amount of damage.

Two wheels were wrenched off, a third had collapsed, and the lower pin on the right wing was ripped and splintered so badly that it is almost a wreck. Many of the guy wires were broken or had torn away from their fastenings.

It was 5 o'clock when the plane landed.

Admiral Kerr and his companions expressed themselves as exceedingly thankful to have come to earth so safely. Admiral Kerr, who tried at once to get into communication with New York, reported having had an uneventful trip up to the time of the landing. All had been confident of reaching New York in time to give a welcome to the dirigible R-34.

After passing over five islands, about twenty-four miles distant from Parrsboro, the weather clouded and the biplane took a sharp turn over the Bay of Fundy due north toward Parrsboro. Had the accident not happened, the plane would have passed into the Bay of Fundy area about 2 o'clock in the morning.

Admiral Kerr did not believe the airplane was damaged beyond repair. He said he would take it apart and ship it to New York. Colonel Stedman, business manager of the flight, is expected here to superintend the work, which will need some time and the importation of a number of mechanics. Meantime Admiral Kerr and his associates will remain here.

Early last night the Handley-Page machine was in communication with the dirigible R-34, and learned that although the flight of the big machine was progressing satisfactorily it had been found that their petrol supply was getting short and that a scout plane from Boston had been requested to meet them near the Nova Scotia coast to replenish the supply.

At 1 o'clock this afternoon the R-34 was observed within about ten miles of Parrsboro, having passed over Five Islands at 12:40. She was flying about five thousand feet up.

Admiral Kerr was a very much interested spectator and it may be surmised that he viewed the passage of the big balloon with mixed emotions. Later a message from Advocate Harbor, thirty odd miles further along the coast, said that the dirigible had passed over that point flying somewhat low and at slow speed.

Atlantic ot be Dismantled.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland, July 5.—The Handley-Page flight to the United States is definitely off because of the mishap resulting from the landing in Nova Scotia, according to Lieut. Col. E. W. Stedman, the expedition's engineer in charge of construction.

Colonel Stedman, who came to St. John's this morning upon the receipt of a telegram that the Atlantic voyage from Harbor Grace had proved unlucky, said that it would take a week or more to transport a new engine and undercarriage and the parts now available at the aerodrome to Parrsboro.

He expressed the fear, subsequently confirmed by Admiral Kerr in press dispatches, that the work of rebuilding could not be carried out in Parrsboro, and pointed to the long delay incident to disassembling and transporting the monster biplane elsewhere.

Next would ensue an extended period of rebuilding, testing and trial flights. For these reasons, Colonel Stedman said, it was almost certain he, upon whom the decision rested, would decide to take mechanics from the Harbor Grace aerodrome to Parrsboro, take the machine down, crate it and ship it away. Whether the parts will be transported to England or sent to the United States is as yet undecided. It is known that the American Handley-Page concern is anxious to possess the world's biggest airplane for exhibition purposes, but it is not unlikely that the home office will decide that a plane which has met so many vicissitudes is not the one to be sent to America as an example of the biggest and best the firm can build.

Colonel Stedman, and the mechanics and experts who assisted during the long months of preparation for the transatlantic cruise, which suddenly was abandoned in favor of the flight to the United States in the hope of beating the R-34 there or landing at the same time, while deeply disappointed that the Atlantic did not perform better, are greatly delighted that the Newfoundland-England flight was abandoned.

They are sure the breaking of the oil pipe, which caused the landing, would have happened just about the same time had the Atlantic been headed eastward, and that would have meant a forced landing in mid-ocean in the darkness. What the consequences of that would have been is only a matter of vain conjecture.

It is Stedman's expectation that the crew who flew the Atlantic will quit her now, even in the most unlikely event that a decision should be reached to repair her and continue the flight.

ATLANTIC CITY DISAPPOINTED.

Many Had Hoped to be Passengers on Handley-Page.

ATLANTIC CITY, July 5.—The news of the disabling of the Handley-Page biplane caused disappointment to thousands who had expected to see her here today. Many of them hoped to be taken up on her as passengers, and one of the visitors was willing to pay Admiral Kerr $5,000 to be carried to Mineola to see the British dirigible R-34 from the air.

A party of six was made up, ready to pay close to $10,000 for passage on the same trip. The biplane could have made a fortune carrying passengers at from $50 to $500 each.

GRANT CONFERENCES ON GERMAN REPARATION

Weimar Government Indicates Desire to Begin Compliance with the Treaty.

PARIS, July 5.—Germany has indicated her desire to begin immediately her compliance with the terms of the Peace Treaty regarding reparations. Her request for oral conferences of German economic experts with allied experts has been granted.

The conferences will begin early next week, according to present indications.

A permanent reparations commission has not yet been appointed by the Allies. Until it is constituted, the commission which has been created to name various conference commissions will act in the German negotiations. The American member of this commission is John Foster Dulles.

The fact that these negotiations will be personal marks the new status of the relations between Germany and the Allies.

REJECTS LENIN OVERTURE.

Rumania Refuses to Withhold Aid from Ukrainians and Kolchak.

GENEVA, July 5.—The Rumanian Government has refused the request of a Bolshevist delegation recently sent by Nikolai Lenin, the Bolshevist Premier, that the Rumanians cease giving aid to the Ukrainians and to the forces of Admiral Kolchak, according to an announcement by the Rumanian Bureau at Berne.

The Bolshevist delegation had proposed peace and a guarantee to Rumania of the possession of Bessarabia if the Rumanians acceded to their request.

250 Seek Marriage Licenses.

More than 250 couples applied at the Marriage Bureau in the Municipal Building yesterday for licenses to wed, and the clerks of City Clerk P. J. Scully's staff said that this established a record for a single day. Long lines of prospective brides and bridegrooms were formed in the corridor, and extra rooms were opened to accommodate the crowd. The clerks in some cases used filing cases for desks.

CELEBRATION ON THE RHINE.

American Soldiers in Germany Observe Independence Day.

COBLENZ, July 4, (Associated Press.)—A salute of forty-eight guns—one for each State in the Union—flashed out over Coblenz at noon today from the ancient walls of the Fortress of Ehrenbreitstein, echoing up and down the Rhine and Moselle valleys as the first part of the army's program in celebrating the Fourth in Germany.

This was the first time that American artillery has barked from the famous fortress which tops the 400-foot rock promontory on the east bank of the Rhine, opposite the point where the Moselle joins Germany's most famous river. The salute was fired from the 75's of the 17th Field Artillery and the roar of the same guns was heard before by Germans who opposed the 2d Division at St. Mihiel, in the Champagne and in the battle of the Argonne. The salvo today, however, did not disturb the Germans, as the army's plans were well advertised in the newspapers.

The Fourth was celebrated throughout the American-occupied area today, all duty being suspended except what was absolutely necessary. The afternoon was filled with athletic activities such as boxing, track meets and ball games, and the evening was devoted to theatrical performances and pyrotechnic displays at the headquarters of various units.

For the Coblenz district Ehrenbreitstein was again the centre of attraction in the evening, the 17th Field Artillery putting on an exhibition of fireworks surpassing anything ever dreamed of by the Germans. American, French, English, and even German fireworks were used, consisting of colored rockets, parachute lights, and flares which were used at night as signals in warfare. Rockets abandoned by the Germans after the armistice were used in this way.

The 4th Engineers also staged a fireworks display on the east bank of the Rhine opposite army headquarters here, thousands of Americans and civilians lining the promenade along the river to watch the blaze of glory in celebration of American Independence.

Says People Want the League.

SPOKANE, Wash., July 5.—Homer S. Cummings, Democratic National Chairman, at a meeting of Democrats of Eastern Washington today, declared that 80 to 90 per cent. of the people of the United States are in favor of the League of Nations.

SOCIALISTS SWEPT VIENNA.

Details of City Election Show Overwhelming Defeat of Clericals.

Details of the elections of May 4 found in Vienna newspapers recently received here show that the victory of the Austrian Socialists in the campaign for the capture of the Board of Aldermen of the capital and of the Diet of Lower Austria was more complete than indicated in the brief cabled account and that the Christian Socialist Party (the political body representing the anti-Semites, clericals, and reactionary capitalists) was a poor second, after having dominated the situation for nearly twenty-five years.

Of the 165 members of the Vienna Board of Aldermen the Socialists elected 100, the Christian Socialists 50, the Czechs 8, the German Nationalists 3, the Jewish Nationalists 3, and the Bourgeois Democrats 1. The popular vote cast by the various parties was as follows: Socialists, 368,203; Christian Socialists, 177,883; Czechs, 55,803; German Nationalists, 34,546; Jewish Nationalists, 13,075; Bourgeois Democrats, 20,149. The Socialists sent 16 women to the board and the Christian Socialists 6.

The new Diet of Lower Austria is composed of 64 Socialists, 45 Christian Socialists, 8 German Nationalists, and 3 Czechoslovaks. Five of the Socialist members are women, two of whom come from Vienna.

VENIZELOS TELLS THE GREEKS.

Says the World Commences to Breathe.

SALONIKI, July 4. — Premier Venizelos's announcement to his people of the signing of the German Peace Treaty at Versailles was issued today by General Paraskevopoulos in an order of the day to troops. The message reads:

"The world commences to breathe. The strongest of our enemies recognizes his complete defeat and accepts the heavy but just conditions of the Allies.

"The signing of this peace will be followed rapidly by the submission of our more direct enemies, Bulgaria and Turkey, and this latter action will restore liberty to many thousands of our brothers in the Greek irredenta, as well as to the peoples living there, and will enable Greece again to become a rich State and to enjoy the benefits of peace assured by the League of Nations. The Greek Army may be proud of its participation in this gigantic work."

JUNKERS PROCLAIM FIGHT FOR MONARCHY

German Conservatives Announce 'War on the Government'—Stockhausen Heads 'League.'

LONDON, July 5.—The German Conservative Party has issued a proclamation, signed by Ernst von Heydebrand, the party's leader in the old Reichstag, stating that the party "declares war on the Government and intends to use its whole strength to re-establish the monarchy," according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

AMSTERDAM, July 5.—General von Stockhausen, leader of the newly established German Monarchical League, told the Berlin correspondent of the Allgemeine Handelsblad that all former officers of the old army were much dissatisfied with the Government, according to a dispatch received here today.

General von Stockhausen was quoted as saying that the officers' dissatisfaction was over the signing of the "scornful peace treaty." He said the officers were soldiers, not politicians, and could not be expected to agree to surrender their own commander. The officers, he said, were no longer willing to support the Government in military operations.

The correspondent transmitted a report that General von Stockhausen's officers and troops intended to take military action against Poland on their own initiative.

GERMANS TO LEAVE RIGA.

Allies Arrange an Armistice with the Esthonians.

COPENHAGEN, July 4.—Through the mediation of allied representatives an armistice between the Esthonians and Germans has been signed at Riga.

It provides that all German troops shall leave Riga and that the Germans shall evacuate Letvia at the earliest possible moment.

ORDER MAINTAINED IN GERMAN STRIKES

Government Troops Take Precautions in Berlin, but Workers Avoid Outbreaks.

RAILROAD TIEUP IS BROKEN

Street Transportation Still Crippled—Pupils of Continuation Schools Strike.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 3.—The situation in general was eased today by a fairly complete return of the railway men to work. Their demands have not been granted, but the great majority of them felt that a continuation of the strike at the present time would bring serious hardships to the whole population.

By tomorrow it is expected that the railway services will be running as usual, though local traffic on some lines may not be promptly resumed, as time may be required for this.

Among tramway workers and those employed on the overhead and underground railways there seemed in the course of the day an increasing inclination to abandon the strike for the time being.

As far as the strikers are concerned, they have not occasioned the slightest disorder in the city, the people of which behaved in orderly, good-natured fashion under the annoying conditions. Last night there was considerable tension in Berlin. Troops were rushed to all important points and the streets were barricaded. In Wilhelmstrasse the people openly talked of a big roundup of Independent Socialists and Communists.

That and officers going about with revolvers in their hands gave the impression of certainty that something serious was about to happen, but the night and day passed without disorder. This evening the same Wilhelmstrasse people are willing to confess that the whole thing was nothing more than a fit of nervousness on the part of the military authorities.

Strike in Continuation Schools.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 3, (Via Copenhagen.)—The pupils of the Continuation Schools, mostly sons and daughters of workmen, have declared a general strike in Berlin, demanding the abolishment of school fees, and that class hours shall count as work hours.

About a dozen of these schools had to be closed yesterday because the boys placed pickets at the entrances, and then by argument or force caused every pupil to join the strike. In the Wrangelstrasse School, which usually counts about 4,500 pupils, not one was permitted to enter. The teachers and principals locked the classrooms. In the streets the strike pickets were so numerous and violent that the police dared not interfere. The tailors' and printers' apprentices behaved the most violently. The merchant apprentices were the only ones refusing to enter the movement.

Conferences With Labor Leaders.

BERLIN, July 4, (Associated Press.)—Leaders of the striking street railway employes and the municipal and Government officials continued their conferences tonight in an effort to settle the strike. At a late hour the prospects were not favorable to an immediate adjustment of differences.

The strike, which is in its fourth day, is proving a grave menace to the economic life of the city, especially as traffic between Berlin and the suburbs has not been resumed on account of the lack of available rolling stock. The Government again placed a large number of motor trucks at the disposal of the public today. They were liberally patronized by men, women, and children.

Government advices from Frankfort, which is at present the center of Communist activities among the railway workers, indicate that the strike is spreading from Frankfort to other large cities in Southern and Western Germany. Many trains from Berlin toward Southwestern Germany are being held up.

ESCAPE FROM ELLIS ISLAND.

Five Aliens Swim to Land, but Four Are Recaptured.

Five aliens who were awaiting deportation escaped from Ellis Island yesterday by swimming across the bay. Four of them were arrested by railroad police as they were trying to find their way out of the railroad yards at Jersey City. No trace of the fifth man had been reported last night.

Byron H. Uhl, deputy Immigration Commissioner at the Island, said none of the prisoners was of the group of radicals rounded up by Federal authorities for deportation. Two, who said they were Aaron Manning and Donald Smith, were West Indian negroes, about 16 years old. The others were Henry Kaltix, a Frenchman, and John Lemware, a 13-year-old stowaway. The name of the fifth man was not given out.

Argentina Recognizes Poland.

BUENOS AIRES, July 4.—Argentina formally recognized the independence of the Republic of Poland today.

A summer sojourn in the city will prove doubly delightful if spent where the rooms are immaculate, the service efficient, the food unsurpassed, and the prices reasonable. Discerning visitors choose the
Hotel Wolcott
31st Street by Fifth Ave New York

"A CLEAN MOUTH INSURES GOOD HEALTH"
BORICLOR TOOTH PASTE
Whitens teeth, heals gums, prevents Pyorrhea. Prescribed by Dentists. Made by the makers of BORINE, the best antiseptic mouth wash.

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION 25¢
6 BELL-ANS Hot Water Quick Relief
BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION
Contains no dangerous or deleterious substitute.

FRANKLIN SIMON BOYS' SHOPS
FIFTH FLOOR
MONDAY
Clearance Sale
Boys' Washable Suits
Sizes 2 to 10 years
Reduced for the First and Only Time This Season, to
$2.45
Formerly $3.75 and $7.50
As our stock of washable suits are kept practically complete, we do not need to apologize for the selections. They are most extensive, and embrace a wide range of models, materials, and color schemes.
MODELS—Regulation or belted middy, junior norfolk, sports, Dutch, camping, beach and military styles.
FABRICS—These include poplin, drill, galatea, repp, chambray, and cotton khaki, of admirable qualities.
COLORS—Plain, or striped effects, as well as plain white, or white trimmed with contrasting colors.
NO CREDITS NO EXCHANGES
Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue—37th and 38th Streets

Hickson INC.
New French Hats
Just Arrived on the S. S. LA SAVOIE
New Colorings
New Fabrics
New Motifs
The first herald from Paris of what the smart vogue will be for early Autumn.
On View To-morrow and Following Days on the 3rd Floor
This establishment will be closed all day Saturdays during July
The Avenue at Fifty Second Street New York
667 Boylston Street
Paris Boston Newport

FOOD RIOTS GROW IN NORTHERN ITALY

Soviets Established in Many Places in Tuscany and the Romagna.

BLOODSHED IN FLORENCE

One Killed and 20 Injured—Prices Fixed by Chamber of Labor, Which Assumes Control.

FLORENCE, July 4. (Associated Press.)—Carabineers fired upon crowds here today. Disorders are increasing and the ransacking of shops is widespread. One person was killed and twenty injured in the rioting today.

Strengthened by rowdies, the crowd has abandoned itself to the general sacking of all shops without distinction, destroying what it is unable to carry away. One entire street is flooded with petroleum, gasoline, wine, beer, and olive oil.

The noise of firing in the outskirts of the city has increased the alarm caused by the food riots here.

The red flag has been hoisted in many places, in Tuscany and in the Romagna district, by what are termed local Soviets. These organizations throughout the Romagna district, in addition to imposing rules for gathering and selling food, are also issuing decisions in controversies under the authority of the red flag.

All available supplies from shops have fallen into the hands of the crowds or of the organizations.

Cavalry and infantry detachments reinforced carabineers on guard in this city this morning, many of the units appearing with fixed bayonets. During the early morning striking workmen paraded the streets and shoe and drygoods stores were ransacked. These disorders happened in sections of the city which were not closely guarded, but which have since then had adequate police protection. Some of the paraders wore red armbands.

Chamber of Labor Cuts Prices.

The only shops respected by the rioters were those bearing the inscription "This shop is at the disposal of the Chamber of Labor." The Chamber of Labor apparently has become the only authority to which the people pay any attention. It issues orders every little while. The automobiles and cabs permitted to use the streets must bear a sign reading "Circulation allowed by the Chamber of Labor." The local authorities seemingly have made no effort to oppose the Chamber.

All the newspapers have suspended publication because of a strike of printers The sale of newspapers from other cities is prohibited.

One of the manifestos issued by the Chamber of Labor announced that all goods which had been sold at prices fixed by the Government would hereafter be sold at half that price. All other goods including medicine, it was ordered, should be sold at a reduction of 70 per cent. from the previous price.

Wherever the Chamber of Labor is able to exercise authority, goods are being transported to special warehouses under the red flag, even street cars being pressed into this service. Large quantities of supplies are being turned over to the municipality in the Piazza Signoria, the chief square of the city. Money taken from shops is also being placed in the care of the municipality or the Chamber of Labor. Thousands of boxes of matches are being distributed free to the crowds.

Conditions at Bologna Improved.

BOLOGNA, July 5.—The situation created by disorders over the cost of living has been improved considerably by the receipt of foodstuffs which were requisitioned immediately on their arrival.

Fixed prices for standarddized meals have been imposed upon restaurants here. The prices set vary from 55 cents to $1 for a meal, according to the class of the restaurant.

VITERBO, July 4, (Associated Press.)—Crowds today attacked and ransacked shops. They attempted to storm the Mayor, whom they charged with failure to take measures to bring about a lower cost of living.

All Ancona Stocks Seized.

ANCONA, July 4, (Associated Press.)—The entire stock of foods and other necessaries in the city are now in the control of the Chamber of Labor. These stocks have been labelled with inscriptions reading: "Goods requisitioned and at the disposal of the people."

Large contingents of troops occupy the town, but crowds met with no resistance in seizing stocks of food. The soldiers were applauded by the people, who gave them part of the wine stocks requisitioned. Men in the crowds shouted: "Come on, boys! You deserve a drink, too!"

PALERMO, July 4, (Associated Press.)—Thirty-one of the principal fish merchants were arrested here today charged with being "starvers of the people." The arrests were made after the merchants had been denounced by crowds.

Rome Papers Urge Price Cuts.

ROME, July 4, (Associated Press.)—The press today urges the Mayor of Rome not to wait for the repetition here of riots of the character of those in Romagna and Florence, but to "prevent action by the people" by imposing a reduction of 50 per cent. upon all prices of foodstuffs and clothing. If the producers and shopkeepers resist, their licenses must be withdrawn and their goods confiscated, it is urged.

Commenting on the situation, the Tempo today says:

"The present conditions are the consequence of the failure of the policy of the Governments during the last four years in the diplomatic, financial, and emonomic fields. Thus Italy is confronted by the fact that her national and territorial problems are unsolved and that her economic activity is in decay. In addition to her financial disaster, there are a halt in production and a limitation in supplies. She is a worse than defeated country."

A decree authorizing the requisition of all goods of prime necessity was issued by the Prefect at Bologna today, according to dispatches received here, as a result of the disorders there over the cost of living.

Military motor trucks were said to have been put at the disposal of the Bologna Chamber of Labor to transport to the city markets goods requisitioned throughout the district.

FOR FRENCH GENERAL TIEUP.

One-Day Strike Ordered for July 21 by Arrangement with Italians.

PARIS, July 5.—The Executive Committee of the Federation of Labor has issued an order to all labor unions in France for a general strike of twenty-four hours on July 21, as arranged with the Italian labor organization.

The order says that the significance of this "international demonstration" will be set forth in a subsequent communication.

THINKS RIOTS INEVITABLE.

Italian Senator Says They Must Come After Any Great War.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, July 4.—"We must go through a period of riots, sacking of shops, and other disturbances of this kind, which are inevitable after a great war," said Senator Maggiorino Ferraris, one of the Italian delegates to the Peace Conference. "I remember that after the war of 1866 against Austria, which was trifling compared to the present conflagration, disorders of the same kind as those occurring now went on for about two years, and I, who was then a young man, went every day with other boys to see the mob break into shops, pillage, and carry away foodstuffs and clothing."

But the majority of people think that something might have been done to spare Italy the present troubled conditions, which are further upsetting all internal activities, already so much disturbed by the war, and are plunging Italy into a very grave situation.

There are foreign and internal causes for such a state of things. Once the war was over the allied and associated Governments were so absorbed in the gravity of the other problems confronting them that they ignored conditions in this country. Italy had reached the limit of her resources in continuing the war for nearly four years. Nothing, or almost nothing, was done to let her allies, especially America, know of the enormous sacrifices Italy had made. So when the armistice was concluded and the Peace Conference began Italian problems were kept in the background.

The visit of President Wilson revived the hopes of all the Italians, who thought they had found in him a champion of their urgent needs and their just claims. Their disillusion was great when six months of discussion in Paris had passed without the adoption of any measure aiming to satisfy Italian desires. This disappointment was accompanied by a decrease in coal, wheat, and meat supplies.

To this must be added the fact that from last December this country was practically without a Government, as the Premier and the Foreign Minister, with most of the other important Italian officials, went to Paris for the peace negotiations. The price of everything increased fabulously, causing requests for higher pay from all classes of labor—requests which the Government granted. This increased the circulation of State Bank notes, the value of which was constantly depreciated, which had an immediate effect in the further rise of the prices of necessities.

So when Orlando returned from Paris he was overthrown because the country condemned both his foreign policy, from which it had reaped only disillusions, and his internal policy, which rendered the conditions of living almost impossble.

TURKS OCCUPY AIDIN.

Greeks Evacuate Asia Minor Town, Taking Civilians with Them.

PARIS, July 4.—Turkish troops have entered Aidin, which the Greeks have evacuated, taking with them the civilian population, according to a Constantinople dispatch to the Temps.

Aidin, on the Menderi River, fifty miles southeast of Smyrna, was entered by Greek troops late in May, announcement of the occupation of the place being officially made at Greek General Headquarters on June 1.

BIG FIVE DISCUSS HUNGARY.

But Reach No Decision—Opening the Danube Also Considered.

PARIS, July 5.—The Allied Council, with Premier Clemenceau presiding, and Stephen Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, also present, today considered questions relating to Hungary and the opening up of the Danube. No decision was reached.

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

EVERY REQUIREMENT OF THE SUMMERTIDE WRAP IS MET IN

Knitted Wool Capes with Angora Scarf-Collar

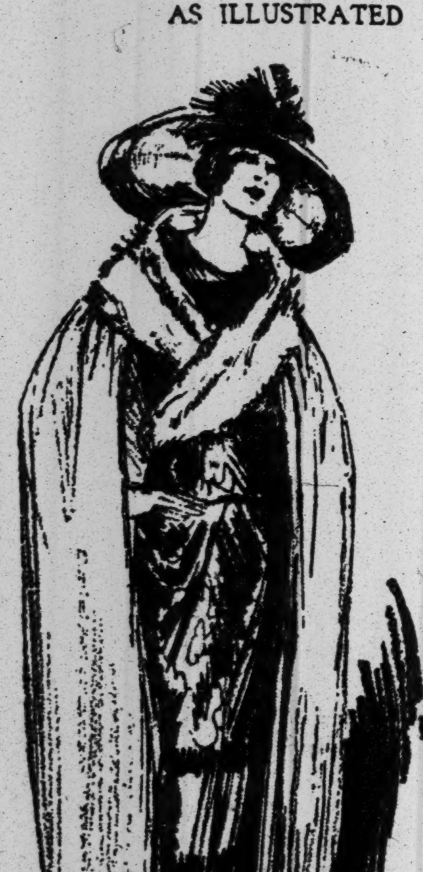
A PROTECTIVE wrap for Mid-Summertide that does not readily crush—that will give comfortable warmth without being burdensome—and yet be appropriate for any occasion—these are the qualities embodied in this, the most versatile of Summertide capes.

A graceful all-enveloping wrap—clinging and light in weight, knitted of soft wool in a Bedford weave, with a large Angora scarf-collar that is unusually attractive and may be draped about the figure in a number of ways, —according to the hour, the occasion or one's mood.

Just the type of wrap for motoring or for the beach and light enough to wear over the filmiest evening frock.

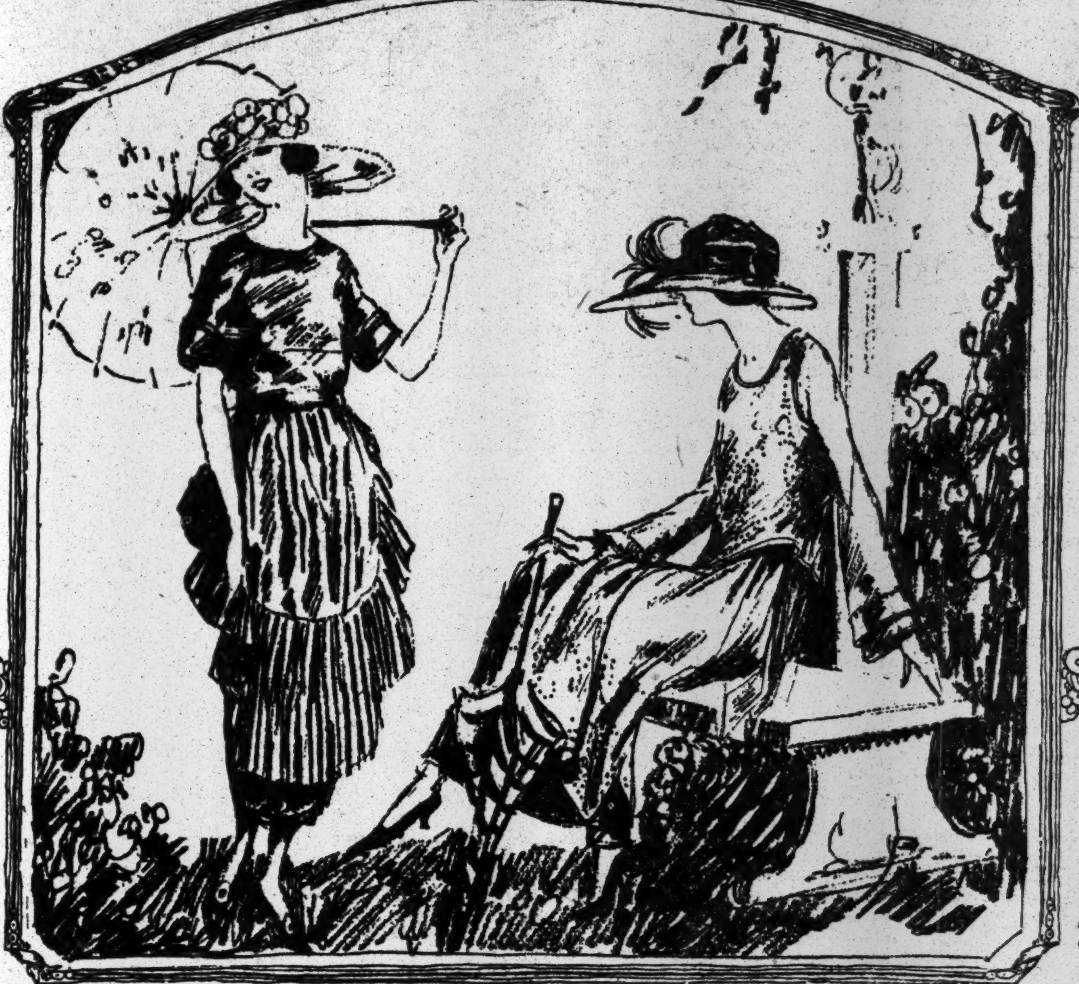
In delicate pastel shades, sports colorings or practical street shades, with Angora scarf-collar in unusual and artistic color combinations.

AS ILLUSTRATED 27.50



MISSES
COAT SHOP
Second Floor

WOMEN'S
COAT SHOP
Fourth Floor



Misses' Navy Blue Taffeta Silk Frock, copy of a Premet model. 58.00

Women's Navy Blue Georgette Gown, beaded and embroidered. 98.50

Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

Navy Blue in Feminine Fashions for Mid-Season
Points With Unerring Judgment to the Autumn Mode

Misses' Navy Blue Taffeta Frocks

Misses' frocks of taffeta silk are enjoying a vogue which is gaining momentum daily. Just as fashionable as the fabric itself, is navy blue, the predominant color. Pleated frills, bouffant draperies or tunics and short sleeves are means by which the mode is cleverly interpreted in models of chic and youthfulness.

Twenty-nine Fifty to Seventy-nine Fifty

Misses' Navy Blue Georgette Frocks

The Georgette frock has an enviable position in the domain of style and when it is navy blue, it lends its fascinating charms to any informal occasion. It may be of unassuming simplicity with tucks or hemstitching as the sole adornment, or it may be designed with swirling draperies, beadwork or embroidery.

Twenty-nine Fifty to Eighty-nine Fifty

Misses' Navy Blue Tricolette Frocks

For Mid-Summertide and early Autumn wear, tricolette and other fibre silks are favored fabrics, and navy blue the preferred color. Straight simple lines or clinging tunics emphasize the beauty of the materials, and elaborate designs in silk, metal thread or cord embroidery add appreciably to their smartness.

Forty-five to Sixty-nine Fifty

MISSES' GOWN SHOP—Second Floor

Women's Navy Blue Georgette Gowns

Navy blue Georgette is fashioned into becoming gowns for Mid-Summertide and has the added distinction of foreshadowing the Autumn mode. Models with their charming simplicity accentuated by pleats, tucks or hemstitching; also models elaborated with beading, embroidered designs, unexpected puffs or unusual tunics.

Twenty-nine Fifty to Ninety-eight Fifty

Women's Navy Blue Taffeta Gowns

Navy blue taffeta continues on its fashionable career and when made into gowns for Mid-Summertide with a hint in every line of the Autumn mode, they are irresistible. Simple models for informal wear are shown with tucked, tuniced, frilled or corded models for the more ceremonious occasions of Summertide.

Twenty-nine Fifty to Seventy-nine Fifty

Women's Navy Blue Tricolette Gowns

The fashion possibilities of tricolette are inexhaustible just as the uses of a smart tricolette gown are innumerable. Designed on simple straight lines or elaborated with embroidered designs, a navy blue tricolette gown possesses the positive qualities of style, becomingness and adaptability.

Forty-nine Fifty to One Hundred Sixty-five

WOMEN'S GOWN SHOP—Third Floor

Navy Blue in Mid-Season Millinery

Coming events cast their shadows before and the hats of navy blue silk duvetyn or velvet give the first glimpse of the Autumn mode. These dark hats of luxurious fabrics add an interesting note to Summertide gowns. Other navy blue hats are shown in tulle, Georgette, taffeta or hair braid.

Sixteen to Forty-five Dollars

FRENCH MILLINERY SHOP — Fourth Floor

MAKE FINAL PLANS TO GREET PRESIDENT

Executive Will Make Speech Here, but Will Avoid Treaty and League of Nations.

NAVY SHIPS WILL PARADE

Hoboken School Children to Welcome Him Before His Arrival in New York.

President Wilson will be welcomed officially to the United States Tuesday afternoon by Governor Smith and Mayor Hylan at Carnegie Hall, shortly after his arrival from France, and before he starts for Washington. On Thursday the President will address the Senate.

This information was made public yesterday by Joseph P. Tumulty, the President's secretary, at the Hotel Knickerbocker. He said the President would be greeted at the pier on his arrival by the school children of Hoboken, who will form lines through which he will pass to the Twenty-third Street Ferry. Crossing the Hudson on a city ferryboat, he will be received on the New York side by the official reception committee, including the Governor and the Mayor. The Presidential party then will motor along Twenty-third Street and up Fifth Avenue to Carnegie Hall, where the President will make a sohrt address in reply to the welcoming speeches.

Information received from Washington was that the President has approved the plans for his reception and that he will land at 2:30 o'clock. It was the understanding at the White House that the President will not touch on the Peace Treaty or the League of Nations in his address in this city. He will leave on a special train at 5 o'clock and will arrive in Washington at 10 o'clock.

The latest radio from the George Washington indicates that the vessel will reach Ambrose Channel at noon.

Plans for the reception had to be changed when it was learned that the Chief Executive would leave the George Washington at Hoboken. The original plan called for him to leave the ship down the bay, and board the battleship Pennsylvania, which will be used by members of the Cabinet.

It is likely that the change will result in a naval parade, not originally on the program. The Pennsylvania in the lead and other welcoming vessels following, it is expected, will furnish a brilliant marine pageant in keeping with the greeting of the President in Hoboken and New York. In the procession will be a large number of craft, including the police boat Patrol, carrying members of the Executive and General Reception Committees.

The boats Correction and Patrol will leave the Battery at noon for Quarantine. Men from all walks of life and representatives of all sections of the country will be on board to take part in the formal welcome to the long absent Chief Executive. The George Washington will be preceded to her berth by the vessel carrying the Governor and the Mayor.

The General Committee to welcome the President includes 300 men and women, who will take part in the automobile parade from the ferry to Carnegie Hall. Mounted and motorcycle police will form the President's escort.

3,000 Police to Guard President.

Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plants and Structures, and Secretary of the committee arranging the reception, said last night that 3,000 policemen would be lined up on West Twenty-third Street and along Fifth Avenue. It is also expected that the procession will be headed by several companies of soldiers, sailors, and marines. Others will bring up in the rear, and with these and others who will stand at attention at the Manhattan terminal of the ferry, the total number will be about 2,400. Colonel John C. F. Tillson, stationed at Governors Island, will command the military escort.

Plan Parade in Hoboken.

A short parade in Hoboken, from the pier where the George Washington will dock to the ferryboat, will also take place. The route will be from Pier 4 along Washington Street to the Fourteenth Street ferry house. School children will sing their welcome in appropriate songs.

The Pennsylvania was prepared yesterday to be in readiness Tuesday for the trip down the bay with the members of the Cabinet. Fresh paint was applied where it was needed, the decks were holystoned, and the guns were polished. Vice President Marshall will be with the Cabinet party, which also will include a large delegation of army and navy officers.

The Pennsylvania will sail under the four-starred blue pennant of Admiral Wilson, the new commander-in-chief of the Atlantic Fleet, and former commandant of the American forces at Brest. With Admiral Wilson will be Rear Admiral Britten, his chief of staff; several Captains, a number of Commanders, Lieutenant Commanders, and Ensigns. The crew numbers 1,200.

Intimate friends will accompany Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Secretary of War Baker and Vice President Marshall. Many Senators and Representatives also will be present. The navy vessels will fire a Presidential salute of three-pounders.

In addition to the boats which will take the welcoming committee down the bay, the ferryboat Mayor Gaynor will also make the trip, carrying relatives and friends of the troops on the Presidential transport. Commissioner Whalen announced that the Mayor Gaynor will leave the slip at the foot of Whitehall Street promptly at noon. A limited number of tickets will be available, and requests for them should be made in person as early as possible tomorrow in Room 602 of the Hall of Records, Chambers and Centre Streets.

NOT FOR MILITARY ALLIANCE.

Agreement with France a Simple Proposal.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ON BOARD U. S. S. OKLAHOMA, (escort ship of the George Washington,) July 4.—Reports coming by wireless that a military alliance is proposed between America and France are misleading. It can be stated authoritatively that no alliance is intended.

What President Wilson will lay before the Senate is a proposal to make a specific promise to France, on condition that Great Britain makes the same promise to France.

Thomas W. Lamont, who is aboard the George Washington, was asked his opinion of the effect of the treaty signing upon world business conditions. Mr. Lamont replied that he could not talk until he had made his report to the Secretary of the Treasury, but added:

"I will say one thing, and that is that it is a mistake to come back from Europe wrapped in gloom. If the treaty is ratified promptly we shall have every right to be cheerful. All Europe has hungered for that signing, and as soon as the treaty once becomes a fact we shall see new life and vigor appear. It does not require the five months I have spent in Paris to be able to prophesy that."

Mr. Lamont said that he and Norman Davis would proceed immediately to Washington to report at the Treasury. After that he expected to resume work at his office.

FRANCE HONORS PHYSICIAN.

Dr. French of Washington Gets Legion of Honor for War Work.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The French Government has awarded the Legion of Honor to Dr. William J. French of Washington in appreciation of his work in charge of the Children's Bureau, which he established in Paris as a war relief measure.

Under the direction of Dr. French, the American Red Cross, in conjunction with the Rockefeller Foundation, decided during the earlier days of the war that Paris, as the centre of the life and thought of France, should have a permanent demonstration of American social service methods, and made a proposal to that effect to the French Government.

Dr. French, with his corps of nurses and doctors, began in a small way with a few clinics, but the needs of the various districts, with their poor housing conditions, their swarming child life, the under-nourishment of their babies, soon crowded the waiting rooms, and caused the clinics to be increased to fifteen a week, five at each dispensary.

The Children's Bureau of the 19th Arrondissement of Paris will be continued by the French, as they regard its work as being of permanent value.

Dr. French will return to the United States in a few weeks.

LONDON WELCOMES TROOPS

City Regiments Back from War Get a Hearty Reception.

LONDON, July 5.—London had her own victory celebration today—quite distinct from the national celebrations to be held on July 19—when the London regiments which participated in the war after a review by the King at Buckingham Palace marched through the streets to Tower Hill.

It was the most spectacular military event in London since the armistice. Twenty thousand men participated, and London, a great lover of spectacles, gave her own sons a welcome which would be hard to surpass.

EX-KAISER'S SONS OFFER TO SUFFER

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

reached by Wilson, Clemenceau, Lloyd George, and Orlando that William Hohenzollern should be placed on trial in London, but they cannot understand how any such agreement could have been made without their knowledge.

It is known that Secretary Lansing, who is Chairman of the Commission on Responsibilities which made the report as to the culpability of the ex-Kaiser and other Germans, obtained his first knowledge on the subject when he read today's newspapers containing the announcement by Mr. Lloyd George.

The Paris edition of The London Daily Mail says that if the ex-Kaiser is surrendered by Holland he will be brought to England in a British warship and placed in confinement in the Tower of London to await the outcome of his trial.

In its final note to the German Peace Plenipotentiaries the Allied Supreme Council promised to furnish the German Government within one month the names of the persons who under the terms of the treaty must be surrendered by Germany for trial on charges of violating the rules of war and humanity. No specific reference was made in this or other communications to the surrender of the ex-Kaiser, as he was outside of Germany territory. The list to be furnished before the end of this month will contain the names of those alleged to be responsible for the wanton destruction of Louvain and the deportations from Lille and other places. When these are surrendered they will be tried by military courts. The Louvain offenders are to be brought to trial in Brussels, while the court which tries those who ordered the deportations from French towns will probably be tried in Paris. The names of certain submarine commanders will be included in the list. These, it is reported, are to undergo trial in London.

When the chief representatives of the allied powers decided upon the trial of the ex-Kaiser they are understood to have entered into an agreement that the death penalty should not be imposed. This decision was the outcome of several considerations, among them the belief that the ex-Kaiser's execution would make a martyr of him and sow the seeds of the most intense hatred, which could never be removed from the minds of the German people. By the terms of the Versailles Treaty Germany assents to the trial of the ex-Kaiser by international court appointed by the five great powers. As the former Emperor is outside of German territory the German Government assumes no obligation to surrender him. How possession of the ex-Kaiser's person will be obtained by the Allies is a question which has not been discussed. The belief prevails that the five great powers will unite in the request to the Dutch Government to surrender him. That such a request will be resisted is generally conceded.

Holland is in a peculiar position. There is evidently considerable apprehension in that country over the danger of ultimate German vengeance should the Hohenzollerns be given up. At the same time Holland desires to avoid offending the victorious Allies. The difficulties of her position have been increased by the report that the Crown Prince has escaped from Dutch territory, where he was interned. Throughout the British peace contingent the greatest indignation was expressed on the assumption that the report was correct, and strong sentiment developed in these quarters in favor of sending a sharp note to the Dutch Government with the intimation that the only way in which it would be able to retrieve itself would be the surrender of the ex-Kaiser.

Since then there has been increasing feeling here that Holland was showing a bad spirit toward the allied powers by harboring the ex-Kaiser, and this is likely to develop into pressure to compel the powers to demand his extradition.

It is worthy of note, however, that a strong sentiment to the contrary has developed also in the allied countries. That it prevails in Great Britain was indicated by Lloyd George in his speech in the House of Commons yesterday.

In the American peace delegation considerable sentiment prevails that no good would be accomplished by bringing the ex-Kaiser to trial. It is suggested that it would open up possibilities of embarrassment and of bitterness that might well be avoided.

TOWER AS WILLIAM'S PRISON.

Londoners Agree as to That, but Are Divided as to Place of Trial.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 5.—Intense interest has been aroused here by the announcement that the former Kaiser is to be brought for trial to London, and there is a good deal of quiet satisfaction over the news agency report which represents President Wilson as agreeing to the trial if it took place in London, "where its fairness would be assured." It is also stated by the same agency that the assent of the Americans was given only on the understanding that the death penalty would not be enforced.

There is much speculation as to the place of the ex-Kaiser's imprisonment and the actual scene of the trial. It is generally assumed that he will be kept in the Tower of London, which has been the prison of so many crowned heads before him. It would be easy to provide for him fitting lodgings there, and all the associations of the gloomy pile would add to the historic impressiveness of the trial. It is also suggested, however, that some mansion in a quiet countryside, not too far from London, would be a better place of detention.

Unfortunately, when the scene of the trial is considered, the first place that springs to mind is almost out of the question. Westminster Hall is the noblest hall in England and has witnessed many State trials, notably those of Charles I., the seven Bishops, and Warren Hastings; but at the moment it is undergoing the costly process of restoration. It is littered with scaffolding to the very roof, and it is doubtful if that could be removed and the court room made ready in any reasonable time.

Another place considered is the banqueting hall in Whitehall, through which Charles I. passed on his way to the scaffold. It is now a military museum, and its trophies would need to be cleared away; but the chief objection to it would be the lack of accommodation for those with business at the trial.

No one favors the Old Bailey Criminal Court of London because of its sordid associations, and objection is taken to the civil law courts on the ground that it would be a serious matter to impede their regular business. So the Royal Gallery of the House of Lords, Middle Temple Hall, or Lincoln's Inn is suggested instead.

No official announcement of the names of the British members of the international court has been made. Lord Reading and Lord Birkenhead are both held to possess all the qualifications needed, but at the moment Lord Sumner, who did highly important legal work in Paris, seems to be the favorite candidate. It is remarked that the United States will have no difficulty in choosing a representative, and Chief Justice White, Elihu Root, and Charles E. Hughes are all mentioned as men eminently fitted to sit on this great bench.

The trial, it is said, will be conducted in English, and the ex-Kaiser will be entitled to have German and, if he wishes it, English counsel. Sir Gordon Hewart, Attorney General of England, is expected to lead for the prosecution.

DUTCH PRESS INDIGNANT.

Resents the Idea of Allied Interference with the Hohenzollerns.

Special to The New York Times.

THE HAGUE, July 4.—The Dutch press continues unanimous in its tone of righteous indignation over the attitude of the Allies in the matter of Holland's ex-royal guests, bitterly resenting interference and still failing or refusing to see the political significance of harboring these personages and insisting that both Hohenzollerns are free to return to Germany or go where they like and that there is no question of "escape."

The Handelsblad remarks that if the League of Nations demands the surrender of the Hohenzollerns the Dutch Government is at liberty to banish both on the ground that they have no passports, but that the ex-Kaiser can never be extradicted for the offenses mentioned in the Peace Treaty. The Telegraaf, which is usually well informed, gives a résume of the position of the ex-Kaiser, citing the well-known Dutch laws of extradition, &c. It suggests the possibility of his appearing before a tribunal at his temporary residence, the hearings to take place behind closed doors.

The Telegraaf says that the discussion of extradition has reached a more definite stage, and that the Government will probably take its stand on the Dutch law under treaties. It also observes that if the ex-Crown Prince is well watched, it is in order that his departure should not have the appearance of flight. It says it is doubtful whether the ex-Kaiser will be extradited, but quotes the Dutch Premier's speech of Dec. 10, in which he referred to the possibility that the allied Governments might wish to negotiate with the Dutch Government as a preliminary to agreement on a definite residence for him and expressed Holland's wish to co-operate in a settlement which would maintain her honor.

These discussions are now proceeding, the allied Governments having begun negotiations with the Dutch Government through the British legation here.

AMERONGEN SUITS HIM.

Ex-Kaiser Plans to Stay All Summer, if Not All Autumn.

AMERONGEN, July 3, (Associated Press.)—William Hohenzollern, former Emperor of Germany, has decided to stay here at least until the end of the Summer and perhaps throughout the Autumn, owing to the difficulty which has been encountered in finding a suitable dwelling elsewhere. The health of both the former Emperor and Empress remains very good, despite the worries of the last few weeks.

The miserable weather has somewhat hindered the former monarch's log-sawing operations, but whatever the nature of the weather, he passes two or three hours daily at his favorite occupation, taking shelter with his assistants beneath a garden shed when the downpour of rain is most severe. He expects to complete the sawing of his six thousandth tree this week.

No visitors are now at the castle except Dr. Kriege, once the former Emperor's official doctor, who is occupied in liquidating the Hohenzollern property in Germany.

AGAINST TRIAL IN LONDON.

Editor of Daily News Says William Wouldn't Get Justice There.

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LONDON, July 5.—In what great hall in London shall the trial of the former Kaiser be held? What are the limits of his possible punishment? Who will be tried with him?

These are questions which occupy—with their answers—great space in the London dailies. They are the subject of much discussion among the English people.

Under the surface of the sensation caused by Lloyd George's announcement of a sensational secret in the House of Commons I find and feel a deeper sense of unreality about the whole transaction. Will the ex-Kaiser be tried at all? Will Holland give him up? Why was London selected as the place of the proposed trial? In England the feeling against him is only less bitter than in France. Finally, the ex-Kaiser is the first grandson of Queen Victoria. He is the son of a British Princess Royal. He is a first cousin of King George.

"These are elementary facts of the situation," said Alfred Gardiner, editor of The Daily News, the great Liberal organ, "and it seems an act of extraordinary thoughtlessness that has raised delicate and even painful complications which are involved in the trial of William Hohenzollern within musket-shot of Buckingham Palace."

Speaking for the Liberals, Mr. Gardiner declares that a fair trial in England is utterly impossible. He denounces the proposed "course of action as one that sacrifices the self-respect of the nation to the vulgar limitations of a Roman triumph."

He says the Allies propose to make themselves the court, the jury, and the prosecutor, before whom the chief enemy is to be brought for trial, and declares: "Here is a scheme for keeping the wounds of war open and the mind of the country excited and inflamed."

It is admitted that there is no law that can make Holland give up the person of the ex-Kaiser for trial. The Tory Morning Post says:

"The Allies can force Holland to deliver up the fugitive to whom she has given sanctuary. If she chooses to protect enemies of the Allies, there is no law to make her alter her decision. It is a question of power and policy."

The alleged insistence on the part of America that the ex-Kaiser should not be sentenced to death enrages a part of the British press, but Mr. Gardiner points out that to make a martyr of him would probably result in the imperial forces of Germany coming back to power.

Meanwhile there is speculation as to which great hall shall be devoted to the imperial trial. Shall the Kaiser be kept in a country house and hauled through the streets of London daily, with the possible danger of mobs?

The British Admiralty is said to have submitted a list of seventy-one minor culprits to be tried by minor military tribunals. France, Belgium, and the other Allies are said to be preparing similar lists. The present German Government is reported to have expressed a willingness to hand over all desired papers and records of the Imperial German Government.

BAKER BARS REVIEW IN ALL ARMY CASES

Refuses Lieut. Col. Ansell's Recommendation—Certain Prisoners to be Re-examined.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Recommendation by Lieut. Col. Samuel T. Ansell of the Judge Advocate General's Department that the case of every military prisoner now under sentence be sent to the Board of Review of which he is head for a re-examination has been disapproved by Secretary Baker. Certain specific cases will, however, be examined again with the object of determining whether further clemency should be allowed.

Secretary Baker said today that the 1,100 military prisoners returning from France under arrest would receive the same opportunity for having their cases reviewed. It was originally intended, he said, to have this done by officers of General Pershing's staff. The rapid withdrawal, however, of the American Expeditionary Force caused a change of plans.

BATTISTI'S REMAINS FOUND.

Austrian Attempt to Prevent Honoring of Italian Patriot Failed.

When the Italian troops entered Trent, following the signing of the armistice with Austria-Hungary last November, they immediately placed a guard of honor over the grave in the courtyard of the castle where had been buried the remains of Dr. Cesare Battisti, the Socialist Deputy from Trent in the old Austrian Reichsrat, who had joined the Italian forces at the entry of Italy in the world war and had been executed in the Summer of 1916 for so-called treason, following his capture by the Austrians. The residents of the city began to bring flowers to the grave and flock there in great numbers to pay their tribute to the memory of the beloved martyr.

After three days, however, says a belated report found in the Vienna Arbeiter-Zeitung, it was discovered that Battisti's remains had been removed from the shallow grave in the courtyard by Major Podziornyi, the Hungarian commander of the castle of Trent, on October 31 and been buried in a common mass grave in the city cemetery by an Austrian Army chaplain. The remains were exhumed with due ceremony by the Italians and received the homage of the masses of the population in one of the leading churches of the city.

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24 West 39th St.
Bet. 5th and 6th Aves.

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The garments are so designed that they may be worn with comfort through the entire period, as well as when the figure is normal. The prices are especially moderate, for we make every garment on the premises.

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Voile Dresses, closing out entire balance. *Formerly $19.50 and $24.50.* 10.50 and 16.75

Frocks for Afternoon or Street, of Satin, Crepe de Chine, Foulard or Georgette Combinations. 29.50 and 34.50

Gowns of Tricolette, Georgette or Foulard, clever models. *From* 45.00

Mme. Leonard in personal attendance

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PARIS "STEP-IN" CORSETS OF SILK JERSEY *Very Special* 25.00
Exquisitely finished corsets, embellished at top and bottom with lace.

PARIS DEMI-DRESS CORSELETTES *of* WASH SATIN *Very Special* 9.50
Featured in Pink, White and Yellow.
Lace trimmed at top and bottom.

TOPLESS "LACED FRONT" CORSETS *of* FLESH SATIN 6.95
Very lightly boned; elastic finish around top.

SPORTS *and* EQUESTRIENNE CORSETS 2.95 *and* 3.95
Reduced from higher prices.
Various styles of laced front or back models—all sizes.

BRASSIERES 1.50 *and* 1.95
Reduced from higher prices
A variety of models in all over lace and of lace and ribbon combinations.

BANDEAUX 1.00
Made of "Everlasting" washable satin.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.
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FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

Greatly Reduced Prices Monday

WOMEN'S TAILORED SUITS

Tailored Suits *Formerly 39.50 to 65.00* 25.00
Suits of serge, tricotine, gabardine, tweed mixtures and worsted checks.

Tailored Suits *Formerly 59.50 to 85.00* 38.00
Desirable models and colorings in tricotine, men's wear serge or gabardine.

Tailored Suits *Formerly 65.00 to 110.00* 48.00
Distinctive suits in tricotine, gabardine, Cheruit twill or tweed mixtures.

WOMEN'S SUMMER FROCKS

Gingham Frocks *Formerly 29.50 to 32.50* 18.50
Of Anderson Scotch gingham in varicolored plaids and checks.

Summer Frocks *Formerly 23.50* 19.50
Organdie or voile, with self-pleatings, flutings or fine laces.

Silk Frocks *Formerly 45.00* 35.00
Russian blouse model of striped Habutai silk in light Summer colorings

WOMEN'S CAPES & COATS

Capes and Coats *Formerly 59.50 to 85.00* 40.00
Exclusive models of velour or tricotine in the season's desirable colorings.

Silk Evening Wraps *Formerly 95.00 to 135.00* 58.00
Exquisite wraps of satin, taffeta, brocaded or faille silk, lined with chiffon.

Duvetyn Capes *Formerly 135.00* 75.00
Capes of all duvetyn or duvetyn combined with self color satin.

SPORTS APPAREL
Distinctively Bonwit Teller & Co.

That sense of true association with environment is realized in the Sports and Country Clothes originated by this Shop. Style themes, materials and colorings are distinguished by an exclusivity which sets them apart from the commonplace.

Featured are Topcoats and Capes of the natural, pure "Worumbo" Camels Hair; of Wul-Buk—an exclusively new sporting fabric, of glace kidskin and sheepskin leathers, of knitted fabrics. Jackets and sports blouses of silk, knit wool, gingham, handkerchief linen or men's silk shirtings.

Suits of Shantung, Cricket cloth, hand loomed Canadian homespun, Scotch Shetlands, wool jersey, knit silk and other appropriate fabrics. Skirts for tennis and golf of Shantung, Bedford cord, cricket cloth and plaids.

RIDING TOGS
For the Hunt, Cross Country and Formal Riding that observe every detail that accords with the strict clothes etiquette of the equestrienne.

New Versions in MILLINERY
Taffeta silk is charmingly translated into hats with embroidered motifs, Angora trimmed or designed with stitchery. Duvetyn Tans in allover stitchery or embroidered. All Felt Hats or in combination with leather.

Exclusive Originations In
VELVET BEACH COSTUMES
Elegancies in Beach Costumes of velvet—hand decorated, satin striped or stenciled.

White Pussy Willow Bathing Suits
EMBROIDERED IN BLACK WOOL
Delineate a strikingly effective combination.

BREAKFAST JAQUETTES
There is a subtle allurement in their grace, piquancy and lack of unnecessary embellishments.
Taffeta Silk 12.75 | Armure Rousseau 18.50
Gros de Londre 26.50 | Chiffon & Crepe 19.75

Greatly Reduced Prices Monday

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Tailored Suits *Formerly 49.50 to 65.00* 25.00
Suits of serge, Poiret twill, tricotine or worsted checks. Sizes 14 to 18.

Tailored Suits *Formerly 59.50 to 75.00* 36.00
Various types of suits of serge, Poiret twill or tricotine. Sizes 14 to 18.

Tailored Suits *Formerly 69.50 to 98.50* 44.00
Distinctive models of tricotine or Poiret twill. Sizes 14 to 18.

WOMEN'S SUMMER SHOES
Dress and Sport Models
REDUCED TO
6.75
Not all sizes in every style, but collectively all sizes.
Patent, dull leather, white or colored pumps. White canvas lace boots, hand-turned soles, Louis XVI. heels.
High and low sport shoes of white buckskin with tan calfskin trimming, leather soles, military heels.

WOMEN'S SILK HOSIERY

Pure Silk Hosiery *Special at* 1.80
Medium weight silk in black, white and colors, reinforced mercerized lisle garter top.

Clox Silk Hosiery *Special at* 3.95
In black or white with hand-embroidered, plain or novelty clox in a contrasting color.

Lace Inset Silk Hose *Special at* 6.95
Fine black silk hosiery with inserts of imported lace in various patterns.

LEVIATHAN BRINGS 3,500 OFFICERS HERE

War Department Order Fills Half of Troops' Quarters with Waiting Casuals.

SEE SAVING OF $1,000,000

Giant Ship Making the Round Trip Under 15 Days Praised by Admiral at Brest.

Setting a new ocean record for round trips of troop ships, the Leviathan came in from Brest last night bringing approximately 3,500 officers and 3,830 enlisted men. Of the first group 3,348 were casual officers from every branch of the army service, who had been suddenly ordered on board at Brest. They were surprised to find they had been assigned to troops' quarters and not to so-called first-class accommodations, as the army regulations prescribe, and would eat their meals standing up, like an enlisted man.

Hundreds of these officers, it was declared, had protested. Many asserted that such action was conducive to breaking down the discipline of the army.

One aviator went so far as to dispatch a wireless message to Senator Johnson of California, requesting him to come to the ship on her arrival in order to view the accommodations given to officers, but the Senator could not be located nor was it known whether or not the message had been sent as filed.

Colonel Robert S. Knox of the Regular Army, who was the troop commander appointed to bring the officers and men across, admitted that there had been "some growling" at first, but said it wore off during the voyage.

He said that he personally had partaken of every meal served on board during the voyage. As to quarters, he explained that the officers had received twice the space used for enlisted men. He added that he had forwarded his report of the trip to the War Department in Washington.

Official "Rush" Order Issued.

Colonel Knox gave out a copy of an order, issued at the port of embarkation in France, that brought about this innovation in bringing the officers home, as follows:

TROOP MOVEMENT OFFICE, EMBARKATION SECTION.
Pier 3, Base Section 5, June 24, 1919.
Embarkation order No. 315.

1. In order to relieve the present congestion of first-class passengers now in the A. E. F. awaiting transportation to the United States, the War Department has decided that on the return trip of the U. S. S. Leviathan it will be used for transporting first-class personnel. A sufficient number of troops will be placed aboard to care for the necessary guard and fatigue.

2. It should be understood that there are not a sufficient number of staterooms on this vessel to accommodate the 5,000 passengers it is proposed to transport. To accomplish this, troop compartments must be utilized, but assignment will only be made to within 50 per cent. of their capacity. The limited accommodations for messing will require the use of troop galleys, and the best that can be accomplished will be a cafeteria system.

3. In order to expedite and facilitate the handling of such a large body of officers, it will be necessary to organize them into companies, each to be commanded by a Captain. The designation of these companies will be the ship's compartments in which they will be quartered. The strength of each company will be limited to the capacity of its compartment.

4. In the absence of records and the limited time in which to complete organizations and make assignments, consideration cannot be given to relative rank within the receptive grades.

5. Officers must bear in mind that this decision of the War Department is to meet the sudden release of so many officers from duty, which has resulted in a surplus of approximately 21,000 first-class passengers over and above the space available between now and July 20. The War Department, in arriving at this decision, has considered the interest of officers in their desire for an early return to the United States.

6. Colonel Robert S. Knox, Infantry, is announced as commanding officer of troops aboard the U. S. S. Leviathan. The commanding officer of troops is authorized to detail such personnel aboard the Leviathan as he may deem necessary to complete his administrative organization. By command of Major Gen. HELMICK.

DANIEL VAN MOORHIS,
Colonel, General Staff,
Assistant Chief of Staff.

DENNIS F. BARRY, First Lieutenant Infantry, Assistant Embarkation Officer.

The big ship looked different when she swung into her dock at Pier 4, Hoboken, from what she had on previous arrivals. There was a noticeable lack of the noisy enthusiasm that troops show in nearing land, and there were no cheers from the officers as the debarkation band on the pier played popular hits of Broadway.

Pershing Stadium Builders Back.

There was one large unit on board, the 59th Pioneer Infantry, which with 70 officers and 2,108 men had its nucleus in the old 1st National Guard of Delaware and was commanded by Colonel J. W. Reed, of Wilmington, an old Delaware National Guard officer. The unit went across last September and has been doing pioneer work along construction lines. Of late six companies have been engaged in building the Pershing Stadium outside of Paris, companies B, C and D being left behind to continue the work.

This unit was detailed to do the policing of the ship and the fatigue work by Colonel Knox.

Major Gen. David C. Shanks, in command of the port of embarkation in Hoboken, was one of the general officers who returned from a trip of two months on the other side. Whether the sending back of the large number of officers yesterday was one of the results of his trip could not be learned.

Make Record Trip Under Fifteen Days.

The actual time of the ship in making the round trip was 14 days, 21 hours and 41 minutes from Ambrose Channel to France and return. The distance is approximately 6,400 miles.

In Brest, it was said, forty-two hours were consumed in coaling and in taking on the 7,329 officers and men. The ship's officers were complimented by Rear Admiral A. S. Halstead, the American naval commander at Brest, for the quick work.

Among the passengers brought back on the Leviathan was Rear Admiral S. S. Robison, who has been serving on the Naval Armistice Commission at the Peace Conference.

Brig. Gen. Benjamin D. Foulois of the Army Air Service returned from twenty months' service in France. General Foulois paid a tribute to the organization by the navy of the recent Atlantic flight by Lieut. Commander Read.

Other general officers returning on board were Brig. Gens. Leslie J. McNair, Briant H. Wells, and William T. Wood.

There were four deaths during the voyage. Walter Orchid, a cook, of Silver, Texas, died of tuberculosis on June 29; Private Edward Breeding, Co. D, 532d Engineers, of Indianapolis, from tuberculosis, on July 1; Private Carl Ham, cook, 320th Labor Battalion, of Covington, Ga., from heart disease, on July 1, and Corporal Clarence Cook, 327th Labor Battalion, of Lyons, Ga., from broncho-pneumonia, on July 3. All the bodies were brought to port.

$1,000,000 Saved to Government.

The Leviathan is in command of Captain E. H. Durell, U. S. N., and Commander Staton, the executive officer, said that more than $1,000,000 had been saved by the Government in bringing the casual officers back in the manner which was in force on the Leviathan.

Prisoners Missed on Mount Vernon.

The transport Mount Vernon also reached her pier in Hoboken yesterday, with 5,750 troops from Brest. Two of the fifty military prisoners on board when the last roll was called failed to respond to their names. Armed guards searched the ship, inspecting even three empty boilers, but no trace of the prisoners was found. As the troops landed every soldier was scrutinized and his identity established before he was allowed to debark. The missing prisoners' names were not made public.

The men on the Mount Vernon were mostly casuals from the Motor Transport and Supply Service, about 3,000 of the troops being negroes. Major R. C. Rodgers, Chief Motor Transport Officer of the First Army, was the ship's commander. On the Mount Vernon also returned Brig. Gen. Charles B. Wheeler, who was Chief of Ordnance of the American forces.

The Italian liner Caserta arrived yesterday from Marseilles with 453 casual troops, commanded by Colonel W. F. Hase, and five civilian passengers. Most of the soldiers had been students at Beaune University. Among the civilian passengers was Miss Winifred F. Winnington, an employe of the British Admiralty in Italy during the war, who is on her way to visit her father in Victoria, B. C.

The transport Patricia, which left Brest on June 24, docked in Hoboken yesterday at Pier 15. She brought home 2,849 passengers, mostly of the 21st and 28th Engineers, and fifteen general prisoners.

13,000 COME FROM FRANCE.

Mishaps to Virginia and Huntington—The Transport Schedule.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Expected transport arrivals are:

Great Northern, New York, July 7.—852d Transportation Company, Base Hospital 103, detachment Evacuation Hospital 29, Guard Company No. 1, Company B, 526th Engineers; 83d and detachment 86th Depot Companies, sixteen casual companies, Field Hospital 337, 166 casual officers, 22 wives.

President Grant, Boston, July 10.—Field and staff, 1st and 2d Battalion headquarters, supply and headquarters companies; medical detachments and companies B, C, D, F, H, and K, 339th Infantry; 23d, 24th, 29th, 37th, and 124th Transportation Companies; 97th, 99th, and 100th Depot Companies; 823d Motor Transport Company; 65th Sanitary Squad, 115th and 113th Guard Companies, 14 casual companies, Camp Hospitals 41 and 68, 30th Sales Unit, 41 casual officers, including Brig. Gen. William P. Jackson.

Toloa, New York, July 10.—Headquarters and Medical Detachment Groups B, C, and D, 308th Repair Unit, 541st Motor Truck Company; 829th Motor Transport Company, 225th and 273d Military Police, 414th Service Park Unit, Meat Handling Section 503, 37 casual officers.

Housatonic, Newport News, July 12.—26th and 28th Service Companies, 20th Engineers, 691st Motor Transport Company, 321st Fire Hose Company, Company D, 310th Service Battalion; 870th Transportation Company, Camp Hospital 5, seven casual companies and 49 officers.

Walter A. Luckenbach, New York, July 11.—Field and staff, headquarters and medical detachments, Companies A, D, E, and F, 309th Engineers; 318th Supply Company, 116th Transportation Company, Base Animal Transport 302, Supply Company 305, Salvage Companies 13, 316, and 319; refrigerating plant 502, 830th Motor Transport Company, five casual companies, section 8 of group B, 320th Repair Unit.

Valacia, New York, July 10.—Depot Service Companies 87 to 98.

Pesaro, New York, July 13.—Detachment 33, Signal Service Company.

Santa Olivia, New York, July 11.—248th Guard Company, 448th Motor Truck Company.

Noordam, New York, July 3.—Had additional to previous list three corps artillery park, Companies B and D, and one casual company.

BOSTON, July 5.—The battleship Virginia and the cruiser Huntington brought more than 3,000 returning soldiers here today. The trip of each vessel had been prolonged by mishaps. The Huntington lost one of her propellers Tuesday and, when several days out from Brest, the Virginia had machinery trouble because of which only one propeller could be used.

Aboard the Huntington originally scheduled to go to New York were 1,816 officers and men, comprising the following units: 400th Aero Squadron, 47th Aero Squadron, Camp Hospital 12, Camp Hospital 119, Veterinary Hospital 17, 64th, 35th, and 41st Depot Service Companies. The Veterinary Hospital and the remount squadrons had been in Germany.

The Virginia brought Companies C, D, E, and F of the Third Corps Artillery park, 318th, 313th, and 321st Field Remount Squadrons. Base Animal Transport Company No. 301, 313th Motor Transport Company, Evacuation Hospital 37, three casual companies and nineteen casual officers.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., July 5.—Nearly ten thousand officers and men arrived here today from France aboard the transports El Sol, Siboney, and Mercury. Aboard the El Sol were the 346th Field Remount Station, 320th Hose and Truck Company; Companies 133, 843, 47, 875, 866, and 839 of the Transportation Corps; 16th Engineer Service Company; 549th Engineers and three casual companies.

HINDENBURG SAYS "TRY ME."

Declares His Responsibility for Military Acts Since August, 1916.

LONDON, July 5.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg, former Chief of the German General Staff, declares that he is responsible for acts of German Main Headquarters since August, 1916, and also the proclamations of the former Emperor William concerning the waging of warfare. He asks President Ebert of Germany to inform the Allies to this effect, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

The Field Marshal arrived in Hanover on Friday, the dispatch says, and telegraphed the following message to President Ebert:

"The signing of the Peace Treaty gives me occasion for declaring that I was responsible for the decisions and acts of Main Headquarters since Aug. 29, 1916, and also that all proclamations and orders of his Majesty, the Emperor and King, concerning the waging of warfare were issued upon my advice and upon responsibility. I beg you, therefore, to inform the German people and the allied Governments of this declaration."

The declaration by Field Marshal von Hindenburg that he was responsible for acts committed by the Germans and for proclamations of the former Emperor is the second to be made by a German leader since it was officially announced that the Allies purposed to place on trial political and military leaders of Germany for causing the war and for violations of the rules of warfare.

The other leader who assumed responsibility for the acts of the Emperor was Dr. Theobald von Bethmann Hollweg, who was the German Chancellor at the beginning of the war.

CALL STRIKE IN CLEVELAND.

2,500 Motormen and Conductors Demand Increase in Wages.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 5.—Unless something unforeseen develops before 4 o'clock tomorrow morning 2,500 union motormen and conductors of the Cleveland Railway Company will go on strike at that hour because of the deadlock between the employes, the company, and city officials over the men's demand for an increase in wages of 12 cents an hour.

The City Council made a final effort this afternoon to avert a strike by granting the railway company a sufficient extra allowance under the Tayler plan, whereby the city controls the car fares, to pay the men the increased wage they demand, but it was rejected by President John J. Stanley of the street car company, who informed the council he would not use the extra allowance, although it was sufficient to pay the higher wages requested, because the council had not responded favorably to the company's demand for an increase of the stockholders' dividends from a guaranteed 6 per cent. per annum to 7 per cent., and had not given the company a three cents a mile increase in maintenance, as was requested, to make up a deficit. Mayor Davis and the City Council oppose the additional 1 per cent. dividend to the stockholders.

Following this meeting representatives of the union met Mr. Stanley in a final attempt to reach an agreement, but late today announced they had been unable to effect a settlement and the union ordered the men to carry out their strike at 4 o'clock.

600 Sail for Britain on Orduna.

The Cunard liner Orduna sailed yesterday for Liverpool with 600 cabin passengers, among them the Earl of Glasgow, who has been British Transport Officer at Vladivostok. He goes home to retire after forty-five years in the navy. Discussing prohibition, he said: "Scotland will never go dry." Also on board were Major Gen. J. D. McLachlan, retiring Military Attaché of the British Embassy at Washington; A. R. O. Shannahan, Consul General of Uruguay to Belgium; A. Maurice Low, Washington newspaper correspondent, and George E. Roper, who will represent the independent meat packers in Europe.

TO BACK BOSTON WRITERS.

Other Departments Will Walk Out if Strike Is Decided.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 5.—A strike of the newspaper writers of Boston will be called in the very near future and it is not at all unlikely that the firemen, engineers and electricians of all the local newspaper plants will walk out with the writers. The writers took a strike vote two days ago and left the date to be set by their committee. The vote was taken after a series of conferences with the publishers, who refuse to recognize the union.

President William O'Connor of the News Writers' Union will call the attitude of the publishers to the attention of the Boston Central Labor Union at its meeting tomorrow, asking that some action be taken. The compositors and linotype operators are at present asking that their wage agreement, signed only three months ago, be reopened, and the news writers expect to have their cooperation in the event of a strike.

METHODISTS FAVOR LEAGUE

Minute Men Indorse Covenant, Following Address by Daniels.

COLUMBUS, July 5.—Methodist Minute Men had their celebration today at the Methodist Centenary here. Secretary of the Navy Daniels, a Minute Man of the Methodist Church South, delivered an address on problems confronting the Church. He recommended strongly ratification of the League of Nations covenant referring to it as "the noblest covenant the world has known, a patriotic Sermon on the Mount, adopted by all allied nations of every clime and every tongue and every faith."

Resolutions approving the League of Nations and the planned unification of the two branches of the Methodist Church were adopted at the close of the meeting.

President Wilson has taken under advisement acceptance of the invitation of centenary officials to spend a day at the exposition, and will make his decision known when he arrives in Washington. Officials said they had received this word today from the President aboard the George Washington.

CLOSED SATURDAY CLOSED SATURDAY

RUSSEK'S
Between 34th & 35th Streets
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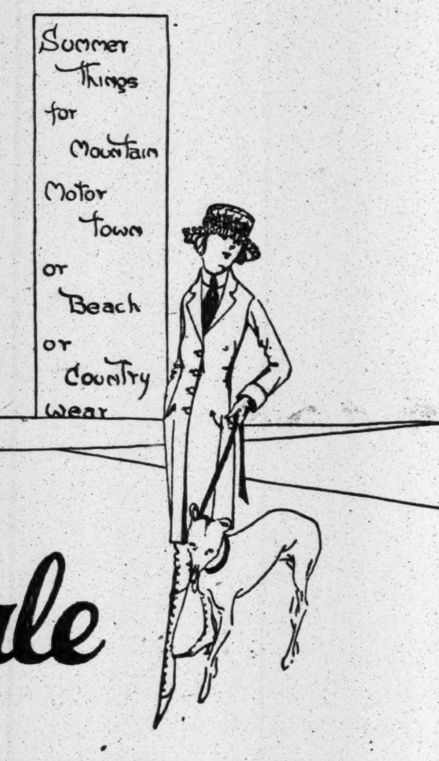
Summer Things for Mountain Motor Town or Beach or Country Wear

Sale

RUSSEK MODELS may be precisely defined as arrangements that emphasize modishness and comfort.

For Prompt Disposal:

Jersey Suits
$24.50
Sport Models
Heather Mixtures
Solid Colors
All Shades

Summer Frocks
$39.50
Sport Frocks
Beaded and Printed Georgettes
Formerly up to $75.00

250 Summer Dresses $19.75
Georgette, Challis, Linen
Silk, Taffeta, Organdie
Formerly up to $45.00

BETTER PRINTING

You might like to have a Monograph entitled "Seeing America First," which we recently printed for the Champion Coated Paper Company. It is a fair example of *Better Printing*. Some rather remarkable photographs make this Monograph unusually interesting. Copies will be sent without charge to buyers of printed matter.

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209 WEST 25th STREET, NEW YORK
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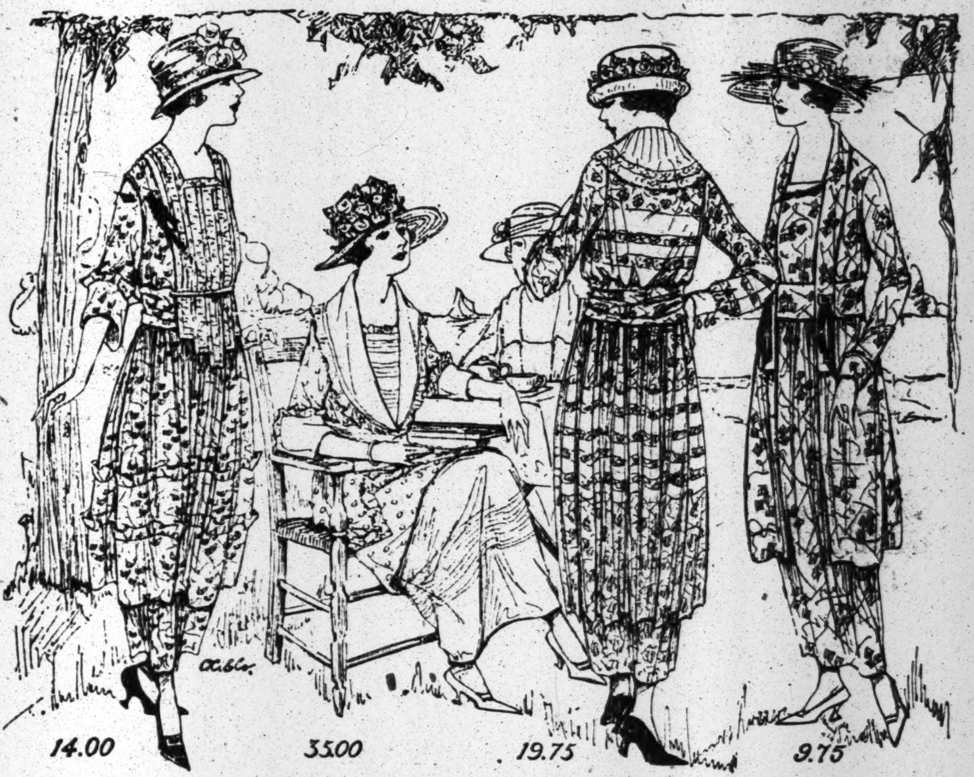
Special and Important Sales Monday



Attractive Summer Dresses
For Women and Misses

An extensive variety of cool Summer Dresses developed in foulard-pattern and novelty Voiles, Ginghams, Dotted Swiss and Organdy combinations; quaint ruffles, vestees, tunics and lace tabliers are effective trimming details.

9.75 14.00 19.75 35.00

Final Clearance Monday
Women's Higher-Cost Dresses

An accumulation of the season's most desirable models, comprising flesh and pastel tinted beaded Georgettes, Taffeta and Silk combinations, and smart Satin Frocks.

Formerly Sold to 59.75 35.00

Women's Smart Sport Skirts

Presenting an attractive assortment of Women's and Misses' Sport Skirts. Simple styles of Cotton fabrics and more elaborate models in the new Silk weaves.

Skirts of Washable Surf Satin, also White Pique and Honeycomb; shirred model; detachable belt. *Special* 3.95

Skirts of White Cotton Gabardine; smart tailored models, novelty pockets, detachable belts. *Special* 5.90

Skirts of Superior Gabardine; mannish pockets trimmed with pearl buttons; detachable belt. *Special* 7.90

Skirts of Crepe de Chine; accordion pleated model in flesh and white. *Special* 15.00

Skirts of Fan-Ta-Si Silk; the season's most desirable weave, in white and pastel tints. Novelty pockets and belt. *Special* 16.75

Other Modish Sport Skirts of Gabardine, Pique, Baronette Satin, Silk Poplin, Georgette Crepe, Fan-Ta-Si and Poulette Silk, 2.95 to 35.00.

Women's Silk Blouses

Plain and embroidered Georgette, Washable Satin, Net and Crepe de Chine; trimmed with Val. and Filet lace, vestees and tucks; also the new button-back model.

Exceptional Value 4.85

Women's "Roselle"
Brassieres and Bandeaux

Summer models of flowered Cotton Mesh Cluny and novelty Lace, brocaded and plain pink Satin; *sizes 34 to 48.*

50c 75c 1.00

Women's Lisle Union Suits

Beaded top, tight and open shell knee; regular and extra sizes.

Special 69c

Pink Batiste Bloomers

Pink Batiste Bloomers, tailored and lace trimmed. Reinforced. *Special* 50c

Lingerie Envelope Chemises

Envelope Chemises in flesh and white Lingerie; tailored or lace trimmed.

1.00 1.50 2.00

Lingerie Petticoats

Embroidered and lace trimmed petticoats; also tailored models in sateen and pique.

1.00 1.50 2.00

Lingerie Corset Covers

White Lingerie embroidered and lace edged.

50c 75c 1.00

OWENS, POLICE HERO, HERE FROM FRANCE

Captain in Army, Decorated by France, He Receives a Gala Greeting Down the Bay.

WAS CITED BY PERSHING

Former Police Mates, from Their Boat Patrol, Hail Him as Future Sheriff.

Patrolman Martin Owens, the first member of the New York Police Department to volunteer for foreign service in the war, returned yesterday on the Leviathan. Owens first volunteered for the ambulance service in France and drove a car donated by the Legion of Honor, of which he now is a member. He also now wears the bars of an army Captain.

Owens was a first grade detective before he went to France. After the United States entered the war, he left the French ambulance service and entered an officers' training school, from which he was graduated as a Second Lieutenant. For valor under fire he was made a First Lieutenant and later Captain.

The former policeman received a hearty welcome home by members of the Mayor's Committee and many of his old mates on the force, who went down the bay to meet the Leviathan on board the police boat Patrol. The Police Glee Club sang and there were cheers when Owens was plainly seen among other returning warriors on the vessel, and waved his handkerchief to his friends on the patrol.

Plans for a police dinner to Captain Owens have been completed, except setting the date, and this will be determined as soon as it becomes known when he will receive his release from camp, which will probably be the middle of next week.

In yesterday's welcoming party were Frederick M. McCloy, as master of ceremonies; Detective Sergeant John Fitzpatrick, Captain "Marty's" former "partner" when he was engaged in ferreting out crime for the city; Lewis J. Owens, a brother; Mrs. John Willigans, and Mrs. Owen Fitzsimmons, his sisters; Miss Mary Fitzsimmons, Owen Fitzsimmons, and Miss Emma Smith, a relative of Captain Owens and recently returned from war work in Italy.

In addition there were the following detectives, all close friends of the returning fighter: George Neun, Thomas Horan, George Andrews, Thomas Gotman, Thomas Kennelly, William Hemmerick, William Hussey, "Jack" Armstrong, John J. O'Connell, and George Scael.

Of the Police Glee Club's songs, led by Patrolman Patrick Fitzgibbons, the one that seemed to please Captain Owens especially was Sullivan's "Hail, Hail, the Gang's All Here." The Municipal Band, directed by James Cunningham, played "How Dry I Am."

Is Hailed as "Sheriff of Kings."

After the Leviathan proceeded upstream the friends of Captain Owens were taken to Hoboken in a police launch. There was a wait there of three and one-half hours till the Captain appeared. As he came through the gates at Pier 4 he met a chorus of yells:

"Hello there, Sheriff!"

"Three cheers for the next Sheriff of Kings County!"

The returned soldier looked somewhat bewildered as he remarked:

"Say, I'm just as glad to see you as you are to see me, but please explain this sheriff proposition. Where do you boys get that from? You know we don't have sheriffs in Uncle Sam's Army—at least, they are not called that."

Here Detective Sergeant John Fitzgerald interrupted.

"Why, Marty, the fact of the matter is they've started a boom for you as sheriff in the City of Churches," he explained.

"Well," returned Captain Owens, whose home is at 1,163 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, "that's a surprise."

The returned fighter, who was decorated with the Croix de Guerre by France for conspicuous gallantry in driving his ambulance, was not inclined yesterday to talk of his experiences. He wore his cross, which bore two stars, and the French "Volunteer Ribbon," given to all Americans who served in the French Army.

Captain Owens brought home a commendation from General Pershing for unexceptionally good work at Chateau Bellinges on June 9, when, under a heavy shell fire, with the assistance of two privates, Stephen Dresser, of Bath, Me., and Harry Mathis, of Cincinnati, he rescued two American soldiers wre were lying wounded on the ground in a direct line of fire.

Dresser was later killed by a machine gun bullet and Mathis was badly wounded. On this occasion Captain Owens was gassed twice.

VICTORY, SLOGAN OF ELKS.

Members Gather for Convention and Celebration.

ATLANTIC CITY, July 5.—Delegations of Elks began to arrive today for the "Victory" reunion of the Grand Lodge, which will open on Monday, and will continue for the rest of the week. Grand Exalted Ruler Bruce M. Campbell, and his cabinet got here this morning.

Sharp rivalry has already been injected into the convention for the next meeting place. Atlantic City, which entertained the Elks last year, is starting a movement that would make the resort the permanent reunion headquarters. Chicago, as the "Summer resort of the West," is putting in a lively campaign for the 1920 meeting, while Los Angeles has sent special delegation on with souvenirs. Louisville, also is attracting much attention.

Two candidates have entered the lists for Grand Exalted Ruler. They are Alfred T. Brophy of Brooklyn and Frank L. Rain of Flarbury, Neb.

Maude Ballington Booth of the Salvation Army will speak at the Tuesday session, thanking the Elks for their part in the war drive. The order contributed more than $200,000 to the Salvationists.

The Elks plan to make an appropriation of $50,000 for an educational campaign among discharged soldiers to instruct them in benefits open to them, under legislation enacted during the war.

SUFFRAGISTS HAIL TEXAS.

Eleven Red Seals Mark Ratifications on Official Map.

In the presence of many officers and prominent members of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, exercises were held yesterday in the offices of Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, President of the association, to mark the ratification of the Federal Woman Suffrage amendment by the Texas Legislature. This also marked one-fourth of the way the advocates of woman suffrage will have to go before the Federal amendment can become effective. Texas was the ninth State to ratify. Ratification by thirty-six States is required, and already two others have taken such action.

Since the amendment was submitted to the States by Congress, a red ratification seal has been placed on a map of the United States hanging on the wall in Mrs. Catt's office for each State coming out for Federal Woman Suffrage. At the present time the big map carries eleven seals for these States that have ratified: Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Kansas, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Texas, Missouri, and Iowa. These States ratified the amendment in the order named.

Present at the ceremony were Mrs. Catt, Mrs. Maud Wood Park, who has been in charge of the work of the Suffrage Steering Committee in Washington for the last two years; Miss Alice Stone Blackwell, daughter of Lucy Stone Blackwell, one of the early Presidents of the national suffragist organization; Mrs. Ida Husted Harper, historian of the suffrage movement in America; Miss Rose Young, editor of The Woman Citizen; Miss Clara Hyde of California, Mrs. Catt's Secretary, and several of the National Executive Board of the National American Suffrage Association, including Mrs. Frank J. Shuler, Mrs. Halsey W. Wilson, and Miss Esther B. Ogden.

It is the intention of the organized suffragists to present their big "war" map, when the record is complete, either to the Congressional Library or to some national museum.

Swiss Make New Citizenship Laws.

BERNE, July 5.—The Swiss Federal Council has just submitted to Parliament a bill to make the naturalization laws more rigid. The bill requires that before citizenship is granted the applicant must reside in Switzerland for six years.

MEXICO SEEKS SUPPORT IN OUR NEWSPAPERS

Attempts to Subsidize Them for Propaganda Reported to the State Department.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Reported attempts by the Mexican Government to purchase the support of American newspapers for spreading Mexican propaganda, in connection with a recent defense of Mexican policy towards American oil operators issued by General Candido Aguilar, son-in-law of President Carranza, have been called to the attention of the State Department. The situation is being watched by officials here. The Monterey, organ of the Carranza administration, the first to call public attention to it, said, in discussing the advisability of a propanganda campaign in the United States:

"Our chancellery should know all the details of this grave situation, sound all opinions and direct an active press campaign in the United States. This last is of the utmost importance. Not 1,000 or 100,000, but 1,000,000 pesos, if it is necessary, should be spent in purchasing Yankee newspapers (there are those who will not refuse the business) so that they will defend us, and in subsidizing writers of some prestige who will translate the arguments which our own chancellery will give them. It is necessary to prepare in the very bosom of the United States a great part of public opinion in our favor, taking advantage, in order to do this, of the political divisions between Democrats and Republicans."

General Aguilar, just before he sailed for Europe, said that "the only order issued has been that the Mexican law be enforced."

It was pointed out here that General Aguilar must have referred to Article 27 of the Mexican Constitution and the decrees of President Carranza to make effective that law. In official circles it was said this law declared:

"In the nation is vested legal ownership of petroleum," and "only Mexicans by birth or naturalization have the right to acquire ownership in lands or to obtain franchises to develop mineral fuels in the Republic of Mexico."

CAPTURED BY BANDITS.

Brooklyn Man, Ex-Army Officer, Reported Prisoner in Mexico.

A message was received yesterday by Mrs. Mary E. Foster of 642 Macon Street, Brooklyn, that her son, Lieutenant Harry L. Foster, had been captured by the bandit Zamora in a train holdup some distance northwest of Colima, Mexico. Foster was recently discharged from the army at Nogales, Ariz., and with a companion, L. A. Curtis, started on a trip through Mexico and Central America to Panama.

The telegram telling of Foster's capture by bandits came from a friend, Lieutenant W. E. Dorland, stationed at Nogales. Lieutenant Dorland said that he had what he considered reliable information that the train on which Foster and his companion were traveling had been wrecked by bandits near Coquimatlan. The passengers had been robbed and it was reported that several had been killed. Since the holdup, Lieutenant Dorland stated, no word had been received at Nogales from Foster and Curtis. Lieutenant Foster is 25 years old and was formerly on the staff of the Brooklyn Eagle.

MEXICAN I. W. W. ACTIVE.

Threats of Serious Trouble Again in the Southern Republic.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Agitation by the Industrial Workers of the World has been renewed in Mexico, according to official reports received here. While no actual violence has been reported, it was said there had been threats of serious trouble.

With the forcible deportation recently of several leaders who caused the strikes in Mexico City, Mexican authorities thought that they had suppressed the I. W. W. agitators.

EL PASO, Texas, July 5.—Francisco Villa and sixty followers were seen going southeast toward Satevo, Chihuahua, yesterday afternoon, a telegram from Chihuahua City today stated. Satevo is forty-five miles southeast of San Andreas, where Villa captured or killed forty home guards and executed the Mayor Tuesday.

SEA CALLS NIGHT BATHERS.

Moon and Stars for Company in Coney's Surf Now.

Bathers on Brighton and Coney Island beaches are enjoying a new diversion in night bathing. There have been such bathers in the past, but they were few and far between, and were known generally as "queer bathers." This season, however, for some reason which old frequenters of the seaside are unable to explain, on clear, warm nights, any number of men, women, and children may be seen disporting in the surf.

It has been axiomatic among bathers that sunshine was a prime requisite to good bathing, the idea being that the sun not only tempered the water but warmed and dried the bather on emerging from the surf. Bathing by moonlight or star light, it would seem, is also not without its enjoyment. The night bathers flock to the beaches after the big bath pavilions have closed their doors and sent their followers homeward. They remain in the water until 9 o'clock or much later if the night is clear.

Many of these bathers come to the beaches in automobiles. They arrive already clad for the water, wearing outer coats or garments over their bathing apparel. On clear nights, the Ocean Parkway and Surf Avenue are thronged with their automobiles parked in long lines. The old Dreamland site, now a recreation park, is a favorite haunt of these bathers. There is a cluster of picturesque rocks at the end of Ocean Parkway which is also a meeting place for them.

The bathers, however, are by no means confined to automobile folk. Many of them are Summer vacationists or natives who cannot find time or opportunity to go in bathing in the daytime. These don raincoats over their bathing suits and then walk from their abodes to the beaches.

Several bathers who were asked about the sport said that their work prevented them from bathing in the daytime, so they had tried the water at night and had discovered it was not at all bad.

"A friend, a bather of long experience," one of the night bathers said, "suggested that I try it. I did and I have been a visitor here nightly for the past two weeks. I was afraid that on coming from the water I would find it too chilly. When I finish my bath I walk briskly up and down the beach. The night breeze quickly dries out one's wet garments, and I do not suffer from cold at all.

"Of course, it is better if you can have the sun, but there is something about the water on a night when the moon is clear, or the stars are bright, that makes bathing at night wonderfully attractive and mysterious. I have now introduced half a dozen of my friends to the sport and they are as enthusiastic about it as myself. Naturally, you have to be a real salt-water fan to like it.

"It has many advantages. The beaches at night are not overcrowded; the water appears to be fresher and clearer, and the surf is not filled with popping heads and feet, and with plenty of room on all sides you may dive through the surf and swim to your heart's content without fear of fouling some one."

SLAVS SEE CLEMENCEAU.

Premier Protitch Presents Economic and Financial Questions.

PARIS, July 5.—Premier Clemenceau today received a delegation of Jugoslavs, among them being Stoyan Protitch, the Jugoslav Premier, and M. Trumbitch, President of the Jugoslav Committee in Paris.

They presented to M. Clemenceau questions relating to the economic and financial position of Jugoslavia.

Fur Storage 2 per cent.

Best & Co.
Fifth Ave. at 35th St.
Est. 1879

Concerning Fur Alterations

The same smart style which characterizes our fur garments may be expressed by your old furs if entrusted to the skilled care of our expert workmen.

You Never Pay More at Best's

Store closes at 5 P.M. Closed all day Saturdays until September 1st

BOYS' SUITS—SPECIAL

"Made in Our Own Shops"

IN these regular 28.50 and 24.50 boys' knicker suits, which we are reducing, is exactly the same strictly custom tailoring and workmanship that is obtainable elsewhere only at greatly advanced prices.

19.50

Introducing these suits to you at this price, we believe will prove a wise investment. Parents who are particularly critical about their boys' appearance rarely think a sale is advantageous to them.

Yet, that is exactly the type to whom this Best & Co. opportunity is directed.

Come in and see the same superior custom fabrics and custom workmanship in these suits as in our men's clothes. Over 40 years' experience in outfitting boys has proven to us that superior fabrics and workmanship are the cheapest in the end for boys. You will come back to buy later whatever the price.

Sizes 7 to 18 years

Khaki Riding Suits, 12.50.
Extra Khaki Riding Breeches, 6.50.

Best & Co.
Fifth Avenue at 35th Street
Established 1879

You Never Pay More at Best's

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Fifth Avenue at 35th Street
Established 1879

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MIDSUMMER FASHIONS AT SPECIAL PRICES

Offerings of the NEWEST FASHIONS in apparel and accessories which have developed during the Summer. Hints of new Fall tendencies you will find. The prices in most cases are as low as those prevailing upon clearances where the FASHIONS are old and the materials warm and unsuited to Midsummer social activities.

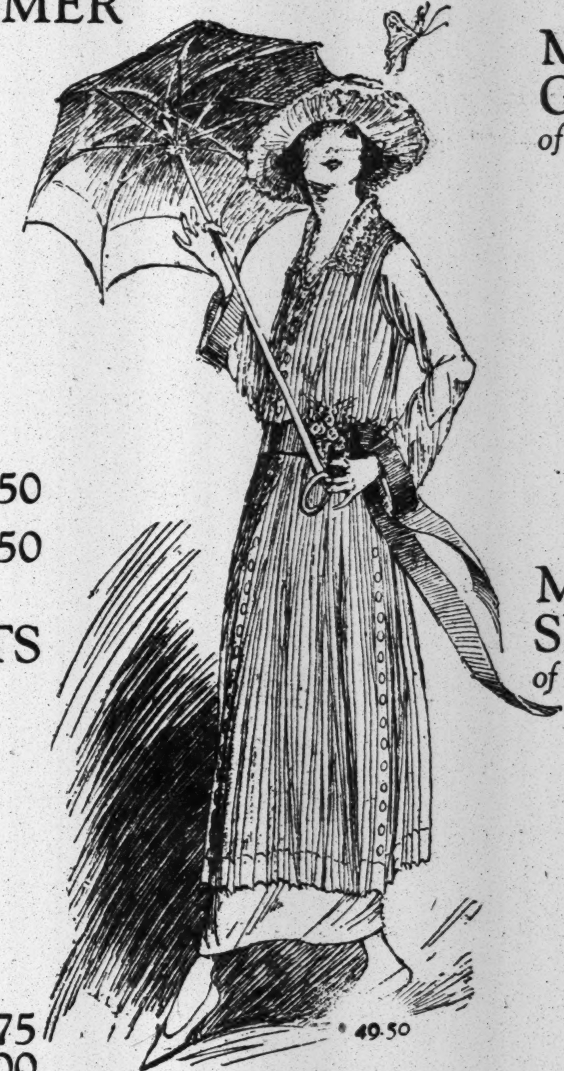
WOMEN'S MIDSUMMER BLOUSES
of Standard Best & Co. Quality
200 of each style will be offered for the first time Monday. One of voile, hand-embroidered, the other of heavy quality Georgette crepe. Both with lacy frill fronts. An opportunity to replenish at a saving of fully one-third. Special 6.85

WOMEN'S MIDSUMMER MOTOR COATS
of Standard Best & Co. Quality
Two smart English models of genuine Worumbo cloth, the newest thing for motor wear or the Country Club. Of brocaded polo cloth, one coat is developed with large pockets, leather buttons and inverted pleat. The other is an English raglan model thoroughly masculine in outline and detail. Leather buttons. Half lined.
Brocaded polo cloth, natural color Special 69.50
English raglan model, natural color. Special 79.50

WOMEN'S NEW MIDSUMMER SKIRTS
of Standard Best & Co. Quality
Catering to the Midsummer vogue for separate skirts of exclusive design, Best & Co. offers tomorrow two new models. Of heavy quality plaid kumsi-kumsa, one skirt has effective new pockets and cuff hem. The other as developed is fan-ta-si with folded girdle and slit pockets. Summer colors and all white.
Fan-ta-si. Special 18.75
Kumsi-Kumsa. Special 35.00

WOMEN'S TAFFETA SUITS
of Standard Best & Co. Quality
in a new draped Tuxedo model is ideal for Midsummer wear. Cool and delightfully wrinkle-proof, a taffeta suit is an indispensable adjunct to any wardrobe. Of navy blue taffeta, it has a loose front and the chic intricacy of detail in workmanship that bespeaks its quality origin. With this suit in traveling one is independent of luggage. Special 45.00

MISSES' DRESSES
of Standard Best & Co. Quality
Of that cool Summery type of which almost every one now feels the need. Prettily colored voile or all white if you prefer, with decorative buttons and narrow lace collar, it makes an excellent beach or country frock. Wide enough skirt to be comfortable for tennis and other sports. Many choice Summer colors.
Misses' sizes. Special 12.75



MISSES' GEORGETTE DRESSES
of Standard Best & Co. Quality
All white or navy blue, cool and appropriate for the Summer dansant. In navy blue for Midsummer traveling or general use, it is just that type that every young woman needs. Unequalled for coolness, it is gracefully box pleated and of superior quality Georgette. Wide grosgrain ribbon is its ornamentation. Illustrated.
Misses' sizes. Special 49.50

MISSES' SEPARATE SKIRTS
of Standard Best & Co. Quality
mean a Summery appearance and another change for a warm day. It is difficult to choose which model to describe, the one of fancy striped pique with its cleverly shaped pockets, or the ones of airy voile, which are transparent and cool. Fashioned for service, all of them are easily and quickly laundered. Misses' lengths.
Special 6.95

For Children's Summer Reading
Summer is primarily a rest and recreation time; reading for that account is oftentimes more welcome than when it goes along with the appointed tasks of school.
Choose books now for your Summer reading lists. Our Children's Book Shop in Liliputia has prepared lists for different ages of boys and girls and the librarians in charge are glad to offer suggestions.

LILIPUTIAN BAZAAR
Established 1879
Occupying Our Entire Fourth Floor

SMALL GIRLS' SWEATER CAPES
of Standard Best & Co. Quality
Such a wee garment as this is to be a brand new style feature for little sister, yet that is exactly what this quaint sweater cape of light-weight wool with a large shawl collar of brushed wool is. An assortment of fancy colors in sizes 2 and 3 years. Special 11.50

BLOOMER DRESSES
of Standard Best & Co. Quality
These little bloomer dresses are practical as well as comfortable for they protect underwear from wear and tear of strenuous play. Cotton crepe, hand-smocked with collar and cuffs of white poplin. Pockets and belt across back are other features. Pink and blue. Sizes 2 and 3 years. Special 3.75

DRESSES OF CROSS-BAR MUSLIN
of Standard Best & Co. Quality
A new model dress to wear under the cape is of white cross-bar muslin. Hand-smocked, with the diminutive collar, belt and cuffs edged with fine lace and hand run line in contrasting color, it is a dainty enough little frock to please the most fastidious of mothers. Sizes 2 and 3 years. Special 4.25

You Never Pay More at Best's

HONOR BRITISH NAVY IN BOOK OF VERSE

Rhymes of Americans Who Served in the Grand Fleet Gathered and Published.

COMRADES OF THE MIST

Poems by Officers and Men Tell of Warm Regard That Grew Out of Common Cause Against the Hun.

Officers and enlisted men of the American dreadnoughts that served in the Grand Fleet under Admiral Sir David Beatty, as units of the Sixth Battle Squadron, are mailing to relatives and friends, both here and in England, copies of a book entitled, "Comrades of the Mist and Other Rhymes of the Grand Fleet." Just such a book was never before compiled for the reason that never before in history was there a squadron that served in the same capacity as did the squadron commanded by Admiral Hugh Rodman during the great war. This squadron was made up of the New York, which was Rodman's flagship; the Texas, Wyoming, Arkansas and Florida.

As the title indicates, the volume is a tribute to the officers and men of the British Grand Fleet under Admiral Sir David Beatty. The book contains thirty-nine poems, written by officers and bluejackets of Rodman's command. It was compiled by Lieut. Commander Eugene E. Wilson, U. S. N., and is printed and copyrighted by the New York publishing house of George Sully & Co. By their courtesy THE TIMES is able to print some of the verses written by American officers and enlisted men who served under Rodman and Beatty in the North Sea in 1917-18.

The first copy of the book went to Admiral Rodman, the new commander-in-chief of the Pacific Fleet, and the second to Admiral Beatty. Hundreds of other copies are now in the mail-bags on the way to officers and men of the British service who served side by side with the Americans in the war, while other hundreds are finding their way into civilian homes in America and in Great Britain.

The dedication of the book reads: "To our Comrades of the Mist—the officers and men of the British Grand Fleet, this volume is affectionately dedicated."

In a foreword Commander Wilson writes that "in collecting these verses the names of the authors have been ascertained and are given under the titles where possible," and he then adds that "after months in the North Sea I feel capable of assuming the responsibility for the others, no matter how reckless it may seem."

"It is hoped," concludes Commander Wilson's foreword, "that these rhymes by reflecting some of the spirit of the Grand Fleet may help to bring out of its self-imposed obscurity Britain's splendid 'Silent Service.'"

The place of honor in the book is given to the verses "Comrades of the Mist," written by a bluejacket of the dreadnought Arkansas, the inspiration of them being Sir David Beatty's farewell message to his American comrades.

COMRADES OF THE MIST.

Where the long bridge spans the mighty Forth,
  Twixt towering headlands bold,
And thin white fog drifts silently,
  Dank and gray and cold,
There lean gray ships at anchor ride.
  Their guns by the salt breeze kissed.
Ah, they are the flower of Britain's power,
  Our Comrades of the Mist.

When the North Wind whipped the frothing sea
  And drove the biting spray;
When the great fleet smashed the towering wave
  And sped upon its way;
When the mighty ships rolled heavily,
  And driving rain squalls hissed,
How proud were we to sail the sea
  With our Comrades of the Mist.

Down through the years that are to come,
  When we've gone our several ways,
To the farthest corners of the earth,
  That bask in the sun's warm rays,
We'll dream of the days when we were part
  Of Britain's strong mailed fist—
When we kept the sea and nations free,
  With our Comrades of the Mist.

There are two expressions in the British service that every man who ever served alongside them knows. One is "Cheer-O" and the other is "Right-O," and "Cheer-O" inspired one of Rodman's young gunners to write the following:

CHEER-O!

The British have a funny word—
  Cheer-O!
At first it seemed a bit absurd—
  Cheer-O!
They say it when we joined the fleet,
They say it now when e'er we meet,
Till smilingly we all repeat,
  Cheer-O!

They say it when they take a drink—
  Cheer-O!
They say it in their sleep, I think—
  Cheer-O!
They'll say it when they meet the Hun,
They'll fire it with the opening gun,
They'll sing it when the battle's won—
  Cheer-O!

In the dark days of the Spring and early Summer of 1918, when the German hordes were sweeping forward in France, and when the whole allied world was in gloom, Lieutenant H. E. Cressman, U. S. N., who was of the Sixth Battle Squadron, showed his contempt for the Germans by penning these verses, which he captioned "Der Tag."

When eau de cologne comes from limburger cheese,
  When the jelly fish swallows the whale;
When kangaroos roost on gooseberry trees
  And grasshoppers feed upon quail;

When the laws of gravity cease to exist
  And the rivers all run up hill;
When young Americans no more enlist
  To shoot at "All Highest Bill";

When bumblebees whistle "Die Wacht am Rhine";
  When feathers are found upon frogs;
When the mule is blessed with a voice divine,
  And humming birds prey upon hogs;

When submarines swim through the air at night;
  When powder won't burn in our guns,
Then maybe our allies will give up the fight
  And the world will be ruled by the Huns.

Verses that have appealed with particular force to Admirals Beatty and Rodman are said by officers of the Sixth Squadron to be those that are captioned "When the Grand Fleet Goes to Sea." These were written by an enlisted man, and they tell the story of those mysterious but unsuccessful forays of the Grand Fleet in search of the German High Seas Fleet. These verses, which follow, are by many considered among the finest penned by fighting men in the course of the war.

Here follows "When the Grand Fleet Goes to Sea":

The low scud flies across the skies,
  The rain beats hard on deck;
The white-caps pelt the armor belt,
  The tide-rips roar in the neck.
The white mist sweeps in flying sheets,
  And dank is the speeding spray;
The black hulks loom in the drizzling gloom
  Two cable lengths away.

There comes a rift as the fog banks lift
  To the height of the turret tops;
The sirens scream, a searchlight beam
  Swings dead ahead and stops.
And in its light there sweep in sight
  Destroyers steaming free;
The speeding craft glide swiftly aft,
  And onward out to sea.

The sun breaks through and reveals the blue
  Behind the hovering gray;
The rain squalls slack, the wind shifts back,
  And drives the mist away.
There on the beam comes now a gleam,
  As ships turn sharp about,
Swing to the tide and swiftly glide—
  Light Cruisers standing out.

Off on the bow the shore line now
  Glows green in the morning light
Against gray stack and turret back
  And masthead's towering height.
The huge ships turn, and down astern
  Are lost in the haze alee;
As propellors sing and rudders swing—
  Battle Cruisers out to sea.

The moist wind dies, the clearing skies
  Shed warmth on the placid bay;
The lazy steam from off the stream
  Drifts upward and away.
With hulls unseen, but topmasts lean,
  Thrust out above the white,
The Battleships have left their slips,
  And slowly pass from sight.

The sun comes out and puts to rout
  The last of the vapory screen;
And there behold, twixt headlands bold
  No sail or craft is seen;
But far away on horizon gray
  A myriad speck drifts on,
Till a deep smoke pall obscures it all,
  And the Battle Fleet is gone.

Oh, wondrous hour! Oh, mighty power!
  Oh, work of mortal man!
Your cause is just—guard well your trust,
  As only real men can;
Stand fast for right throughout your fight
  To keep the ocean free;
We stand or fall, we stake our all,
  When the Grand Fleet goes to sea.

On the Arkansas there served a bluejacket who expressed his utter contempt for the German submarines in these verses which he called "Sea Going Mother Goose":

Ten little submarines, all new and fine;
Depth charge got one and then there were nine.

Nine little submarines, exponents of hate;
Sky-gun potted one and then there were eight.

Eight little submarines, floating under heaven;
Seaplane dropped a bomb and then there were seven.

Seven little submarines, up to naughty tricks;
One fouled a cruiser's wheels and then there were six.

Six little submarines, didn't look alive;
One lost its bearings and then there were five.

Five little submarines headed for the shore;
One hit a big rock and then there were four.

Four little submarines in a heavy sea;
One was flooded through a hatch, then there were three.

Three little submarines, getting mighty few;
One got in a mine field and then there were two.

Two little subzmarines, playthings of the Hun;
Fritz got tangled in the nets and then there was one.

One little submarine feeling mighty sore;
Skipper blew the damn thing up, and now "there ain't no more."

What follows under the title "Scotland Forever," and also the work of a bluejacket, tells its own story:

Sandy McNab is the canniest Scot
  Thot iver came oot' th' heather;
The mon is sae thrifty his knees are a' bare,
  No matter how chill is the weather.

When puffin' his pipe, if the baccy he smokes
  Ha' cost 'im a coople o' pence,
He gets nae enjoyment at a' frae th' weed,
  Cause he's worried aboot the expense.

An' if he be smokin' a wee bit o' Jock's
  That he borrowed when Jock never saw,
He rams the old pipe so dom fu' o' the stuff,
  That he can't make the bloomin' thing draw!

The story of the surrender of the German fleet is recorded in these verses:

THE SURRENDER.

1. *The Vanquished.*

Their dull hulks loom against the gloom
  Of the fog bank's dismal gray,
Their pace so slow we scarcely know
  The ships are under way.

The smoke, dead black, creeps from the stack,
  And hangs as a listless pall:
Black standards drape like funeral crape
  And death lies over all.

The silent guns of the sullen Huns
  No more their voices use;
Yet mute, acclaim the burning shame
  Of the High Sea Fleet's last cruise.

2. *The Victors.*

Our bright sides gleam in the sun's tinged beam
  Where it streams through the morning haze;
The bow waves curl in foaming swirl,
  As we speed our several ways.

The force draft roars while gray smoke pours,
  And is lost far down alee,
Our colors fly at topmast high—
  Bright flags of victory.

Our guns are manned and ready stand,
  To speak with throats aflame,
To the Cult of Might who dared not fight,
  And would not play the game.

3. *The Faith*

O God to Thee, we of the sea
  Give thanks for the wondrous light
That reveals Thy power in this Thine hour,
  The hour of Truth and Right.

The song, "Good-Bye-e-e-e," has the last page of this little memorial of the Grand Fleet. It tells the story of the departure of the American ships for home, and when the bluejackets of the famous Sixth Battle Squadron sing it, this is what they say:

Yankee ships are under way,
  Standing out to sea—
British ships escorting them,
  Colors floating free;
 Signals, passing ship to ship,
 Flash "Good luck and pleasant trip!"
 Parting cheers on every lip,
  Singing, "Good-bye-e-e-e!"

British ships are turning now,
  Standing toward the shore;
Yankee ships are steaming on—
  Home-bound pennants soar;
 Misty eyes with sorrow gaze;
 Thoughts return to happy days;
 Friends are lost in distant haze—
  Grand Fleet days are o'er.

Yankee thoughts now homeward fly,
  Far across the sea;
Christmas in our native land
  Beckons you and me.
 Yet our hearts must long retain
 Memories of the message plain,
 "Britain wants you back again.
  Good luck and 'Good-bye-e-e-e!'"

These are a few of the verses to be found in Commander Wilson's book. The book sells for $1, and is for sale at all first class book stores.

The Price

THE one thing about a necklace of Oriental Pearls which one can never forget, is the one thing about a necklace of Técla Pearls, which one need not remember—

The price!

Técla
398 Fifth Avenue - New York
10 Rue de la Paix, Paris

NAME EXCHANGE STUDENTS.

Interchange of Scholars Between America and Sweden Announced.

The names of ten American college students who will each receive $1,000 to enable them to go to Sweden to study in exchange with ten Swedish students who come to America, were announced yesterday by the American-Scandinavian Foundation, which arranged the interchange. The men appointed are:

Samuel G. Frantz of Princeton, N. J., Princeton University; Harry F. Yancey of Urbana, Ill., University of Missouri; Chester C. Stewart of Wilmington, Del., Massachusetts Institute of Technology; Harry W. Titus of Laramie, Wyo., University of Wyoming; Robert C. Sessions of Worcester, Mass., Worcester Polytechnic Institute; Clarence N. Ostergren of Hoboken, N. J., Sheffield Scientific School; William S. Moir of Boston, Mass., Yale Forestry School; Henry M. Meloney of Syracuse, N. Y., State School of Forestry at Syracuse University; Rudolph E. Zetterstrand of Munhall, Penn., Sheffield Scientific School, and Thomas Fraser of Urbana, Ill., University of Illinois. Four of these men will study chemistry, two hydro-electrical engineering, two forestry, and two metallurgy.

In making the announcement the American-Scandinavian Foundation says that the interchange of students is proof that American and European students are freed from the dominance of German learning and German universities. A few years ago, it is said, these twenty American and Swedish students would have gone to German universities.

PESSOA GOES HOME TODAY.

President-Elect and Party Will Make Voyage on U. S. S. Idaho.

President-elect Epitacio Pessoa of Brazil and his party will leave here this afternoon for his home on the battleship Idaho, commanded by Captain Theodore Vogelgesang. A farewell concert in honor of Dr. Pessoa was held last night in the roof garden of the Waldorf-Astorio by the Marine Band of the Brazilian dreadnaught Sao Paulo, which has been here for some time.

Acting Secretary Phillips of the State Department sent from Washington yesterday the following message to President-elect Pessoa:

"On the eve of your departure from this country permit me to avail myself of this occasion to express to you on behalf of the Government and people of the United States the pleasure they have felt and the gratification given to them by your visit to the United States and its capital.

"Your manifest interest in the welfare of this country and your sympathetic personality will always be pleasantly recalled by all who have had the good fortune to be presented to you. Your visit cannot fail to unite more closely than ever our two republics in the spirit of mutual affection and good-will. I sincerely hope that both you and Madame Pessoa will have a comfortable and agreeable voyage on the U. S. S. Idaho."

VINCENT ASTOR ROBBED.

Sailor Accused of $1,000 Theft While on Submarine Voyage.

A young seaman, who was a member of the crew which recently brought the surrendered German submarine U-117 to this country, is awaiting trial by court-martial at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, charged with the theft of a wallet containing $1,000, the property of Vincent Astor.

Mr. Astor, who served abroad during the war as a Lieutenant in the United States Navy, reurned on the German submarine. During the trip he lost his pocketbook, and it is alleged that the young sailor under arrest found and kept it.

Store Closed Saturdays During July and August

Lee-Morris Co.
"The Fifth Avenue Fashion Shop"
394 Fifth Avenue at 36th Street.

Great Offering Tomorrow

Ideal Values—Women's and Misses'

Delightful Midsummer Dresses

Crisp, cool, daintiest Silks and Cottons—
A truly wonderful variety of fashionable models.

Chic Organdy & Voile Dresses *Appropriately designed for seashore, mountain and afternoon wear; charming colorings.* 12.75

Attractive Taffeta Dresses *Entirely new models, delineating novel drapings and pleating; navy, brown and black.* 19.75

Beautiful Georgette Dresses *A wealth of exquisite models beautifully beaded, embroidered and tucked; navy, flesh, white.* 29.75

Stunning Satin Frocks *Hosts of youthful models of clever style originality; black, navy and taupe.* 35.00

Finest Silk Tricolette Dresses *Models of striking elegance, masterfully tailored in black, navy, white, rose, taupe.* 50.00

Newest Sport Skirts—*Specials*

Fine washable white Gabardine - - - 3.95
Richest washable Surf Satin - - - - 6.95
Best quality All-Silk Poplin - - - - 14.75

LEE-MORRIS CO., 394 FIFTH AVE., AT 36TH ST.

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street TELEPHONE 7000 MURRAY HILL Thirty-fifth Street

Exceptional Values

are now being offered in two selected assortments of

Women's Summer Blouses

exceptionally low-priced; comprising

LINGERIE BLOUSES
of voile, dimity, linen and dotted swiss, many of which are lace-trimmed or hand-embroidered,
Variously priced, $1.90, 2.65, 2.90 to 4.90

SILK BLOUSES
of China silk, crepe de Chine and crepe georgette,
Variously priced, $4.75, 5.25, 5.75 & 6.25

These are all smart models, designed for this season. The silk blouses may be obtained in white, flesh-tone, navy and black, but not in every style.

(Sale on the Second Floor)

A Clearance Sale

to begin to-morrow, in the Department for Misses' Dresses, will offer exceptional values in

Misses' Figured Georgette Dresses

with lace-trimmed collar and cuffs, at the greatly reduced price of
$29.00

Also in Misses' Taffeta Dresses
at $22.50

All of these Dresses are in smart, pretty styles, and have heretofore been marked at much higher prices. The sizes, however, are not complete.

(Second Floor)

Extraordinary Reductions

have been made, and will go into effect to-morrow (Monday) morning, in the prices of a quantity of

Women's and Misses' Shetland Wool Sweaters

as a result of which very unusual values will be offered in

Slipover Sleeveless Sweaters
at . . . . $2.75 & 4.75

Coat Sweaters
Without sleeves . . at $2.75
With sleeves . at 2.75 & 3.75

(Sweater Department, Third Floor)

The Motor Delivery Service

FOR THE SUMMER SEASON

to New Jersey, Westchester County, and Long Island points is in active operation.

The Department for Women's Cotton Frocks

offers unusual buying advantages throughout the entire stock, which embraces a great variety of dainty, chic and altogether charming Summer dresses, very moderately priced.

Important Reductions

have been made in the prices of a number of

Pretty Cotton Frocks

in a diversity of styles and fabrics, now irresistibly priced at
$7.75, 9.75, 11.75, 15.00, 18.00, 21.00 & 28.00

also in

Summer Coat Suits

of cotton gabardine
now offered at $15.00 & 18.00

Excellent values are to be found in the Summer assortments of Cotton Skirts, in white and the smart color effects.

(Madison Avenue section, Third Floor)

A Sale of Women's Silk Underwear

very specially priced
will be an event of seasonable interest for Monday and Tuesday.

These dainty undergarments are very well made, of the most desirable silk fabrics, and particularly appealing for Summer use.

The values are most attractive.

Nightrobes	.	$4.95,	6.85,	10.75
Envelopes,	2.45,	2.95,	3.90,	5.75
Camisoles,	95c.,	1.50,	1.95,	2.90
Bloomers	.	.	2.95,	3.90

Undergarments priced over $5.00 are subject to the War Revenue tax.

(Sale on the Second Floor)

Semi-made Dresses

of fine-twill navy blue serge at the specially reduced price of
$14.75

are a feature of seasonable and economic interest in the Department for Catalogue Merchandise, on the SIXTH FLOOR.

To the feminine vacationist who is pressed for time in the preparation of her outing wardrobe these semi-mades represent an unqualified boon. The styles are attractive, the materials excellent, the decorations (of silk embroidery in some instances, of braiding in others) in the best possible taste; while the dresses are so nearly completed that almost anyone with a knowledge of sewing can readily add the finishing touches.

These Dresses are among the best values ever offered in this Department.

(Sizes incomplete)

DISCLOSES TREATY TO DIVIDE TURKEY

Text of the Anglo-French Secret Agreement Is Published in Paris.

ITALY IN LATER COMPACT

Obtained Smyrna and Adalia Subject to Russia's Consent in August, 1917.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Word reached Washington today that Le Temps of Paris had published the text of the Anglo-French secret treaty for the partition of Turkey, which has been the basis of the negotiations at Paris for the settlement of the Near Eastern question.

The agreement as published throws light on the recent statement by Premier Clemenceau that it might require six months to complete the Turkish settlement.

There was originally an agreement respecting Anatolia signed by France and Russia, initiated by France, which was followed by an Anglo-French treaty covering Turkish territories generally. In 1917 a third treaty was signed by England, France and Italy.

After the meeting of St. Jean de Maurienne, on the initiative of the British Government, memoranda dated Aug. 21, 1917, were exchanged by Great Britain, France, and Italy. Italy accepted the Anglo-French arrangements, and in her turn secured two zones, one a "green" zone and one a zone "C," which gave Italy, among other districts, the regions of Smyrna and Adalia. The agreement respecting the Arabian Peninsula and the Red Sea was extended to Italy.

The Anglo-Franco-Italian Treaty was concluded "subject to the agreement of the Russian Government." The Russian Government collapsed. A few weeks ago England and France authorized Greece to occupy Smyrna, carrying with the authorization an indication of its annexation to Greece.

Text of Treaty of 1916.

The complete text of the Anglo-French treaty of 1916 for the partition of Turkey is contained in a letter dated May 9, 1916, from M. Paul Cambon, the French Ambassador, to Sir Edward Grey, the British Foreign Minister. The text follows:

"(1.) France and Great Britain are disposed to recognize and to protect an independent Arab State or a confederation of Arab States in the zones 'A' and 'B' indicated on the annexed map, under the zuzerainty of an Arab chief, In the zone 'A' France and in the zone 'B' Great Britain will have a right of priority in regard to all enterprises and local loans. In the zone 'A' France and in the zone 'B' Great Britain will alone provide advisers of foreign officials when requested by an Arab State or by the confederation of Arab States.

"(2.) In the blue zone France and in the red zone Great Britain will be authorized to establish such administration, direct or indirect, as they desire and as they shall judge convenient to establish after agreement with the State or confederation of Arab States.

"(3.) In the brown zone there shall be established an international administration whose form shall be decided after consultation with Russia, and then in agreement with the other Allies and the representative of the Shereef of Mecca.

"(4.) There shall be accorded to Great Britain, first, the ports of Haifa and Acre, secondly, the guarantee of a definite quantity of water from the Tigris and the Euphrates in the zone 'A' for the zone 'B.' His Majesty's Government, on its part, pledges itself never to enter into negotiations with a view to the cession of Cyprus to a third power without the previous consent of the French Government.

Ports Allotted for Trade.

"(5.) Alexandria is to be a free port for the commerce of the British Empire, and there shall be no difference of treatment in port dues nor any special advantage refused to British mercantile ships or British merchandise; there shall be free transit via Alexandretta and the railways traversing the blue zone, whether this merchandise be destined for or originate from the red zone, zone 'B' or zone 'A'; and no difference of treatment shall be made directly or indirectly, against English merchandise on any railway, nor against English merchandise or ships in any port serving the above mentioned zone.

"Haifa shall be a free port for the commerce of France, her colonies and her protectorates, and there shall be no difference of treatment or advantage in the matter of port dues, which can be refused to French ships or French merchandise. There shall be free transit for French merchandise via Haifa, and the English railway across the Brown Zone, whether these goods originate from or are destined for the Blue Zone or the Zone 'A' or the Zone 'B', and there shall be no difference of treatment, direct or indirect, at the expense of French merchandise upon any railway line, or at the expense of French merchandise or French ships in any port serving the above-mentioned zones.

"(6.) In the Zone 'A' the Bagdad Railway shall not be prolonged southward beyond Mosul, and in the Zone 'B' northward beyond Samara until a railway uniting Bagdad and Aleppo by the Valley of the Euphrates has been completed, and that only with the help of the two Governments.

"(7) Great Britain will have the right to construct, administer and be the sole proprietor of a railway uniting Haifa with the Zone 'B.' She will have, further, a perpetual right to transport troops at all times along this railway. It must be understood by both Governments that this railway must facilitate the junction of Bagdad and Haifa, and it is further understood that if technical difficulties or the cost of maintenance of this line of junction in the Brown Zone render the execution of it impracticable the French Government will be disposed to consider that the line may traverse the polygon Barries-Keis-Maril-Silbrad-Tem-Hotsda-Mesuire before reaching the Zone 'B.'"

To Maintain Turkish Tariffs.

"(8) For a period of twenty years the Turkish customs tariffs shall remain in force throughout the Blue and Red Zones as well as in the Zones 'A' and 'B,' and no increase in the rates or alteration in advalorem or specific duties shall be made save with the consent of both powers. There shall be no internal customs between any of the Zones mentioned above. Customs dues leviable upon goods destined for the interior shall be exacted at the ports of entry and transmitted to the administration of the zone for which goods are intended.

"(9) It is understood that the French Government will never enter upon any negotiations for the cession of its rights, and will never cede the rights it possesses in the Blue Zone to any third power except the Arab State or the Confederation of Arab States, without the previous consent of His Majesty's Government, which on its part gives a similar assurance to the French Government in regard to the Red Zone.

"(10) The English and French Governments, as protectors of the Arab State, will agree not to acquire, and will not agree to the acquisition by a third power of territorial possessions in the Arabian Peninsula, or the construction of a naval base in the islands off the east coast of the Red Sea. This, however, shall not prevent such a rectification of the frontier of Aden as may be judged necessary because of the recent aggression of the Turks.

"(11) The negotiations with the Arabs for the frontiers of the State, or the confederation of Arab States, shall proceed in the same way as before in the name of both powers.

"(12) It is further understood that measures to control the importation of arms into the Arab territory shall be considered by both Governments."

Special Guarantee Made.

To this letter Sir Edward Grey replied on May 15, asking for a special guarantee, which was given to him the same day in the following letter:

"By his communication of this date your Excellency has expressed the desire, before answering my letter of the 9th of this month relative to the creation of an Arab State, to receive the assurance that in those regions which shall become French, or in which French interests should become predominant, British concessions and rights of navigation, together with the rights and privileges of all British religious, educational and medical establishments shall be maintained. It should be understood, on the other hand, that the same rights should be recognized to France by the King's Government in the sphere allotted to England.

"I have the honor to inform your Excellency that the French Government is ready to sanction the various British concessions of date anterior to the war in the region which shall be allotted to it or which shall come under its control. As to the religious, educational, and medical establishments, they would continue to function as in the past, it being always understood that such a reservation does not involve the maintenance of the rights of jurisdiction and of the capitulations in these territories."

To this letter of M. Paul Cambon Sir Edward Grey replied on May 16, 1916, accepting in the name of the British Government the text of the agreement embodied in M. Cambon's first letter.

TO CONFER ON COLONIES.

Franco-British Agreement on Kamerun and Togoland Sought.

PARIS, July 5.—Henri Simon, Minister of Colonies, is expected to leave tomorrow for London.

He will confer with Viscount Milner, the British Secretary for Colonies, in an effort to conclude a Franco-British agreement relating to Kamerun and Togoland, the former German colonies in Western Africa.

CASAQUE

A SUMMERY BLOUSE LAID OUT TO CONFORM TO VARIOUS SERVICE DEMANDS IS PRESENTED IN WHITE CREPE DE CHENE. THE SHOULDERS HAVE A RAGLAN EFFECT, AND THE THREE-QUARTER SLEEVES HAVE FLOWING CUFFS WHICH HAVE BEEN DEVELOPED IN THREE ARTISTIC FOLDS. THE HEM ALSO TERMINATES IN THREE FOLDS. TWO DELICATE STREAMERS EXTEND GRACEFULLY OVER THE SHOULDERS AND DOWN THE FRONT AND BACK.

$15.00

AVEDON

448 Fifth Avenue at Fortieth Street | 34th Street at Madison Avenue

A Pleasant Place to Know About

PROMISE RELIEF FROM HOT SPELL

Mercury Tumbles Eight Degrees in an Hour and Storm Clouds Appear in the Sky.

THUNDER SHOWERS ON WAY

Lower Temperature Comes After Two Sweltering Days—Many Prostrations Reported.

The severe heat, which had continued for more than two days, eased off last night, when the temperature, which had remained close to 96 degrees for eight hours beginning at noon, suddenly dropped eight degrees in an hour, while winds of from fifteen to twenty miles an hour increased the relief, and a cloudy sky seemed to promise showers.

A thundershower came up unexpectedly in Western New York State last night, and following it, the Weather Bureau issued the following forecast:

"Cloudy and cooler, with probably local thunder showers Sunday. Monday, cloudy, moderate temperature. Wind, moderate north and northeast."

The continuance of unusually high temperatures without relief for forty-eight hours increased considerably the number of heat prostrations, many being officially reported during yesterday. Tens of thousands of persons left their houses in the evening intending to spend the night sleeping in parks or on the beaches, but the threatening turn of the weather which set in after 8 o'clock gave them some anxious moments and sent some of them home.

Shady spots in Central Park and in other parks were all taken up during the afternoon. In thickly crowded parts of the East Side fire plugs were opened, and streams of cool water sent swirling along the gutters. Children swarmed into them, and men and women cooled themselves by wading. Back of the Traffic Court in Mott Street, two hydrants were aimed in such fashion that the streams from them met in mid-air and broke into a fan-shaped curtain of water. Hundreds used this as a shower bath.

Two days of continuous heat had been absorbed by the walls and roofs of buildings, and by their interiors, so that they maintained an even temperature last night by releasing their surplus heat, and the sudden drop in the temperature was not appreciably felt for several hours. With a refreshing breeze and a lower temperature out-of-doors, apartment and tenement houses were deserted, and families which did not join the exodus to the parks and beaches took to the roofs and fire escapes.

The subways in the evening were crowded with people with suitcases, satchels, and even pillows and cushions, headed for Coney Island and other places, for a night's lodging beside the ocean. Some seemed to welcome the possibility of being caught in showers during the night.

The weather record for the day follows:

	Temp.	Humidity.		Temp.	Humidity.
8 A. M.	82	52	3 P. M.	96	32
9 A. M.	85	45	4 P. M.	96	32
10 A. M.	88	45	5 P. M.	95	32
11 A. M.	89	38	6 P. M.	94	33
12 Noon	94	33	7 P. M.	92	38
1 P. M.	95	32	8 P. M.	94	34
2 P. M.	96	32	9 P. M.	86	35

The following prostrations were officially reported:

BROWN, ARTHUR, 19 years old, 552 Lenox Avenue; overcome at 3,652 Broadway and taken to St. Lawrence Hospital.

CRANE, Mrs. JOHN, 207 Grand Avenue, Astoria, L. I., overcome in Central Park near Sixty-sixth Street and returned home after receiving medical attention.

FIORITO, SALVATORE, 47 years old, 4,439 Third Avenue, the Bronx, overcome at 177th Street and Third Avenue, the Bronx, and taken to Fordham Hospital.

GIBSON, RICHARD, 33 years old, 30 West 134th Street, overcome at his home; taken to Harlem Hospital.

JUSKO, JAMES, 24 years old, 244 East Twenty-first Street, overcome at 28 West Twenty-third Street; taken to New York Hospital.

LOPEZ, CARLOS, 20, 365 West Eleventh Street, Manhattan, overcome while playing ball at Prospect Park; attended at Kings County Hospital and sent home.

MARTONI, JOSEPH, 45, years old, 100 Bowery, overcome at 169 West Street; taken home after receiving medical attention.

MOLNAR, ISIDOR, 27 years old, a clerk, of Aldone, N. J., overcome at Broadway and Eighth Street, and removed to Bellevue Hospital.

O'HANLON, ALEANDER, 34 years old, a laborer, 75 Walcott Street, Brooklyn, collapsed at his home; taken to Fordham Hospital.

ROTHENOVITZ, MARY, 38 years old, 243 Monroe Street; overcome at 308 Madison Street and taken to Gouverneur Hospital.

SACKER, BENJAMIN, 363 Cherry Street; overcome in the street, but returned home after receiving medical attention.

SHANNAKIS, TEPPINO, 30 years old, 307 Seventh Avenue; overcome at 161st Street and Washington Avenue; taken to Lincoln Hospital.

TINER, BEN, 21 years old, 3,874 Third Avenue; overcome in front of 1,567 Broadway; taken to Bellevue Hospital.

WALSH, MAY, 29 years old, 82 East 127th Street; overcome in front of 1,847 Park Avenue; taken to Harlem Hospital.

WILLIAMS, ROBERT, 1,951 First Avenue; overcome by heat at his home; taken to Reception Hospital.

HOT WAVE AT AN END.

Washington Expects Normal Temperatures by Tomorrow.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Relief from the hot wave which has spread over the Eastern half of the country was promised tonight by the Weather Bureau. Thunderstorms and rain are expected to break it up, beginning tonight, and by Monday temperatures may reach normal.

Boston and Baltimore, each with 102 degrees, took top place today, while Washington was next with 101. Philadelphia, Albany, Harrisburg, Penn., and a few other points registered 100. The New York maximum was 96.

Heat Kills Two in Paterson.

PATERSON, N. J., July 5.—The excessive heat resulted in the death of two persons in this city today. Mrs. Nellie Santangelo, 40 years old, of 58 Beech Street, was standing watching the Independence Day parade yesterday when she collapsed on the sidewalk. Mrs. Mary Guret, 35 years old, of 508 Straight Street, was overcome in her home yesterday. Both died at St. Joseph's Hospital today. A large number of prostrations were reported. The thermometer reached 100 degrees at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

FIGHT BATHING SUIT PARADE

Rockaways Order Scantily Clad Persons from Streets.

With the advent of the holiday and the hot spell there was a big rush of people to the Rockaways, and many who went did not know of regulations adopted by residents of that section against wearing bathing suits on the street. As a result the police have had considerable to do in the last three days.

At the office of Sheriff Mitchell, in Long Island City, yesterday, it was said that deputy sheriffs from the Rockaways had reported ordering many persons off the streets. The most persistent offenders, it was said, were young women, from 17 to 25, who seem to want to show the latest designs in bathing suits. The Sheriff has directed that no arrests be made unless the offenders refuse to obey orders, or persist in parading the streets after they have been warned.

The local Business Men's Association has appealed to all merchants to refuse to serve persons who call at their stores in bathing suits. Most of the merchants have agreed to observe the request.

Telephone Greeley 2400

Stewart & Co.

Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

Fifth Ave., at 37th St.

Extraordinary Specials

Offerings of unusual interest to vacationists, at

Remarkably Low Prices Tomorrow

Surf Satin Bathing Suit, 4.95

An extremely smart model, featuring square neck and armlets; novel pockets attached to belt; piped in contrasting color. Obtainable in black only.

Taffeta Bathing Suit, 12.50

Simple, but smart is this Bathing Suit of excellent quality Taffeta, in stunning sash model. Obtainable in navy with white stripes.

Charming Silk Sweater, 19.75

Beautiful new Sweater of pure Silk, in clever tuxedo model; fancy weave. May be had with smart belt or sash that ends in silk tassels. Summer shades.

Washable Gabardine Skirt, 6.95

A handsome model, exceptionally well tailored in fine quality gabardine, smartly trimmed with row of tucks and pearl buttons; pocketed; smart detachable belt. White only.

Crepe de Chine Negligee, 19.75

Beautifully made of heavy crepe de chine; accordian pleated bottom; overjacket of Silk chiffon trimmed with exquisite lace, smart shirring and ribbons.

Negligees and Sacques, 3.95

Two dainty and unusually charming negligees of fine dotted Silk Mull. Colors: Copen, Flesh or Orchid. The Dressing Sacque is of heavy Crepe de Chine, in smart tailored model; shirred in back. All shades.

REVEALS RED PLOT TO WIN AMERICANS

Letter to Berlin Communist Headquarters Shows Propaganda on the Rhine.

EMONTS CHIEF AGITATOR

Leader of Bank Employes Distributed Appeals from Cologne Headquarters.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 3, (Via Copenhagen.)—A letter to Communist headquarters in Berlin, which forms the principal evidence against Herr Emonts, the leader of the bank employes, who has been arrested on suspicion of conspiracy against the Government, also deals extensively with his Bolshevist activity among the American and British troops occupying the Rhenish districts.

The letter is dated Berlin, April 18, and explains that the general strike of bank employes "has not left me any time to report on my agitation among the British and American troops of occupation. I began my agitation at the outbreak of the German revolution by wirelessing to the American troops to lay down their arms in order not to interfere with the success of the German proletariat, but Editor Sollmann of the Rhenish Gazette, a Government Socialist, interfered, compelling me to return to Berlin.

"Having conferred with Members Rosa Wolfstein and Leo Jogisches I was commissioned to continue my agitation among the American troops. I went to Düsseldorf and Cologne, reconnoitring from there the occupied districts to organize a regular agitation, for which I had selected the home of a female member in Cologne as headquarters, while our handbills were printed in a secret establishment in Düsseldorf, not being furnished by Berlin headquarters.

"Soon American and British troops found their way to my Cologne headquarters and began drawing up their own texts for handbills. The March riots, however, interrupted the connection with Berlin headquarters, which had been solicited for larger funds, and numerous arrests destroyed the organization for our handbill agitation. Am informed by the Cologne headquarters that American troops urgently requested my presence about Easter.

"If the general banking strike permits at all, I shall certainly go to the occupied districts to inform myself regarding the progress made and will extend the organization there if you furnish the money, which ought to be no object, considering the importance of speeding our ideas among the Americans."

Concluding, Emonts urged the Communists immediately to start "action" in Berlin, beginning with a strike of electrical workers.

ERZBERGER IN DENMARK.

Copenhagen Papers Say German Leader Is There Incognito.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, July 4.—The evening Social Democratic papers say that Mathias Erzberger is now in Copenhagen incognito.

He was seen in Odense on his way to the capital.

HASKELL'S ARMENIAN POST.

Colonel Appointed High Commissioner for the Four Great Powers.

PARIS, July 5, (Associated Press.)—Colonel William Haskell was today appointed High Commissioner for the four great powers—the United States, Great Britain, France, and Italy—in Armenia. He will have entire charge of all economic questions in the country, with most extended powers, reporting to the Council at Paris. All relief organizations in Constantinople, Georgia, and the provinces throughout Turkey, will report to him.

Colonel Haskell recently returned from Rumania, whither he went in connection with the distribution of relief to the population.

POLES CONCILIATE GERMANS

Premier Tells Thorn Delegation of a Policy of Concessions.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 3, (Via Copenhagen.)—It is reported here that the Polish Republic shows much willingness to concede to the German districts which, according to the Versailles treaty, become Polish, a certain measure of independence because of economic and cultural differences.

Delegates from Thorn to Warsaw have received assurances from the Polish Prime Minister that his policy was one of conciliation, and that he wished to meet the German demands as far as possible.

Forsythe Waists

Model T-31
Model T-32
Model T-33

Genuine Habutai

$7.50

Mail orders promptly filled. Catalogue on request.

JOHN FORSYTHE & SONS INC.

THE WAIST HOUSE

3 West 42 Phone Vanderbilt—2218. New York

No Connection with Any Other House Doing Business Under the Name of Forsythe

Fifth Ave. Stewart & Co. At 37th St.

Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

Smartest Dresses for Mid-Summer and Early Fall Wear

Specially Priced Tomorrow

Silk Tricolette Gown 69.50

An elegant new gown of marked distinction, fashioned of fine Tricolette of lustrous Sheen. Especially smart is the new Camargo skirt. The golden tan vestee is of embroidered Georgette. Silk and gold metallic embroidery adorn the softly crushed girdle.

New Satin Dress 45.00

Exquisite new dress of rare grace and youthfulness, beautifully developed in soft, lustrous satin, and richly encrusted with embroidery motifs. Admirable details are the smart Russian blouse and unique tunic skirt. Dainty vestee and cuffs of pleated Georgette.

Crepe Satin Dress, 49.50

Taffeta Evening Gown 49.50

Smart, graceful, and true to the spirit of youth is this gorgeous new gown of soft Taffeta, with its smart tiered skirt of silver lace, and dainty ruffle trimmings. Contrasting color ribbon streamers flow from the waistline, where a tiny nosegay is portrayed.

Georgette Crepe Frocks 39.50

A diversity of smart, winsome dresses, fashioned of Georgette crepe. Some devoid of any ornamentation; others delicately and lavishly decorated with various beads, pin tucks, ruffles, and hemstitching. Obtainable in flesh color, white or navy.

Cool, Dainty Dresses for Summer

An extraordinary collection of cool Summer dresses, in a splendid variety of bewitching designs. Carefully executed in plain or figured Voiles and Georgette, Organdie, Gingham, Chintz, Dotted Swiss and other fabrics of equal beauty. Many reveal smart and effective trimmings.

Very Specially Priced Tomorrow

9.75 14.75 24.50

WOULD AID EUROPE BY PRIVATE FINANCE

Adviser to Peace Conference Says Time Is Ripe to End Governmental Loans.

5 YEARS TO REBUILD TRADE

Oscar T. Crosby Says Only Individual Initiative Can Bar Peril of Future Wars.

Oscar T. Crosby, financial adviser to the American delegation to the Peace Conference, here from Paris yesterday, declared that the United States Government should not continue to loan money to the European nations, as one Government to another, but the channels of trade andfinance sould be opened so that all financing might be done on the initiative of private groups, with the result that within five years, he believed, barring the complete overthrow of Governments, Europe would be back to its normal condition of pre-war times. Mr. Crosby talked at the University Club here after landing in Hoboken from the transport Mount Vernon. He was, until a few months ago, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and at the time the armistice was signed was President of the Inter-Ally Council on War Purchases and Finance.

In expressing his views on the financing involved in the rehabilitation of Europe, Mr. Crosby indorsed the opinions already published by the Federal Reserve Board. He was in the Treasury from the time the war opened, and has been interested in the floating and placing of Government loans. During the war, he said, it was necessary to lend money to other Governments as a war necessity, just as it was necessary for individuals to give up their lives, and as such it received his hearty approval.

"But with the ending of the war," said Mr. Crosby, "such loans ought to stop for they have in them to seeds of possible trouble, of future wars. The only solution is for private initiative to be left to work out the problem. Groups of European bankers, who are familiar with the situation in their own countries must get together and make a survey of the conditions which they have to meet, and then submit them to American bankers for approval. This, in effect, would of course be the approval of the institution itself. In this way the use of the money will be subjected to same scrutiny as would be accorded to money loaned to a private individual. This would not be the case if the money were loaned to the Government. Moreover, in all probability it would be reloaned to the industries of the foreign country at a lower rate than would be required of Americans, and since in the last analysis the money belongs to the American people, they would have just complaint were they to be placed at such a disadvantage.

Calls for "Regular" Banking Now.

"Let the whole affair be a regular banking transaction with all the care that goes into such a transaction, for when the borrower is compelled to show the soundness of his resources it is all to the good and the waste of money is prevented. The rates will be what the market calls for, and not the low rates that its Government always makes. Governments should not be mixed up in those affairs. If there is any change in the administration the trouble, the seed of which has been sown, is likely to crop up. If the transactions are private and trading is opened up without restrictions, Europe will be on its feet again within five years. Of course, this statement is made with the reservation that revolution does not sweep Europe in the meantime. Whether this will happen nobody knows.

"The amount of money needed for the rehabilitation of Europe has been grossly exaggerated in many quarters. It will not be necessary for the industries to go back immediately to the same status that they enjoyed before the war. Stocks need not be replenished to the full. They can ake a little and earn a little, then take a little more and earn a little more. This will be exceedingly difficult, no doubt, but it can be done. They can get along with less than they have been accustomed to spend just as an individual does when he is in reduced circumstances.

"There must be freedom in trading, and the application of a great many minds will be needed so that there may be the greatest possible movement of initiative. And another reason opposed to a Government loan is that the financial burdens of the Government are already great enough. The Government must not take any more upon itself, but rather less. The willingness to pay taxes will not last, for the enthusiasm of war gradually dies down.

"The unrest in Europe I believe will die down to normal in a short time," Mr. Crosby continued. "In France the strikes have been serious. They seem to have both a political and economic significance. For one thing, they are a protest against intervention in Russia. The people believe hat the Russians should be allowed to carry out their experiments so that if it fails it will have proved its fallacy. And I concur in that opinion.

"If other nations put down the communistic régime by force of arms Socialists the world over will say that the experiment did not have a fair chance to succeed, and they will be anxious to try it again. But if we are right in believing its fundamentals to be false, and it consequently fails, then we shall have done with it.

"The other cause of the strikes is the 'malaise' resultant from the necessity of adjustment to the higher cost of living and the cheaper money. The French, among others, find it hard in the transition period to get used to the new conditions, but the strikes are only symptoms which will quickly pass away witha return of normal trade relations."

URGES 20 BILLION LOTTERY.

French Deputy Would Give $10,000,000,000 to Devastated Areas.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 5.—A $20,000,000,000 international lottery is the latest suggestion for aiding the sufferers of the devastated region. The Matin says that Deputy Guislain of the Nord Department has brought before the Chamber of Deputies a law providing tickets for that amount to be placed on sale in allied and associated countries. Of the amount $10,000,000,000 would be set aside for prizes and the remainder distributed to the inhabitants according to the proportion determined by the law already in force concerning war damage.

Guislain's proposal has been handed over to the Budget Committee for consideration. A similar project was put forward by Deputy Labroue of Gironde. He advocates the reestablishment of the French national lottery to amount to $6,000,000,000 whereof only one fifth would be reserved for prizes, with drawings monthly during a period of five years.

Woman's Service Clubroom to Open.

A reception and tea will be held on Wednesday afternoon at the opening of the ne wSummer reading and writing rooms at the headquarters of the National League for Woman's Service, 257 Madison Avenue. A musical program will start at 3 o'clock, an hour before the tea. The clubroom is to be a social meeting place for the women who continue their volunteer relief work in New York during the Summer.

RANKING CHAPLAIN RETURNS

Maj. Thomas J. Dickson Has Taken Part in All Varieties of War.

Major Thomas J. Dickson, ranking chaplain of the United States Army, arrived from Germany yesterday on the transport Mount Vernon after two years' service abroad, most of which was spent at the front. Chaplain Dickson went to France with the First American Artillery expedition. He was chaplain of the Sixth Field Artillery, the regiment which fired the first American shot in the war. He was on duty with the First Division at the front, in all their battles and on their night marches. He went with the first flag across the Rhine.

Major Dickson wears all the battle stars of the First Division, and he took part in actual hostilities, having operated a machine gun during the heavy fighting of Verdun.

In addition to this service, he was in action with the 2d, 4th, 32d, 42d, 80th, Gordon Highlanders, Foreign Legion, Algerian Troops, 139th French Division, and other organizations. He was senior Chaplain with the combat troops on the American front, and probably saw more different phases of fighting than any other American officer or soldier in Europe.

He is a veteran of the Spanish-American and the Mexican border wars, has been cited in General Orders, thanked on the battlefields of Europe, and congratulated before troops by the President of the United States for services he rendered during the Philippine insurrection.

REPATRIATING AMERICANS.

Fighters Against Germany Under Other Flags Speedily Regain Citizenship.

Steps to remedy as speedily as possible the technical loss of citizenship that has arisen because of the impetuous valor of many American boys have been taken by the Bureau of Naturalization and the Department of Labor. Many American boys were eager to fight the Germans by the side of those nations which championed the democracy of the world. They flocked over the border to volunteer in the Canadian companies or sailed across the sea to enlist directly in the armies of the French or the English. Then came an order from the Nnited States which made Americans who joined the armies of other countries forfeit their citizenship. As a result of this order 9,000, is is said, became Canadians overnight.

While the war continued they did not care whether they were formally American citizens or not, but with the signing of the armistice came thoughts of home, and protests from the boys themselves and from their friends and relatives poured into Congress. So Congress amended the law to read as follows:

"That any person who, while a citizen of the United States and during the existing war in Europe, entered the military or naval service of any country at war with a country with which the United States is at war, who shall be deemed to have lost his citizenship by reason of any oath or obligation taken by him for the purpose of entering such service, may resume his citizenship by taking the oath of allegiance to the United States prescribed by the naturalization law and regulations, and such oath may be taken before any court of the United States or of any State authorized by law to naturalize aliens or before any Consul of the United States, and certificated copies thereof may be sent by such court or Consul to the Department of State and the Bureau of Naturalization."

SWISS BAR MME. BELA KUN.

Dictator's Wife, Said to Have Much Money, Excluded at Frontier.

GENEVA, July 4.—Mme. Bela Kun, wife of the Foreign Minister of the Hungarian Soviet Government, arrived at the Swiss frontier yesterday, but was not allowed to cross by the authorities, who applied the new law controlling the entry of aliens.

The wife of the Hungarian Bolshevist dictator is said to have had a large sum of money in her possession, with which, it is supposed, she intended to engage in Bolshevist propaganda. She also had several large trunks and many servants with her.

Following the refusal of the authorities to permit her to enter Switzerland, she went to Innsbruck.

One flight up Take elevator

Two Unusual Summer Frocks at the Usual Price of One

ALL the year round, and the continent over, the Maxon Shop is famous for rare values in original Model costumes. But just now there are especially alluring offerings of hot-weather toilettes! Sheer, cobwebby lingerie frocks of net and lace—crisp silken street frocks—adorable cotton and sport dresses—Maxon-priced $11 to $89—worth in reality up to $190! Rarely two models alike.

MAXON MODEL GOWNS
1587 Broadway at 48 St.

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street
Store Hours, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.—Closed All Day Saturdays During July and August

Opening at 9 o'clock Tomorrow Morning

The Annual Midsummer Clearance Sale of MEN'S ALL WOOL SUITS

Every Suit in regular stock (excepting Full Dress clothes) Reduced in Price for This Occasion

Four groups, all in complete range of sizes as the sale starts.

$32.75
$36.75
$43.75
$56.75

Clothing that is typical of this store's standard—made to rigid specifications with a tailored-to-measure air—well above the commonplace.

Summer Suits and Suits for wear the year round

Flannels, Unfinished Worsteds, Cheviots and Tweeds

A range of patterns and a variety of models so comprehensive that every man can be suited.

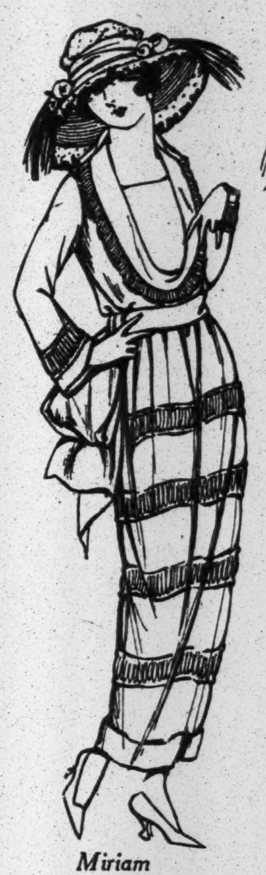
With high grade clothing becoming scarcer and scarcer, and authorities predicting very much higher prices for next season, many men will take advantage of this opportunity for substantial savings in the selection of one or more suits for present and early Fall wear.
No charge will be made for necessary alterations.

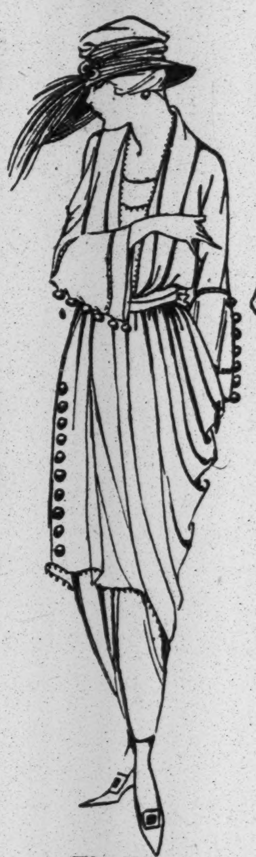
Fourth Floor

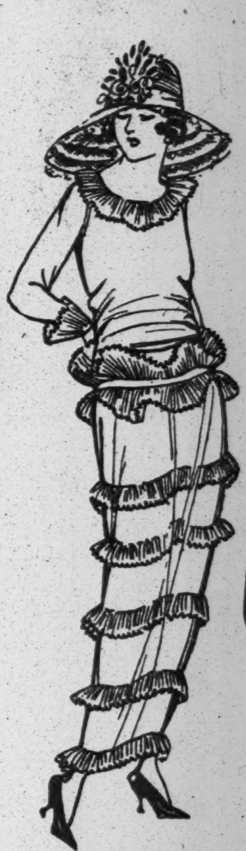
Men's Oxfords
In the July Clearance
at $6.25
Tan or black oxfords, smart styles on English lasts. Complete range of sizes.
Several lines of
Men's Oxfords
Sizes incomplete
Have been marked to close
at $4.85
Fourth Floor

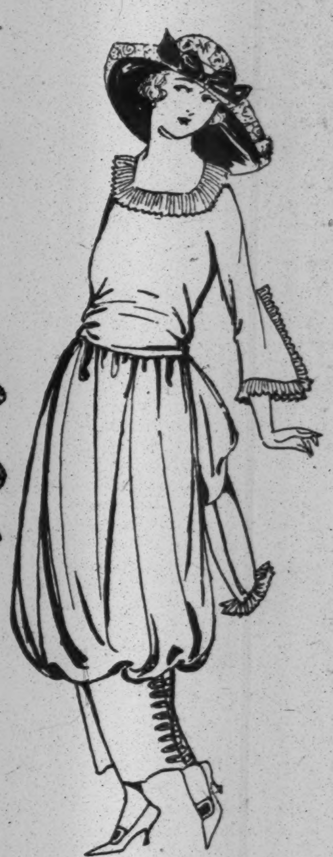
Men's Shirts
A Midsummer Clearance
at $1.85
Every Shirt in the assortment has retailed here at a much higher price.
Made of woven and printed madras. Percales and fine mercerized fabrics, in a selection of neat and novelty stripes. There are also shirts of white mercerized materials, with collars attached and single band cuffs.
One of the Best Shirt Values we have announced this season.
Ground Floor

47-49-51 West 42d Street
Renard
Announce for Monday a
Special Sale of Silk Dresses
EVERY PRICE STATED HERE IS CONSIDERABLY LESS THAN THE SAME MERCHANDISE IS QUOTED ELSEWHERE


Miriam
25.00


The Ritz
25.00

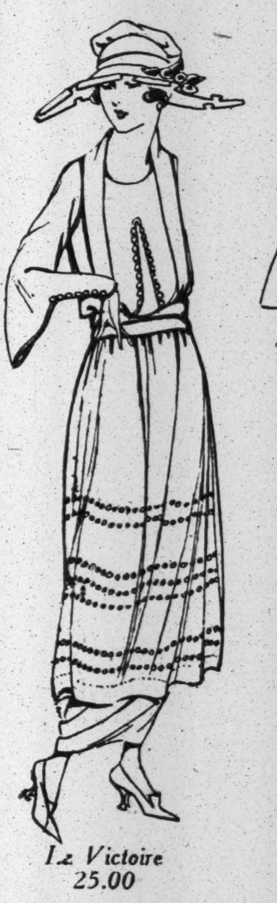

"La Basque"
25.00

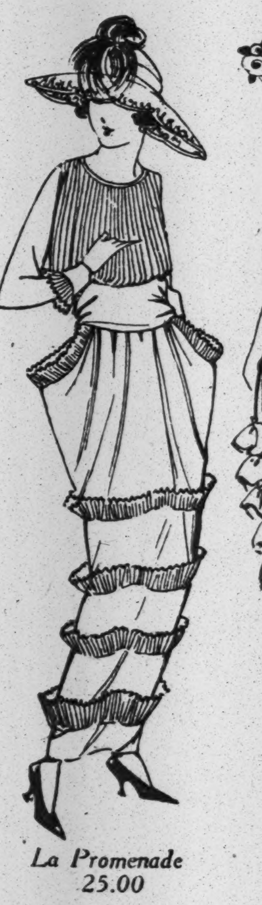

Boulevard
22.50

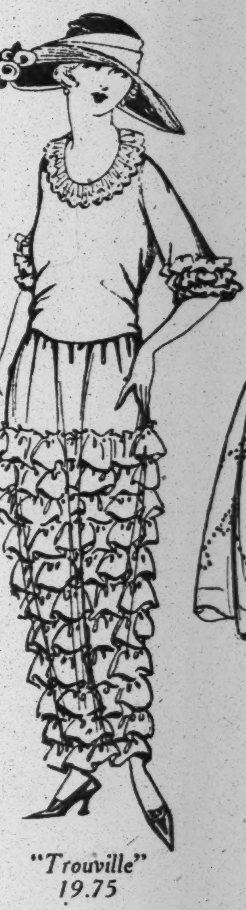
Note, the gowns above illustrated have been faithfully reproduced in style, material, and trimming, from the newest Paris modes, at one-quarter to one-third the cost of the original—their exclusiveness is unquestioned, the price truly remarkable.

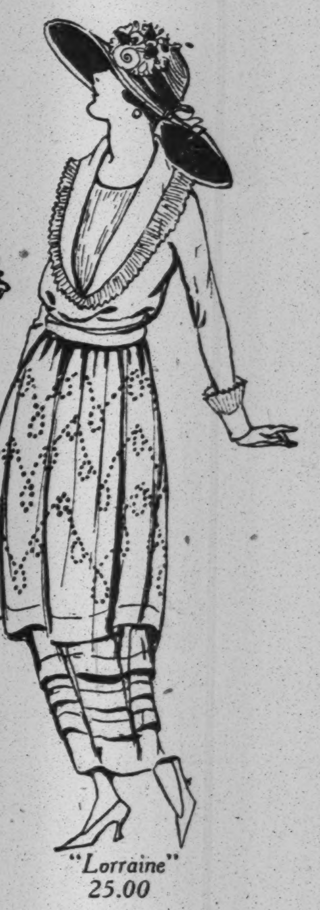
MIRIAM—Introducing the new Cascade fringe around collar and skirt. The smartest thing today in Navy and Black Taffeta—(in Satin 29.75) 25.00
THE RITZ—Smart, draped tunic Georgette over Satin, with covered buttons, in Navy and Black. All sizes for women and misses 25.00
LA BASQUE—Very dashing long line model in Taffeta, trimmed with accordion ruffles. Strikingly original in Black and Navy 25.00
BOULEVARD—Fascinating Taffeta Frock, new bustle skirt, finished with loop buttonholes, large bow sash 22.50

WE WILL CLOSE OUT
Monday
At Most Remarkable Reductions
Smart Silk Frocks
Formerly to 39.50
In all the finest materials—Chiffon, Taffeta—Tucked Georgettes, Beaded Georgettes, Printed Georgettes, Tucked Crepe de Chine, Beaded Crepe de Chine, Newest Satins, Taffeta Combined with Georgette, Pongee Sport Models White Skirts with Copen or Rose Overblouses. The new ruffle skirts, draped, tunic, surplice collar, vestees, tucked, shirred, pleated, ruffled, beaded or embroidered effects. In fine assortment; mostly every size. Most astonishing bargains ever offered.
14.95
All MUST GO, HENCE THE GREAT REDUCTIONS.


La Victoire
25.00


La Promenade
25.00


"Trouville"
19.75


"Lorraine"
25.00

LA VICTOIRE—Simplicity is the keynote of this charming Georgette frock, button trimmed waist and beaded tunic skirt, all shades 25.00
LA PROMENADE—Smart afternoon frock of fine Taffeta, accordion plaited waist, pockets, and ruffles. Tres chic, exquisite model. Navy and Black 25.00
TROUVILLE—A smart Taffeta Frock in Navy and Black, seen on the Boulevards of Paris today 19.75
LORRAINE—A beaded motif of bowknots on waist, sleeves, and tunic skirt is a fascinating feature of this extremely smart Georgette dress 25.00

OVERTURN IN PERU WAS VERY SWIFT

Leguia, Assuming the Presidency, Says That Pardo Plotted to Keep Him Out.

SO HE LET SOLDIERS ACT

Crowd Acclaims New Chief, Who Promises a Government of Justice.

LIMA, Peru, July 4, (Associated Press.)—Augusto B. Leguia assumed office as Provisional President of Peru late today and took up his residence in the Government palace as a result of the successful overthrow of President Pardo earlier in the day.

Señor Pardo, all his ministers, and a number of high officers of the army and navy are in prison, Pardo being detained in the penitentiary. Virtually no fighting and no casualties marked the overthrow of the Pardo government. Leguia is supported by virtually all the army and naval forces in Lima, and public opinion here is apparently behind him.

The revolution began at 3 o'clock in the morning with an attack on the palace by two regiments of troops, aided by police. By 6 o'clock President Pardo had been deposed and Señor Leguia proclaimed Provisional President. The movement was similar to that which resulted in the overthrow of President Guillermo Billinghurst on Feb. 4, 1914.

It was announced late today that President Pardo would be placed on trial on charges of having violated the constitution and conspired against the institutions of the republic. It is alleged that the Government, in refusing to obey the order of the Supreme Court in the habeas corpus proceedings in connection with the newspaper El Tempo, was a violation of the constitution. Another charge against Señor Pardo is that he attempted to buy the votes of members of Congress to carry out his plans to annul the election of Señor Leguia as President and place the candidate of his own party in power.

The inauguration of Señor Leguia as President, it is said, will probably take place within two months. The Provisional President holds that he received 160,000 votes of the 200,000 cast in the recent Presidential elections.

The Fourth of July had been proclaimed as a national holiday by President Pardo. Thousands of persons thronged the streets today cheering for Leguia. A crowd assembled before the Government palace and called for a speech.

The Provisional President, speaking from the balcony of the palace, declared that he intended to organize a strong Government on a popular basis and increase the army and navy to the status they had held during his previous term as President from 1908 to 1912. He said that he would defend the principles of justice and right which triumphed in the great war and would associate Peru without reserve with the cause of the Allies. He intended, he said, to extend every facility for the introduction of foreign capital to aid in the development of national resources.

Señor Leguia in a statement to The Associated Press said that he had made every effort to avoid deposing President Pardo by force, but that it had become increasingly evident that a conspiracy was afoot to deprive him of the office to which he was chosen in the recent elections. Money, he said, was used freely in an effort to buy sufficient votes of members of Congress to annul the elections.

Last night, Señor Leguia asserted, he learned of a plot to arrest him and send him into exile, and, as a last resort, he gave orders to the army chiefs favorable to him to go ahead with their plan to overthrow the Pardo Government. Señor Pardo and his Ministers, he added, would be dealt with justly, as he had no personal animosity against any member of the recent Government.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Official notification of a change in Government in Peru was received by the State Department today in dispatches which stated that Auguste B. Leguia, was installed as President of Peru, following the seizure of President Pardo by two regiments of soldiers at his palace.

The immediate effect of the Leguia revolution in Peru will be, it was predicted today, to delay the appointment of an Ambassador from the United States to Peru, an advancement of diplomatic rank authorized by Congress. Peru's legation here has already been raised to an embassy, the State Department having received Dr. Don Francisco Tudela y Varela as Ambassador. The Ambassador is at Atlantic City and attachés at the embassy today declined to comment on the change of Government at Lima.

Whether this Government will sever diplomatic relations with Peru, as was done with Costa Rica, American Minister Hale having been recalled from that country, could not be learned today, and it was believed that the decision will await the arrival of President Wilson. In every respect the Government's refusal to recognize the Tinoco Government in Costa Rica has not worked happily, most of the Latin-American countries having recognized his régime and the diplomats of some Latin-American countries have criticised the American policy toward Costa Rica, declaring that the Costa Ricans, themselves were satisfied with Tinoco's administration.

Acting Secretary of State Phillips issued this announcement after reading his official advices from Peru:

"Official dispatches to the Department of State from Lima report that President Pardo of Peru was seized at his palace by two regiments of soldiers early yesterday, imprisoned at the penitentiary with several members of his Cabinet, and August B. Leguia installed as President.

"The first dispatch announcing the attack on the palace stated that shortly after 10 o'clock last night, after President Pardo and others had been imprisoned, the army was patrolling the City of Lima. A later dispatch stated that during the attack two soldiers were killed and three others, including a subordinate official, were wounded. Among those imprisoned, beside President Pardo, were the Minister of War, the Chief of Staff of the Peruvian Navy, and the Prefect of Callao. A new Prefect of Callao is now in power. The Chief of the Staff of the army and forty of his men escaped.

"The American Legation was to have held a reception yesterday in celebration of the Fourth of July, but all invitations were canceled because of the Government situation.

"The change of government, according to rumors in circulation in Lima, is because of reports that plans to nullify Leguia's election had been made by the Pardo Government."

A hint that the United States may not place the revolution by violence in Peru in the same category as that in Costa Rica, which put Federico Tinoco in the presidency of the latter country, was contained in the last paragraph of the announcement, which stated that the change of government, according to rumors in circulation in Lima, is because of reports that plans to nullify Leguia's election had been made by the Pardo Government.

In Costa Rica,—Tinoco, facing certain defeat in the national elections, overthrew the Government and installed himself in the executive chair, afterward going through an alleged election in which he was chosen President. That was early in 1917, and the United States Government, in an official announcement by the State Department, declared that it would not recognize governments set up by revolution.

The State Department's announcement in the Costa Rica case was intended, according to official comments at the time, to discourage the revolutionary tendency in Latin America, especially the resort to violent means of obtaining control of governments. The policy has not been strictly adhered to in respect of non-American countries.

Couch Hammocks—$13.75

Good quality Khaki duck. All steel frame with galvanized link fabric spring. Soft cotton top mattress.

Romelink Hammocks $19.50
Upholstered Back Hammocks $28.00
Englander Hammocks $17.50

Fifth Floor

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

Store Hours 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.—Closed All Day Saturdays During July and August

Japanese Rugs—$19.50

Size 8 x 10 feet—extra heavy quality Oval Reed Rugs. Reversible and suitable for indoor or veranda use.

Size 9 x 12 feet $27.50

Japanese Oval Braided Cretonne Rugs

8 x 10 feet $24.50
9 x 12 feet $32.50

Fifth Floor

JULY CLEARANCE SALES

Begin Monday, July 7

A twice-yearly occasion, a time when we place on sale all surplus lots, discontinued lines, odd lots, and broken sizes, all cut pieces and short lengths

Every item will be priced for quick selling. Every department in the house will contribute.

In every instance the merchandise involved will be marked at exceptionally low prices.

Note—Departments that have no merchandise to close out have made several large advantageous purchases of seasonable goods and these will be placed on sale during this event at prices which will make it worth your while to attend and participate in the remarkable values offered.

Women's Capes

$19.50

A collection of high grade Capes, extremely smart models, short, medium and long effects, all lined throughout with Foulard or Peau de Cygne.

Capes of fine **Bolivia, Evora, Velour Cloth, Tricotine and Serge,** in navy and the fashionable lighter shades.

The price in many instances represents less than actual original cost.

Third Floor

Women's Tailored Suits

A number of Tailormade Suits go into this July Clearing Sale priced at less than wholesale cost. A wonderful opportunity for those who come tomorrow.

Serge, Poiret Twill, Striped Tricotine and Shepherd Checks. Coats silk lined.

Mostly navy blue and black; all sizes up to 52 (not all sizes in every style). As long as they last

$25.00 and **$39.50**

Third Floor.

Tots' Dresses

$2.75

For little folks of 2 to 6, ten pretty models, in checked and plain Organdies, Dimities, Persian Lawns, White and fancy Voiles; many have touches of hand work, smocking and colored stitching.

Rompers, in Chambray and Plisse Crepe; sizes to and including 4 years. **$1.95**

Fourth Floor.

Misses' Polo Coats

$22.50 and **$29.50**

Genuine Polo Cloth Coats, all wool, light in weight and in the natural and darker tan shades. Three-quarter and full length models for sport and motoring wear. Sizes 14 to 20 years.

Misses' Suits, Capes, Coats and Dresses, Spring Models marked to close in many instances at less than original cost. A limited number only, and sizes are incomplete.

Third Floor.

Boys' Wool Suits

$9.75

Norfolk models with extra Knickerbockers; broken lots; sizes 7 to 18 years.

Other Norfolk Suits $13.75
Colored Sport Blouses 95c
Palm Beach Knickerbockers $3.25

Fourth Floor.

House Dresses

$1.65

Striped Percale in a neatly made model, collars and cuffs trimmed with chambray.

Second Floor.

Wool Dress Goods

In Lengths Only

98c, $1.25, $2.38 yard

Broadcloths, Jerseys, Storm Serges, Velours, Plaids, Poiret Twills, All Wool Challies and other weaves. Wonderful values at these reduced prices.

Second Floor.

Fireside Chair

"The better kind," made in Lord & Taylor workshop.

$39.75

Sixth Floor.

Long Silk Gloves

$1.00 a pair

Eight button length Milanese quality Silk, in choicest shades of pearl, light and dark grey, pongee, mastic, taupe and in white.

Two-clasp Milanese Silk Gloves, white, black, pongee, grey **65c**
One-clasp Cotton Gloves, grey, tan, brown and primrose shades **65c**

Ground Floor.

Alarm Clocks

$1.25

Reliable timekeeper of dependable make, nickel case, with bell top; regulation size.

Slipper Trees, 2 pairs **25c**
Hangers, light weight—dozen **60c**
Glove Stretchers **5c**
Whittemore's Shoe Dressing, black and dark brown **20c**
"Albano" White Dressing **20c**

Ground Floor.

All Silk Hose

$2.00 a pair

Women's Black Silk Hose, of exceptional quality and durability.

Boot Silk Hose, in black, white, suede and brown, full fashioned; a pair **65c**

Ground Floor.

Smart Sailors

$5.95

Correct new blocks, narrow, medium and wide brimmed Sailors of 5 millimetre Italian Milan, double brim, semi-mushroom styles.

In the natural color with band and bow of white faille ribbon. Silk lined and tailor finished.

Fourth Floor.

Swiss Negligees

$3.95

Dotted Swiss in Empire model, Cluny lace trimmed in effective fashion; elastic at waistline.

Dotted Voile Breakfast Coats **$3.95**

Second Floor.

Irish Dimities

38c yard

Printed Irish Dimities in dainty figures, stripes, checks and dots on white grounds.

Novelty Cotton Dress Voiles .... yard **30c**
Imported and Domestic Ginghams .... yard **48c**

Second Floor.

Gate Leg Table

Solid Mahogany, with Drawer, Size 42 x 42 inches.

$34.75

Sixth Floor.

Girls' Dresses

$3.50

Voiles in smart checks and dainty plain colors; pretty models for girls of 8 to 14. Sheer white organdie collars, cuffs and vestees.

A Most Exceptional Value.

Girls' Serge Capes, with adjustable white pique waistcoats and collars. Sizes 8 to 16 years **$5.00**

Third Floor.

Silk Hand Bags

$1.95

Moire and faille silk, one piece gathered model, with self covered frame, silk lined. In black, taupe, brown or purple.

Carriage Bags, Morocco and Seal **$5.00**
Suede Bags, grey and tan **$2.95**
Suede Bags, grey and tan **$1.25**
Vanity Cases with 4 fittings **$2.95**

Ground Floor.

Fox Scarfs

$55.00

Selected pelts, in the animal effects so fashionable. Choice shades of Taupe, Lucille, Baum Marten, also Black; silk lined.

Fourth Floor.

Women's and Girls' White Low Shoes

$3.95

White Canvas Sport Oxfords with rubber soles and heels. White Canvas Oxfords with military heels.

Women's Pumps and Oxfords

$4.85

Footwear from regular stock reduced—white canvas, tan, patent and other leathers; all sizes but not in each style.

Women's Fine Pumps

$7.65

Gun metal, glazed kidskin and fine white canvas, with various heels.

Second Floor.

Wardrobe Trunks

45 inches high, 24 inches wide, 22 inches deep; fibre covered; 12 hangers.

$35.00

Fourth Floor.

Corsets

$1.95–$2.95

and up to $9.75

Fashionable models of leading makes, including Mme. Irene, Elente, Lord & Taylor Special and American Lady Corsets of Coutil and Broche. Styles for all types of figures, and though sizes are incomplete, excellent choosing.

Second Floor.

Piver's Extracts

$1.25

"Azurea" and "Floramye" Perfumes, in one ounce bottles **$1.25**
Witch Hazel, pint bottles **23c**
Peroxide, pint bottles **19c**
Refreshing Smelling Salts, in tinted liquids **$1.25**
Calox Tooth Powder **15c**
Whisk Brooms, large size **35c**

Ground Floor.

Wool Scarfs

$3.95

Imported "Alpaca" yarns in every smart sport color; fringed ends.

Net Fichus, pleated ruffles **95c**
Organdie Vestees, dainty styles **95c**
Oriental Lace Vestees **50c**

Ground Floor.

Sport Ribbon

85c yard

Smart combinations of brilliant colors, on tan crash grounds; width 8¼ inches.

Wash Ribbon, serge weave, feather edged, pink, orchid, white, No. 1, 1½, 2, 3 and 5—

75c, $1.00, $1.50, $1.90 and **$2.50** per piece

Ground Floor.

Night Gowns

$1.95

Dainty Summer models, sleeveless or with pretty short sleeves; sheer Batiste trimmed with effective laces. A choice assortment of styles from which to select.

Second Floor.

Brassieres

50c

Bandeau model in figured pink material, dainty and durable; hooked back style.

Allover Lace Brassieres, hooked front style **98c**

Second Floor.

Refrigerator

Alaska "Star" seamless porcelain lined, side icer chamber, height 45 inches, width 31 inches, depth 18 inches, ice capacity 95 lbs.

$39.00

Seventh Floor.

Georgette Blouses

$5.00

A collection of charming models, appropriate for Midsummer wear. Excellent quality Georgette Crepe. **Bead or Silk Embroidered Lace Trimmed Frill Jabot and Over Blouse Effects.**

In flesh, white bisque, grey and combinations of colors.

White Silk Sport Blouses, heavy quality Habutai in tailored model with Tuxedo collar and soft French cuffs, edged with tiny pleatings **$5.00**

Third Floor

Taffeta Silk

$1.78 yard

36 inch Navy Blue Dress Taffeta Silk, chiffon finish.

Colored Crepe de Chine .... yard **$1.50**
White Sport Tussah .... yard **$1.58**
Washable Satin in white and evening colors .... yard **$1.88**

Ground Floor.

Semi-Made Skirts

$3.95

Smart Sport Skirts of fine quality white cotton Gabardine, in various straight line models with new pockets, separate belts and large pearl buttons; 26 to 36 inch waist measure.

Semi-made Skirts in white pique, colored silk and cotton crepes, etc. **$2.98**

Second Floor.

Silk Pillows

$1.50, $2.75, $3.50

In the most wanted colors and effective round shapes; a collection of well made Pillows at greatly reduced prices.

Baby Pillows—Madeira hand-embroidered **$2.25, $3.25**

Fifth Floor.

Sale of Lamps

$12.50

Artistic novelties with our own especially designed shades of gay "Greenwich Village" Silks. Featured are Mahogany Floor Lamps and Black Japanese Table Lamps at this very low price.

Mahogany Boudoir Lamps, with "Greenwich Village" silk shades **$4.50**

Fifth Floor.

Silk Petticoats

$6.95

Fleur de Soie Silk, soft and serviceable, in white; hemstitched hem; paneled back and front.

Second Floor.

Union Suits

85c

Women's Union Suits, gauze weight, bodice top and shoulder strap styles, tight or loose knee. A group of odd Suits, all of which were much higher priced.

Ground Floor.

Refrigerator

Alaska "Star" Apartment house style; enamel lined; height 51 inches, width 23 inches, depth 17 inches; ice capacity 95 lbs.

$22.50

Seventh Floor.

ARRAIGN CAFE MAN FOR WHISKY SALE

Proprietor of Place Patronized by Politicians Is Held for Trial in $500 Bond.

CITE DECISION IN 1856

Anti-Prohibitionists Say Court of Appeals Found Dry Law Unconstitutional.

John H. Voege, proprietor of the café at the corner of Centre and Franklin Streets, across the street from the Criminal Court Building, was arraigned before United States Commissioner Samuel M. Hitchcock yesterday on the charge of having violated the War Prohibition act by selling whisky.

The complaint was made by Special Agent Pasquale Pignuolo of the Department of Justice, who said that Voege had sold him a glass of whisky across the bar on July 3. Voege was held in $500 bail for a hearing on July 14. He furnished the bail and was released. Voege's place is well known as a centre for politicians.

The several arrests made both by the police and Department of Justice agents on July 3 showed that the sale of spirits and even heavy wines was attended with danger, and this fact, together with the great popularity of war beer during the hot spell, has resulted in general observance of the law as to liquor of more than 2.75 per cent. alcoholic strength.

Cite Old Decision.

The National Association Opposed to Prohibition issued a statement yesterday calling attention to various inconsistencies in the application of prohibition laws and drawing conclusions favorable to the association's cause from a decision of the New York State Court of Appeals in 1856, when the State Legislature sought to make the State dry by a legislative act. The association said:

"Now that prohibition has settled over the country in a fog of confusion, causing even Congressmen to fear that it will precipitate perennial turmoil, as one of their committeemen admits, the public mind turns to the judiciary branch of the Government for some promise of definite and permanent relief.

"To the United States Supreme Court will go the low-grade beer dispute; to the United States Supreme Court the case of Rhode Island, which has legalized 4 per cent. beer in the face of national prohibition; to; the United States Supreme Court the case of Ohio, which has directed that an election be held on the wet or dry issue; to the United States Supreme Court the claims of California grape growers against confiscation, and so on down the list of bewildering contentions.

"One of the main arguments that will undoubtedly be laid before the distinguished jurists when the whole issue is carried to the highest tribunal in the land, will be conveyed in the text of the opinions of the Justices of the New York State Court of Appeals when, in 1856, they declared void and unconstitutional the prohibition law passed by a State Legislature and very similar in its provisions to the Eighteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution."

After citing several passages of the decision, the association argues that it has a specific bearing on the present situation as follows:

Impossible of Enforcement.

"Justice Selden then showed that the law was impossible of enforcement in requiring that the owner of alcoholic beverages should remove them to a private dwelling in which there was no restaurant, no hotel, no dance hall, &c., for the reason that some of the men who had come into possession of such liquors legally had no such private homes sufficiently spacious to store such bulk. Concluding his opinion, the Justice wrote:

"'I am unable, therefore, to resist the conviction that in both branches of Paragraph 17 the Legislature has transcended the just limits of its power and trenched upon the constitutional province of the judiciary.'

"Chief Justice Denio of the Court of Appeals was brief in summing up the case. He wrote:

"'In these cases I have arrived at the following conclusions: That the several provisions of the act under consideration do in effect annihilate and destroy the rights of property which the citizens of this State possessed, at the time it took effect, in intoxicating liquors. This, in my opinion, cannot be done consistently with the provision in the Constitution which declares that no person shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property without due process of law.'

"One of the arguments brought out against the constitutionality of the law was that it interfered with the operation of treaties made in good faith by the United States with countries which imported the prohibited commodities of trade."

TO WAR ON PARK VIOLATORS

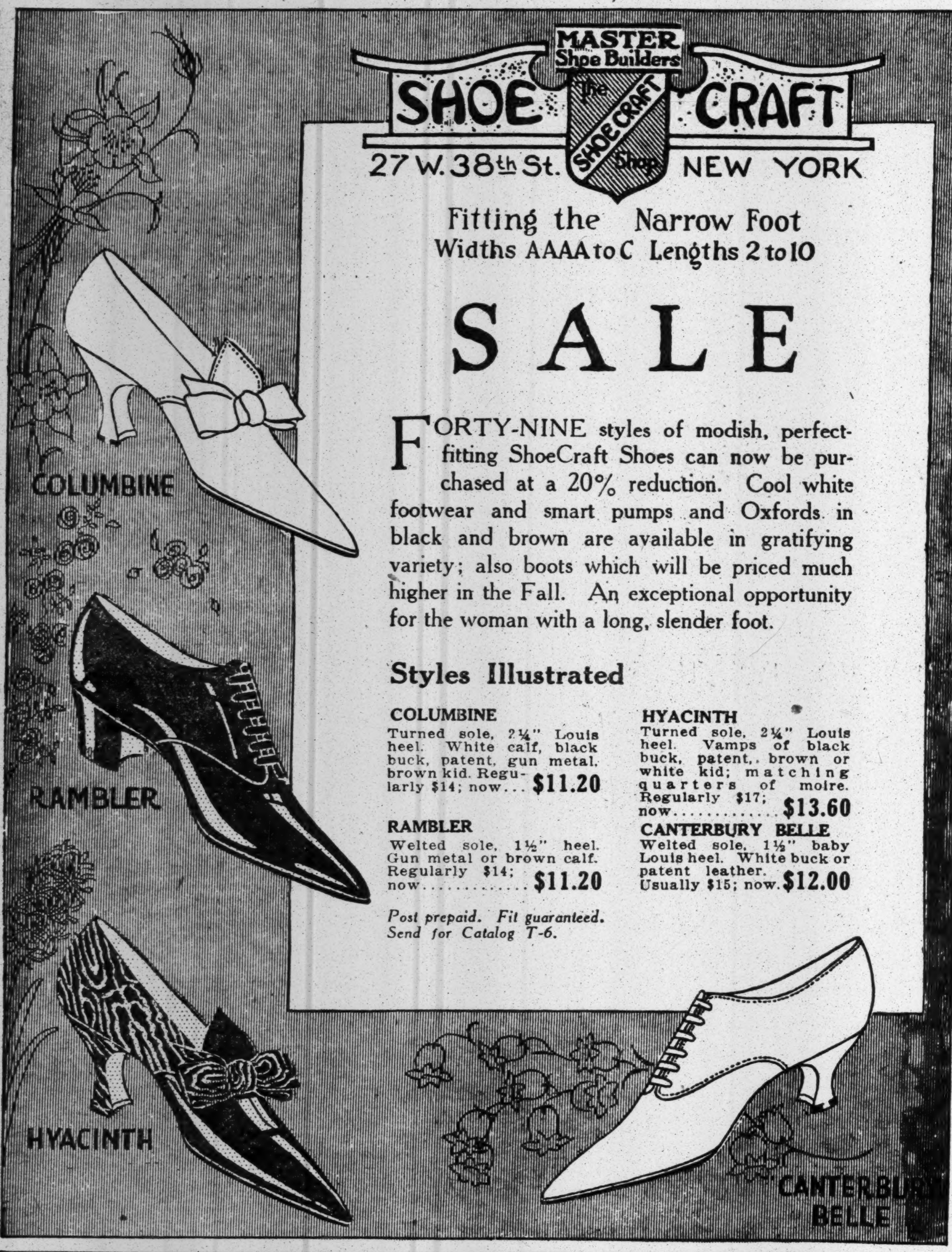
Police and Magistrates to Punish Those Who Abuse Privileges.

Chief City Magistrate McAdoo advised the Magistrates yesterday that vandalism in the public parks required severe punishment of all offenders to abate the nuisance and abuse of park privileges. It was said that Park Commissioner Francis D. Gallatin had complained to Police Commissioner Enright that many persons throw bottles, food, and newspapers on the grass, and that trees and shrubbery have been mutilated by bottle-throwers, who use them as targets.

Commissioner Enright intimated to the Magistrate that he would order raids on violators of the park regulations, and suggested that when prisoners are arraigned they be punished severely as a warning to others. Gallatin told the police he could not keep the parks in proper condition with the force of men at his disposal because of the great amount of refuse thrown about.

Vienna's Deficit $60,000,000.

According to correspondence from Vienna printed in the Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung on Juen 4, teh steady increase in the wages paid to the municipal employes, together with the unsatisfactory financial results of the city's experiments in municipal ownership and operation, have wrought such havoc with the Austrian capital's finances that it faces a deficit of about 300,000,000 crowns ($60,000,000 at normal exchange) for the fiscal year 1919-20. The city officials are planning to put out a new loan and also to multiply and increase the municipal taxes.



MASTER Shoe Builders
SHOE The SHOECRAFT Shop CRAFT
27 W. 38th St. NEW YORK

Fitting the Narrow Foot
Widths AAAA to C Lengths 2 to 10

SALE

FORTY-NINE styles of modish, perfect-fitting ShoeCraft Shoes can now be purchased at a 20% reduction. Cool white footwear and smart pumps and Oxfords in black and brown are available in gratifying variety; also boots which will be priced much higher in the Fall. An exceptional opportunity for the woman with a long, slender foot.

Styles Illustrated

COLUMBINE Turned sole, 2¼" Louis heel. White calf, black buck, patent, gun metal, brown kid. Regularly $14; now... **$11.20**

RAMBLER Welted sole, 1½" heel. Gun metal or brown calf. Regularly $14; now............ **$11.20**

HYACINTH Turned sole, 2¼" Louis heel. Vamps of black buck, patent, brown or white kid; matching quarters of moire. Regularly $17; now............ **$13.60**

CANTERBURY BELLE Welted sole, 1½" baby Louis heel. White buck or patent leather. Usually $15; now. **$12.00**

Post prepaid. Fit guaranteed. Send for Catalog T-6.

Store Opens at 9 A. M. and Closes at 5 P. M.—Closed All Day Saturday

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY *34th Street*

Exceptional Sale

4,000
MEN'S SHIRTS

$2.45

Made of fine woven Madras in an extensive assortment of both conservative and striking patterns.

Collar sizes 13½ to 18—Sleeve lengths 34 to 36.

MEN'S FURNISHING DEP'T—MAIN FLOOR

Stern Brothers

West Forty-second Street (*Between Fifth and Sixth Avenues*) **West Forty-third Street**

Closed All Day Saturday During July and August

BLACK DRESS SILKS

"Made in America"—Nearly Pure Dye, Offering Extraordinary Values Monday.

Black Dress Silks bearing our own name; recommended for durability; desirable textures; reliable qualities; especially featured for Fall.

Black Dress Satin, 35 ins; (yarn dyed) fine quality and weight **$1.75 yd.**

Black Dress Satin, 35 ins; (yarn dyed) finer quality, **$1.95 yd.**

Black Dress Satin, 35 ins; yarn dyed; finer and heavier quality **$2.25 yd.**

Black Dress Satin, 36 ins; (yarn dyed) excellent quality, **$2.50 yd.**

Black Dress Satin, 35 ins; superior quality, **$2.85 yd.**

Black Dress Satin, 36 ins; very superior quality, **$3.25 yd.**

SUMMER FROCKS

For Misses and Small Women

Special Offering To-morrow

Voile Dresses In crossbar effects; apron front skirt; organdie collar and cuffs; sizes 14, 16 and 18 years. **$7.50**

Summer Dresses Figured and Foulard Voiles, new effects in collars, vestees and cuffs; light and dark colors; sizes 14, 16 and 18 years, **$11.50**

Misses' White Voile Dresses

Also Nets, many smartly embroidered in eyelet effects; yoke, collar and cuffs trimmed with Valenciennes lace; 14-16-18 years, **$14.50**

WOMEN'S FASHIONABLE SUITS AND FROCKS

Final Clearance Sale—Priced Exceptionally Low

The assortments include the most favored models of this season; developed in most desirable fabrics and attractive colorings; suitable for sport, town and country wear.

Women's Smart Suits Of Serge, Check Worsted, Tricotine, Satin and Taffeta, **at $19.75 to 98.50** *Formerly $32.50 to 195.00*

Women's Attractive Frocks Of Taffeta, Foulard, Tricolette, Georgette and Serge, **at $16.50 to 48.00** *Formerly $25.00 to 85.00*

COTTON DRESS FABRICS

Clearance Sale Short Lengths—Main Floor

At One-Third to One-Half Less Than Regular Prices!

LENGTHS from One to Six Yards, in this season's most fashionable textures and colorings. Included are Plain and Printed Voile, Organdie, Dimity, Batiste, Imported Dress Linen, Gingham in plain colors, Plaids, Stripes and Checks; also Silk and Cotton materials in a variety of weaves.

PORCH & BEACH DRESSES

Featuring smart models Monday on the Second Floor

SIMPLE MORNING DRESSES chosen for their attractiveness and practicality; developed in Voile, Dimity, Gingham and Percale in light and dark colorings; long or short sleeves; various styles; all sizes; at the following attractive prices:

$2.95, 3.75 to 6.50

HOUSEHOLD IRISH LINENS

Advantageously Priced To-morrow

All Linen Satin Damask Table Cloths, full bleached $3.95, 7.00 and 8.50

Napkins—$5.90, 7.50 and 8.50 dozen

All Linen Huckaback Towels, hemst'd; dz.	6.75, 9.75, 12.00
Union Huck Towels, hemstitched; dozen	4.75, 5.40, 7.50
Turkish Bath Towels, hemmed;...dozen	2.95, 4.50, 5.90
All Linen Pillow Cases, hemst'd;...pair	............2.95

Japanese Luncheon Sets, Embroidered; white; 18 pcs.; scalloped; set **$1.50**

Japanese Luncheon Sets, Blue and white printed, **1.50**

Bungalow Luncheon Sets, Irish Linen; 13 pieces; neatly scalloped;...set **$1.95**

Irish Union Linen Sheets, hemst'd;..pair **8.75**

200 Dozen Madeira Linen Tea Napkins

Hand-scalloped and hand-embroidered; assorted corner designs; regular values $13.00 a dozen........... SPECIAL **$8.75**

WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR

Remarkable Offering To-morrow on the Main Floor

Glove Silk Vests and Bloomers

VESTS, embroidered fronts and tailored tops; pink only,

BLOOMERS, superior quality; well reinforced; in pink,

Specially featured at

$2.50 per garment

Glove Silk Vests Good quality; tailored or bodice tops; pink only, Special **$1.95**

Combination Suits Silk Lisle; bodice top, ribbon shoulder straps; regular, also extra sizes; pink only, Special **$1.95**

KNOX HAS NEW PLAN TO SEPARATE LEAGUE

Hopes to Have Covenant Cut from Treaty in Committee This Week.

OPPOSES FRENCH ALLIANCE

Senator Hitchcock Says He Doubts Wisdom of Binding America, but May Vote to Ratify It.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Abandoning his resolution asking, in effect, that the Peace Conference separate the League of Nations covenant from the Treaty of Peace with Germany, Senator Knox of Pennsylvania, member of the Foreign Relations Committee, it became known today, will make an attempt to have the separation effected in committee when the treaty comes before it next week.

The time for accomplishing the object sought in Mr. Knox's resolution as directed to the Peace Conference ended when Germany signed the treaty. The Pennsylvania Senator, however, is determined not to allow his effort to drop, but will carry it now to the Senate itself. He wants the League covenant cut from the treaty so that the Senate may proceed at once to ratify the treaty, while taking its time in debating the covenant.

Senator Knox's plan is, when the Foreign Relations Committee considers the treaty, to move that the covenant be separated from the treaty. This, it is certain, will precipitate a brisk fight, led by Senator Hitchcock, ranking Democratic member of the committee. Mr. Hitchcock will be backed by the other Administration Senators.

Exactly how the Republican members will line up on Mr. Knox's motion is problematical, but it was predicted by one of the committee today that nine of the majority Senators would be likely to support it. If that prediction proves true, the motion would prevail. The committee's recommendation to separate the covenant from the treaty would then be put before the Senate. A majority vote would be required to adopt it.

Administration Senators insist that the majority of the Senate would not vote for separation of the covenant, but Senator Knox believes the committee's recommendation would be upheld.

Opponents of the League of Nations expressed the belief that if the covenant is taken from the treaty it would make the fight for qualifying reservations easier. The opponents of the League, in that event, they argued, could not be accused of delaying ratification of the treaty while devoting ample time to considering the League of Nations.

If Mr. Knox's motion is carried in committee his plan is to provide in the resolution ratifying the treaty that any immediate obligations imposed upon America under the treaty, so far as they affect the League of Nations, be turned over to a diplomatic commission until such time as the United States might accept membership in the League. In this way, Mr. Knox argues, America would carry out any temporary obligations while not committing itself to join the League until the Senate acts upon the covenant.

Opposition to Alliance.

Opposition to the agreement entered into between the United States, Great Britain and France to protect the latter country against German aggression, it developed today, is not confined to the Republican side of the upper body. Senator Hitchcock today expressed himself as inclined to doubt the wisdom of the United States entering into such an alliance.

"I do not consider such an agreement necessary," said Senator Hitchcock. "If we are to accept the League of Nations, it seems to me that no outside agreement to protect France is required.

"But I do not say that I shall vote against approving the agreement, because to reject it might cause some embarrassment, since the United States has given its word to France, along with Great Britain.

"The agreement speaks of an 'unprovoked attack' by Germany upon France, as the motive that would impel the United States to go to France's aid. Some persons might argue that this would give France occasion, in the event of some future dispute, to maintain that Germany had made an 'unprovoked attack,' in which event France could call upon the United States and Great Britain to resist.

"Of course, Congress could decide for itself if there actually was any 'unprovoked attack.'

"If Congress decided such to be the case, then the United States would have to aid France. But if Congress decided that an attack was 'provoked' we would not be obligated to intervene. In that way, Congress, after all, would be able to determine any participation by the United States in aid of France so that the agreement would not be so absolutely binding as it might seem at first.

"But naturally, the United States would hesitate before renouncing any obligation imposed.

"It is not unconstitutional and does not take away from Congress any right to declare war that it has now."

Republican Senators, almost to a unit, are against the Anglo-French-American agreement. They maintain that it usurps the prerogatives of Congress as the war-making body. And they contend that it argues against the practicability of the League of Nations as a deterrent of war.

Senator McNary of Oregon, one of the ultra-conservative Republicans in the upper body, announced himself today as opposed to the agreement and that he would vote against its acceptance.

BLIND FUND GIVES $10,000.

Helps the Union of War Blinded, a French Mutual Aid Society.

In pursuance of its policy to help the 99th, and 100th Depot Companies, 823d fighters who lost their sight in the war to help themselves, the Permanent Blind Relief War Fund for Soldiers and Sailors of the Allies of 590 Fifth Avenue has donated 50,000 francs ($10,000) to the Union des Aveugles de Guerre, or Union of War Blinded. This organization, recently founded in Paris, is a mutual benefit society, of which General Manoury, who was blinded in the war, is the head, and Commandant Sallerin, also a distinguished soldier, is an official.

The following letter from a pupil of the Permanent Blind Relief War Fund's Industrial School at Neuilly, addressed to George A. Kessler, Chairman of the Fund's Executive Committee, testifies to what the sightless soldiers themselves think of the work of reconstruction and rehabilitation undertaken for them by the Fund.

> Dear Sir: I feel that I should fail to perform the most sacred of duties on leaving the Knitting School, my re-education having been completed, were I not to thank, as I ought to, the great-hearted persons who have enabled me to learn a new trade. Thanks to them, I hope to be able to continue to support my family.
>
> I beg you to believe in my gratitude and to accept my sincere thanks.
>
> P. HERON,
> Former Painter and Decorator.

Paul Heron, who has a wife and two children, was a soldier in the 41st Colonial Regiment. He was blinded by shell fragments and his right foot was smashed at Tavannes on Aug. 1, 1916. For nearly five days he lay wounded on the ground. Then he was picked up by the Germans and sent to Germany as a prisoner, where he remained for four months until exchanged. In addition to his injuries he was rendered deaf. He was decorated with the Military Medal and the War Cross for gallantry in action. His re-education was paid for by one of the friends and supporters of the Permanent Blind Relief War Fund.

FUR REPAIRING & REMODELING

Special Summer Prices

Fur Coats, Muffs or Neckpieces can be remodeled or repaired now at a much lower cost than in the Winter Season, with the additional advantage of having the work completed in time for delivery in the Fall.

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY *34th Street*

SUMMER STORE HOURS

Store Opens at 9 A. M. and Closes at 5 P. M.

Closed all day Saturday during July and August.

Clearance Sale

100 SMART WRAPS

For Women

19.50

formerly 29.50 to 45.00

A choice selection of fashionable Coats and Wraps have been marked for immediate clearance. In the assortment are Sport models in Satin and Serge, rippling Capes and graceful Dolman Wraps, also dressy Silk Coats. All are stylish models, lined throughout with Silk. Odd sizes.

Will Close Out

225 WOMEN'S SUITS

150 beautiful Suits in fine, heavy quality Crepe de Chine and Poulette in attractive sport colorings. **24.50 and 29.50**

75 fashionable Sport Suits of all-wool Jersey in Rose, Red or Gray. **12.50**

An Annual Event

"UNDERMUSLIN WEEK"

Prices Less Than To-day's Wholesale Cost

Exquisite Underthings of Flesh Color Crepe de Chine that vie with the petals of the rose in softness of texture and tint—and of Nainsook, delightfully fresh and sheer.

Night Gowns of Flesh Color Crepe de Chine—lace-trimmed models.	**3.95**
Night Gowns of Flesh Color Crepe de Chine effectively lace trimmed.	**4.95**
Envelope Chemises of Flesh Color Crepe de Chine, tailored or lace trimmed.	**1.95, 2.75 and 3.95**
Drawers of Flesh Color Crepe de Chine, lace trimmed.	**2.75 and 3.95**
Bloomers of Flesh Color Satin or Crepe de Chine.	**2.95**
Bodices of Flesh Color Satin............	**95c, 1.45 and 1.95**
Night Gowns of fine Nainsook, adorned with lace and embroidery.	**95c, 1.45 and 1.95**
Envelope Chemises of Nainsook, trimmed with lace and embroidery.	**95c, 1.45 and 1.95**
Billie Burke Pajamas of fine Pink Batiste, trimmed with blue stitching, also in White Cotton Crepe.	**1.95**
Envelope Chemises of Pink Batiste........	**95c, 1.50 and 1.95**
Chemaloons made of Flesh Color Batiste, with bloomer leg—lace trimmed.	**1.95**

Effective Models

WOMEN'S SILK DRESSES

38.00

Afternoon and Street Dresses of surpassing style and beauty have just arrived, fashioned of plain, striped or figured Crepe de Chine, Georgette Crepe, Taffeta, Foulard or Satin. Some fall into tailored line—others are deftly draped or adorned with smart tunics. New collar effects and vestees are introduced to lend a dressy touch.

COTTON FROCKS

7.50, 10.00 and 16.50

They are fashioned in the very prettiest of Mid-Summer styles in all the colors one would desire. Those of Voile are charming, with their pretty patterns of flowers, checks, stripes or plain colors. The ones of Checked Organdie are irresistibly attractive. The Linen and Gingham models display new style notes certain to win favor.

Skirts are plain, ruffled, tucked or adorned with tunics. Net and Organdie collars and vestees embellish the waists. Some styles are favored with a girdle of gay ribbon—others have sashes of self-material.

A Sale of Unusual Importance

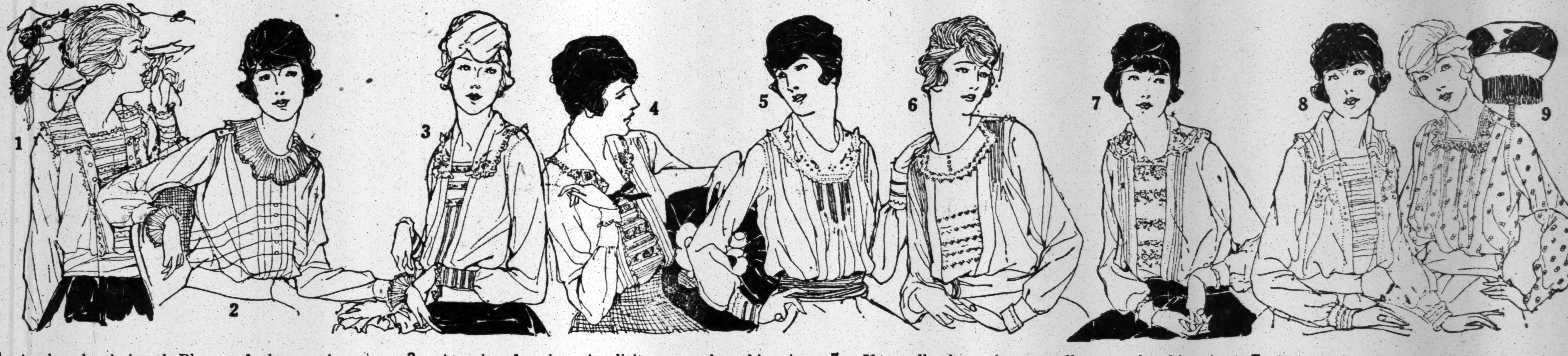
SUMMERTIME BLOUSES OF VOILE AND ORGANDIE

2.75

Presenting the Greatest Values Offered This Season

Here are quite the daintiest versions of the Summer blouse yet displayed, effectively trimmed with tucked and embroidered Organdie Valenciennes Lace and Net footing. Artistic touches of eyelet embroidery and fine tucking are also employed.

(FOURTH FLOOR)



1. A cleverly designed Blouse of sheer, crisp Organdie. The collar and vestee are finely tucked and Valenciennes Lace insertion winds its way throughout. The closing at the side is finished with tiny buttons of pearl. 2.75

2. An interesting variation of the slip-on Blouse, fashioned of fine, sheer Voile. The criss-cross tucking in front is most effective, as is also the rounded neck adorned with finely plaited ruffle. The cuffs turn back and are finished with the frilling. 2.75

3. An air of naive simplicity pervades this dainty model of Voile embellished with fine Valenciennes Lace combined with eyelet embroidery and hemstitching. The opening is at the side. 2.75

4. One of the prettiest models in the assortment—a Blouse of Voile with becoming collar and vestee of embroidered Organdie combined with fine pin tucks and Valenciennes Lace edging. 2.75

5. Unusually becoming to all types is this round neck model of Voile adorned with an eyelet-embroidered collar that is edged with Valenciennes Lace. The front and back are prettily tucked. 2.75

6. This Voile Blouse is made distinctive by an oddly shaped collar of Organdie. Dainty net footing is its only adornment. Opens at the side. 2.75

7. A square-neck model that has undeniable charm. Note the smart vestee of embroidered organdie. Fine tucking and Valenciennes Lace insertion are used as trimming. 2.75

8. A youthful model of White Voile. Finely tucked and edged with Valenciennes Lace, combined with dainty hand-embroidery. 2.75

9. All-over embroidered Organdie Blouse with trimming of fine tucks and lace insertion. The closing at the side is invisible. 2.75

"McCREERY SILKS"

Famous Over Half a Century

Complete color assortments of the new and scarce shades of Crepe, Crepe Chiffon and Voile.

Printed and embroidered Georgette Crepe in attractive styles. yard **2.50 to 5.50**

Bathing Suit Silks and Satins in large variety, also Plain and Novelty Sport Silks. yard **3.50 to 7.50**

Rich Silks and Satins for wedding gowns. Black Silks and Satins of standard weaves at very attractive prices.

IN ADDITION:

5,000 Yards—*White Sport Satin*

40 inches wide.......yard **3.95**............regularly 4.50

1,000 Pieces

Chinese Natural Ecru Pongee Silk

yard **1.50** regularly 2.00

COTTON DRESS GOODS

Specially Priced

20,000 yards Novelty Printed Dress Voiles,—sheer crisp quality in a complete range of new styles and colors; 38 inches wide. yard **35c**

Dotted Swiss,—White ground with colored dots in the latest fashionable colors; 36 inches wide. yard **55c**

Imported Organdie,—sheer transparent finish in a variety of new Summer Dress colors; 40 inches wide. yard **90c**

White Longcloth, — soft finish; excellent laundering quality; 10 yards in a length. length **2.65**

Summer Weight

WOOL DRESS GOODS

All Wool Jersey Cloth,—new desirable colors for dresses, sport coats, and bathing suits; 54 inches wide. yard **2.95**

Navy Blue All Wool Dress Serge,—fine French twill; correct weight for mountain or seashore wear. yard **1.95**

Novelty Plaid All Wool Skirting in a choice variety of sport styles and colors; also subdued tones for town use. yard **1.85 to 6.50**

Most Extraordinary Sale

WOMEN'S SILK & KNIT UNDERWEAR

Despite the fact that really good Silk Underwear is hard to procure and is steadily soaring in price, we are marking lovely Underthings of excellent quality Glove Silk at amazingly low prices for this sale.

Glove Silk Vests,—band top; Pink only	**2.45**	regularly 3.25
Lisle Union Suits with Glove Silk top; Pink only.	**1.65**	regularly 1.95
Glove Silk Bloomers,—superior quality.....	**2.95**	regularly 3.75
Lisle Union Suits,—low neck; sleeveless styles.	**65c**	regularly 95c

July Sale

WOMEN'S SILK HOSIERY

Prices quoted will prevail for this sale only

The Hosiery offered is new—McCreery Quality—taken from regular stock.

Thread Silk Hosiery,—superior quality in Black, White, Brown or Gray.	pair **1.95**	regularly 2.50
Thread Silk Hosiery; fine gauge in Black, or Brown.	pair **1.65**	regularly 1.95
Thread Silk Hosiery in Black, White, Gray or Brown........................	pair **1.25**	regularly 1.50

Clearance Sale

Children's Lisle Socks,—White with colored tops........formerly 50c and 65c

pair **35c**

July Clearance

CORSETS

Priced for Immediate Disposal

The assortment includes Madame Irene, Gossard, La Vida, C/B, American Lady, R & G, Bien Jolie, Nemo and Stylish Stout Corsets.

Every odd corset in the entire stock in all standard makes. Many styles will be discontinued on account of lack of materials. Not every size in every style, but all sizes in the lot. Sizes range from 20 to 36.

C/B, R & G, American Lady and Bien Jolie Corsets.

95c, 1.75 and 2.95

formerly 1.50, 3.50, 5.00

Mme. Irene, Successo, La Vida, Nemo, Bien Jolie, Gossard and Stylish Stout Corsets.

3.95, 4.95 and 7.95

formerly 6.00, 8.50 and 15.00

Men's and Women's

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS

Exceptional Values

Men's sheer, pure Linen Handkerchiefs, hand hemstitched; ¼-inch hem.	regularly 18.00,	doz. **12.00**
Men's Irish Linen Handkerchiefs—soft finish; regular size.	regularly 7.20,	doz. **6.00**
Women's sheer Linen Handkerchiefs with tape edge........	regularly 6.00,	doz. **4.50**
Women's Sheer Linen Handkerchiefs: With narrow hems...........	regularly 4.20,	doz. **3.50**
With initials..................	regularly 4.00,	doz. **3.00**

Special Offerings

WAVY HAIR SWITCHES

Excellent quality Naturally Wavy Hair Switches in all shades; made on three separate stems.

18-inch Switches..............................	**4.95**
20-inch Switches..............................	**8.95**

MME. BRESHKOVSKY PRAISES AMERICA

4,000,000 Russian Orphans Appeal Through Her for Chance of Education, She Declares.

FAREWELL MESSAGE TOLD

"Grandmother of the Revolution," In Final Plea, Asks Help to End the Bolsheviki.

Catherine Breshkovsky, "Grandmother of the Russian Revolution," who left the United States on June 28, gave to A. J. Sack, Director of the Russian Information Bureau here, the following farewell to the American people, which Mr. Sack made public yesterday:

"To a person that has spent half of her seventy-five years in prisons and Siberia's snow, it seems a miracle to have come a second time from Russia to America and to have had a chance to make an extensive tour of the United States, making many, many good friends and acquaintances.

"The first time it was the despotism of the Czar's régime that forced me to call the attention of the American people to the sufferings of my good people. This time I came here to say that Russia, delivered from the old slavery, suffers under the despotism and cruelty of thousands of criminals called Bolsheviki.

"I came to say that not only war with Germany, but also the terrible anarchy thrust upon Russia by the united forces of her enemies, has cast Russia into a hell of disorder, bloodshed, and ruin. This evil has increased the loss of human life to such a degree that now Russia has no less than 4,000,000 orphans who are doomed to perish under terrible circumstances if nobody comes to offer them a succoring hand.

"And as my first visit to America left an impression of readiness and desire to aid in helping the sufferers, it emboldened me to come again and tell the truth about this new epoch of very hard times, being sure that the hearts of the American people will not be deaf to the question of rescue of a whole young generation from the peril of becoming unworthy members of mankind.

"And if the five months of my first sojourn in this beautiful country were one of the moments which furthered a reciprocity of good feeling between both great countries, I hope that my second appeal to the sympathy of America's citizens will not remain without any attention on their part.

"Leaving the hospitable country that showed me so much indulgence and friendship, I returned to my suffering yet beloved and blessed Russia with a promise not to be forgotten, not to leave my little grandchildren without any resources to get an education such as human beings deserve.

"With thanks and love, I send my good-bye to all those who have understood my sincere desire to see Russia and America strong and faithful friends throughout all their future, so rich and beautiful in heroic possibilities. Long life to America! Long live Russia!"

TO OPEN COLUMBIA SCHOOL.

Lecturers and Students Arrive for University's Summer Courses.

Teachers and others from many States began to arrive yesterday to attend the twentieth Summer session of Columbia University, which opens Monday. The university gymnasium, where registration is being carried on, was packed from early morning and it is expected that the attendance will be the largest in the history of the school. Figures for the first two days of registration show the enrollment to be much larger than last year, that for Wednesday, the first day, being almost double that of 1918.

Elaborate preparations have been made for the welfare of students from other cities. The Young Women's Christian Association and the Association to Promote Proper Housing for Girls are coöperating with the Summer school authorities.

Many well-known educators from universities East and West are arriving to take their places on the Summer School Faculty. Among the institutions represented are Yale, Princeton, Wellesley, Dartmouth, Johns Hopkins, and the Universities of Chicago, California, Minnesota, Virginia, and Nebraska. Women form a large part of the teaching staff, Director J. C. Egbert stating that of about 400 instructors more than 100 are women.

Colleges and schools of Greater New York have a substantial representation on the Faculty. New York University, City College, Fordham, and various public and private institutions, among them Horace Mann, Stuyvesant High, Jamaica High, Social Motive, Union Theological Seminary, Drew Theological Seminary, and Lincoln High School being included.

HUNT LIBERTY BONDS.

District Attorney Seeks Securities Left with Lilly & Co.

The question of what has become of Liberty Bonds pledged by customers for trading accounts with the brokerage firm of J. Frank Lilly & Co., at 62 Broadway, was the subject of investigation at the District Attorney's Office yesterday. Assistant District Attorney Alexander I. Rorke said these Government bonds valued at thousands of dollars, had disappeared and that no trace could be found on the books of the concern as to the manner of their disposal. He has obtained from the owners the numbers of many of the bonds and announced that he would list the numbers with the Federal Reserve Bank tomorrow in an effort to trace them.

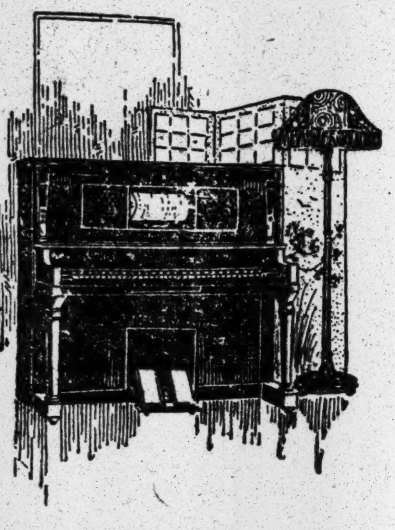
"These bonds were placed with Lilly & Co. by its customers to finance their trading operations and buying accounts," said Rorke. "The denominations of the bonds range from $50 to $1,000. We have not been able to find any of these bonds or the manner of their disposal except an amount of $950, which were brought to this office by Charles W. Cleveland, manager of the Philadelphia office of Lilly & Co.

The District Attorncy, who had asked the police to find J. Frank Lilly, said yesterday that no clue to his whereabouts had been obtained after a week's hunt for him.

HANGS HIMSELF IN HOTEL.

Embroidery Manufacturer's Body Found in Room at the Braddock.

Henry Holz, 45 years old, of 180 Edgecombe Avenue, a manufacturer of Swiss embroideries, committed suicide by hanging himself at the Braddock Hotel, 2350 Eighth Avenue, some time between July 3 and yesterday. He registered at the hotel July 3 under the name of "H. Halher." A clerk at the hotel found Holz's body hanging from a transom of his room. Mrs. Holz was summoned and identified the body as that of her husband. Mrs. Holz said her husband, who operated an embroidery factory at 434 East 165th Street, had been in ill health and had threatened to end his life. She had last seen him alive on July 3.



WE HAVE obtained the agency of the well known Jacob Brothers Player and have just received a fine shipment of these splendid instruments.

Jacob Bros. PLAYER $600

This is one of the finest players made. It is sweet in tone, responsive in action and altogether desirable.

Value—we really cannot give a full idea of this player's value at $600—you must see it—play it yourself.

Payments Arranged.

MATHUSHEK
37 West 37th Street
Telephone Greeley 976-977

PAUL BERNARD
The Women's Shop for Values

22 East 34th St. — Across the Street from ALTMAN'S

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

Retiring Partner Necessitates the Immediate Sacrifice of Our Entire Stock

At Less Than Half Regular Prices

Nothing Reserved. Every Garment Must Be Disposed of at Once.

Silk and Cloth Dresses
Former prices to $25.00
Dresses of Georgette, Crepe de Chine, Taffeta Silk, Serge and Wool Jersey. An assortment of smartly clever styles in great variety............ 9.75

Dresses Figured Georgette, Beaded Georgette, Satin and Taffeta Silk. *Values to $35.* 14.50

Dresses Beaded Georgette, Crepe de Chine, Satin, Crepe Meteor, Tricotine and Taffeta Silk. *Values to $45.* 19.75

Dresses Tricolette, Satin, Beaded Georgette, Crepe Meteor. *Values to $59.50.* 24.00

Cotton Dresses
Values to $10.00
Over 200 Dresses of plaid and check Gingham and Voile, in a variety of dainty designs, to close at............ 4.75

Cotton Dresses Plaid and Checked Ginghams and figured and flowered Voiles. *Values to $15* 7.75

Cotton Dresses Organdies, Dimities, Voiles and Ginghams. *Values to $18.50.* 9.75

Cotton Dresses Organdie, Linon and figured or plain Voile. *Values to $25.* 12.75

Tailored Summer Suits
Values to $50.00
Serges, Poiret Twills and Wool Jersey, smartly tailored, suitable for sport and street wear, to close at............ 18.75

Capes and Wraps
Former prices to $27.50
A collection of about 150 Capes in a variety of wanted materials and styles; some partly lined, to close at............ 8.75

Gidding
PARIS — 5th AVE at 46th ST. NEW YORK
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

now present Newly Created
MID-SUMMER STYLES
for
TOWN — COUNTRY
MOUNTAIN or SHORE

Our workrooms have been unusually busy during the past few weeks designing fashions from fresh, new fabrics for wear during the Warm Summer Months

Sheer Frocks
of organdie—linen—crepe—net and lace
$35—$55—$75

Summer Wraps
softly draped styles and cape effects
$95—$125 and up.

Evening Gowns
handsomely beaded and sequined styles
$145—$165 and up.

Country & Travel Suits
in tricolette—silk or wool jersey—taffeta and satin
$65—$95—$125.

Hand Made Blouses
in batiste—net and lace
$25—$35 and up.

Summer Furs
scarfs and separate pieces in mink—fisher—sable and light soft foxes
$125—$150 and up.

Also continue their
Clearance Sales
Various lines are grouped for prompt disposal regardless of cost or former prices.

Fashionable Suits
Formerly to $95—at $48
A large selection of models suitable for sport occasions as well as street and semi-dress styles.

Gowns and Dresses
Formerly to $150—at $45 and $75
For all occasions—an extensive selection of desirable styles in taffeta—satin—printed silks and tricotines.

Coats and Capes
Formerly to $195—at $65 and $95
Stunning models in tricolette—duvetyn—velour—bolivia—tricotine and gabardine, including styles suitable for Fall.

Evening Wraps
Formerly to $145—at $45 and $65
The last of many high class styles in satin—taffeta and faille silks.

Lane Bryant

Great Annual July Clearance Sale for **Stout Women**

Closing out all high-grade garments from our regular stock. New styles, popular materials. All specially designed to fit and become the stout figure.

30% to 50% Reductions
Sizes up to 56 bust

Capes and Coats of Serge, Mohair, Silk Faille, Pongee, Velour and Tricotine. For street, sport and motor wear. Formerly 34.50, 42.50 to 69.50. 16^{50} to 39^{75}

Summer Suits Including newest styles in Serge, Silk Jersey, Faille Silk, Taffeta, Poiret Twill, Wool Jersey and Mohair. Formerly 39.75 to 110,00. 21^{50} to 59^{75}

Cotton Dresses Dainty creations that will be a delight during the hot summer weather. Newest styles in Voile and Linene. Very specially priced. 12^{75} to 19^{75}

Silk Dresses Models suitable for every occasion. Fashioned of Taffeta, Silk Meteor, Crepe de Chine, plain and flowered Georgette. Formerly 39.75 to 69.50. 24^{75} to 44^{50}

Summer Blouses Sheer cool blouses of white Voile, Silk Crepe de Chine, and Georgette in white and colors. Formerly 3.00 to 12.50. 1^{95} to 8^{95}

Summer Skirts Wash skirts of Pique, Linene and Gabardine. Also skirts of Mohair, Taffeta and Satin. White and colors. Formerly 6.95 to 39.75. 3^{95} to 24^{50}

Bathing Suits Closing out Mohair and Surf Satin suits. Black and navy. Sizes 36, 38, 40 and 42. Formerly 5.00 to 7.50. 2^{50} to 3^{45}

Underwear Many bargains in all kinds of silk and cotton underwear for stout women. Sizes up to 56 bust. Nightgowns, envelope chemise, petticoats, camisoles, drawers, bloomers and union suits at very low prices.

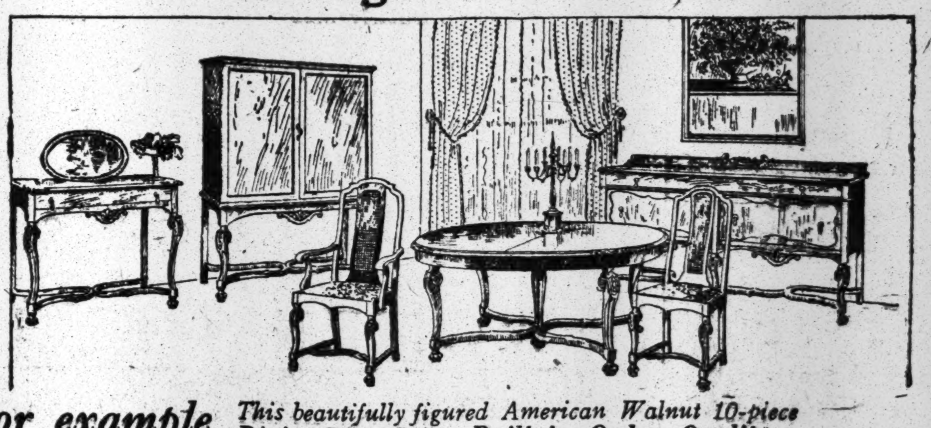
Extra Special

Voile Dresses
Figured Cotton Voile, sheer, dainty and cool. Very new style, especially becoming to stout figures. Collar and cuffs of hemstitched white marquisette. Panel front. Serviceable light colors. Sizes up to 56 bust. Value 10.00. Special Price 7^{95}

Linene Dresses
Charming straight-line models of exceptional becomingness to stout figures. Natural linen color. Smart roll collar. Buttons trim front. Novel button trimmed pockets. Sash girdle. Sizes up to 56 bust. Value 15.00. Special Price 11^{95}

21-23 W. 38th St. — Lane Bryant — Just West of 5th Ave.

Store closed all day Saturdays during July and August.



THONET-WANNER
Furniture

Now is the time to buy Autumn Furniture! Makers' prices are shooting skyward! Autumn Furniture prices everywhere will be *far, far higher than prices today.* Our present superb stock was carefully chosen and bought at prices of months ago, and all this Furniture is still being sold on the basis of original low cost—*not on increased and growing value!* Your Autumn purchases made NOW will easily mean—

A Saving of 25% to 33%

For example *This beautifully figured American Walnut 10-piece Dining Room Suite—Built to Order Quality—in the newer rendering of Italian in design, delicately carved in the solid wood! 72 inch Buffet, 48 inch Cabinet, 43 inch Server, Extension Table oval top, 62 inches by 50 inches, extending to 10 feet; 5 side Chairs and 1 Arm Chair.* $695

Another Suite *of 10 pieces, also in beautifully figured American Walnut, simplified adaptation of Louis XVI., exquisite and tasteful.* $365

A Reproduction *of Imported Model—12 piece Suite, in specially selected American Walnut, Queen Anne style; a superb suite including Buffet, Cabinet, Server, Extension Table, 6 Side Chairs and 2 Arm Chairs—would sell elsewhere for $2,200.00.* $1685

THONET-WANNER'S PRICES are *always* far, far less than elsewhere, because their enormous store is *under* a great Apartment House (the Ritz Mansions). This wonderfully advantageous situation means a marvelously low rent, and this great economy alone is sufficient to enable Thonet-Wanner Co. to sell their lovely carefully chosen Furniture at even less than other houses charge for *Special Sale Furniture! Buy NOW!*

THONET-WANNER CO. INC
Foyer-Entrance to Elevator & Show Rooms
MADISON AVE. at 47th

THE GOODRICH SQUARE

Standard Measure of True Tire Value

ADJUSTMENT

Fabrics-6,000 Miles Cords-8,000 Miles

Square List Prices

TRADE MARK
The City of
GOODRICH
Akron, Ohio

GOODRICH
GOODRICH SAFETY TREAD

THE one sure way to tell what a tire is worth as it stands in the store of a dealer, is to divide its price in dollars and cents by the miles of the adjustment that backs it up.

Then square it up against the GOODRICH SQUARE, Standard Measure of True Tire Value.

Square its price, discounts or no discounts, against Goodrich List Prices on the short branch of THE SQUARE.

Square its mileage adjustment against the Goodrich More-Mileage Adjustment on the long branch of THE SQUARE—6,000 miles for Fabrics; 8,000 for Silvertown Cords.

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TIRES

"BEST IN THE LONG RUN"

YANKEES DIVIDE LONG DRAWN OUT DOUBLE HEADER WITH SENATORS AT POLO GROUNDS

YANKEES CAPTURE ONE-HALF OF LOOT

Huggins's Men Divide Day's Spoils with Senators Before 25,000 Fans at Polo Grounds

CLOSING GAME IS ERRATIC

Visitors Pile Up Eight Runs in First Inning and Win, 11 to 5, After Losing by Score of 6 to 4.

While 25,000 baseball fans sat sweltering in the equatorial weather up at the Polo Grounds yesterday, the Yanks and the Washington Senators went through nearly five hours of baseball that was as torrid as the atmosphere. The Yankees took the first encounter despite Clark Griffith and eighteen of his players. The score was 6 to 4. In the second clash, however, Miller Huggins's boys turned right around and gave the Senators the game by a margin of 11 to 5.

The nightcap game was a scream. There was more bad baseball crowded into one inning in this conflict than is ordinarily provided in three major league games. And the sad part of it was that all the objectionable playing was contributed by the Yankees. They seemed affected by the heat, and their playing almost made the fans forget their victory earlier in the afternoon.

Everything happened in the first inning. The Yanks didn't have a chance to get settled in their defensive positions behind Allan Russell before the Senators had the game safely tucked away in their bat bag. Russell, Peckinpaugh, Ruel, and Vick all aided the visitors on their victory path, making, between them, a total of five errors in the first inning. With these misplays came a batting display by the Senators which resulted in eight runs. Play might just as well have been discontinued right here, for there was no chance of a recovery for the Yanks.

Russell was derricked before the inning ended, but not until the eighth run had been counted. At that time nobody seemed to care much whether Russell stayed in the box. Among the blows which resounded off his delivery was a home run drive into the lower tier seats of the right field grandstand, made by Mike Menosky. This thump resulted in three Washington runs. Bob McGraw relieved Russell when the game was absolutely lost, and held the mound until the eighth, when Halas batted for him. Bob was touched for two runs, one of them a circuit clout by Joe Leonard in the eighth. O'Doul finished the game and was tickled for the eleventh run.

Pete and George Exiled.

In the fifth inning of the first encounter the Senators took the lead and shelled Schneider and Mogridge off the mound. Judge started with a pass, and took second on Foster's single to centre. Schneider was taken out here and replaced by Mogridge. Milan beat out a bunt filling the sacks. Rice doubled to right centre, scoring Judge and Foster, and putting Milan on third. Picinich followed with a triple to left, scoring Milan and Rice and putting the Senators in front. Mogridge was then lifted and Nelson sent to the hill and there was no more Washington scoring.

In the sixth the Yankees hammered Craft out of the game and scored enough runs to insure victory. Pipp and Pratt were walked to start the inning. After Bodie had grounded out McBride threw badly to Judge on Hannah's grounder, Pipp scoring and Pratt reaching third. Nelson injected his two-base blow to left centre, scoring Pratt and Hannah, and Lute scored later when Peckinpaugh nicked the left field fence with a double.

Manager Griffith tried every trick in his bag to retrieve the game thereafter, but all his devices went for naught. Walter Johnson was enlisted as a pinch hitter for McBride in the seventh and rapped out a single, but Miller Huggins promptly lifted Nelson with signs of a change in the score and sent Shawkey in to keep the Yankees in front. And Bob did.

Their fighting in the opener, together with the terrible heat, evidently sapped all the vim in the Yankees. At any rate their playing gave this impression. The Senators hopped on Russell in the opening inning of the nightcap game and, with a salvo of blows and a crumpling of the defense about him, chased Allan to the cooling atmosphere of the showers. With one down Foster and Milan both singled. Rice popped to Peckinpaugh and then the storm broke. Mike Menosky drilled a home run into the right field stand, manufacturing three counters. Russell's wild peg to Pipp on Gharrity's bunt gave the Washington catcher two bases. He scored on Shanks's blow to centre, and Shanks got to second when Ruel let Bodie's return throw through him. Janvrin singled to centre, scoring Shanks and then Peckinpaugh fumbled Shaw's rap to short. Leonard bounced a single over Pratt's head to right, scoring Janvrin and putting Shaw on second. Vick then muffed Foster's fly in right, and Shaw scored. When Russell let Vick's throw get away from him at an attempt at the plate for Shaw, Leonard raced over the rubber with the eighth Senator run. Russell was replaced by McGraw at this stage of the proceedings.

Pretty Soft for Shaw.

With this display of weakness by the Yankees the task of Jimmy Shaw was immeasurably easier. Jimmy pitched for the Senators, and, through the flying start his team gained, went through the nine innings to success. Jimmy wasn't invulnerable, however, not by a jugful. He was reached for eleven safe blows, including a hail of doubles, but no amount of heavy stickwork could pull the Yankees out of the depression they made in that horrible first inning.

Lute Nelson and Bob Shawkey collaborated in the first game and gave the Yankees an even break on the day's pastiming. Pete Schneider started this game for the Yankees and was removed from the hill in the fifth, mainly because of wildness. George Mogridge took up the burden, but was ineffective, and Lute Nelson was summoned to the mound, after the Senators had overtaken the Yanks and were leading by 4 to 2. Nelson checked the Senators and in the sixth propelled home a brace of runs with a double to left centre, putting the Yanks in front again. Lute got shaky in the seventh and was relieved by Shawkey, who kept the Yanks' lead intact to the finish.

Clark Griffith called on eighteen players in an effort to win this game, but to no avail. Changes were made in the Washington batting order and field layout with a rapidity which confused everybody in the park. At times there was no telling who was who, and it seemed the broiling fans didn't much care.

The Yankees hopped on Craft in the fourth inning and got a two-run lead. After Lewis's demise Pipp bounced a single off the right field wall and Pratt pumped a blow through second. Bodie doubled to the right field wall, scoring Pipp and chasing Pratt to third, from which station Del scored, while Hannah was being thrown out at first.

The score:

FIRST GAME.

NEW YORK, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Vick,rf	5	0	1	0	0
P'paugh,ss	4	0	1	4	3
Baker,3b	4	0	2	2	0
Lewis,lf	3	0	0	0	0
Pipp,1b	2	2	2	8	1
Pratt,2b	3	2	1	6	2
Bodie,cf	4	0	1	0	0
Hannah,c	4	1	0	7	3
Schneider,p	2	0	1	0	2
Mogridge,p	0	0	0	0	0
Nelson,p	1	1	1	0	0
Shawkey,p	1	0	0	0	2
Total...	33	6	10	27	13

WASHINGTON, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Leonard,1b	0	0	0	2	0
Judge,1b	2	1	1	8	0
Foster,3b	4	1	1	0	4
Milan,cf	3	1	1	1	0
Rice,rf	4	1	2	2	0
Picinich,c	5	0	1	2	1
Menoskey,lf	0	0	0	2	0
aGharrity	1	0	0	0	0
Murphy,lf	2	0	1	0	0
Shanks,ss	2	0	1	0	2
McBride,ss	2	0	0	0	2
J'vrin,2b,ss	4	0	0	5	1
Craft,p	3	0	0	0	0
Whiteh'se,p	0	0	0	0	0
bAgnew	1	0	1	0	0
Gill,p	0	0	0	1	0
cJohnson	1	0	1	0	0
Grover,2b	0	0	0	1	0
Total...	33	4	10	24	10

a Batted for Menoskey in fifth.
b Batted for Whitehouse in eighth.
c Batted for McBride in seventh.
Errors—Schneider, Picinich, McBride.

New York .... 0 0 0 2 0 4 0 0 .—6
Washington ...... 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0—4

Two-base hits—Bodie, Vick, Rice, Nelson, Peckinpaugh. Three-base hit—Picinich. Stolen bases—Pratt, Rice. Sacrifice hit—Pipp. Double plays—Peckinpaugh and Pratt; Hannah and Pratt; Shawkey, Pratt, and Pipp. Left on bases—New York, 7; Washington, 13. Bases on balls—Off Schneider, 7; Nelson, 2; Shawkey, 2; Craft, 2; Whitehouse, 1. Hits—Off Schneider, 3 in 4 innings, (none out in 5th;) Mogridge, 3, (retired, no batsmen;) Nelson, 3 in 2 1-3; Shawkey, 1 in 2 2-3; Craft, 9 in 5 1-3; Whitehouse, 1 in 1 2-3; Gill, 0 in 1. Struck out—By Schneider, 2; Nelson, 2; Craft, 2. Winning pitcher—Nelson. Losing pitcher—Craft.

SECOND GAME.

WASHINGTON, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Leonard,1b	5	2	3	9	0
Foster,3b	4	2	1	1	1
Milan,cf	4	1	1	2	0
Rice,rf	5	0	0	5	0
Menosky,lf	4	2	2	2	0
Gharrity,c	3	1	0	5	0
Shanks,ss	3	1	2	1	4
Janvrin,2b	4	1	2	1	3
Shaw,p	4	1	0	1	1
Total	36	11	11	27	9

NEW YORK, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Vick,rf	5	1	3	0	0
Peck'p'gh,ss	5	1	1	1	6
Baker,3b	4	0	1	0	2
Lewis,lf	5	1	1	0	0
Pipp,1b	4	1	1	15	1
Pratt,2b	2	0	0	6	6
Fewster,2b	1	0	0	0	0
Bodie,cf	4	1	3	3	0
Ruel,c	4	0	1	1	5
Russell,p	0	0	0	0	0
McGraw,p	3	0	0	0	1
Halas,cf	1	0	0	0	0
O'Doul,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total....	38	5	11	27	22

Errors—Milan, Vick, Peckinpaugh (2), Pipp, Ruel, Russell (2).

Washington ...... 8 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1—11
New York .... 0 0 3 0 0 0 1 1 0— 5

Two base hits—Vick, Bodie (2), Baker. Home runs—Menoskey, Leonard. Stolen bases—Foster, Menoskey, Shanks, Janvrin. Sacrifice hit—Gharrity. Left on bases—New York, 9; Washington, 8. Base on balls—Off McGraw, 6; O'Doul, 2; Shaw, 3. Hits—Off Russell, 6 in 2-3 of 1 inning; McGraw, 4 in 7 1-3; O'Doul, 1 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By McGraw, (Shanks). Struck out—By Shaw, 5. Wild pitch—McGraw. Losing pitcher—Russell.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 6; Washington, 4.
(First game.)
Washington, 11; New York, 5.
(Second game.)
Philadelphia, 5; Boston, 3.
(First game.)
Philadelphia, 8; Boston, 6.
(10 innings.)
(Second game.)
St. Louis, 6; Cleveland, 2.
Detroit, 6; Chicago, 3.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 10; Philadelphia, 8.
Brooklyn, 4; Boston, 2.
(First game.)
Brooklyn, 15; Boston, 3.
(Second game.)
Chicago, 10; Pittsburgh, 2.
Cincinnati, 8; St. Louis, 4.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
New York	39	21	.650
Chicago	40	24	.625
Cleveland	36	27	.571
Detroit	31	31	.500
St. Louis	30	31	.492
Boston	28	34	.452
Washington	27	37	.422
Philadelphia	17	43	.283

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
New York	40	21	.656
Cincinnati	42	23	.646
Chicago	36	31	.537
Pittsburgh	34	31	.523
Brooklyn	34	31	.523
St. Louis	27	38	.415
Boston	22	38	.366
Philadelphia	18	41	.305

Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Washington at New York.
(Game starts 3 P. M.)
Detroit at Chicago.
Cleveland at St. Louis.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston at Brooklyn.
(Game starts 3 P. M.)
Pittsburgh at Cincinnati.
St. Louis at Chicago.

CURVES AND BINGLES

The first game started at 1:30 o'clock. The third out in the second clash was recorded at 6:54, making nearly five and one-half hours of baseball. Not much daylight to spare there.

Nick Altrock lifted the gloom for the local rooters with his antics in the coach's box at first in the second game. Nick made a lot of fun imitating the umpires and repeating their decisions as only Altrock can.

Between games Nick "staged" his burlesque on the defeat of Jess Willard and had the broiling crowd in an uproar. When he had enough Nick threw a glove into an imaginary ring. Then the Washington comedian wrestled himself into knots and the crowd howled.

One fan back of the Yankee bench was twice overcome during the first game. He was game, however, and returned after being revived.

An inquisitive enthusiast wanted to know why the pitchers warmed up yesterday.

Roger Peckinpaugh got his twenty-fifth game hit in the first game and his twenty-sixth game blow in the second. In each case Peck doubled. His blow in the first game just missed being a home run in the left field bleacher by a foot.

Manager Griffith's strategy made the score cards look like Chinese puzzles in the first game.

The Washington leader announced that Walter Johnson would pitch today.

Only one game will be played tomorrow, instead of two, as was tentatively planned.

Rice was the only Senator who didn't do something for the Washington cause in the second game. Every other player got a hit or scored a run.

Joe Leonard led the batting attack with three blows, including his home run. On the field Joe shone, too.

Joe Judge was hurt in the practice before the afternoon's pastime started, when he was hit with a thrown ball. He did not get into the game until the third inning. Judge didn't play in the second game at all.

There were times, particularly in the second game, when the fans thought the heat was affecting the umpire's eyesight.

Shanks provided the day's fielding gem when he scooped Vick's liner about one inch from the ground in the fourth inning of the second game. The Senator shortstop did a double somersault in making the catch.

In the eighth inning of the first game Pratt leaped high in the air and made a brilliant one-hand catch of Milan's liner which was ticketed for deep right.

Fortunately for the Yankees, St. Louis trimmed the Indians, while Detroit humbled the White Sox.

GIANTS HIT RIXEY HARD AND WIN, 10-8

Phillies Drive Causey and Dubuc from Mound Before Being Conquered—Doyle Gets Homer.

PHILADELPHIA, July 5.—Facing Eppa Rixey for the first time in two years, the Giants today pounded the offerings of the big left-hander savagely, winning from the Phillies by a score of 10 to 8. It was fortunate that they found Rixey's southpaw slants to their liking, for their own pitchers were roughly treated by the Phillies.

Cecil Causey, who started, gave way to Pat Ragan in the fifth. Pat pitched to only one batter, retiring the side, and Dubuc went to the hill in the sixth. He lacked effectiveness, probably because the intense heat had sapped his strength, and in the ninth it was necessary for John McGraw to call on Ferdie Schupp to choke off an incipient rally launched by the Phillies.

The Giants began their scoring in the second inning, rushing two runs over the plate on Kauff's single, a double by Zimmerman, a single by Al Baird, subbing at short for Arthur Fletcher, and a sacrifice fly by McCarty. In the third Chase's double, Doyle's infield blow and Kauff's sacrifice fly resulted in another tally for the Giants, and in the fifth Doyle increased the total of runs to four by hammering the pellet over the right field wall.

The Phillies tied the score in their half of this inning, falling on Causey, who had allowed only one hit in four innings, for five solid swats and driving him to the showers. Whitted started the carnage with a double to right centre and went to third when Bancroft was tossed out by Al Baird, Cady, batting for Adams, also was retired by Al Baird and Chase, Whitted crossing the plate with the Phillies' first run on this play. Rixey slammed a double to right and Callahan duplicated his blow, Rixey trotting over the rubber. Pearce beat out a hit to Zimmerman and Doug Baird singled to right, scoring Callahan and Peace. At this point McGraw decided that Causey had had enough and called Ragan in from the bull pen. Meusel cracked the first ball Pat delivered on a line to deep centre, but Kauff dragged the pellet down with his gloved hand after leaping into the air.

A single by Al Baird and a double by Lee King, who batted for Ragan, gave the Giants another in the sixth, but the Phillies counted once more in their half of the sixth. With Dubuc pitching, Whitted singled through the box and Bancroft doubled to left, scoring Whitted.

The Giants dented the plate twice in the seventh, aided by an error on the part of Luderus. The Phillies' first sacker muffed a bunted pop fly by Young, and after Chase had expired on a pop fly to Bancroft, Doyle doubled to right center, Young pulling up at third. Kauff hoisted a sacrifice fly to Callahan, Young scoring and Doyle taking third. Zimmerman singled to right, scoring Doyle. Singles by McCarty and Burns, a base on balls to Young and a single by Chase gave the Giants another run in the eighth.

The Phillies reached Dubuc for two runs in their half of the eighth on Whited's double, Bancroft's triple and Cady's sacrifice fly.

With Frank Woodward in the box for the Phillies in the ninth, Rixey having retired in favor of a pinch hitter in the previous inning, the Giants tallied their last run. Kauff hit one against the screen that tops the right field wall for two bases and Zimmerman chased him home with a single to left.

Callahan led off in the Phillies' half of the ninth with a swat over the right field wall for the circuit. Pearce then flied to Young, but Doug Baird got a hit when his fly to short centre fell safely between Kauff and Doyle. Meusel singled to right, putting Baird on third, and Dubuc gave way to Schupp. Luderus popped to Zimmerman and Whitted hoisted to Young, bringing the rally and the game to a close.

The score:

NEW YORK, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Burns,lf	5	1	1	0	0
Young,rf	4	1	0	7	0
Chase,1b	5	1	3	11	1
Doyle,2b	5	2	3	2	4
Kauff,cf	3	2	2	3	0
Zim'man,3b	5	1	3	1	2
A.Baird,ss	5	1	3	2	4
McCarty,c	3	1	1	0	0
Causey,p	2	0	0	0	3
Ragan,p	0	0	0	0	0
aKing	1	0	1	0	0
Dubuc,p	2	0	0	1	1
Schupp,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total....	40	9	17	27	15

PHILADELPHIA, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Callahan,rf	4	2	4	8	0
Pearce,2b	4	1	2	2	2
D.Baird,3b	5	0	2	5	2
Meusel,cf	5	0	1	1	0
Luderus,1b	5	0	0	7	0
Whitted,lf	5	3	3	2	0
Bancroft,ss	4	1	2	4	2
Adams,c	1	0	0	3	0
Cady,c	2	0	0	2	2
Rixey,p	3	1	1	0	2
bCravath	1	0	0	0	0
Woodward,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total....	39	8	15	27	10

a Batted for Ragan in sixth.
b Batted for Rixey in eighth.
Error—Luderus.

New York .... 0 2 1 0 1 1 2 2 1—10
Philadelphia .... 0 0 0 0 4 1 0 2 1— 8

Two-base hits—Zimmerman, King, Doyle, Kauff, A. Baird, Whitted, (2,) Rixey, Callahan, Bancroft. Three-base hit—Bancroft. Home runs—Doyle, Callahan. Sacrifice hit—Pearce. Sacrifice flies—McCarty, Kauff, (2,) Cady. Double plays—Doyle and Chase; Bancroft and Cady; Baird and Pearce. Left on bases—New York, 8; Philadelphia, 7. Bases on balls—Off Causey, 1; Rixey, 2. Hits—Off Causey, 6 in 4 2-3 innings; Ragan, 0 in 1-3; Dubuc, 9 in 3 1-3; Schupp, 0 in 2-3; Rixey, 14 in 8; Woodward, 3 in 1. Struck out—By Rixey, 3. Winning pitcher—Dubuc. Losing pitcher—Rixey.

TIGERS DEFEAT WHITE SOX.

Dauss Pitches Strong Game and Delivers Timely Triple.

CHICAGO, July 5.—Detroit staged a rally in the fourth inning today, and by bunching hits, one of which was a triple by Dauss, with a sacrifice, an error, and a successful squeeze play, made enough runs to defeat Chicago. The score was 6 to 3. Dauss pitched a good game, and was given good support in the pinches, three double plays stopping the locals when they threatened.

The score:

DETROIT, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Bush,ss	3	1	0	3	2
Young,2b	4	0	2	3	6
Cobb,cf	4	1	0	0	0
Veach,lf	4	0	2	5	1
Heilman,1b	4	1	1	9	0
Shorten,rf	3	1	1	0	0
Jones,3b	2	0	0	1	2
Stanage,c	3	1	1	5	0
Dauss,p	4	1	2	0	3
Total....	31	6	9	*26	14

CHICAGO, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Leibold,rf	4	0	1	2	0
E.Collins,2b	4	1	0	2	4
Weaver,ss	4	1	2	1	6
Jackson,lf	4	0	2	0	0
Felsch,cf	3	0	1	0	0
Gandil,1b	4	0	0	17	0
McMullin,3b	4	0	1	1	2
Schalk,c	3	0	2	3	8
Faber,p	2	0	0	0	2
aJ.Collins	1	0	0	0	0
Shellenb'k,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total....	32	3	8	27	19

*Gandil out, hit by batted ball.
a Batted for Faber in eighth.
Errors—Veach, Weaver, Schalk, Faber.

Detroit .... 1 0 0 4 0 0 1 0 0—6
Chicago .... 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 0 0—3

Two base hits—Veach, Weaver. Three base hit—Dauss. Stolen bases—Veach, Cobb. Sacrifice hits—Felsch, Young, Jones (2), Bush. Double Plays—Veach and Stanage; Dauss, Young and Heilman; Dauss, Bush and Heilman. Left on bases—Detroit, 6; Chicago, 2. Bases on balls—Off Faber, 2; Shellenback, 1. Hits—Off Faber, 8 in 8 innings; Shellenback, 1 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Faber, (Stanage). Struck out—By Faber, 2; Dauss, 4. Losing pitcher—Faber.

Southern Association.

New Orleans at Birmingham.
(Postponed—rain.)
Atlanta, 0; Mobile, 0.
(Five innings—rain.)
Memphis, 7; Chattanooga, 4.
Little Rock, 3; Nashville, 2.

American Association.

Toledo, 6; Indianapolis, 2.
Milwaukee, 4; Kansas City, 2.
Louisville at Columbus.
(Postponed—wet grounds.)
St. Paul, 4; Minneapolis, 0.

Baseball To-day 3 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Washington. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.—Advt.

CLEAN SWEEP FOR REDS.

Moran's Men Hit Three Pitchers in Victory Over Cardinals.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 5.—The Reds made a clean sweep of their series with St. Louis by knocking Goodwin out of the box in the first inning today, and forcing Bolden to leave in the second. The score was 8 to 4. Meadows was also hit freely in the fifth and sixth innings. Luque was pounded hard, but had perfect control, and received very fast support. The batting of Daubert was a feature.

The score:

CINCINNATI, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Rath,2b	4	1	1	2	3
Daubert,1b	4	1	3	8	0
Groh,3b	3	1	1	2	1
Roush,cf	3	2	1	0	0
Neale,rf	2	1	0	1	0
Kopf,ss	4	0	1	8	1
Bressler,lf	3	0	0	5	0
Wingo,c	4	1	1	6	0
Luque,p	2	1	1	0	4
Total......	29	8	9	27	9

ST. LOUIS, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Smith,cf	4	1	2	2	0
Miller,1b	4	2	2	7	2
Stock,2b	3	0	1	1	2
Shotton,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Hornsby,3b	4	1	2	2	3
Heathcote,rf	4	0	1	5	1
Lavan,ss	4	0	0	1	2
Snyder,c	4	0	1	5	2
Goodwin,p	0	0	0	0	0
Bolden,p	0	0	0	0	0
Meadows,p	3	0	0	0	2
aPaulette	1	0	0	0	0
Total....	35	4	10	24	14

Cincinnati ...... 4 1 0 0 1 2 0 0 .—8
St. Louis .... 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 1 0—4

Two-base hits—Daubert, Roush, Kopf, Hornsby. Three-base hits—Daubert, Groh, Miller. Sacrifice hits—Rath, Luque, Stock. Double play—Heathcote, Lavan, Stock, Miller, and Snyder. Left on bases—St. Louis, 5; Cincinnati, 5. Bases on balls—Off Goodwin, 1; Bolden, 1; Meadows, 3. Hits—Off Goodwin, 2 in 1-3 inning; Bolden, 3 in 1; Meadows, 4 in 6 2-3. Hit by pitcher—By Goodwin, 1. Struck out—By Luque, 5; Meadows, 3. Wild pitch—Meadows. Losing pitcher—Goodwin.

MACKMEN WIN TWO.

Babe Ruth's Two Home Runs Fail to Save Red Sox from Defeat.

BOSTON, July 5.—Philadelphia won both games from Boston today by final inning rallies, taking the first, 5 to 3, and the second, 8 to 6. Babe Ruth made two home runs in his last two times at bat in the second game, his first drive landing in the right field bleachers, and his second scaling the left field wall.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

PHILADELPHIA, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Witt,2b	4	0	1	5	3
Thomas,3b	4	0	1	1	4
Walker,cf	4	0	1	3	0
Strunk,rf	4	1	1	2	1
Burns,1b	4	2	2	6	1
Kopp,lf	3	1	2	1	1
Dugan,ss	2	0	0	2	4
McAvoy,c	4	0	0	5	3
Rogers,p	3	0	0	2	2
Total.....	31	5	7	27	19

BOSTON, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Lamar,cf	5	1	4	5	0
Vitt,3b	4	0	1	3	0
Hooper,rf	3	0	1	4	0
Ruth,lf	3	0	0	3	0
Gainer,1b	3	0	1	9	0
Schang,c	4	0	0	1	2
Scott,ss	3	0	1	1	4
McNally,ss	1	1	1	0	2
Shannon,2b	4	1	3	1	2
Dumont,p	2	0	0	0	1
aMcInnis	1	0	1	0	0
bBush	0	0	0	0	0
Caldwell,p	1	0	0	0	1
Total....	34	3	13	27	12

a Batted for Dumont in seventh.
b Ran for McInnis in the seventh.
Errors—Strunk, Lamar.

Philadelphia .... 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—5
Boston .... 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0—3

Two-base hits—Burns, McNally, Shannon. Three-base hit—Kopp. Sacrifice hits—Hooper, Vitt. Sacrifice flies—Dugan (2). Left on bases—Philadelphia, 3; Boston, 10. Bases on balls—Off Rogers, 4; Dumont, 1. Hits—Off Dumont, 4 in 7 innings; Caldwell, 3 in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Caldwell (Thomas). Struck out—By Rogers, 3; Dumont, 1. Wild pitch—Dumont. Losing pitcher—Caldwell.

SECOND GAME.

PHILADELPHIA, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Witt,2b	4	1	0	2	4
Thomas,3b	4	1	1	2	2
Walker,cf	3	1	0	2	1
Strunk,rf	4	2	0	0	0
Burns,1b	4	1	2	13	1
Kopp,lf	5	1	1	3	0
Dugan,ss	5	0	2	3	1
Perkins,c	4	1	1	5	1
Johnson,p	4	0	1	0	6
Total....	37	8	8	30	16

BOSTON, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Lamar,cf	5	0	1	3	0
Vitt,3b	4	1	1	1	3
Hooper,rf	3	1	1	1	0
Ruth,lf	5	3	2	5	0
McInnis,1b	4	0	0	14	1
Walters,c	4	0	1	2	2
Scott,ss	4	0	2	3	3
McNally,ss	0	1	0	1	0
Shannon,2b	3	0	1	0	4
James,p	2	0	0	0	3
aSchang	1	0	0	0	0
Janes,p	0	0	0	0	2
Total....	34	6	9	30	18

a Batted for James in ninth.
Errors—Thomas, Walker, Lamar, Shannon, (2,) James, (2.)

Philadelphia .... 0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 1 3—8
Boston .... 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1 1—6

Two-base hits—Johnson, Burns, Hooper. Home runs—Ruth, (2.) Sacrifice hits—Walker, (2,) James, Shannon. Double plays—Thomas, Witt and Burns; Burns, Dugan and Burns. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 5; Boston, 5. Bases on balls—Off Johnson, 5; James, 3; Jones, 1. Hits—Off James, 5 in 9 innings; Jones, 3 in 1 inning. Struck out—By Johnson, 4; by James, 1. Wild pitch—Johnson. Losing pitcher—Jones.

BROWNS BUNCH THEIR HITS.

Burke's Men Open Series with Indians and Win Game, 6 to 2.

ST. LOUIS, July 5.—Sothoron pitched St. Louis to a 6 to 2 victory over Cleveland in the opening game of the series today. The locals bunched their hits in four innings, while Sothoron was very effective with men on bases until the ninth, when he eased up and Cleveland made two runs.

The score:

ST. LOUIS, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Austin,3b	3	1	2	2	0
Gedeon,2b	3	0	0	3	3
Tobin,lf	4	1	3	1	0
Sisler,1b	4	2	2	9	2
Williams,cf	4	2	2	2	0
E.Smith,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Gerber,ss	4	0	0	2	2
Severeid,c	3	0	0	5	1
Sothoron,p	3	0	0	2	2
Total.....	32	6	9	27	10

CLEVELAND, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
E.Smith,rf	4	0	0	0	0
Wamb'g's,2b	3	0	0	1	6
Speaker,cf	4	0	1	4	0
Wood,lf	4	0	1	0	0
Gardner,3b	4	0	1	1	2
Lunte,ss	3	0	1	2	2
aHarris	1	0	0	0	0
bEvans	0	1	0	0	0
Johnston,1b	4	1	1	16	2
O'Neill,c	3	0	3	0	1
Jasper,p	2	0	0	0	5
cJamieson	1	0	0	0	0
Uhle,p	0	0	0	0	1
dThomas	1	0	0	0	0
Total....	34	2	8	24	19

a Batted for Lunte in ninth.
b Ran for Harris in ninth.
c Batted for Jasper in seventh.
d Batted for Uhle in ninth.
Errors—Gerber, (2,) Gardner, Uhle.

St. Louis .... 1 0 0 1 0 3 0 1 .—6
Cleveland .... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2

Two-base hits—Gardner, Austin, Williams, (2.) Three-base hit—Sisler. Stolen base—Sisler. Sacrifice hits—Wambsganss, Gedeon. Double play—Gerber and Sisler. Left on bases—Cleveland, 8; St. Louis, 4. Bases on balls—Off Jasper, 1; Sothoron, 1. Hits—Off Jasper, 7 in 6 innings; Uhle, 3 in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Sothoron, (Elmer Smith.) Struck out—By Sothoron, 3. Passed ball—O'Neill. Losing pitcher—Jasper.

SKEETERS TOPPLED AGAIN.

Newark Extends Its String of Victories by 2 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

Pat Donovan's Newark Bears continued their winning strides yesterday afternoon with another victory over Bill Donovan's Skeeters by 2 to 0. Newark was restricted by Rube Zellars to 4 safe blows, while Stryker for Newark let the home team down with three.

Zellars put Newark safe on the score sheet in the first inning, when, following a scratch hit by Davis, he walked the next three men, forcing Davis home with what would have been enough to win. Bill Donovan has secured Third Baseman Tom Fitzsimmons from the Brooklyn Dodgers and he will be in the double-header against the Bears which ends the series tomorrow.

The score:

NEWARK.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Miller,1b	4	0	0	13	1
Davis,rf	4	2	2	0	0
Cather,lf	3	0	1	3	0
Madden,c	2	0	1	2	2
Sargent,ss	2	0	0	2	3
Jacob,cf	3	0	0	1	0
McAlpin,3b	4	0	0	0	3
Walsh,2b	2	0	0	2	0
Stryker,p	3	0	0	1	4
Total.....	27	2	4	27	13

JERSEY CITY.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Mooers,ss	4	0	0	2	3
Schacht,1b	3	0	0	7	1
Bauman,2b	3	0	1	2	1
Kane,rf	4	0	0	4	1
Wendell,3b	3	0	1	3	2
Wigels'th,lf	3	0	0	2	1
Foley,cf	2	0	0	5	0
aCobb	1	0	0	0	0
Hudgins,c	2	0	0	1	1
Schw'tzer,cf	1	0	0	0	0
Zellars,p	3	0	1	0	1
Hyde,c	0	0	0	0	1
Total....	29	0	3	27	11

a Batted for Foley in eighth inning.
Errors—Sargent, Walsh, (2,) Hudgins.

Newark .... 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—2
Jersey City ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Stolen base—Davis. Sacrifice hits—Schacht and Madden. Sacrifice fly—Sargent. Double play—Kane and Mooers. Left on bases—Jersey City, 4; Newark, 5. First base on errors—Jersey City, 1. Bases on balls—Off Zellars, 6; Stryker, 1. Struck out—By Zellars, 2; Stryker, 1. Winning pitcher—Stryker. Losing pitcher—Zellars.

ROBINS PICK RUNS LIKE EARLY BIRDS

Gather 15 Tallies in Second Part of Double Victory Over Boston Braves.

The scorching sun shining down on Ebbets' baseball garden yesterday made rows of hits blossom forth, and the Robins, growing a better variety, proceeded to drub the visiting Braves in both games of the double-header. The seventh inning of the first game was the lucky one for Uncle Robbie's boys, who netted four runs, which enabled them to win by 4 to 2.

The second game was a replica of the Willard-Dempsey fight, in that the Robins smashed in during the first inning. Olson, the first man up, got a triple, and the team scored eight runs before the round had stopped. The second game ended with a score of 15 to 3.

A total of fifty-three hits was made during both contests. Many were driven to the outfielders, who succeeded in getting a number of clouts which stood excellent chance of being good for a brace of bases. After Brooklyn had made a lead of fourteen runs, both teams used strings of substitutes, the Robins ending the game with only three of the original team, Mitchell, the pitcher, Griffith, and Ward.

The Braves' first run came in the opening inning, after Riggert flied to centre, and Rawlings had fanned before the pitching of Pfeffer. Powell doubled to right, went to third when Konetchy booted Cruise's grounder. Konetchy threw to Ward, trying to catch Powell, who had started to race for home. The throw was poor and Powell scored easily.

The Braves made the second run in the sixth, when Boekel lined a single to centre. He took second when Maranville grounded out to Konetchy, and scampered home on Gowdy's single.

The seventh inning accounted for the four runs made by the Robins. Zach Wheat opened with a single to right and went to third on a single to centre by Myers. Wheat scored when Konetchy drove a sacrifice fly to Cruise, Myers taking second when Ward was thrown out by Rawlings. Krueger drew a walk, having been purposely passed by Keating, who was waiting for an easy out in Pfeffer, next man up. Pfeffer surprised his rival and hit a single to centre, scoring Myers, and sending Krueger to third. Olsen singled to right, scoring Krueger, Pfeffer going to third. The inning closed when Johnston hoisted a fly to Cruise. The Robins made ten hits in the game, Boston getting 11.

In the second game, Olson, lead-off man for the Robins, hit a triple in the first inning, and scored when Maranville made a poor relay of the peg from Powell. Johnston drew a walk, going to third when Boekel messed the throw on Griffith's grounder. Wheat made an infield single, and with bases full, Cheney, hurling for Boston, passed Myers, forcing in Johnston. Konetchy lifted a sacrifice fly to Powell, Griffith scoring. On the throw-in, Wheat went to third and Myers to second. Ward got to first on an infield hit, and Wheat scored. Krueger singled, scoring Myers and Ward, and then Cheney was replaced by Scott. Mitchell hit to center, scoring on Johnston's single in the same place.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

BROOKLYN, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Olson,ss	4	0	2	3	6
Johnston,2b	4	0	0	3	1
Griffith,rf	4	1	1	2	0
Wheat,lf	4	1	1	3	0
Myers,cf	4	1	3	2	0
Konetchy,1b	2	0	1	9	1
Ward,3b	3	0	1	1	1
Krueger,c	2	1	0	3	2
Pfeffer,p	3	0	1	1	4
Total....	30	4	10	27	15

BOSTON, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Riggert,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Rawlings,2b	4	0	1	0	4
Powell,rf	5	1	2	0	0
Cruise,lf	5	0	0	4	0
Holke,1b	3	0	3	6	0
Boeckel,3b	4	1	2	0	0
Maranv'le,ss	4	0	0	2	1
Gowdy,c	4	0	1	5	2
Keating,p	3	0	1	0	0
aThorpe	1	0	0	0	0
Total.....	37	2	11	24	7

a Batted for Keating in ninth.
Errors—Johnston, (2,) Konetchy, Ward.

Brooklyn .... 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 1 .—4
Boston .... 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—2

Two-base hit—Powell. Three-base hit—Ward. Stolen bases—Griffith, Rawlings, Cruise, Olson. Sacrifice hit—Rawlings. Sacrifice flies—Konetchy, (2.) Double play—Pfeffer, Olson, and Konetchy. Left on bases—Boston, 11; Brooklyn, 5. Bases on balls—Off Keating, 1; Pfeffer, 2. Struck out—By Keating, 4; Pfeffer, 3. Passed ball—Krueger.

SECOND GAME.

BROOKLYN, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Oolson,ss	5	1	3	2	2
Malone,ss	0	0	0	3	0
Johnston,2b	3	2	2	2	2
Kilduff,2b	0	0	0	2	2
Griffith,rf	4	2	0	0	0
Z. Wheat,lf	3	1	2	0	0
Hickman,lf	2	1	1	0	0
Myers,cf	2	3	2	1	0
Allen,cf	2	0	0	1	0
Konetchy,1b	2	0	1	5	1
Schmandt,1b	2	0	0	6	1
Ward,3b	5	1	2	0	1
Krueger,c	2	1	2	3	0
M. Wheat,c	2	0	1	2	1
Mitchell,p	5	3	3	2	4
Total...	39	15	19	27	14

BOSTON, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Riggert,cf	5	1	3	0	1
Rawlings,2b	5	0	3	3	0
Powell,rf	5	1	1	2	0
Thorpe,lf	5	0	2	2	0
Holke,1b	3	1	1	4	0
Wilson,1b	1	0	0	1	0
Boeckel,3b	2	0	1	1	1
B'kburne,3b	1	0	0	1	0
Man'ville,ss	4	0	2	2	4
Gowdy,c	2	0	0	0	1
Tregossor,c	2	0	0	2	0
Cheney,p	0	0	0	0	0
Scott,p	1	0	0	0	1
Fillingim,p	3	0	0	0	1
Total....	39	3	13	24	9

Errors—Thorpe, Boechel, Maranville (2).

Brooklyn .... 8 1 5 1 0 0 0 0 .—15
Boston .... 0 0 0 4 1 0 1 0 0— 3

Two-base hits—Powell, Thorpe, Olson, Z. Wheat. Three-base hits—Olson, Konetchy, Ward. Sacrifice flies—Johnston, Konetchy. Double play—Maranville and Holke. Left on bases—Boston, 11; Brooklyn, 6. Base on balls—Off Cheney, 2; Scott, 1; Fillingim, 1; Mitchel, 2. Hits—Off Cheney, 3 in 1-3 inning; Scott, 10 in 2 1-3; Fillingim, 6 in 5 1-3. Struck out—By Fillingim, 1; Mitchell, 5. Wild pitch—Cheney. Losing pitcher—Cheney.

CUBS MAKE 16 HITS.

Have Easy Time Registering 10 to 2 Victory Over Pirates.

PITTSBURGH, July 5.—Chicago batters hammered the delivery of both Hamilton and Hill for sixteen hits today, the visitors winning, 10 to 2. Merkle, with a single, two doubles, and a triple, and Mann with two triples led in the attack. Carter held Pittsburgh to six hits and was never in danger.

The score:

CHICAGO, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Flack,rf	4	2	1	2	0
Hollocher,ss	3	0	0	3	6
Magee,cf	6	1	2	4	0
Merkle,1b	6	2	4	8	1
Pick,2b	5	1	2	3	1
Deal,3b	4	1	1	3	1
Mann,lf	5	1	2	3	0
O'Farrell,c	5	2	1	0	2
Carter,p	5	0	3	1	1
Total...	43	10	16	27	12

PITTSBURGH, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Bigbee,cf	4	0	1	4	0
Terry,ss	4	0	0	1	4
Nicholson,rf	3	0	0	2	1
Southw'th,lf	4	1	1	3	0
Cutshaw,2b	3	0	1	4	5
Saier,1b	4	1	2	11	2
Caton,3b	4	0	0	0	8
Schmidt,c	3	0	0	2	0
Hamilton,p	1	0	0	0	2
aBlackwell	1	0	1	0	0
Hill,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total....	31	2	6	27	18

a Batted for Hamilton in seventh.
Errors—Terry, Southworth, Saier, Schmidt, Hamilton.

Chicago .... 2 0 0 0 1 1 4 2 0—10
Pittsburgh ...... 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0— 2

Two-base hits—Merkle, (2,) Blackwell. Three-base hits—Merkle, Mann, (2,) Southworth, Saier. Stolen bases—Pick, Bigbee. Sacrifice hit—Hollocher. Sacrifice fly—Cutshaw. Left on bases—Chicago, 12; Pittsburgh, 5. Bases on balls—Off Carter, 2; Hamilton, 5. Hits—Off Hamilton, 12 in 7 innings; Hill, 4 in 2. Wild pitch—Hill. Winning pitcher—Carter. Losing pitcher—Hamilton.

Other International Scores.

		R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	3 0 0 6 0 0 2 0 .—	11	14	1
Toronto	1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—	2	6	2

Batteries—Thomas and Bengough; Jones and Deufel.

Reading-Baltimore, (first game to be played today.)

Second Game.

		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	3 0 0 3 0 0 0 5 .—	11	11	4
Reading	2 0 2 0 1 0 0 1 1—	7	10	1

Batteries—Hill and Schaufels; Brown and Konnich.

		R.	H.	E.
Binghamton	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1—	5	13	0
Rochester	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	0	5	2

Batteries—Beckvermit and Smith; Clifford and Carris.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Baltimore	48	20	.706
Toronto	43	27	.614
Newark	38	32	.543
Buffalo	33	34	.493
Binghamton	31	33	.484
Rochester	30	37	.448
Reading	24	40	.375
Jersey City	22	44	.343

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Newark at Jersey City.
Binghamton at Rochester.
Toronto at Buffalo.

PENNANT CHASERS AT HALF-WAY MARK

Giants and Reds Only Real Contenders in National League—Three Remain in American.

The baseball season of 1919, now nearing its half-way mark in the major leagues, is to be a disastrous one for champions. That much is certain at this comparatively early stage. Doping the ultimate winner in either organization, while it does not carry the perplexities that prevailed even a month ago, is anything but an easy task now. One league shows two prominent contenders for the title, and the other has three clubs making a battle. Plenty of excitement is the prospect in both organizations before the world's series entries are certified.

The half-way mark of the major league season has been popularly coupled with July Fourth, but this condition does not prevail this season. The races were started about ten days or two weeks later than usual, and this will carry the teams a few days beyond the holiday before all will have completed one-half of the schedule. With the reduced schedule of 140 games this season all the clubs will pass over the half-way mark during the coming week.

As remarked above, neither of the clubs which battled for honors in the 1918 world's series will do any battling in the big clash next October. Both Red Sox and Cubs have found the pace too swift in the current season, and they are lagging some distance behind the leaders. A few games behind is not such a big handicap for a team in second place, since it requires only its own spurt and the slump of one other club to wipe out the difference. But to overcome the advantage of several clubs is another matter. Slumps do not run through an entire group of contending clubs.

Why Champions Trail.

The plight of the world's champion Red Sox may be ascribed to several causes, with a break in the pitching ranks as the main factor. The success of Boston Red Sox combinations in other campaigns usually was built around a great pitching staff. When Shore and Leonard were lost Owner Frazee bought Joe Bush to fill one vacancy and Sam Jones was ready to fill the other. The Sox of 1918 won through the pitching of Mays, Bush, Jones and Ruth and the slugging of the last named. The strong defense of infield and outfield remains, but the team has retrograded considerably in other departments.

This season Bush has been useless, Jones has not been well and Ruth has done little pitching. Mays has not shown the effectiveness that was his in other years, and the new members of Ed Barrow's flinging force—Caldwell, Dumont and James—have not developed into consistent winners. So much for the pitching. The defensive strength of the infield was improved by the acquisition of Oscar Vitt, but Oscar has not been hitting. In fact, the entire team has failed to show any real hitting ability and is down at the bottom of the league in club batting. With pitching such as Boston has had in other years this weakness with the stick would not be so big a handicap, but with the pitching below past standards and the hitting the weakest in the league it is difficult to figure that the Red Sox have much chance of being factors at any subsequent stage of this race. The capture of Bobby Roth will help, but he is not capable of making up the difference between a second division team and a pennant contender.

Between Giants and Reds.

In the National League, the Giants and Reds seem likely to furnish whatever real competition the latter part of the race may hold. McGraw's veteran combination, steady in the field and dangerous with the stick, has been standing out as the big contender in the National League ever since the season opened. But for the lapses of a pitching staff, which should be a consistent winner, the Giants would now be many games in front. But the pitching runs the scale from excellent to bad on such short notice that the team has not made the most of its opportunity. However, McGraw's followers have no real cause for worry. The Giants are the best balanced combination in the National League—strong hitters, brilliant fielders, fast on the bases, and the pitching is bound to hold up, or be held up, with so much strength otherwise. Toney, Barnes, Causey, and Benton carry enough ability for any team.

The Reds have been coming along fast for some time and are now in the thick of the pennant drive. It will be a long time before this combination is finally counted out. Changes in management and in lineup have been made since 1918, and both seem to be working out very well. The team is getting the attention of one of the best managers the game has ever produced, is dangerous with the stick, and has plenty of good pitching in Eller, Reuther, Luque, Sallee, Fisher, and Ring. This is a real contender. The Reds as a club hit about as hard as the Giants and run the bases as well, but the team is not likely to stand up so well on an entire season's play.

Pirates Not Dangerous.

Hugo Bezdek's Pirates, the best base-running combination in the National League, hardly can be counted out at this stage, but the club does not shape up as likely to finish ahead of either the Giants or Reds. The Pirates lack the punch of the other contenders. Brilliant pitching in spells has kept the team up, but the staff cannot do the trick steadily. Babe Adams and Earl Hamilton, old-timers, have shared the work with Miller and Cooper, younger men.

The Robins, like the Cubs, are possibilities, but far from probabilities. Pitching that kept the team in front for the first two weeks has dropped to the in-and-out variety, made worse by the severe injury to Marquard and the illness of Grimes. The Robins carry enough batting and pitching strength to spurt occasionally, but to date they have lacked the winning consistency that marks the real contender during the first half of the race. Those finishing spurts, such as that of the Braves in 1914, are decided exceptions.

EXPECT POLO CHALLENGE.

International Contest May Be Held Next Year.

The opening of the polo season in England has again revived discussion of the possibilities for a renewal of international contests between English and American teams, and although a keen shortage of players is being felt in England, a sufficient quantity of recruits is expected from the army to fill the gaps caused by the war.

Herbert Wilson, Noel Edwards and Leslie Cheape are a few of the noted English players who have probably played their last game. It is likely that a challenge will be sent to an American team sometime next year, and that it will be accepted.

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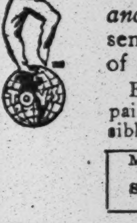

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34x4½	31.85	34.20	35x5	39.60	42.50
35x4½	32.80	35.10	37x5	41.40	44.45

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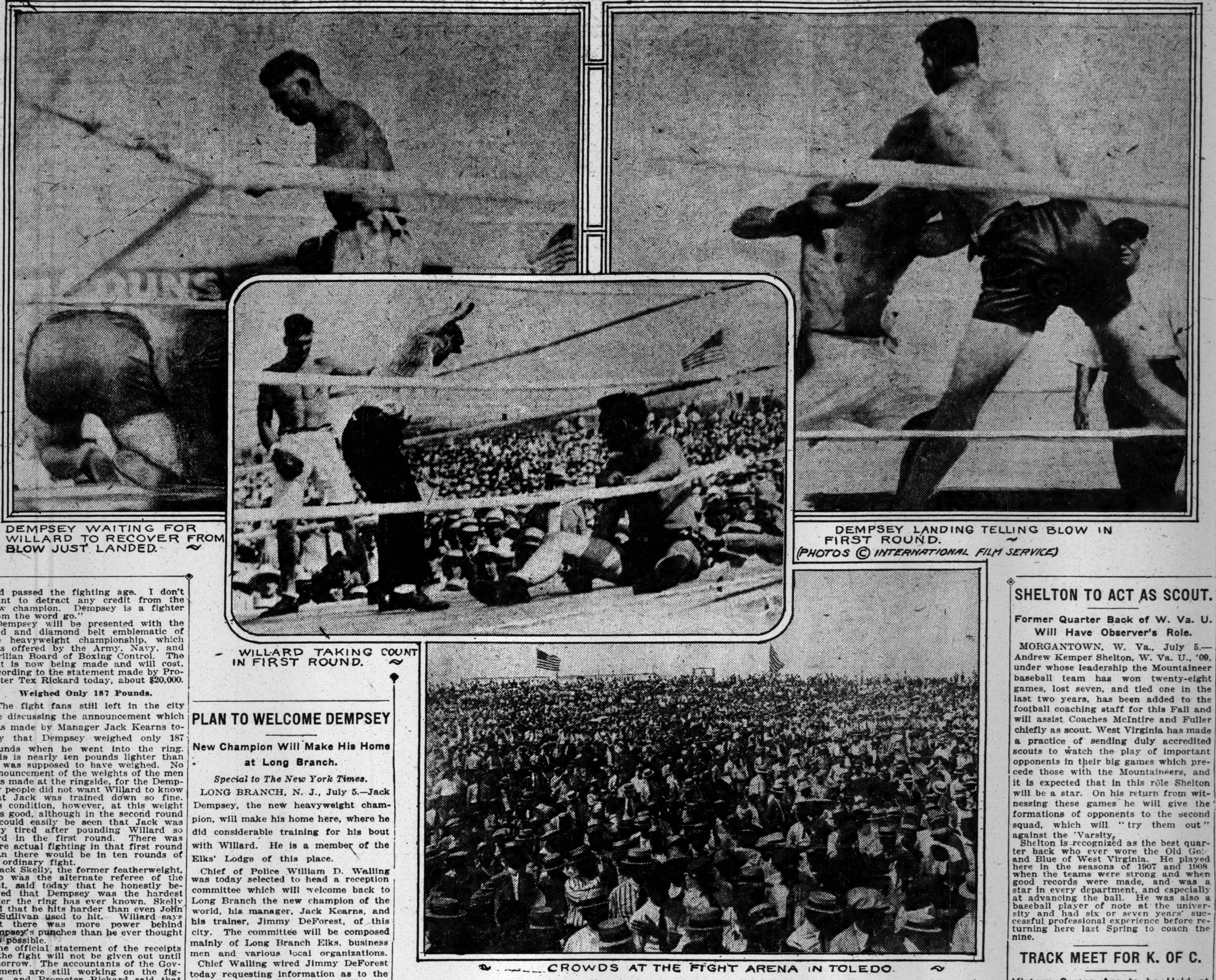
JACK DEMPSEY, NEW HEAVYWEIGHT CHAMPION, ANNOUNCES HE WILL DRAW THE COLOR LINE

How the Towering Willard Fell Before the Onslaught of Jack Dempsey in Heavyweight Championship Battle at Toledo.



DEMPSEY WAITING FOR WILLARD TO RECOVER FROM BLOW JUST LANDED.

WILLARD TAKING COUNT IN FIRST ROUND.

DEMPSEY LANDING TELLING BLOW IN FIRST ROUND.

(PHOTOS © INTERNATIONAL FILM SERVICE)

CROWDS AT THE FIGHT ARENA IN TOLEDO.

DEMPSEY WILL MEET ONLY WHITE BOXERS

New Champion of Heavyweight Division Announces That He Is to Draw Color Line.

NEXT BOUT MONTHS AWAY

Willard's Conqueror Swamped with Stage and Circus Offers—Wears New Honors Modestly.

Special to The New York Times.

TOLEDO, Ohio, July 5.—In the first statement he has made since becoming the heavyweight champion of the world, Jack Dempsey announced today that he would draw the color line. He will pay no attention to negro challengers, but will defend his title against any white heavyweight as the occasion demands. Dempsey said tonight that he would not fight again for seven or eight months at least.

The challenger and his manager, Jack Kearns, left at midnight for Cincinnati, where Dempsey will open a vaudeville engagement. It is stated that he is to receive $7,000 for his week's appearance. Kearns received several telegrams today making theatrical offers to the new champion.

The largest of these offers came from a vaudeville agent in Los Angeles, who offered the champion $10,000 a week for twelve weeks. Kearns stated that this sounded very attractive, and Dempsey may accept the offer. The tour will include all the leading cities on the Pacific Coast.

After Dempsey finishes his engagement in Cincinnati he will accept a week's engagement with a circus now showing through the Middle West. After that he may accept the coast offer. Eventually Dempsey will arrive in New York, where he expects to be a theatrical attraction. Almost all the other champions have made a lot of money through theatrical engagements and Dempsey does not propose to let the grass grow under his feet.

Dempsey wears his new laurels with a modesty which would shock many of the pugilists of other days. On Friday evening, after he won the title, Jack and his lawyer drove into town from Jack's camp and had dinner at the Secor Hotel. As soon as he came into the hotel the guests swarmed around him, and he could hardly make his way through the mob into the dining room. Then there was a rush for tables by guests, which was only stopped when the room was roped off and no one else was allowed to enter. Outside of the hotel the sidewalks were jammed with a curious crowd trying to get a peek at Jack through the windows.

No Wild Celebration.

Jack did not spend his first night as champion in a wild celebration, but retired about midnight. He was up at 6 o'clock this morning, his usual hour of getting up while training. He got out his car and took a spin out to his training camp at the Overland Club at Point Place. There he took off his collar, rolled up his sleeves and started to sweep out the tonneau of his car. Jack didn't mind soiling his expensive silk shirt of gaudy stripes, nor did he trouble to take off the patent leather pumps he was wearing.

"Well, Mr. Champion, how do you feel this morning?" Jack was asked.

"Fine," answered Dempsey.

"Could you take on another one today?"

"Never felt more like it in my life" was the champion's answer.

Jack then went on to say a few things about the people who said that Willard showed a lack of gameness in not coming up for the fourth round.

"They're wrong, I think," said Jack. "Willard is a fine fellow. He is a brave man and a tough one to beat. He took a lot of punishment and stood up under it until he couldn't stand any longer. He's no quitter.

"I heard from my mother in Salt Lake City last night," said Jack, a smile beaming over his face, "and I'm glad she is so happy over my winning the title."

Romps With Children.

After Jack got through cleaning his car he spent some time playing with the children who live in the neighborhood of his camp. There is a Summer colony at Point Place and while Dempsey has been training there he has become a friend of every child in the neighborhood. Jack also took a swim in the bay, an enjoyment he was deprived of during the latter part of his training.

Dempsey says that when he has finished his proposed theatrical engagements he will take on anyone who wants to challenge for the title. He will follow the demands of the sporting public in his fights, for he does not believe in disappointing the people who pay for the game.

His statement that he has drawn the color line means that Jack will pay no attention to any challenges which might come from Harry Wills, who is just now the king-pin of the black heavyweights. Next Spring it is not improbable that Dempsey may be matched to fight Georges Carpentier, the French heavyweight, or Jim Becket, the new English champion.

Willard will remain at his house on Parkwood Avenue for a few days, until he entirely recovers from the injuries he received in the fight. Willard is showing remarkable recuperative powers and he was able to see out of both eyes this morning. Frequent applications of cracked ice served to reduce the swelling, and the swelling on the right side of his face was also noticeably reduced. Jess went out for a short automobile ride this morning.

Back to the Farm.

Willard has been eating heartily since the fight and has consumed more food since yesterday than he had for several days before the fight. He has been on a diet for a long time to reduce his weight, and has refrained from eating much. He has not eaten more than two meals a day since he went into training. Mrs. Willard is with her husband and they plan to go back to their farm in Lawrence, Kansas, just as soon as Willard is ready to travel.

Willard has no excuses to offer. He wants to retire and just be thought of as plain Jess Willard. He is happy to think that he can go and settle down and not have to worry about fighting any more. Willard wants the public to think well of him and he said yesterday that if he had in any way served to elevate the boxing game during his ring career he would like to feel that the public gave him credit for even that much.

Willard said that he had always done his best to play the part of a clean, honest sportsman, and that his record has never been blotted with any semblance of crooked work. In every battle of his career, including this last disastrous affair with Dempsey, Willard says that he has always been honest and given the best that was in him.

Ray O. Archer, Willard's pal and manager, said it was too bad that charges of quitting had been brought against Jess.

"Jess was beaten," says Archer, "and we have no excuses to offer. He was game to the core. Those cries of 'Yellow' were most unjust. Would you want a blind man to fight? Jess was knocked down and got up seven or eight times. In the third round he couldn't see. Jess didn't want to go into this fight in the first place. The public demanded the fight and Jess responded. He hadn't fought for more than three years, since March, 1916. He did his best to get into trim, but he had passed the fighting age. I don't want to detract any credit from the new champion. Dempsey is a fighter from the word go."

Dempsey will be presented with the gold and diamond belt emblematic of the heavyweight championship, which was offered by the Army, Navy, and Civilian Board of Boxing Control. The belt is now being made and will cost, according to the statement made by Promoter Tex Rickard today, about $20,000.

Weighed Only 187 Pounds.

The fight fans still left in the city are discussing the announcement which was made by Manager Jack Kearns today that Dempsey weighed only 187 pounds when he went into the ring. This is nearly ten pounds lighter than he was supposed to have weighed. No announcement of the weights of the men was made at the ringside, for the Dempsey people did not want Willard to know that Jack was trained down so fine. His condition, however, at this weight was good, although in the second round it could easily be seen that Jack was very tired after pounding Willard so hard in the first round. There was more actual fighting in that first round than there would be in ten rounds of an ordinary fight.

Jack Skelly, the former featherweight, who was the alternate referee of the bout, said today that he honestly believed that Dempsey was the hardest hitter the ring has ever known. Skelly said that he hits harder than even John L. Sullivan used to hit. Willard says that there was more power behind Dempsey's punches than he ever thought was possible.

The official statement of the receipts of the fight will not be given out until tomorrow. The accountants of the Government are still working on the figures, and Promoter Rickard said that he would give out figures of the attendance and receipts tomorrow.

Frank Flournery, who was associated with Rickard in promoting the fight, told Mayor Schreiber's secretary, De Witt Fisher, today that he thought the receipts would not figure much above $700,000. This amount is a big surprise because Rickard had banked on a million-dollar gate.

Of this amount it is estimated that the city of Toledo will receive about $42,000, while the Government tax will come to more than $54,000. The city has already received $30,000 of its share.

Rickard was very much disappointed in the attendance and the receipts because the people out this way told him that the fight would draw heavily from all the cities in the Middle West. As a matter of fact, local people did not attend the fight in large numbers at all. Practically all the high priced seats went to sporting men from other cities. Rickard said that if the fight had been held in New York or San Francisco, all the tickets in the $10 and $15 sections would have been grabbed up. There was no gallery crowd at this fight at all. The popular priced seats did not sell.

Tex Through with Ohio.

The fact that there are 20,000 men on strike in the city had its effect on the attendance in the lower priced seats. That and the reports of limited railroad facilities, together with the reports of Toledo being over-crowded all tended to hold down the attendance. Rickard will never promote another fight in Ohio, that is certain.

While the fight drew the greatest receipts ever taken in at a glove contest, Rickard went to enormous expense to stage the affair. Among the principal items of expense were: Arena, $150,000; Willard, $100,000; Dempsey, $27,500; Government tax, $12,000; City of Toledo, $42,000. This makes a total of $373,000, without numerous other incidental expenses. The promoters will receive as their share an amount much smaller than they figured on.

Some of the money which was taken by the city will be used to aid the children and the poor of the city. The children are to be sent to Summer camps and many of the little ones who have never had a chance for a real vacation will now enjoy themselves as a result of the fight having been held here.

The big arena will be auctioned to the highest bidder as it stands. Practically all the lumber can be salvaged with very slight damage. The lumber was furnished by local firms, who pooled their interests in the big contest.

Rickard Asks Investigation.

Promoter Tex Rickard has asked the Army, Navy, and Civilian Board of Boxing Control to make an investigation of the charges made by W. Rocap that Rickard and Willard were in league in arranging the bout "to double-cross the public." Rickard's letter is as follows:

Army, Navy, and Civilian Board of Boxing Control, 340 Madison Avenue, New York.

Gentlemen: I enclose herewith a copy of an article written by W. Rocap, containing a most serious allegations against the honor and good faith of myself and Jess Willard. This article, I understand, has been distributed throughout America.

Mr. Rocap asks your board to institute an investigation. I join him in the request. I would have preferred a court of law, where Mr. Rocap's testimony would be given under oath, but I am quite willing to have this matter tried out before the tribunal of Mr. Rocap's own choice. I am confident that a committee of good sportsmen will see justice done.

Very truly yours,
(Signed) TEX RICKARD.

Offer Dempsey $30,000 for Bout.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 5.—Fight promoters connected with a local sporting club today wired Jack Dempsey, the new heavyweight champion, guaranteeing him $30,000 for an eight-round bout here on Labor Day with Willie Meehan. The latter has consented to meet Dempsey.

PLAN TO WELCOME DEMPSEY

New Champion Will Make His Home at Long Branch.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 5.—Jack Dempsey, the new heavyweight champion, will make his home here, where he did considerable training for his bout with Willard. He is a member of the Elks' Lodge of this place.

Chief of Police William D. Walling was today selected to head a reception committee which will welcome back to Long Branch the new champion of the world, his manager, Jack Kearns, and his trainer, Jimmy DeForest, of this city. The committee will be composed mainly of Long Branch Elks, business men and various local organizations.

Chief Walling wired Jimmy DeForest today requesting information as to the time and day he intended to return here with Dempsey, and on receiving a reply he will consult with the various members of the committee and announce definite arrangements.

MLLE. LENGLEN VICTOR.

Wins Women's Tennis Singles Championship at Wimbledon.

WIMBLEDON, July 5, (by Associated Press.)—Suzanne Lenglen of France won the women's tennis singles international championship here today, by defeating Mrs. Lambert Chambers of England, 10—8, 4—6, 9—7.

Suzanne Lenglen, described as the "Little Lawn Tennis Wizard," is 20 years old, and came into the front rank of tennis players five years ago, when she won the world's hard court championship for women, defeating Mme. Golding. She also played as a partner with the famous Australian champion, A. F. Wilding, who was killed in action at the Dardanelles in 1915. For one so young she is said to use remarkable generalship, playing with a dash comparable to that of a masculine expert.

Mlle. Lenglen, whose approaching marriage adds a touch of romance to her present victory, developed her skill in the South of France. Small of stature, she is nimble and lithe, and frequently recovers a seemingly lost shot.

AMERICANS WIN EVENTS.

Have Wide Range of Victories at Pershing Stadium.

PERSHING STADIUM, France, July 4, (Associated Press.)—Warren Pershing, fourteen-year-old son of the commander of the American armies, today saw his father's soldiers trounce Canada in baseball, beat Australia and France in the medley relay race, make a clean sweep of the shotput, take first place in the high jump, defeat Italy in the tug of war semi-finals, and win lively boxing bouts in the Stadium. The boy, uniformed and wearing a Sam Brown belt, shook hands with the King of Montenegro and Premier Venizelos of Greece during his stay at the Inter-allied games.

Marshal Foch and General Pershing presided today at the Inter-allied games. Marshal Foch was given a guard of honor made up of a composite regiment from the American forces on the Rhine. The band played the General's march.

The medley relay race, which was won by the United States, was run in 7 minutes, 43 seconds. Australia was second and France was third.

Tie Golf Match at Hackensack.

R. C. Kennedy and C. S. Conklin tied for the President's Cup at the Hackensack Golf Club yesterday, the former having a score of 8, 13—67, the latter, 79—12—67. The match to decide the winner will be played next week.

In the first round of the July tournament, with sixteen to qualify, the six best scores are:

C. B. Zalbriskie, 88, 20—68; C. C. Smith, 82, 13—69; R. Z. Clarendon, 89, 16—73; J. H. Abeel, 85, 12—73; H. S. Kennedy, 91, 18—73; J. C. Barclay, 89, 15—74.

W. A. W. Stewart's Shrimp Wins.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., July 5.—For the second time in two days, W. A. W. Stewart's Shrimp was the winner in a Fish Class race over the inside course of the Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht Club. The race that the little craft won today was the first contest of the second series. It was sailed in a light, fluky breeze, from the southwest that hardly gave the craft steerage way. Commodore Ralph Ellis's Nahma was second.

NORTH SIDE DOUBLES TODAY

Richards and Behr to Meet Binzen and Henderson.

The final round of the North Side doubles championship will be played at the University Heights Tennis Club, 207th Street and Harlem River, this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Vincent Richards and Allen Behr, this year's Metropolitan and Manhattan champions, will face Elliott H. Binzen and Embree H. Henderson, who were runners-up in the recent invitation tournament of the Amackassin Club, Yonkers.

Richards is the holder of six national titles, while Binzen is the new North Side individual champion. The match is sure to attract a large gallery.

Kretts Double Winner on Links.

W. K. Kretts was a double winner yesterday on the links of the Wykagyl Country Club. He carried off the prize for a seventy-two holes medal play handicap event which began Friday and ended yesterday, with a score of 302. Two strokes behind him came H. W. Pratt, with 304. In a match play handicap against par Kretts scored his other success, leading the field two down to par.

ENGLISH BOXING DECLINES.

Unruly Conduct of Spectators Degrades Sport Abroad.

Boxing in England is in a precarious condition just now, according to latest exchanges from Great Britain. The greatest danger to the sport is said to be the unruly conduct of spectators in disapproving the referee's decisions on occasions. There is a concerted movement, also, for the abolition of the sport, and the foolish and unruly conduct of disgruntled spectators at boxing matches is regarded as aid to the opponents of boxing.

One of the exchanges has the following to say concerning the situation:

"The future of boxing—at any rate of professional boxing—largely depends on the conduct of its votaries. Opposition to public contests is even now being organized with certain guerrilla parsons and other professional 'wowsers,' who still believe that glove-fighting is a brutalizing business not only for the boxers themselves, but also for the spectators. These people hope to turn to account the forces of reaction to pacifism, which invariably follows a period of world-warfare.

VEGA LEADS THE GEMINI.

Wins Second of Championship Races at Manhasset Bay.

Special to The New York Times.

PORT WASHINGTON, L. I., July 5.—R. D'Oench, sailing the Vega, won the second of the series of races for the championship of the Star class of the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club this afternoon. The Vega crossed the finish line 1 minute and 24 seconds ahead of the Gemini, owned and sailed by R. M. Pirie. Five of the little yachts started, and a light breeze from the south compelled the winner to cover the six-mile course in almost two hours and a quarter.

The summary:

CHAMPIONSHIP RACE—STAR CLASS.

Start, 3:35. Course, 6 miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.	Finish. H.M.S.
Vega, R. D'Oench	5:48:08	2:13:08
Gemini, R. M. Pirie	5:49:32	2:14:32
Cynosure, H. P. Kingsbury	6:01:13	2:26:13
Orion, K. Thayer	6:02:29	2:27:29
Dione, G. Duerr	6:08:50	2:33:50

TERSE NEWS OF SPORTS IN TOWN AND OUT

Conference to Decide Date of Meet.

Athletic followers of the local district are awaiting the announcement of the date and place for holding the Metropolitan A. A. U. senior outdoor track and field championships. The Championship Committee has a meeting scheduled for Tuesday night, when disposition of the fixture will be made. New Jersey looms up as the likely choice of the committee. It is understood the committee has under consideration offers from Newark, Hoboken, and Elizabethport. Newark officials want to conduct the meet at Weequahic Park, while the Singer Employes' A. A. has applied for permission to hold the meet at Elizabethport. The committee also is considering conducting the games at Stevens Tech Field, Hoboken, where the junior games were held recently.

Western Golf Tourney at Cleveland.

This year's western open golf championship tournament is expected to surpass any previously held. The tournament will be conducted at the Mayfield Country Club, Cleveland, July 23 and 25, and will consist of seventy-two holes. The title was last won by Long Jim Barnes, professional at the Sunset Hills Club, St. Louis, who led the field in the 1917 tournament at the Westmoreland Club, Chicago, with a score of 283. No tournament was held last year.

Leonard to Fight White.

Benny Leonard, world's lightweight champion, and Charley White of Chicago will probably soon clash in a bout for the title. This was disclosed recently following a conference between the two boxers, their managers, and Tex Rickard at Toledo, Ohio. It is understood plans were discussed for promoting the bout in the arena where Jess Willard and Jack Dempsey boxed for the heavyweight title. Leonard and White are said to have agreed on terms for the bout.

Riverton Club to Hold Carnivals.

The Riverton Yacht Club is planning an active swimming season. Charles B. Duborow, Chairman of the club's Swimming Committee, has arranged for a series of aquatic carnivals, the first of which will be held July 12, when swimmers of national reputation will compete in several events ranging from 50 yards up to 500 yards. Teddy Cann, Hal Vollmer and Leo Giebel, all of the New York A. C., are among those who have entered for the races. Miss Elizabeth Bleibtry, Miss Charlotte Boyle, Miss Josephine Bartlett, Miss Eileen Riggin and Miss L. Brown are some of the leading women swimmers who will compete.

Harley to Return to Ohio State.

The football outlook at Ohio State University has taken a decided bound with the prospect of the return of Chick Harley, regarded as one of the best half backs developed in Western colleges since the days of Billy Heston. Harley, a Lieutenant in aviation, recently went to Camp Grant at Rockford, Ill., for his honorable discharge from the service. He plans to return to Ohio State in the Fall and will be eligible for the gridiron eleven. When he played with the Buckeyes two years ago Harley was the most important factor on the team with his kicking, running, and forward passing. With Harley's return Ohio State is expected to make a strong bid to retrieve the lost Conference Championship.

Notre Dame's Finances Firm.

The war's exigencies didn't make any inroads on the athletic finances of Notre Dame University, according to a recent announcement by Athletic Director Knute K. Rockne. The Notre Dame Athletic Association reported that while football returns were not up to the standard and the increased cost of paraphernalia militated against any profits from sports, nevertheless, there was no loss on the university's activities.

Preparing Harvard Stadium for Fall.

Work has already been started on the Harvard Stadium at Cambridge in preparation for next season's gridiron events. Denis Enright, veteran caretaker of Soldiers Field, is in charge of resodding the field, which at present is in poor condition, owing to the fact that the field was worn bare by the various military exhibitions and other contests held there during the war. Percy Haughton and Leo Leary will render all possible assistance to Head Coach Robert T. Fisher during the coming football season. Among other coaches that will be sought are Derric Permenter, Paul Withington, Richard Wigglesworth, Malcolm Logan, Gilbert Browne, Huntington Hardwick, Harry Dadmun, and William Snow. Edward Casey of Natick is slated for the captaincy, but the election will not take place until the Fall.

Baseball Game Between Local Clubs.

The New York A. C. and Crescent A. C. baseball teams will clash at Travers Island, the Winged Foot country grounds, July 20. Great rivalry exists between the two clubs.

Large Entry for Boxing Contest.

Many entries have been received in the three classes for the New York A. C.'s amateur boxing tournament to be conducted tomorrow night. Another tournament is scheduled for July 21.

Chinese Athlete at Wisconsin.

Wisconsin University has among its students a Chinese athlete who has shown promising ability in track and field sports. He is H. H. Hsieh, who was sent to this country by the Chinese Government to be educated. Hsieh has returned impressive performances in running races.

Jap Billiard Pro Tours Country.

Koji Yamada, Japanese professional billiardist, who lives in San Francisco when he is not touring the country in exhibition matches, has joined the ranks of benedicts. Yamada was recently married to his childhood sweetheart, Miss Tumika Matsumota. The Oriental cue wielder will take his bride on a honeymoon trip to this section of the country.

Chicago to Open Stadium.

Chicago's Stadium in Grant Park will be officially opened August 16 with what is expected to be the greatest relay carnival ever conducted in Chicago. Everett C. Brown, former A. A. U. President, who was one of the hardest workers for the stadium, is in charge of arranging the program and is planning a comprehensive card of events. Mr. Brown also has started a movement to bring the Olympic Games of 1924 to Chicago.

SHELTON TO ACT AS SCOUT.

Former Quarter Back of W. Va. U. Will Have Observer's Role.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., July 5.—Andrew Kemper Shelton, W. Va. U., '09, under whose leadership the Mountaineer baseball team has won twenty-eight games, lost seven, and tied one in the last two years, has been added to the football coaching staff for this Fall and will assist Coaches McIntire and Fuller chiefly as scout. West Virginia has made a practice of sending duly accredited scouts to watch the play of important opponents in their big games which precede those with the Mountaineers, and it is expected that in this rôle Shelton will be a star. On his return from witnessing these games he will give the formations of opponents to the second squad, which will "try them out" against the 'Varsity.

Shelton is recognized as the best quarter back who ever wore the Old Gold and Blue of West Virginia. He played here in the seasons of 1907 and 1908 when the teams were strong and when good records were made, and was a star in every department, and especially at advancing the ball. He was also a baseball player of note at the university and had six or seven years' successful professional experience before returning here last Spring to coach the nine.

TRACK MEET FOR K. OF C.

Victory Games Are to be Held at Celtic Park.

Entry blanks are now being sent to the various clubs of the metropolitan district for the coming victory games of the Long Island Chapter, Knights of Columbus, which are to take place at Celtic Park, Laurel Hill, July 20.

Events open to athletes affiliated with the A. A. U. are 100-yard dash, handicap; 300-yard dash, handicap; 2-mile run, handicap; 1,000-yard run, handicap; 880-yard run, novice; 1-mile relay race.

The Connellan mile invitation scratch, special trophy for this event to become permanent property of athlete winning same three times. Events closed to councils of the Knights of Columbus, Long Island Chapter.

Inter-council medley race, handicap, 1⅛ miles, four-man teams; 100-yard dash, handicap; 600-yard run, handicap. Entries close Saturday, July 12, 1919, with Anderson Sporting Goods Company, Room 58, 16 Court Street, Brooklyn; William Farrell, 90 Penn Street, Brooklyn; J. J. McAuley, 81 Huron Street, Brooklyn; Dieges & Clust, 15 John Street, New York City.

The entire proceeds of the games will be used for the maintenance of the Long Island Chapter Hospital Bed Fund and Free Employment Bureau. Dancing will follow the games.

GIEBEL TAKES NEW TITLE.

Wins 880-Yard Swimming Championship in 13.18.

Drawing away steadily from a field of three other swimmers and winning as he pleased, Leo Giebel, the metropolitan 500-yard and ten-mile champion, added the 880-yard title to his string at the Atlantic Yacht Club yesterday. The event was the feature of the swimming end of the aquatic victory celebration arranged by the Sea Gate organization. Giebel won by a good twenty yards from John Noonan, the Navy champion, who also is a member of the New York Athletic Club. Clarence Ross, the Erasmus Hall High School star, finished third, ten yards astern of Noonan. The time was 13:18.

The summary:

880-Yard Metropolitan Championship Swim for Men.—Won by Leo Giebel, New York A. C.; John Noonan, New York A. C., second; Clarence Ross, New York A. C., third. Time—13:18.

Fancy Diving, Metropolitan Championship for Men.—Won by Fred Stogburg, New York A. C., with 129.2 points; second, Rudolph Saacke, New York A. C., with 121.5 points; third, Thomas Hirchfield, City A. C., with 118.1 points; fourth, Thomas McKee, New York A. C., with 117.9 points.

110-Yard Swim—(Handicap for Men.)—Won by Henry Gebel, New York A. C., (9 seconds handicap); second, Kenneth Sutherland, unattached, (7 seconds handicap); third, John Curran, New York A. C., (10 seconds handicap). Time—1:11 1-5.

Fancy Diving—(Handicap for Women.)—Won by Miss Alice Lord, 24 points handicap, with 95.32 points; second, Miss Katherine Brown, 33 points handicap, with 93.3 points; third, Mrs. Bertha Tomkins, 10 points handicap, with 87.44 points. All members of the Women's Swimming Club.

Donohue Leads Field of Golfers.

F. E. Donohue led the Class A sweepstakes field in a morning round yesterday on the links of the Montclair Golf Club with a card of 78, 8—70. Class B laurels went to H. B. Campbell, whose card showed 91, 20—71. In the afternoon the Class A winner was Paul Harrison with 78, 5—73. In Class B W. T. Smith returned the best card at 93, 18—75. J. Hodgson carried off the Class A prize for the best selected score in thirty-six holes with 71, 3—68. Class B prize went to C. B. Harrison with 91, 11—80. H. B. Campbell won the Trustees' Cup, which was competed for over thirty-six holes. His first card was 91, 20—71, and his second showed 92, 20—72.

EAST MEETS WEST AT NET THURSDAY

Leaders of Country in Tennis Gather for Matches at Cincinnati.

The American centre of tennis shifts this week from the metropolitan district to the Middle West, with no more local fixtures of prime importance until the topnotchers gather again at Seabright near the end of the month. The big event of the week is the East vs. West team match at Cincinnati, beginning Thursday, in which each section of the country will be represented by half a dozen of its leading players. Some of the Eastern representatives will probably stop off at Pittsburgh to take part in the Western Pennsylvania championship, which is now in progress, and the entire aggregation is fairly sure to proceed to Chicago later for the national clay court championship, beginning at the South Side Tennis Club July 14. Meanwhile there is also the Central States tournament at St. Louis, with S. Howard Voshell of Brooklyn figuring as the present title holder.

The New York State championship will again be decided at the Ya[illegible] Club, Utica, N. Y., and entries close with Edwin Fuller Torrey, Box 146, Clinton, N. Y., on July 15, the tournament opening on the following day and continuing through an entire week. Ichiya Kumagae is the present champion, and judging by his recent defeat of William T. Tilden, 2d, in the Great Lakes event, it will be a difficult matter to dethrone him. The Woodmere Club of Woodmere, L. I., announces an open tournament for men during the same week, and on July 21 the famous Longwood singles and New England sectional doubles begin in Boston, entries closing with Edwin Sheafe at the Longwood Cricket Club, July 19. For the next few days there will still be some tennis at Pleasantville, in the Eastern New York event, but the attention of the fans will be directed chiefly toward Cincinnati and Chicago.

On paper, the East-West match would seem a walkover for the racquet swingers from the Atlantic Coast. William M. Johnston of California, national champion in 1915, is the only Westerner of undeniable topclass, and as he has been for a year in the navy, with limited tournament experience since his discharge, his game will be a doubtful quantity. Samuel Hardy and Ralph H. Burdick are recognized players of high rank, the latter being placed last year in Class 5, just outside the "first ten," and the former in Class 6, at No. 16. But beyond these three the West has no representatives capable, according to past performances, of giving the Easterners a battle. Axel Gravem, who was last season a Sergeant in the United States Army, appeared in the national championship at Forest Hills, but was beaten by Lyle E. Mahan in straight sets in the first round. A. L. Green, Jr., and Robert Kinsey, who complete the Western team, do not exist so far as national tennis records are concerned. Such stars as Maurice McLoughlin, T. C. Bundy, John Strachan, Walter T. Hayes, and Roland Roberts are conspicuous by their absence.

On the other hand, the East will be represented by both the national champion, Robert Lindley Murray, and the runner-up of last season, William T. Tilden, 2d, with the latter probably heading the list because of the high quality of his play this year. The third man will be Ichiya Kumagae, who has beaten both Tilden and Murray this season, but is rated below them officially. After the Japanese star comes S. Howard Voshell, Metropolitan, Bronx County, Long Island, and Central States champion, with a few more titles besides that are not worth mentioning. Wallace F. Johnson of Philadelphia, the leading exponent of the chop-stroke, is fifth on the list, and the youthful prodigy, Vincent Richards, holder of four senior and two junior national titles, completes the team. The Eastern combinations for doubles will be Tilden and Richards, national title holders, indoors and outdoors; Voshell and Johnson, and Murray and Kumagae. The teaming of the Westerners has not been announced, but will scarcely make an impression on such strong combinations. Even without former champion Richard Norris Williams, Walter Merrill Hall, Frederick B. Alexander, or Nathaniel W. Niles, the Eastern team would seem to be an unbeatable array of tennis talent. But past performances do not always count in this most uncertain of games, and it may be that some of the unknown Westerners are merely lying in wait to spring a sensational surprise. In any case, there will probably be another intersectional match later in the season, when both East and West can produce their full strength, and any decision rendered at Cincinnati this week must be considered merely tentative.

LEANDER CREW WINS.

Defeats American Shell in English Cup Race.

HENLEY, July 5, (By Associated Press.)—The Leander Rowing Club defeated the American first crew in the final for the Leander Cup here today. Leander was one and one-half lengths ahead at the finish, the time being 7 minutes 45 seconds. The race took place in a downpour of rain.

Rowing forty strokes to the Americans' thirty-seven, the Leander crew was nearly clear at the quarter-mile post and increased its lead to a length and a half at the halfway mark, which was maintained to the three-quarter post. The Americans then gained half a length through a spurt, but Leander made a great effort near the finish and overcame this.

Wilson, rowing in the American boat, was weak from a fever which he suffered yesterday.

In the Leander Cup elimination heat rowed between the American first crew and the New Zealand army crew, the latter, rowing a faster stroke, was half a length ahead at the quarter-mile. The Americans took the lead at three-quarters of a mile and, although rowing a slower stroke, gradually forged ahead. The Americans, threatened by the indifferent steering of the New Zealand boat, were compelled to give way, but straightened out in the last fifty yards, the crew winning a great race by one and one-fourth lengths.

ORIOLES SPRINTING AWAY.

Dunn Has Gathered Another Strong Club at Baltimore.

With the long lead the Baltimore Orioles have gathered it looks as if Manager Jack Dunn is going to make another great spurt, as he did a few years ago when he practically tow-roped his field.

Back in 1914, when the Federal League invaded Baltimore, Jack Dunn banded together an aggregation of baseball players that went out and ran away from other International League teams in the fight for the pennant. Many of the players Jack had on his payroll at that time are today stars in the major leagues. It was in 1914 that Dunn dug up Babe Ruth. The Baltimore team was hailed as the best minor league club ever gotten together. When Independence Day rolled around the Birds had the pennant race sewed up, and it was declared on all sides that the Orioles couldn't possible lose the flag. But Baltimore fans gave Jack and his team the cold shoulder. Their sympathies were with the Feds and, as a result, Dunn was compelled to get rid of his star players. Dunn's team then started to slide and finished the season in sixth place with a percentage of .483, having won seventy-two games and lost seventy-seven.

EASTERN NEW YORK STATE TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP OPENS WITH NEARLY 100 PLAYERS ENTERED

CHAMBERS BEATEN AS NET PLAY OPENS

Yields to Croley in First Round of Eastern New York Tennis Tourney.

ANDERSON'S ADVANCE FAST

Disposes of Three Opponents—Many Private Courts Used for Contests.

With the Mount Pleasant Tennis Club as its headquarters, but with nearly every private court in Westchester County requisitioned for the occasion, the Eastern New York State championship got under way yesterday at Pleasantville, N. Y., and the big list of nearly one hundred entries was rapidly cut down, in spite of tropical weather, by the intelligent and forceful methods of the local tournament committee.

Interesting matches abounded on the opening day, one of the earliest of the first-round encounters bringing together Charles Chambers, former Brooklyn champion, and Leon Croley of Yonkers. The latter won after a stirring three-set battle, in which superior condition was really the deciding factor. Chambers was at no time lacking in strokes, both offensive and defensive, and sailed through the opening set in impressive fashion for a 6—3 victory. But with Croley coming more and more strongly, he found it impossible to keep up the fast pace in the noon-day heat, and the match was soon squared by an identical score. Chambers still had splendid control of his shots in the rubber, but lacked the physical strength to put the necessary speed into his returns. His wrist refused to give the proper "top" and carrying power to his hook-drive, and the ball found the net with increasing frequency off his racquet. Croley maintained his steady play, and by converting every set-up into a point and profiting by the mounting errors of his opponent, he eventually claimed the match with a 6—4 session.

Fox Surprises Tobey.

A surprise came in the easy defeat of Allen Tobey in straight sets by J. W. Fox, the new champion of Nassau and Queens Countries. There was a misunderstanding as to the score in the opening set, but after this had been adjusted and an umpire appointed the Harlem Club star sailed through to a speedy triumph, the brilliancy of Tobey's strokes having no terror for his steady mid-court game.

A. Von Bernuth's elimination of J. H. Steinkampf in straight sets was also unexpected, the loser going scoreless in the opener and collecting only three games in the second session. The Columbia man was too steady for Steinkampf, who has had little opportunity for tennis this season and has practically limited his game to doubles.

Harold Throckmorton, the New Jersey champion, had a hard time getting past the strong game of George Garbe, who astonished the ranking star by taking the second set from him at 7—5 and running the rubber to the same score before admitting defeat. Throckmorton was erratic, but his opponent played sterling tennis and earned a good percentage of his points.

The big hero of the day, however, was the veteran, Fred G. Anderson, of Kings County, who won three hard matches, two of which went the limit of sets, and advanced thereby to the fourth round. The old Long Island champion was already calling on his reserve strength in pulling out a three-set victory over H. G. Benedict in the morning hours. Later he was carried to 10—8 by C. H. Boocock in the second set of their encounter, and finally he had to go through three more sessions before disposing of Fred Pianisani. The latter had previously gone through a hard three-set match against Sigmund Spaeth, winning at 6—4, 1—6, 7—5, with a smaller but better distributed total of games. Pianisani's opening victory was over B. Landay, whom he eliminated with surprising ease in straight sets, while Spaeth scored at the start over W. A. Bradley, the old club champion.

Behr Wins Two Matches.

Allen Behr, although arriving late, put two victories to his credit, his second victim being George S. Groesbeck. Paul Martin also scored twice, his defeat of A. J. Ostendorf being particularly commendable. Others to reach the fourth round were Frank Fall and J. W. Fox, the latter easily eliminating H. R. Mulford, who had achieved a surprising victory over Fred Letson, the recent conqueror of F. C. Inman. P. L. Kynaston made the late stayers sit up with amazement over his impressive, straight-set defeat of Dr. William Rosenbaum, and H. W. Forster added to his laurels with a similar triumph over Leon Croley. Gerald Emerson put himself into the running by winning a hard match from H. R. Hathaway, who had previously out-guessed that stubborn driver, F. P. Adams, in two scintillant sets. The doubles begin today.

The summaries:

Eastern New York State Championship.—Singles. — First Round — Fred Letson defeated George M. Wheeler, 6—3, 6—3; H. B. Mulford defeated Richards Bradley, 6—1, 6—1; Allen Tobey won from Jerry Lange by default; J. W. Fox won from Dr. George King by default; Fred G. Anderson defeated H. S. Benedict, 7—5, 5—7, 9—7; C. H. Boocock defeated R. Raymond, 8—6, 6—2; Sigmund Spaeth defeated W. F. Bradley, 7—5, 6—1; Fred Pianisani defeated B. Landau, 6—3, 6—2; Leon Croley defeated Charles Chambers, 3—6, 6—3, 6—4; H. W. Forster defeated C. A. Gammons, 6—1, 6—1; Harold Hastings defeated R. V. Lake, 6—1, 6—3; A. von Bernuth defeated J. H. Steinkampf, 6—0, 6—3; W. H. Pritchard won from H. H. Manchester by default; L. A. Coffin, Jr., defeated B. W. Stair, 6—2, 6—4; Henry H. Bassford defeated C. A. Anderson, 6—0, 6—3; W. J. Toussaint won from E. H. Henderson by default; T. Whitall won from F. W. Elmendorf by default; A. J. Ostendorf won from S. W. Merrihew by default; W. O. Schmelke defeated Donald Stralem, 6—1, 6—1; Paul Martin won from Vincent Richards by default; J. D. Ewing defeated B. J. McClure, 6—3, 6—1; Harry Sachs defeated W. E. Houghton, Jr., 7—5, 6—0; Francis T. Hunter defeated C. S. Jamison, 6—0, 6—0; F. T. Osgood defeated C. C. May, 1—6, 6—4, 6—1; H. D. Ewing defeated J. M. Read, 6—1, 6—3; W. H. Benedict defeated F. M. Bundy, 9—7, 6—3; Gerald Emerson won from H. Wieselthier by default; H. R. Hathaway defeated F. P. Adams, 6—2, 6—3; W. J. Rose won from A. Bassford, Jr., by default; Allen Behr won from E. H. Binzen by default; G. S. Groesbeck won from R. J. Sommer by default; Arthur Cave won from Harry Brunie by default; Louis Bry won from K. Stoddard, 6—0, 6—2; Dr. B. F. Drake defeated C. H. Low, 6—2, 6—4.

Second Round—W. R. McCarroll won from G. R. McLean by default; J. Beaver won from J. Smith by default; Harold Throckmorton defeated G. O. Garbe, 6—3, 5—7, 7—5; J. J. Mooyer defeated Philip Ives, 6—1, 6—1; Kenneth Ives won from H. B. O'Boyle by default; P. L. Kynaston defeated R. D. Golden, 6—0, 6—4; L. Lamb, Jr., defeated A. H. Frey, 7—5, 8—6; Alex Iler won from M. H. Soper by default; H. R. Mulford defeated Fred Letson, 6—2, 2—6, 6—3; J. W. Fox defeated Allen Tobey, 6—4, 6—2; F. G. Anderson defeated C. H. Boocock, 6—2, 10—8; F. Pianisani defeated S. Spaeth, 6—4, 1—6, 7—5; H. W. Forster defeated L. Croley, 7—5, 6—1; A. Von Bernuth defeated H. Hastings, 6—3, 3—6, 6—2; L. A. Coffin, Jr., won from W. H. Prichard by default; A. J. Ostendorf defeated T. Whitall, 6—1, 6—3; P. Martin defeated W. O. Schmelke, 8—6, 7—5; J. D. Ewing defeated H. Sachs, 0—6, 9—7, 6—4; F. T. Hunter defeated F. T. Osgood, 6—2, 6—2; W. H. Benedict defeated H. D. Ewing, 6—1, 6—4; G. Emerson defeated H. R. Hathaway, 4—6, 6—3, 6—2; Allen Behr defeated W. J. Rose, 6—0, 6—1; G. S. Groesbeck defeated Arthur Vave, 6—3, 6—4; B. H. Arnold defeated J. Feeter, 6—0, 6—1; Frank Fall defeated C. Leonard, 1—6, 6—3, 6—3; Kenneth Ives defeated A. L. Bruuneau, 6—3, 8—6; T. Moore won from C. Clarkson by default; C. T. Woodford won from W. M. Fischer by default; H. L. Bowman won from Catesby Jones by default.

Third Round—J. Beaver won from W. R. McCarroll by default; P. L. Kynaston defeated Dr. William Rosenbaum, 6—4, 6—2; A. Behr defeated G. S. Groesbeck, 6—2, 6—1; Lowell Lamb, Jr., won from A. Iler by default; J. W. Fox defeated H. R. Mulford, 6—0, 6—2; Fred G. Anderson defeated F. Pianisani, 6—1, 3—6, 6—4; Frank Fall defeated B. Sheridan, 2—6, 6—2, 6—1; Paul Martin defeated A. J. Ostendorf, 7—5, 6—3; H. L. Bowman won from C. T. Woodford by default.

Some of the Thoroughbreds Which Have Made Turf History During the Local Racing Season.

BONNIE MARY-ENSOR
JOCKEY JOHNNY LOFTUS
LUCULLITE-TAPLIN
EDDIE RICKENBACKER—TROXLER.
ETERNAL-SHUTTENGER.
THE BROOK-KENNEDY
PHOTOS BY J. K. CULLEN

TROMPE LA MORT AGAIN HOME FIRST

Wins Second Race of Week, Outfooting Lanius and Hollister in the Brookdale.

For the second time this week, Joseph E. Widener's imported chestnut colt Thompe La Mort flashed in as the winner of a good race at the Queens County Jockey Club meeting, when he captured the feature of the card yesterday. The long established Brookdale Handicap, at one mile and a furlong, was the race. Its value was $3,600 to the victor.

G. D. Widener's imported Lanius finished second, and another importation, the favorite, A. K. Macomber's Hollister, was third. As when he won on last Tuesday, at seven furlongs, good odds were laid against Trompe La Mort. The name means death cheater, but this week he has saved many a backer's life, and this time the colt was at 4 to 1.

The supporters of Hollister and Lanius were confident that Trompe La Mort does not fancy a distance and could win only in the sprinting division. Fairbrother, although he had the top weight of 121 pounds, was quickest at the barrier, but he took a steadying pull on Trompe La Mort, while Salvestra opened up a lead of a half length, attended by Hollister.

Trompe La Mort was let out a bit at the half-mile pole, and as Salvestra had shot her bolt and was done for, he went through to the lead. Hollister did not rate along with Trompe La Mort, and the Widener colt opened up a lead of three lengths at three-quarters. At the mile Trompe La Mort was leading by two lengths and running under wraps, but Hollister had only the advantage of a neck on Lanius, who was making a belated run.

It was a ding-dong finish between the two through the last furlong, Loftus making a whipping finish on Lanius, while Fairbrother, who had Trompe La Mort on the rails, rode him out desperately but without resorting to whip or spur. Trompe La Morte was first by a nose, while Lanius finished a length and a half ahead of Hollister, third. The time was not very fast, 1:50 2-5, which is a second slower than the record.

In the Tremont Stakes, the Glen Riddle Farms' big chestnut colt, Man o' War, shouldered the impost of 130 pounds and made a runaway race of it. Off in the lead, Loftus kept him in front all the way, increasing the advantage to nearly two lengths at the head of the stretch. Here Ral Parr's Ralco, which had been running second, drew up somewhat, but Man o' War was never forced to unlimber his guns, and won sailing away by a length. R. F. Carman's Ace of Aces, the added starter, was never in the hunt.

The Brook dodged the steeplechase, as the topweight of 173 looked too much of a burden to tote for two miles and a half, so the field was limited to three. His plural, Brooks, J. E. Davis's big brown gelding, had 150 pounds up and ran as a colt throughout. First at the start, he led by eight lengths at the mile. Nicklaus took a restraining hold during the second mile, as the other two, of whom Belle o' the Sea was now second and Royal Arch third, were plainly very tired. Brooks won as he pleased by four or five lengths. The time, 4:58, was announced as a track record for the distance, but the old-timers said this means little. The former mark was 5:03, made by Expansionist, on Nov. 10, 1916, but they pointed out that the course has since been entirely rearranged, and although now it has eighteen jumps, it is faster than the old course.

Brooks and Man o' War, at a prohibitive price, were the only favorites to win. In the first race the 7 to 1 Adele upset the wise ones, and in the two-year-old race W. H. Henry's Walk the Plank, the suggestively named chestnut gelding by Cock o' the Walk-Privateer, won by a head from Samuel Ross's Cormoran, at 18 to 5, while the favorite, Marmite, was all to the bad. Venal Joy bolted to the outer rail in this race and walked in.

A. L. Aste's Poilu, in his second start this season, was a strong favorite for the closing race. Poilu, however, did not raise a gallop. The finish was a gallop, on the other hand, for John E. Madden's imported three-year-old Courting Colors. He won by a length, the imported King Agrippa being second, a length and a half before Wilfred, third.

Mahopac Golf Club Anniversary.

The Mahopac Golf Club comes of age this month. On July 19, 1898, an informal meeting to consider organization of a golf club was held; on July 29, 1898, the club was formally organized; on February 3, 1899, it was incorporated; in the Summer of 1899 it commenced play on a nine-hole course laid out by Jack Bickary; in the Summer of 1900 it built its club house; in the same Summer a new nine-hole course was laid out by Tom Bendalow, using some of the old holes and creating some new ones. The club now has an eighteen-hole, six thousand-yard course, half of which it owns and half of which it leases.

HEAT MARS TROTTING MEET.

Eight Owners Refuse to Start Horses at Parkway Track.

The heat at the Parkway Track yesterday afternoon spoiled the matinee. Eight owners refused to start their horses, as they were afraid of the horses becoming unstruck.

Burdale, a bay colt by Bingara, won the opening heat by five lengths from Josephine B. and Sandy Anna in 2:24. As he came under the wire he pulled a shoe. Frank Hurley, his driver, had to withdraw the stepper. The race was later won by Sandy Anna in straight heats.

The summaries:

2:40 CLASS, TROTTING.

Sandy Anna, ro. f., by San Francisco; Small	2	1	1
Josephine B, b. f.; Aronson	3	2	2
Burdale, br. c.; Hurley	1	dr	

Time—2:24; 2:34; 2:32½.

2:20 CLASS, PACING.

The Ranger, blk. g.; Berseth	1	1
Wyomac, ch. g.; Kelly	2	2

Time—2:20; 2:19½.

SELL GLEN LIGHT FOR $3,000

One of Twenty Race Horses Sold at Auction at Aqueduct.

Twenty racehorses in training, the property of various owners, were sold by auction in the paddock at Aqueduct yesterday.

Prices ruled low. Imported Liberty Girl, a three-year-old filly by Neil Gow—Kirka, brought $1,150; Brynhild, a three-year-old filly by Imp. The Curragh—Fairy Sprite, brought $1,400, and Glen Light, also three years old, a chestnut colt by Imp. Glencairn—Lights Out, was bought for $3,000 by E. F. Whitney.

Aqueduct Summaries.

FIRST RACE.

For mares, three years old and upward; selling; purse $1,204.95. Six furlongs.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Adele, 4	107	Nolan	7-1	5-2	1^{5}
Marmite, 3	103	McAtee	2-1	4-5	2^{2}
Dottie Vandiver, 3	104	Wida	16-5	6-5	3^{1}
Keen Jane, 3	105	Ambrose	15-1	6-1	4
Ormonda, 3	109	Ryan	5-2	6-5	5
Nan Knoehr, 3	115	Loftus	15-1	6-1	6
Irene, 4	111	Ryan	25-1	10-1	7
Valerie West, 3	111	Erickson	7-1	5-2	8
Miss Bryn, 3	107	Corey	60-1	20-1	9
Madame Byng, 3	107	Collins	20-1	8-1	10

Time—1:12 4-5.

Start good for all but Ormonda; won easily. Adele, br. f., by Burgomaster-Elizabeth D.; owner, Curb Stable; trainer, J. J. Murphy. No bid for winner.

SECOND RACE.

The Glendale Steeplechase, for four-year-olds and upward; value $2,000. About two miles and a half.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Brooks, 6	150	Nicklaus	7-10	out	1^{8}
Belle o' the Sea, 4	133	Bush	4-1	7-10	2^{10}
Royal Arch, 4	138	Crawford	5-2	1-2	3

Time—4:58.

Start good; won easily. Brooks, br. g., by Leonid-Insolence; owner, J. E. Davis; trainer, M. Brady.

THIRD RACE.

The Tremont, for two-year-olds; value $6,000. Six furlongs.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Man o' War, 2	130	Loftus	1-10	out	1^{1}
Ralco, 2	115	Butwell	10-1	1-10	2^{15}
Ace of Aces, 2	112	Collins	40-1	3-1	3

Time—1:13.

Start good; won easily. Man o' War, ch. c., by Fair Play-Mahubah; owner, Glen Riddle Farm; trainer, L. Feustel.

FOURTH RACE.

The Brookdale Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; value $3,600. One mile and a furlong.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Trompe La Mort, 4	121	Fairbr'er	4-1	6-5	1^{no}
Lanius, 4	116	Loftus	9-2	7-5	$2^{1½}$
Hollister, 5	114	Buxton	17-10	3-5	3^{8}
Bondage, 5	98	Richcreek	9-2	3-2	4
Salvestra, 4	100	Erickson	7-1	2-1	5

Time—1:50 2-5.

Start good; won driving. Trompe La Mort, ch. c., by Verwood-Marsa; owner, J. E. Widener; trainer, T. Welsh.

FIFTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,204.95. Five furlongs.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Walk the Plank, 2	107	Ambrose	18-5	6-5	1^{h}
Cormoran, 2	107	Nolan	2-1	7-10	2^{5}
Ladylike, 2	104	Buxton	11-5	4-5	3^{5}
Barley Water, 2	104	Erickson	30-1	10-1	4
Marcelle M., 2	104	Corey	15-1	5-1	5
Acid Test, 2	102	Pierce	7-1	5-2	6
Venal Joy, 2	102	Seideman	25-1	10-1	*

*Bolted.

Time—1:01.

Start good; won driving. Walk the Plank, ch. g., by Cock o' the Walk-Privateer; owner and trainer, W. H. Henry.

SIXTH RACE.

For maiden three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,204.94. One mile.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Courting Colors, 3	98	Pierce	10-1	4-1	$1^{1½}$
King Agrippa, 4	110	Davies	18-5	6-5	2^{1}
Wilfreda, 3	93	Richcreek	9-2	2-1	3
Indian Spring, 3	93	Wida	20-1	8-1	4
Robin G'd'fellow, 5	108	Buxton	12-1	5-1	5
Joe Joe, 3	105	Pickens	30-1	10-1	6
Rarebird, 3	107	Mountain	40-1	15-1	7
Indiscreet, a	106	Corey	30-1	12-1	8
Poilu, 3	105	Walls	9-5	4-5	9
Princess Leo	105	Nolan	30-1	12-1	10
Searchlight III	103	Collins	20-1	8-1	11
Malice, 4	101	Erickson	50-1	20-1	12
Title, 3	98	Wessler	8-1	3-1	13
Nanette Flack, 3	93	Coltiletti	40-1	15-1	14

Time—1:40 4-5.

Start good; won driving. Courting Colors, imp., ch. g., by King William-Silver Grey; owner, J. E. Madden; trainer, W. S. Walker.

BONNIE MARY BEST OF SEASON'S FILLIES

Has Scored Victories in the Fashion, Juvenile, and Great American Stakes.

This week will mark the grand climax of the Queens County Jockey Club's meeting at the fast Aqueduct track, where the horses have been running so true and so speedily that the attendance has broken all records. However, this has been the case at every meeting this Spring, for a renaissance of the sport has set in with a force and power that has amazed even the most sanguine and optimistic of turf supporters. With the opening of the Empire City Jockey Club's meeting at Yonkers next Saturday, there will be a change of scene that will serve as an agreeable variation in environment until the time comes for the annual Summer exodus to beautiful Saratoga.

Aqueduct form has been faithful to the results at the earlier meetings and there has not been any upsetting of a popular idol to force a change of the ideals. There have been some newcomers, notably in the two-year-old races, which may have class enough to join in public regard with the earlier stars of the younger division, always the most attractive subject for speculation and conjecture among all who take an interest in racing. Possibly in Cobwebs, the chestnut filly by Broomstick-Morningside, which won the maiden race on Thursday last in a hand gallop and set the new track record of 0.57 2-5, two-fifths of a second below the old mark, H. P. Whitney has a youngster that will train on for greater achievements. Cobwebs, named after one of the Irish-bred polo ponies of Mr. Whitney's international team mounts, is certainly peerless in breeding. Cobwebs will strengthen Mr. Whitney's cards, for he has in Wildair, also by Broomstick, another performer of promise.

Brookholt Promising Colt.

Another two-year-old, recently graduated from the maiden class, which is expected to be a stake factor is Brookholt, a handsome chestnut colt by Ballot-Bracilla. Brookholt won in mud fetlock deep at Aqueduct, on June 27, beating a field of eleven. This colt, which is named after Alex. Smith Cochran's Long Island estate, was bred by John E. Madden and sold to Mr. Jones, an Oklahoma oil magnate, a short time ago. It is reported that in private work this colt has made some marvelously good performances, and, in the belief that a good one will show his class on any sort of a track, Brookholt was sent to the post despite the pleadings of some of Mr. Madden's friends that he was risking too much. He still has charge of Brookholt and took the precaution to put Johnny Loftus up. America's peerless jockey gave a fine ride to the colt and was in the van throughout, winning without having to touch Brookholt with whip or spur. Loftus, on whom Samuel D. Riddle and J. K. L. Ross have respectively first and second call this season, believes with the other critics that Brookholt is a colt of much future promise.

Bonnie Mary's Conquests.

In the Great American, on June 28, at Aqueduct, P. A. Clark's bay filly, Bonnie Mary, won on a cuppy track in time only one-fifth above the record, made by W. R. Coe's Terentia, with 112 up, in July of last year, over going that was lightning fast. Bonnie Mary toted 127 pounds on a holding course, which accentuates the merit of the performance. J. W. May's Head Over Heels, one of the season's stake winners, that has always broken from her fields with a big lead, could never shake off Bonnie Mary, which ran throughout with bulldog courage. In adding the Great American to her Belmont Park successes, the Fashion and the Juvenile stakes, Bonnie Mary established an undisputed claim to be thus far the queen of the season's fillies. She is bred in the purple, as the dam, Belgravia, is by Ben Brush, out of Bonnie Gal. Belgravia is a half sister of the dam of Disguise, which won the Jockey Club Stakes of 50,000 guineas in Great Britain and twenty years ago was the most famous horse there.

Taking up 126 pounds, Bonnie Mary lost to Mr. Whitney's Panoply, on July 4, and they will meet again at even weights this week at Aqueduct.

In the colt division the same high place has been gained by Samuel D. Riddle's chestnut colt Man o' War, winner of the Keene Memorial at Belmont Park and the Hudson States at Aqueduct. This son of Fair Play and Mahuboh was bought by Mr. Riddle at the auction sale of August Belmont's yearlings last Summer for $5,000. He is the best of the produce of Fair Play as yet to come to the races, with the possible exception of Stromboli. According to Jack Joyner, who developed Fair Play for Mr. Belmont, Man o' War is the perfect image of his daddy. He should inherit speed, for Fair Play, after the retirement of Colin, was the three-year-old champion of 1908.

One of the highly rated two-year-olds that has not as yet been sent to the races is J. W. McClelland's Hasten On, by Great Britain-Crystal Maid. He is well engaged for the future meetings and may be the star of the Summer and Fall. Great Britain is by The Commoner and Hasten On is bred in keeping with his good looks, for the dam, Crystal Maid, is by Hanover-Margarine. The latter a full sister to Rhoda B., dam of Orby, Richard Croker's English Derby winner, and the sire of Grand Parade, this year's Derby victor.

Sir Barton and Eternal.

While J. K. L. Ross's Sir Barton, by his victories at Louisville and Belmont Park, is undoubtedly the highest performer of the three-year-olds, the fine race revealed by James W. McClelland's Eternal, the brown son of Sweep and Hazel Burke, in the Brooklyn Handicap will keep many guessing as to the outcome when he next meets Sir Barton. Eternal is royally bred and a grand horse in conformation, the dame, Hazel Burke, being a granddaughter of Reclare, which was the dam of Tradition, second to Artful in the Futurity of 1904, beating Sysonsby, which finished third.

Eternal cost $2,000 at auction in 1917. He wintered at Bowie, and was developed by Kembold Patterson, who is a brother of the late Charles T. Patterson, developer of Ornament, Hamburg, and Omar Khayyam, and also of Rodman Patterson, who trains for Major Robert L. Gerry. Eternal won his maiden race at Aqueduct last July, then he went to Saratoga, where he won the $30,000 Hopeful Stakes. He was not eligible for the Futurity, and his next great achievement was at Laurel Park in October, when he beat Billy Kelly, the two-year-old sensation of the Saratoga meeting, in the $30 000 John R. McLean Memorial Cup match.

Eternal was beaten in the Kentucky Derby, Preakness and Withers, but in the latter two races he was second to Sir Barton. He was unplaced in the Latonia Derby, taken by Be Frank on a heavy track, but Eternal was all horse in the Brooklyn Handicap. He galloped home from the eleven starters, doing the mile and one-eighth in 1:49 4-5. John Odom, the timer, states freely that in his opinion if the wind had not been against Eternal on the home stretch he would have covered the route in 1:48 without trouble.

Purchase, Samuel C. Hildreth's two-year-old star last year, and second by three lengths to Eternal in the Brooklyn, is also one of the season's three-year-olds always to be considered, and at the coming meetings he may turn the tables on both Sir Barton and Eternal. At least his Long Island contingent swears that he will.

Lucullite the King.

Lucullite, son of Trap Rock and Lucky Lass, is the king of the all-aged division, without doubt. He was bred at August Belmont's Nursery Stud, and Trap Rock, his sire, is an own brother to Tracery, which was the racing wonder of 1913 in Great Britain. It is a fact not generally known that Mr. Belmont turned down an offer of $209,000 for Tracery from Lady James Douglas and later refused to place a price on him. Lucullite is a horse of great bulk and fine length and is the best ever sired by Trap Rock, and a better horse than his sire ever was.

Lucullite was the pick of the two-year-olds in the early part of 1917. At Saratoga, in August of that year, he was kicked by Rosie O'Grady, when skirmishing at the post for the Hopeful Stakes and one of the bones of his left hind leg was fractured. For two weeks splinters of bones worked out of the sore left by the impact of Rosie O'Grady's hoofs. He was not much use to Mr. Hildreth last Spring or Summer, but is now a grand horse in any company.

So much for some of the stars of the racing carnival that is drawing the attention of thousands daily to Aqueduct. There are no assurances that the list of champions may not gain accessions during the five days still left for the meeting. Among the stakes to be decided are the Borrow, for three-year-olds and upward, and the Iroquois, for three-year-olds, down for to-morrow; the Handspring, the Bramble and the Astoria, for two-year-old fillies, on Tuesday, in which Bonnie Mary will be penalized; the Campfire and the Gazelle, on Wednesday; the Dwyer Stakes on Thursday and the Myrtle on Friday. The meeting will close in a blaze of glory.

BEST TROTTERS TO RACE AT SYRACUSE

Arrangements Point to a Banner Harness Meeting During Week of State Fair.

With the plans that are now being made the harness horse races, which will be a big feature of the New York State Fair at Syracuse during the week of Sept. 8 to 13, promise to be a sensation in the trotting world. The entries forecast a record race week, and the early closing events have a bumper entry list of the best horses.

A real race of the sidewheel brigade will be seen in The Syracuse, the $3,000 stake for 3:10 pacers, for which there are nineteen named. Every horse named is training well and is counted on as having a chance to win. Near the top of the list is Betty Blacklock, by Blacklock 2:04¼, the entry of Mr. Geers. Betty came to him last Fall after the season was ended in the North to get a little post-graduate work in his hands. She turned her score card in one day with a mile in 2:07, which was good enough to convince Mr. Geers that she was stake material.

The next one that has come a long ways to be heard is Captain Mack, 2:05, by The Bondsman. The Captain was raced in the far Northwest last Fall, where he was considered the best of the pacers eligible to classes as slow as the 2:10 pace. His reputation was so good when the season closed that Fred Cline, the Indianapolis pacing horse judge, hastened to the West and paid $5,000 for him.

One regarded as the probable winner is the bay gelding Direct C. Burnett, 2:07¼, but eligible to the 2:10 pace. He is a Western product, although his sire Direct Hal, 2:04¼, the unbeaten son of Direct, 2:05½, was owned in New York at Wellsville by Cobb Bros., who have been prominent in the harness-horse field for many years. The Burnett pacer was second over a half-mile track last year to Coleen, 2:04¼, in 2:07¼, and never paced a disappointing race. He was one of the show horses at the record meeting held at Poughkeepsie June 14, when a number of colts were marked, and in company with Directum J., 2:01¼, the Burnett pacer was trained for the entertainment of the visitors.

In the entry list appears the name of Frank Dewey, 2:03½, owned by John H. Farnum of Boston. The Dewey pacer won a heat at Readville, Mass., last Summer, making his present record, and Cox has said that he is the best pacer and the best racehorse in the Bingen family, from which he hails. He is training ideally over at Dover, N. H., where the man from Manchester, N. H., lives, trains, and seeks enjoyment from the world.

The next name is that of Harper, 2:05¾, by McEwen, which fell into bad company a couple of seasons ago and went on a ringing tour under the name he now carries. He formerly raced under the name of Highland Mac, and was a good horse, and should have raced under his right name and right class as long as he was able to face the starter. But Harper was fortunate, after all, so he fell to the ownership of one of New York's honorable sportsmen, Eugene D. Scribner of Gloversville, N. Y., who owns him now and in whose colors he will race at the State Fair.

Hollyrood Billy, Irish Voter, Jeannie Castle, and Kathleen Gale are the next quartet on the program. Kathleen Gale has a "dark night trail" down at Lexington, Ky., last Fall, and she may be the really and truly dark horse. She is owned by George F. Fitch of Hamilton, Ont. Jeannie Castle is owned by the estate of the late W. P. Murray of Cleveland, Ohio, is trained by Mayor B. O. Shank of North Randall, Ohio, who is not prone to go away from home with one that has little if any chance in the horserace.

Monday's Entries.

FIRST RACE.—Selling; for three-year-olds and upward; six and a half furlongs. Housemaid, 117 pounds; Thos. F. McMahon, 100; Apple Jack 2nd, 103; *Osgood, 95; Master Karma, 110; Overmatch, 110; Aunt Dinah, 95; *Goldvale, 90; Scotch Verdict, 105; Jack Leary, 105; *Paddy, 108; Torchbearer, 122; *Sweeplet, 90; Orderly, 115; Manoevre, 100; Court Gallant, 103; Favor, 110; *Uncle's Lassie, 95; Sedan, 110; Unwise Child, 95; Ting a Ling, 115; Hubbub, 110; Poacher, 118; Billie B., 115; Nightstick, 122; Right Angle, 112; *Cobalt Lass, 103; Happy Valley, 110.

SECOND RACE.—Claiming; for three-year-old and upward, one mile and a sixteenth. Malice, 103 pounds; *Gala Dress, 98; Buckboard, 113; *Alma B., 108; *King John, 113; Harwood, 2d, 115; Goaler, 108; G. M. Miller, 115; Tapageur, 108; *Tie Pin, 108; *Mountain Rose, 113.

THIRD RACE.—The Borrow Handicap; selling; for three-year-olds and up; one mile and a sixteenth. *Belle Mahone, 110 pounds; Ticket, 116; African Arrow, 114; Game Cock, 112; Marchesa 2d, 105; Daddy's Choice, 114; Snapdragon 2nd, 119; Kilts 2nd, 122; *Lord Herbert, 105; Frederick the Great, 114; Tenons Bon, 119; Air Man, 114.

FOURTH RACE.—The Iroquois Handicap; for three-year-olds; one mile. Leading Star, 117; Chasseur, 108; Thunderclap, 117; Blairgowrie, 108; Duchess Lace, 108; Natural Bridge, 112.

FIFTH RACE.—Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Millrace, 108 pounds; Lucius, 118; Comme Ci, 108; *Sunny Hill, 108; *Zinnia, 103; Charles Francis, 115; *Mary Belle, 111; Sasin, 115; Paddy Dear, 118; Stitch in Time, 103; *Plurenzi, 95; John I. Day, 108.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; six furlongs. Teacher's Pet, 112 pounds; Le Glorieux, 115; Furlough, 115; Ace of Aces, 115; Captain Alcock, 115; Anzac, 115; American Boy, 115; Gladiator, 115; Sir Clarence, 115; Midian, 115; Eastern Glow, 112; La Ramblee, 112; Pointex, 115.

*Apprentice allowance.

Note.—The second race of regular program failed to fill; the fifth race received 23 entries, was divided and will be run as the second and fifth races.

Peckinpaugh and Cravath Still Leading Major League Batsmen

Yankee Shortstop, Showing No Let-Up in Heavy Hitting, Has Mark of .382—Pirates First Team to Steal 100 Bases.

Roger Peckinpaugh of the Yankees, showing no marked let-up in his heavy hitting, continues to lead the American League batsmen with the high average of .382. Peckinpaugh also is the leading rungetter of his league with 46 runs. Sam Rice of the Senators holds the distinction of having made the greatest number of safe hits, 75, while Doc Johnston of the Indians remains at the head of the base runners with 18 thefts.

Eddie Cicotte of the White Sox has displaced Herb Thormahlen of the Yankees, who had the best winning percentage among the pitchers when last week's averages were compiled. Cicotte is in front, but he is being crowded by Bob Shawkey of the Yankees, with Thormahlen next in line. Jack Quinn and Ernie Shore of the Yankees also are among the front runners.

Peckinpaugh established a season's record for consecutive hitting on Wednesday when he got a hit off Jim Shaw, this being the twenty-first consecutive game in which Peck had batted safely. Babe Ruth previously went through twenty games without a break.

Another Yankee to do some record making during the week was Bob Shawkey, who won his ninth straight game on Monday and his tenth straight on Friday. On the latter day Peck ran his hitting streak up to its twenty-fourth game.

In the National League Gavvy Cravath continues to be the hitting king, though the Philadelphia veteran has taken a drop during the past week. He had a mark of .376, including the games of July 3.

Ivy Olson has scored the most runs, 28, and also punched out the most hits, 77. Carson Bigbee has stolen the most bases, 19. Dubuc, Mitchell, and Bailey are in a tie for the leading pitcher; each has three wins and nary a lose. Causey, Adams, Barnes, Douglas, and Vaughn have each won nine games.

The Pirates, living up to their name, were the first major club to steal 100 bases this year; they pilfered their century on July 2 off the Cards.

Ed Konetchy probably set a modern record for consecutive hitting by banging out ten hits in ten straight times at bat. Koney began his streak last Saturday by getting three hits off the Phillies; in his next game he rammed out five hits in as many trips to the plate, and in the next game, on July 1, Ed shot out hits his first two times up for a total of ten straight base hits; he is the fifth player to garner five hits in one game this year in the National League.

Following are the records up to July 3, inclusive:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Batting Averages.

Player and Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	SB.	PC.
Northrup, Boston	11	9	1	4	0	.444
Thorpe, Boston	21	56	7	23	4	.411
Ames, St. L.	13	5	0	2	0	.400
Cravath, Phila.	53	170	30	64	5	.376
Young, N. Y.	57	221	31	75	16	.340
Southworth, Pitts.	45	156	24	50	15	.321
Williams, Phila.	45	181	28	58	6	.320
Roush, Cin.	56	207	28	66	6	.319
Burns, N. Y.	58	216	35	68	14	.315
Wingo, Cin.	33	90	13	31	3	.313
Konetchy, Bklyn.	60	220	22	68	7	.309
Holke, Boston	56	208	19	64	8	.308
Meusel, Phila.	53	201	22	62	9	.307
Z. Wheat, Bklyn.	62	247	34	74	6	.307
Hornsby, St. L.	61	222	30	68	7	.306
Clemens, St. L.	35	85	7	26	1	.306
Deal, Chicago	48	164	16	50	1	.305
Shotton, St. L.	52	194	25	59	14	.304
Kauff, N. Y.	58	214	31	65	6	.304
Doyle, N. Y.	55	207	36	63	9	.304
Griffith, Bklyn.	58	232	32	70	2	.302
Myers, Bklyn.	56	212	28	64	4	.302
Killifer, Chicago	44	133	7	40	3	.301
Stengel, Pitts.	60	226	29	67	11	.297
Bancroft, Phila.	2	37	9	11	3	.297
Olson, Bklyn.	62	260	38	77	14	.296
Cutshaw, Pitts.	61	221	29	65	16	.295
McHenry, St. L.	39	109	14	32	1	.294
Bigbee, Pitts.	55	208	27	61	19	.293
McCarty, N. Y.	47	137	14	40	2	.292
Herzog, Boston	52	200	22	58	14	.290
Heathcote, St. L.	45	145	10	42	4	.290
Fisher, Cin.	16	38	7	11	2	.289
Groh, Cin.	60	215	37	62	11	.288
Barnes, N. Y.	21	49	6	14	0	.286
Cooper, Pitts.	15	42	2	12	2	.286
Dilhoefer, St. L.	11	14	3	4	1	.286
Cheney, Boston	10	14	1	4	0	.286
Stock, St. L.	61	218	26	62	9	.284
Flack, Chicago	62	255	37	72	11	.282
Rath, Cin.	60	226	35	63	7	.279
Miller, St. L.	53	197	26	55	3	.279
Kopf, Cin.	57	202	27	56	7	.277
Rawlings, Boston	19	47	7	13	1	.277
Riggert, Boston	48	181	26	50	5	.276
Rariden, Cin.	37	98	11	27	3	.276
Blackburne, Boston	29	80	6	22	3	.275
Daubert, Cin.	61	219	28	60	6	.274
Johnston, Bklyn.	37	95	17	26	3	.274
Kilduff, Bklyn.	31	88	5	24	1	.273
Smith, St. L.	59	212	30	57	14	.269
M. Wheat, Bklyn.	13	26	0	7	0	.269
Merkle, Chicago	57	210	21	56	14	.267
Luderus, Phila.	57	214	25	57	3	.267
Baird, Phila.	56	207	30	55	10	.266
Boeckel, Boston	59	203	28	54	14	.266
Adams, Phila.	36	106	9	28	2	.264
Sherrill, St. L.	17	19	1	5	0	.263
Nehf, Boston	15	38	5	10	0	.263
Smith, Cin.	16	23	3	6	1	.261
Neal, Cin.	60	277	30	56	10	.258
Kreuger, Bklyn.	43	132	10	34	1	.258
Eller, Cin.	18	43	6	11	2	.256
Sicking, Phila.	41	130	11	33	1	.254
Miller, Bklyn.	20	59	7	15	0	.254
Chase, N. Y.	58	225	33	57	7	.253
Cueto, Cin.	28	87	10	22	5	.253
Maranville, Boston	57	194	20	49	3	.253
Magee, Chicago	56	222	23	56	7	.252
Wilson, Boston	39	123	8	31	1	.252
Carey, Pitts.	14	52	8	13	3	.250
Alexander, Chicago	12	20	1	5	0	.250

Club Batting Averages.

Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	SB.	PC.
New York	58	1915	257	519	61	.271
Brooklyn	62	2129	235	565	43	.265
St. Louis	62	2004	210	526	61	.262
Cincinnati	62	1945	254	521	65	.261
Philadelphia	57	1940	238	502	53	.259
Boston	57	1884	182	474	61	.252
Pittsburgh	62	1960	222	488	101	.249
Chicago	64	2049	196	500	67	.244

Pitchers' Records.

Pitcher and Club.	W.	L.	PC.
Dubuc, New York	3	0	1.000
Mitchell, Brooklyn	3	0	1.000
Bailey, Chicago	3	0	1.000
Reuther, Cincinnati	7	2	.778
Causey, New York	9	3	.750
Adams, Pittsburgh	9	3	.750
Luque, Cincinnati	6	2	.750
Sallee, Cincinnati	7	3	.700
Barnes, New York	9	4	.692
Benton, New York	8	4	.667
Goodwin, St. Louis	6	3	.667
Toney, New York	4	2	.667
Ames, St. Louis	2	1	.667
Eller, Cincinnati	9	5	.643
Douglas, Chicago	9	5	.643
Grimes, Brooklyn	6	4	.600
Nehf, Boston	6	4	.600
Fisher, Cincinnati	7	5	.583
Mayer, Pittsburgh	4	3	.571
Miller, Pittsburgh	5	4	.556
Cadore, Brooklyn	5	4	.556
Tuero, St. Louis	5	4	.556
Cooper, Pittsburgh	7	6	.538
Pfeffer, Brooklyn	8	7	.533
Vaughn, Chicago	9	9	.500
Hamilton, Pittsburgh	6	6	.500
Doak, St. Louis	6	6	.500
Marquard, Brooklyn	3	3	.500
Carlson, Pittsburgh	2	2	.500
Tyler, Chicago	2	2	.500

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Batting Averages.

Player. Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	SB.	PC.
Jamieson, Cleveland	16	8	2	4	0	.500
Phillips, Cleveland	15	9	1	4	0	.444
Murphy, Chicago	15	16	3	7	0	.438
Ayers, Detroit	12	12	0	5	0	.417
Peckinp'gh, N. Y.	51	173	46	66	7	.382
Cobb, Detroit	44	176	31	63	10	.358
Veach, Detroit	57	208	34	74	6	.356
Flagstead, Detroit	53	177	25	61	2	.345
Sisler, St. Louis	56	220	39	74	12	.336
Cunningham, Detroit	15	12	3	4	0	.333
Milan, Washington	37	133	19	44	6	.331
Jackson, Chicago	60	222	30	73	7	.329
Kinney, Philadelphia	27	31	4	10	0	.323
Johnson, Cleveland	59	196	25	63	18	.321
Roth, Boston	51	205	34	65	11	.317
Rice, Washington	61	237	30	75	8	.316
Ruth, Boston	52	165	37	52	3	.315
Shorten, Detroit	30	67	11	21	0	.313
E. Collins, Chicago	60	219	31	68	14	.311
Smith, Cleveland	47	167	24	52	9	.311
Bodie, N. Y.	58	204	20	63	7	.309
Gharrity, Washington	52	161	22	49	2	.304
Gedeon, St. Louis	48	169	25	51	3	.302
Weaver, Chicago	60	242	39	73	11	.302
Heilman, Detroit	58	213	31	64	1	.300
Lewis, N. Y.	58	215	20	64	8	.298
Chapman, Cleveland	47	179	24	52	9	.291
Scott, Boston	59	210	17	61	4	.290
Tobin, St. Louis	58	222	27	64	6	.288
Williams, St. Louis	13	42	6	12	1	.286
Witt, Philadelphia	56	220	28	62	5	.282
Foster, Washington	62	250	31	70	9	.280
Gardner, Cleveland	50	225	20	63	2	.280
Nunamaker, Cleveland	17	43	4	12	0	.279
Fewster, New York	17	43	7	12	3	.279
Wambsg's, Cleveland	59	227	22	63	6	.278
Baker, New York	58	216	29	60	10	.278
Gerber, St. Louis	58	185	22	51	2	.276
Gandil, Chicago	55	201	20	55	6	.274
O'Neill, Cleveland	52	164	22	45	1	.274
Walker, Philadelphia	48	166	15	45	0	.271
Pratt, New York	57	199	24	54	6	.271
Bagby, Cleveland	15	37	3	10	0	.270
Leibold, Chicago	53	191	27	51	8	.267
McMullin, Chicago	16	30	5	8	2	.267
Jacobson, St. Louis	53	192	28	51	6	.266
Burns, Philadelphia	52	199	21	53	2	.266
Shannon, Boston	44	173	15	46	4	.266
Schang, Boston	48	132	15	35	9	.265
Speaker, Cleveland	54	205	30	54	9	.265
McInnis, Boston	52	197	15	52	4	.264
Smith, St. Louis	29	73	6	19	0	.260
Strunk, Philadelphia	54	204	27	53	4	.260
Schalk, Chicago	58	174	24	45	7	.259
Faber, Chicago	12	27	4	7	0	.259
Picinich, Washington	34	89	7	23	3	.258
Bronkie, St. Louis	27	90	10	23	2	.256
Murphy, Washington	32	98	2	25	2	.255
Hannah, New York	33	102	6	26	0	.255
Agnew, Washington	18	40	5	10	0	.250
Rogers, Philadelphia	15	28	3	7	2	.250
Wellman, St. Louis	13	28	3	7	0	.250
Mogridge, New York	14	8	1	2	0	.250
Perkins, Philadelphia	38	121	10	30	1	.248
Vick, New York	53	222	37	55	7	.248
Felsch, Chicago	60	215	23	53	11	.247
Austin, St. Louis	49	179	21	44	4	.246
Sloan, St. Louis	25	61	8	15	0	.246
Quinn, New York	16	41	3	10	0	.243
Barry, Philadelphia	31	107	13	26	2	.243
Judge, Washington	59	227	34	55	10	.243
Ellison, Detroit	37	111	15	27	3	.243

Club Batting Averages.

Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	SB.	PC.
Cleveland	60	1954	233	529	58	.271
Chicago	61	1957	240	521	82	.266
New York	58	1915	236	508	50	.265
Detroit	59	1873	243	497	43	.265
St. Louis	59	1877	217	487	40	.260
Washington	62	2052	219	508	61	.248
Philadelphia	56	1864	191	450	36	.241
Boston	59	1864	204	427	47	.234

Pitchers' Records.

Pitcher and Club.	W.	L.	PC.
Nelson, New York	2	0	1.000
Cicotte, Chicago	13	4	.765
Shawkey, New York	12	4	.750
Thormahlen, N. Y.	7	3	.700
Coveleskie, Cleveland	9	4	.692
Quinn, New York	8	4	.667
Shore, New York	4	2	.667
Kerr, Chicago	4	2	.667
Love, Detroit	2	1	.667
Williams, Chicago	11	6	.647
Sothoron, St. Louis	7	4	.636
Ruth, Boston	5	3	.625
Caldwell, Boston	5	3	.625
Shaw, Washington	10	6	.625
Bagby, Cleveland	8	5	.615
Gallia, St. Louis	8	5	.615
Enzmann, Cleveland	3	2	.600
Russell, New York	3	2	.600
Phillips, Cleveland	3	2	.600
Dauss, Detroit	7	5	.583
Ehmke, Detroit	8	6	.571
Shocker, St. Louis	6	5	.545
Johnson, Washington	9	8	.529
Boland, Detroit	6	6	.500
Morton, Cleveland	6	6	.500
Faber, Chicago	5	5	.500
Wellman, St. Louis	5	5	.500
Kinney, Philadelphia	4	4	.500
James, Boston	3	3	.500
Loudermilk, Chicago	2	2	.500

INTERNATIONAL RECORDS.

George Kelly of Rochester is Leading Batsman, with .381.

George Kelly of the Rochester Hustlers is the leading batsman, with an average of .381. George has also banged out the most base hits, 86. Otis Lawrey of the Orioles has scored the most runs, 62, and leads the baserunners with 27 steals. Jack Watson of Baltimore tops the hurlers with three games won and no losses.

Breckinridge of the Maple Leafs went on a batting rampage that endured through fourteen consecutive games until he ran afoul of hurler Jordan of the Bisons on June 28 and busted his streak. During his stretch of hitting he got 15 hits in 52 tries for an average of .288.

Old "Silent John" Hummell of Reading carried a batting streak through twelve consecutive games until July 1, when he quit to the elusive shoots of Johnson of the Orioles. In his stretch of hitting Hummell poled out 18 safe ones in 43 attempts for a mark of .419, and tallied 7 runs.

Pitcher Rube Parnham enjoyed quite a busy day on June 28; besides hurling two regulation games the same afternoon, in which he broke even for the day, Rube fanned seven Newarks in the first contest, and whiffed eleven in the nightcap affair, in which Rube slammed a pair of home runs. Aside from this Parnham did nothing.

Following are the records of all games up to July 2, inclusive:

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Batting Averages.

Player. Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	SB.	PC.
Kelly, Roch.	62	226	52	86	18	.381
Strait, Buff.	59	214	30	81	9	.379
Fischer, Bing.	15	49	10	18	2	.367
Lawrey, Balt.	60	230	62	84	27	.365
Konnick, Read.	43	161	32	57	4	.354
Maisel, Balt.	61	252	60	85	26	.338
Jacobson, Balt.	63	248	49	83	16	.335
Hummell, Read.	59	216	32	71	4	.329
Baumann, J. C.	52	211	30	69	9	.327
Honig, Balt.	56	212	35	69	9	.326
Altenburg, Read.	34	138	19	45	4	.326
McLarry, Bing.	58	194	43	62	14	.320
O'Rourke, Bing.	57	228	37	72	12	.316
Reeves, Roch.	13	51	3	16	2	.314
Crossin, Read.	35	112	13	35	0	.313
Veiser, Read.	39	148	23	45	3	.304
Doolan, Read.	58	205	19	62	2	.302
Donohue, Read.	12	30	6	9	0	.300
Lefler, Balt.	27	84	13	25	2	.298
Bishop, Balt.	63	233	38	69	11	.296
Parnham, Balt.	26	68	10	20	1	.294
Boley, Balt.	63	233	29	68	4	[illegible]
Whiteman, Tor.	65	274	51	[illegible]	9	[illegible]
Onslow, Tor.	63	237	35	69	18	.291
Bengough, Buff.	37	115	14	33	2	.287
Schweitzer, J. C.	61	211	25	60	10	.284
Keating, Buff.	62	277	25	64	10	.282
Walsh, Newark	36	103	17	29	3	.282
Nagle, Roch.	53	193	18	54	6	.280
Cobb, J. C.	45	157	20	44	4	.280
Harscher, Buff.	12	25	1	7	0	.280
Sandberg, Tor.	58	190	22	53	1	.279
Miller, Newark	65	235	50	65	26	.277
Gonzales, Tor.	63	232	56	64	13	.276
Zellars, J. C.	10	51	5	14	0	.275
Rodriguez, Roch.	52	201	27	55	6	.274
Clarke, Balt.	31	88	13	24	2	.272
Sheridan, Read.	59	206	21	56	5	.272
McAlpin, Newark	24	81	12	22	4	.272
Ellerbee, Bing.	49	164	17	44	1	.268
Holden, Tor.	51	190	26	51	5	.268
Egan, Balt.	38	135	19	36	2	.267
Morgan, Balt.	43	162	26	43	4	.265
Carris, Roch.	31	98	12	26	3	.265
Burns, Read.	51	198	23	51	7	.263
McCarron, Buff.	53	179	27	47	7	.263
Shannon, Bing.	54	205	28	54	3	.263
Anderson, Tor.	65	240	23	63	7	.263
Downey, J. C.	41	149	14	39	3	.262
Purtell, Tor.	51	188	31	49	7	.261
Sargeant, Newark	56	188	22	49	4	.261
Harriss, Buff.	58	223	40	58	14	.260
Jacobs, Newark	64	216	31	56	14	.259
McInnis, Tor.	47	158	16	41	8	.259
Riley, Bing.	59	223	25	27	6	.256
Loudy, Buff.	34	125	12	32	2	.256
Casey, Buff.	61	236	31	60	18	.254
Hartmann, Bing.	47	185	22	47	6	.254
Wigglesw'th, J.C.	60	236	26	60	4	.254
Pitt, Roch.	24	83	5	21	5	.253
Newton, Balt.	19	36	2	9	0	.250
Hudgins, J. C.	30	100	6	25	1	.250

Club Batting Averages.

Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	SB.	PC.
Baltimore	63	2,184	381	651	104	.298
Rochester	62	2,117	267	564	88	.266
Reading	59	2,051	238	536	38	.261
Binghamton	59	1,929	263	501	66	.260
Buffalo	62	2,108	251	547	77	.259
Toronto	65	2,189	311	563	78	.257
Jersey City	61	2,009	214	507	48	.252
Newark	65	2,065	261	477	88	.231

Pitchers' Records.

Pitcher. Club.	W.	L.	P.C.
Watson, Baltimore	3	0	1.000
Barnes, Binghamton	5	1	.833
Jones, Toronto	9	2	.818
Frank, Baltimore	8	2	.800
Lyons, Newark	4	1	.800
Clifford, Rochester	10	3	.769
Parnham, Baltimore	14	5	.733
Hersche, Toronto	5	2	.714
Higgins, Binghamton	9	4	.692
Rommell, Newark	12	6	.667
Heck, Toronto	8	4	.667
Kneisch, Baltimore	8	4	.667
Gordonier, Buffalo	2	1	.667
Ryan, Buffalo	7	4	.636
Martin, Binghamton	5	3	.625
Brown, Reading	8	6	.571
Jordan, Buffalo	8	6	.571
Peterson, Toronto	6	5	.545
McCabe, Bing'ton-Newark	7	6	.538
Hubbell, Toronto	7	6	.538
Schacht, Jersey City	8	7	.533
Keefe, Reading	6	6	.500
Justin, Toronto	5	5	.500
Barnhardt, Reading	4	4	.500

YACHTSMEN ARE DISPLAYING KEEN INTEREST IN SPORT, THOUGH SEASON HAD TARDY START

YACHTING SEASON WELL UNDER WAY

First Summer After War Finds Interest Keen in Sailing and Power Classes.

SMALLER CRAFT POPULAR

Wealthy Boatmen Favor Class O and Other Lighter Boats Instead of Large Yachts for Racing.

Even though the present yachting season is later in starting than in a normal year, the outlook for midsummer racing indicates fair weather, with brisk breezes ahead. While this cannot be called a normal year, because many of the yachts were taken by the Government for war service and have not been refitted for racing, there has been great activity among the smaller boats which were not suitable for belligerent activities. The only yachts which have been in commission during the last two Summers have been little craft.

The question in the minds of yachtsmen at present is the evolution of the racing craft.

The sport had reached a turning point in the Summer of 1914, and slowly the motorboat was beginning to interest the men who were fond of the water. Power boats have their advantages, and when one of the thirty-footers of the New York Yacht Club was turned into an auxiliary, the sailing contingent began to shake its head and wonder where it all would end.

New Class Popular.

From a yachting standpoint, the most interesting feature of the year was the appearance of the Larchmont 39 foot class. The yachts were designed by William Gardner and were launched early in the Spring of 1917. The boats were built to fill a long felt want. The ever increasing cost of yachting had forced Corinthians to turn their attention to smaller yachts. A boat was needed that would not carry too large a crew and that still would be comfortable. It was decided that Class O, as the 39 foot division is called, would ideally fill the bill.

At the time the yachts were designed there was considerable talk among yachtsmen regarding the "Marconi rig." The rig receives its name from the fact that the gaff is missing and that the mast greatly resembles the upright of a Marconi wireless station aerial mast. James B. Ford, Commodore of the Larchmont Yacht Club, owner of Varuna, one of the new boats, decided that the craft should carry the new rig.

The other yachts of the division are Georgia, the property of H. H. Raymond and F. D. M. Strachan; Nimbus, which belongs to J. F. Feder, and Philip H. Johnson's Grey Dawn. These craft all carry the regular gaff rig. Judging by the work of the yachts during the informal racing of 1917, the Marconi-rigged craft was decidedly the fastest. Possibly it was because the yacht was sailed by Butler Whiting, one of the cleverest amateur skippers on Long Island Sound. The Varuna won six firsts and two seconds out of ten starts. Georgia won three firsts and two seconds.

Last year the yachts were not put in the water, therefore, there was unusual interest when three appeared at the starting line in the annual Spring regatta of the Larchmont Yacht Club on June 21. It was the real début of the class in the racing game. Although Varuna was beaten, there is a belief in the yachting world that Commodore Ford's craft will win the series prize during the race week of the Larchmont Club.

N. Y. A. C. Takes Hand.

The other interesting feature of the year is the appearance of the New York Athletic Club as the promoter of yacht races. Although the Winged Foot club has many well-known Corinthians enrolled in its ranks, the club has heretofore contented itself with the holding of a long-distance race each season. Next Saturday the organization will resume its annual Block Island race for both sail and power craft. However, the resumption of the classic is by no means as important to yachtsmen as the club's announcement that it will give an open regatta for all classes on Aug. 2.

Until the appearance of the Class O sloops, the largest divisions to race were the Long Island Sound schooners and the scrappy thirty-footers of the New York Yacht Club. There have been about eight thirty-footers on the Sound this season. So far, the best work has been done by Lena, the property of Ogden Reid. Fred Richards has also been doing exceedingly well in his Adois. Among the Long Island Sound schooners, Moira, the property of Clarkson Cowl, and E. P. Alker's Allure, have been doing the best work.

Star Class Popular Also.

There has been the usual fleet of Stars out this Summer. There are no less than sixty-seven of these popular little yachts registered in the class. Ten or a dozen have bobbed up for each race held so far this season on the Sound. In addition, the yachts on the Long Island side of the Sound have been holding some interesting Sunday brushes. The racing in the division is always so keen that it is hard to say which has been doing the best work. C. E. Hyde's Hydra, W. L. Inslee's Taurus; Altair, the property of E. V. Willis; George A. Corry's Little Dipper; Snapper, the property of Adrian Iselin [illegible] Saturn, owned by George W. Elder, Jr., are some of the yachts that have been up in the leading berths all Summer.

NAUTILUS CLUB WINS.

Takes Lead in Rowing Events at the Atlantic Club.

The Nautilus Boat Club won the principal honors in the rowing and canoeing end of the aquatic celebration of the Atlantic Yacht Club which began on July 4 and finished yesterday. The eight-oared barge of the organization, under the command of Cox C. W. Ruprecht, had no great difficulty in defeating both the Varuna Boat Club and the Brooklyn Rowing Club for first prize. In the four-oared gig race the Nautilus oarsmen took both first and second place.

The summary:

ROWING RACES.

Eight-Oared Barge Race.—Won by Nautilus Boat Club; second, Varuna Boat Club; third, Brooklyn Rowing Club.

Four-Oared Gig Race.—Won by Crew No. 1, Nautilus Boat Club; second, Crew No. 2, Nautilus Boat Club; third, Brooklyn Rowing Club.

Singles.—Won by E. V. Mittnight, Brooklyn Rowing Club; second, John Keating, Varuna Rowing Club; third, F. Galb, Nautilus Boat Club.

CANOE RACES.

Paddling Canoes, (Singles.)—Won by E. King, Nautilus Boat Club; second, F. Heimer, New York Canoe Club.

Tail-End Race, (Singles.)—Won by E. King, Nautilus Boat Club; second, J. McBride, New York Canoe Club.

Paddling Tandems.—Won by McBride and Tailor, New York Canoe Club; second, Heimer and Pimm, New York Canoe Club.

Tilting Contest.—Won by Godfrey and Heimer, New York Canoe Club.

Sailing Canoe Races, (Canvas Canoes.)—Won by T. Smith, New York Canoe Club.

Sailing Canoes, (Peterboro Canoes.)—Won by M. Pimm, New York Canoe Club.

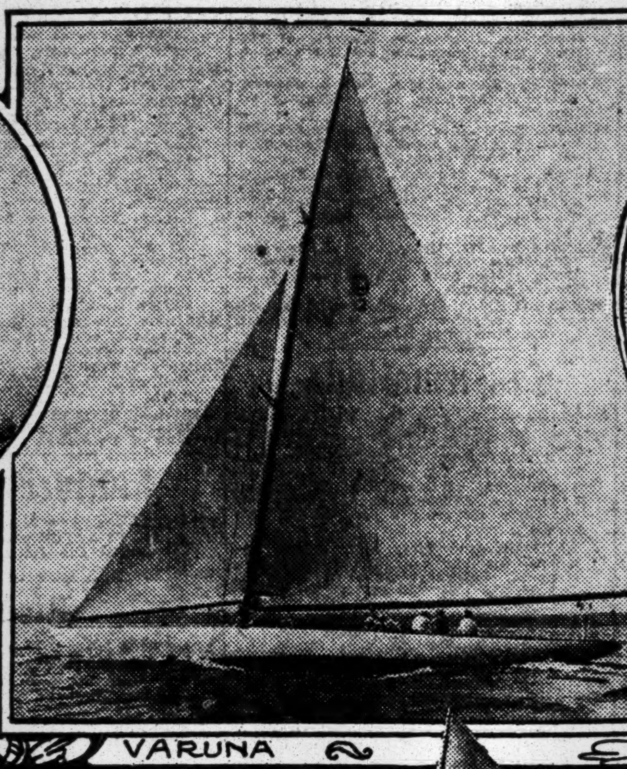
Northrop to Brewers.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 5.—Jake Northrop, former Indianapolis and Louisville pitcher, and late of the Boston Nationals, has been purchased by Manager Rowland of the Milwaukee American Association club.

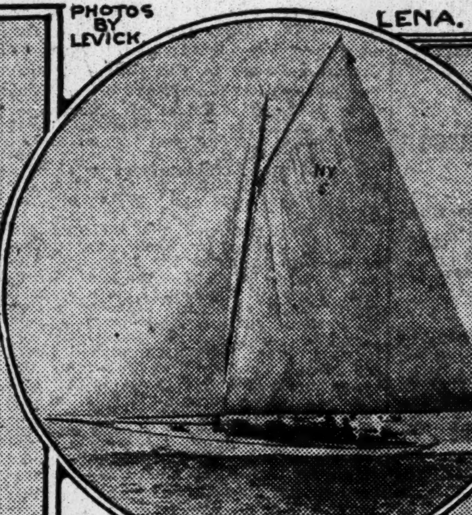
Yachts Again Filling Their Sails in Breezes with Revival of Sport on New York Waters.

PHOTOS BY LEVICK

ALTAIR.



VARUNA



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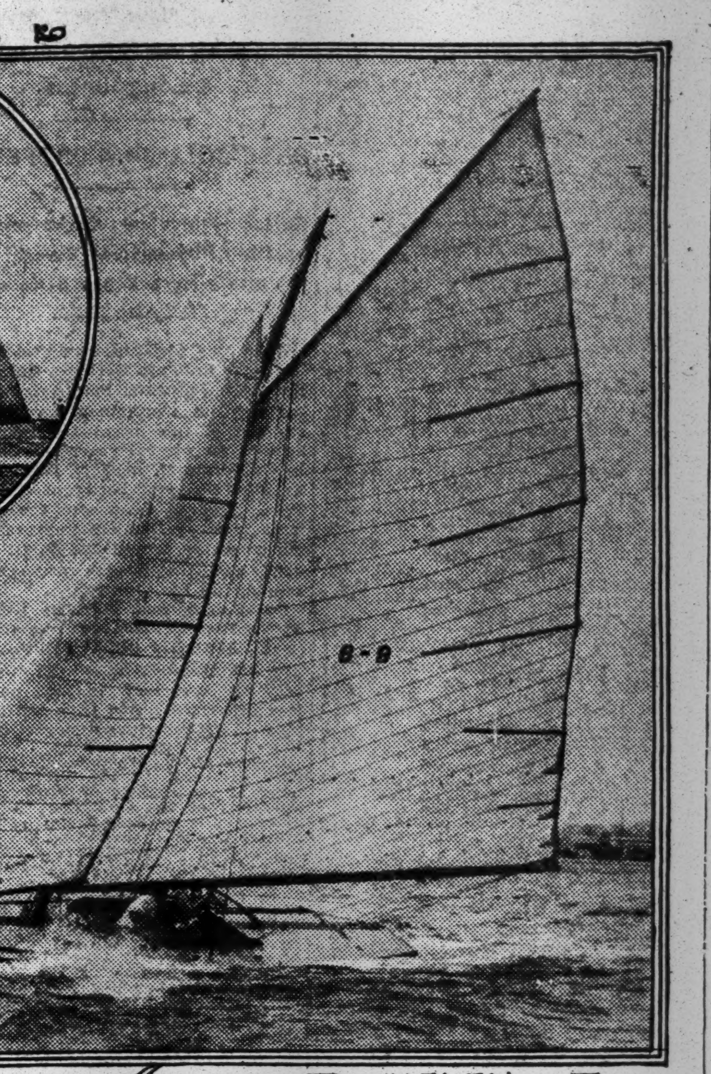

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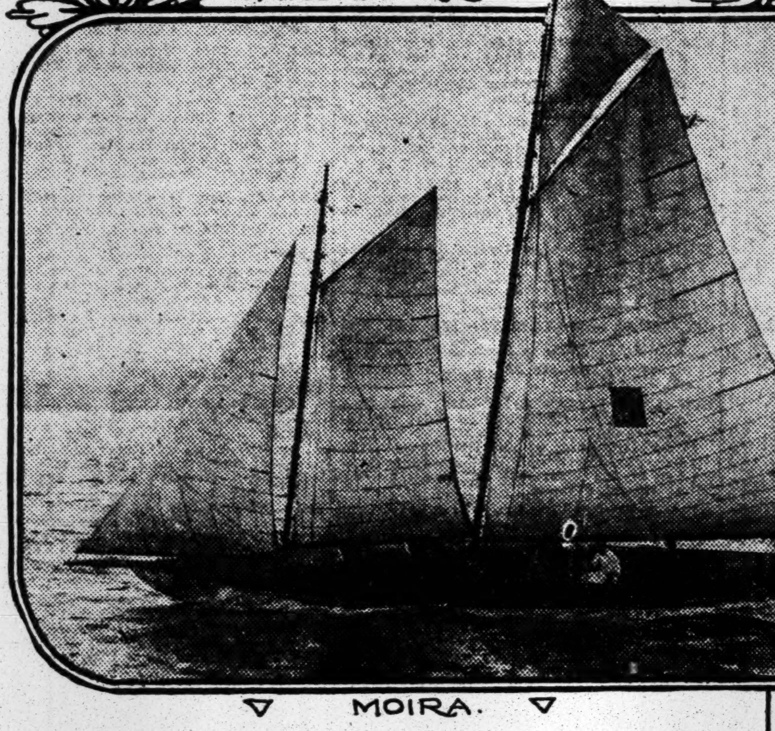

MOIRA.

ROBIN HOOD III

48 YACHTS COMPETE AT NEW ROCHELLE

Largest Fleet to Race This Season Out at Annual Regatta.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., July 5.—Commodore C. A. Marsland and the members of the New Rochelle Yacht Club were well repaid today. During the war the organization, in the face of considerable opposition on the part of some of its members and yachtsmen in other clubs, insisted upon carrying out its full racing program. It took the stand at the request of the Navy Department and was followed by several of the other Long Island Sound organizations.

The club held its thirty-fourth annual regatta today and had no less than forty-eight yachts at the starting line. It was the largest fleet that has raced so far this season on Long Island Sound.

When Chairman George P. Granbery established the starting line off the entrance to Echo Bay, the wind was light, and so fluky that the committee decided that it would be absurd to attempt to start the yachts. After waiting for a half-hour, the New York Yacht Club thirty-footers, the largest class to fill, were sent away on a 15½-mile contest. It was twice around a 7¾-mile triangle, and as the wind came at the start the yachts had a run, a reach, and a beat.

As the afternoon advanced the northwest breeze died away, and the good, old southwest air that springs up regularly each afternoon came lightly across the Sound. It completely changed the race. On the second time around the triangle the yachts had a run, a beat, and a reach. At the finish Rowdy, the property of C. Belsky, was the leader, defeating Ogden Reid's Lena by 4 minutes and 2 seconds.

Two of the Long Island Sound schooners were sent over a shorter course. The winner was E. P. Alker's Allure. Sirene won in the Larchmont Inter-Club class. As usual, the Star class had the most starters, no less than thirteen of the popular little fellows coming to the starting line. Saturn, the property of George W. Elder, Jr., which has been doing most consistent work this Summer, again was the victor, defeating Altair, the property of E. V. Willis, by 1 minute and 52 seconds over a 7¾-mile course.

The summary:

N. Y. YACHT CLUB THIRTY FOOTERS.

Start, 2:50. Course, 15½ Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Rowdy, C. Belsky	6:48:50	3:58:50
Lena, Ogden Reid	6:52:52	4:02:52
Alois, Fred Richards	7:04:22	4:14:22
Mizpah, D. R. Richardson	7:06:55	4:16:55

LONG ISLAND SOUND SCHOONERS.

Start, 2:55. Course, 11 Miles.

Allure, E. P. Alker	6:37:50	3:42:50
Moira, Clarkson Cowl	6:42:23	3:47:23

NEW ROCHELLE YAWLS.

Start, 3:00. Course, 7¾ Miles.

Mady M, B. C. Myrick	5:45:45	2:45:45
Guardinia, C. A. Marsland	6:17:57	3:17:57
Scud, W. H. J. Ehler	6:22:18	3:22:18

YACHTS RACED SUBJECT TO MEASUREMENT—HANDICAP CLASS—FIRST AND SECOND DIVISIONS.

Start, 3:05. Course, 11¼ Miles.

Sally IX., A. E. Black	6:33:10	3:28:10
Wasaka, W. L. Coursen	6:39:48	3:34:48
Veda, W. Laurier	6:50:08	3:48:08

Corrected times—Sally IX., 3:19:50; Veda, 3:33:41; Wasaka, 3:34:48.

LARCHMONT INTER-CLUB CLASS.

Start, 3:10. Course, 11¼ miles.

Sirene, R. W. Fraser	6:40:53	3:30:53
E'bar, T. B. Lockwood	6:44:48	3:34:48
Barbara, C. Shields	6:49:22	3:39:22
La Cygne, A. Walter	6:50:28	3:40:28
Whiff, H. Parker	6:50:36	3:40:36

HANDICAP CLASS, THIRD AND FOURTH DIVISIONS.

Start, 3:15. Course, 11¼ miles.

Arcadian, F. E. Raymond	6:49:50	3:34:50
Robin Hood III., G. E. Gartland	6:49:57	3:34:57
Arethusa, Walters & Ausberg	6:50:50	3:35:50
Frances, S. Wickes	7:01:32	3:46:32

Corrected time on Frances, 3:16:28; Arcadian, 3:28:23; Arethusa, 3:34:46; Robin Hood III., 3:34:57.

CLASS U.

Start, 3:20. Course, 11¼ miles.

Mingo, H. T. Hornidge	6:40:22	3:20:22
Tern, W. T. Hornidge	6:49:55	3:29:55
Feather, A. Clarke	6:50:38	3:30:38

SPECIAL CLASS.

Start, 3:25. Course, 7¾ miles.

Mermaid, Leo Friede	6:21:50	2:56:50
Bool, N. B. Brown	6:33:02	3:08:02

STAR CLASS.

Start, 3:30. Course, 7¾ miles.

Saturn, G. W. Elder, Jr.	5:56:36	2:26:36
Altair, E. V. Willis	5:58:28	2:28:28
Maia, B. L. Linkfield	6:00:00	2:30:00
Little Dipper, G. A. Corry	6:00:08	2:30:08
Taurus, W. L. Inslee	6:00:20	2:30:20
Aria, George Abbott	6:01:50	2:31:50
Shooting Star, G. B. Shethar	6:02:12	2:32:12
Big Dipper, J. R. Robinson	6:02:40	2:32:40
Banshee, M. Egerton	6:05:46	2:35:46
Snapper, A. Iselin, 2d	6:19:10	2:49:10
Hydra, C. E. Hyde	6:19:20	2:49:20
Southern Cross, A. Knapp, Jr.	6:27:42	2:57:42
Tiny Star, N. Black	Did not finish	

ORIENTA ONE-DESIGN.

Start, 3:35. Course, 7¾ miles.

Thane, A. L. Snow	6:32:10	2:57:10
Alice, A. Griffin	6:32:11	2:57:11
Salty, J. A. Haggerty	Did not finish	

NEW ROCHELLE ONE-DESIGN CLASS.

Start, 3:35. Course, 7¾ miles.

Nereid, D. Gariet	6:27:15	2:57:15
Virginia, A. B. Bastine	6:36:11	3:01:11

BELL CATS.

Start, 3:35. Course, 7¾ miles.

Three Bells, E. F. Delevante	6:50:58	3:15:58
One Bell, J. H. Hack	6:53:18	3:18:18

SETS COURSE MARK WITH 70

Donaldson Makes Record for 18 Holes at Norwood Club.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 5.—"Jimmy" Donaldson broke the 18-hole record today for the Norwood Golf Club. He covered the course in 70, a reduction of four strokes. His card follows:

Out ....4 4 3 3 3 4 5 4 4—34
In ....5 5 4 3 4 3 6 3 3—36—70

OAKMONT COURSE READY FOR TOURNEY

National Amateur Golf Matches Are to be Played There in August.

Although it was a matter of regret that the national amateur championship had to be postponed from 1917 to this year, it's an ill-wind that blows no good. Two years ago, the United States Golf Association, at its annual meeting, awarded the title event to the Oakmont Country Club in Pittsburgh. The course at that time was not all that the officials desired, and it was the intention to do as much work as possible before the tournament was held.

Since that time, however, the club has made many improvements not only to the course, but to the club house as well, so that when the golfers gather there in August for the postponed tournament conditions will be very near perfect.

Oakmont, according to those who have recently been there, presents a grat test, one where accuracy is going to count tremendously. To the new bunkers that were installed a few years ago many more have been added. All of the greens are well guarded and there is plenty of artificial trouble along the fairways, together with rough that is difficult to play out of with satisfactory results.

The man who can play straight as a string and get plenty of bite to his ball on the approaches will do well at Oakmont, but there are only a few players on that order. The tees are in fine condition, and exceptionally large. Owing to the nature of the soil, largely clay, the ground is apt to be hard by August, which will help in getting distance.

On the Oakmont course several of the Pittsburgh amateurs will be distinctly formidable in the championship, especially W. C. Fownes, Jr., winner of the national title in 1910. Davidson Herron, the youthful golfer who made a fine showing in the qualifying round of the national at Detroit in 1915, has been playing excellent golf.

Talent from this section will not be lacking with such men as Oswald Kirkby, Metropolitan title-holder; Max Marston, the Baltusrol golfer who has thus far won four medals in as many qualifying rounds and two invitation tournaments; Gardiner White, of Nassau; D. F. Sawyer, the Siwanoy representative who at one time held the Western championship; A. L. Walker, the youthful Richmond County lad who reached the final round of the "Met" tournament and last week captured the intercollegiate title at Merion; J. Simpson Dean, the far-driving Princeton golfer, and others.

It is doubtful if Jerome Travers, four times national champion, puts in an appearance this year, but Francis Ouimet and Charles Evans, Jr., present champion, will be on hand, and "Chick" will do his best to retain the title, for as he put it himself, "he can't afford to lose both championships."

Eddie Styles of Old York Road remarked the other day that he had better go away in search of a reputation. After making a fine showing in the South last season Styles ran into a slump when the tournament game started in Philadelphia. After making the turn in his championship match with Fred Knight last week Styles showed a flash of the form which made him a much-feared golfer, and he took four straight holes from his opponent. Styles got his putting straightened out some time ago, but is now having difficulty with his tee.

Max Marston, winner of four medals in as many qualifying rounds, and two tournaments so far this season, and his partner, Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow, Eastern champion, won the play-off of the tie for the Fridolyn Golf Cup last week. They defeated Mrs. H. C. Smith and J. W. Platt of North Hills, the last named pair taking 91 to 85 for Marston and Mrs. Barlow.

McLuckie Wins Canadian Title.

TORONTO, Ont., July 5.—W. J. McLuckie of the Kanawaki Golf club of Montreal won the Canadian amateur golf title this afternoon from G. H. Turpin, Royal Montreal, by six up and four to play.

TRACK MEET FOR POLICE.

Gold Watches for Prizes at Field Day.

Nineteen track events, one of which is open to civilian competitors who are members of the A. A. U., will contribute to the athletic feature of the first of the two police field days at Speedway Park, Sheepshead Bay, July 19. Six hundred and eighty-five entries have been received by Frederick A. Wallis, Fourth Deputy Police Commissioner, in charge of the celebration, and F. Fennelly, chairman of track events. The gigantic task of deciding handicaps is now being studied by a corps of athletic experts.

In each event, except the tug-of-war contest, relay and pursuit races, gold watches will be awarded for first, second and third prizes. In the excepted events, gold timepieces will be given as first and second prizes. While an entrance fee of 10 cents was exacted for expenses, the prizes have been donated by a benefactor of the Police Department, who has requested that his name be withheld. The donor has generously given $10,000 for the purchase of watches, and the contract for the prizes has been awarded.

The 1,000-yard run, a handicap event, is open to A. A. U. members, civilian competitors. The following contests will be participated in by members of the Police Department only: 150-yard dash; 100-yard dash for policemen on force fifteen years or longer; 75-yard dash for policemen in department twenty-five years or more; tug of war (Olympic style for Traffic Division; 660-yard relay race, four men to a team, open to inspection districts and probationary patrolman; one-half-mile bicycle race; four-mile motorcycle race, and a ten-mile motorcycle race.

These events are open to policemen and members of the police reserve: One-half-mile walk, throwing fifty-six-pound weight for distance, running high jump, shoe race, tug-of-war (Olympic style), open to police inspection districts, one team representing each; two-mile bicycle race.

The following are closed to police reserve: 100-yard dash; eight-mile motorcycle race.

A point trophy will be given to the inspection district scoring the greatest number of points in events for both.

JACK O' LANTERN WINS.

Dyer's Boat Leads Indian Harbor Race.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., July 5.—The Jack o' Lantern, owned by Leonard H. Dyer, was the winner among the Arrow Class races over the Indian Harbor Yacht Club's five-mile course today.

The summary:

START 12:05 P. M.

Yacht and owner.	H.M.S.
Jack o' Lantern, L. H. Dyer	1:47:38
Snapper, F. S. Page	1:48:41
Winward Second, Richard H. Monks	1:29:10
Bubble, Robinson Leach	1:51:55
Rani, Clifford D. Mallory	1:55:40
Hawk, Ralph E. Slaven	2:01:25

Barry to Ask Release from Frazee.

BOSTON, July 5.—Jack Barry announced tonight that he would seek an unconditional release from H. H. Frazee, President of the Boston American League Club, who recently traded him to the Philadelphia club. Barry had a conference today with Connie Mack at which it was decided that he would not join the Athletics. If Barry obtains his release he may sign with some other big league club.

YACHT REGATTA SCHEDULED

Indian Harbor Club to Hold Races on Saturday.

The Indian Harbor Yacht Club will hold its thirty-first annual regatta on Saturday, July 12. The start will be off Great Captain's Island, and the courses will be the regular yacht club courses.

Yachts from O class from Larchmont, some of the New York Yacht Club's forties, and New York Yacht Club's thirties, all the handicap classes, Larchmont one-design, star classes, Seawanhaka-Corinthian classes, and the Indian Harbor Yacht Club classes are also expected.

WANT TITLE MEET AT EARLIER DATE

I. A. L. Proposes Amendment to A. A. U. to Hold Junior Championships in May.

Radical changes in the rules governing local A. A. U. championship competition will be made if the plans of the Intersectional Athletic League meet with success. The I. A. L. officials, representing the so-called smaller clubs of the district, have announced their intention of urging an amendment to the rules favoring an earlier date for the local A. A. U. Association's junior track and field championships.

The decision to submit the proposed amendment was reached at the last meeting of the league, which, incidentally, was one of the stormiest in the history of the I. A. L. The representatives of the district's smaller organizations are bent upon making a strong fight to gain their point.

It is proposed to urge the Metropolitan A. A. U. officials to conduct the junior track and field championships late in May. Adoption of such an amendment is regarded as automatically crippling the New York A. C., whose athletes are recruited, principally, from among the colleges. Several years ago when there was a tendency towards revolt by the smaller clubs, the A. A. U. rules were changed so as to make it necessary for athletes, in order to compete as members of the club, to be registered with that club for a period of at least three months prior to a title meet. This rule, it is understood, was adopted at the behest of the small clubs' representatives for the primary purpose of checking the activities of the New York A. C. and Irish-American A. C., both of which clubs held uninterrupted sway in the local association's title games.

This rule is still in force, and it is to change this rule that the Intersectional A. L. officials are seeking. The adoption of the proposed amendment, by which the A. A. U. would conduct its title games in May, would eliminate the New York A. C.'s athletic stars of the colleges, for, an athlete cannot compete for a club in open competition during the athlete's academic or school year. If the games were held late in May, therefore, the college athletes would be lost to the Mercury Foot club, for they cannot transfer their registration until their college year expires.

The decision to seek a change in the rules came as a result of the New York A. C. success in the recent title meet. Officials of the smaller clubs hold the opinion that they are the main support of the Metropolitan A. A. U., and are therefore entitled to consideration. At the I. A. L. meeting it was unanimously voted to submit an amendment to this effect. The matter was put over until July 12, when another meeting will be held at the Paulist A. C., when it is planned to put the amendment in the proper form to be submitted to the A. A. U. officials for consideration.

The proposal is looked on with disfavor by prominent athletic officials. One prominent official yesterday declared that the New York A. C. does more in one year for amateur sport than the smaller clubs do in several years. The primary reason, he said, is that the New York A. C. is the country's leading athletic club, and has unlimited funds with which to carry on its activities. The organization, the official declared, supports teams in every branch of amateur sport, conducts at least two track and field meets annually, promotes amateur boxing tournaments every month, and is one of the mainstays of the A. A. U. in national competition. The small clubs, through lack of funds, the official said, must depend on the A. A. U. for transportation and other expenses if they are to send an individual to the national championships. The New York A. C., in the case of national title meets, selects a number of its stars for the games, and undertakes the athletes' expenses without seeking any aid from the A. A. U.

With regard to the activities of the New York A. C. college stars, this official declared that the New York A. C. representatives who compete in these title meets are not newly acquired athletes, but members of years' standing. Being such, he said, it is only necessary for the athletes, immediately upon leaving college or school, to transfer their registration back to the New York A. C., from whence it was transferred when they entered their colleges or schools. Under these circumstances, the official said, an earlier date for the championships would work no more harm on the New York A. C. than on the smaller clubs, many of which, it was claimed, also depend to a great extent on college athletes.

FRENCH BOXERS COMING.

Criqui and Others to Invade This Country in Autumn.

Jake Carey, the well-known Rochester (N. Y.) promoter, who has been in France directing athletics for the Knights of Columbus since last November 6, is back home and has much interesting sporting news for American fans. He declares that next Autumn there is going to be an invasion of French boxers. Five, and possibly six, stars are coming here. They are Criqui, the bantam; Vitte and Marcel Denis, lightweights; Bora, a featherweight, and de Ponthieu, another featherweight, who has been here once before.

"In addition to this quintet," said Carey, "it is likely that Carpentier will come, too, but it is doubtful if he will box here. He has lost much as a fighter.

"The party of French stars will be piloted by Jack Hanlon. Give the French boxers another year and they will give our boxers plenty of trouble. They are always in condition; that's why they are so successful. Criqui, the bantam, is a wonder, and de Ponthieu is faster than when last here."

JUNIORS IN NET TOURNEY.

Boys' Singles Begin Tomorrow at Westchester Club.

The Country Club of Westchester announces junior and boys' open singles tournaments on grass courts, beginning Monday, July 7. The boys' singles are open to boys who had not reached their fifteenth birthday by March 1, 1919. The winner is eligible to play in any one of the sixty-six boys' tennis centre championships, winners of the latter events being eligible to play in the boys' national championship at the West Side Club, Aug. 25. Play commences tomorrow at 11 A. M.

The junior singles are open to boys who had not reached their eighteenth birthday by March 1, 1919. The winner is eligible to play in any one of the junior tennis centre championships, whose winners are eligible to play in the junior national championships. Play commences Thursday, July 10, at 11 A. M.

LOAFER MAKES GOOD RACE.

Old Lipton Cup Racer Proves a Winner on Corrected Time.

It was the turn of the Atlantic Yacht Club to hold a regatta yesterday, and the sailboat races formed one of the most important features of the two days' victory celebration. The wind was light and as the craft were compelled to buck a head tide for the greater part of the course, late finishes were the rule.

Ethel, a large sloop which belongs to S. Christiansen, was the only yacht of the first division to race. In the second division, the winner on corrected time was the old Lipton Cup racer, Loafer. In the third division, the prize on both actual and corrected time was taken by Alcyon.

The summary:

HANDICAP CLASS—FIRST DIVISION.

Start, 3:25. Course, 7.3 Miles.

Yacht ano Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Ethel, S. Christiansen	5:11:22	1:46:22

HANDICAP CLASS—SCEOND DIVISION.

Start, 3:25. Course, 7.3 Miles.

Careless, H. Pimm	5:26:03	2:01:03
Loafer, Heinen & Pimm	5:26:45	2:01:45
Sylla, P. S. Crovat	5:28:22	2:05:22
Fantasia, I. L. Beebe, Jr.	5:32:04	2:07:04
May, W. Anderson	5:35:48	2:10:48
Chippawa, H. K. Birch	5:40:38	2:15:38
Mavourneen, J. & D. Taylor	5:42:45	2:17:45
Wahkan II., Michaels & Christiansen	5:46:56	2:31:56

Corrected time—Loafer, 1:59:20; Careless, 2:01:03; Sylla, 2:03:13; May, 2:05:57; Mavourneen, 2:11:42; Wahkan II., 2:13:28; Chippawa, 2:15:38; Fantasia, 2:15:51.

HANDICAP CLASS—THIRD DIVISION.

Start, 3:25. Course, 7.3 Miles.

Alcyon, R. Roeck	5:43:13	2:18:13
Bug, H. Rottamer	5:53:28	2:38:28
Bug Cat, E. Christiansen	6:12:20	2:47:20

Corrected time—Alcyon, 2:18:13; Bug, 2:35:42; Bug Cat, 2:37:40.

KNOCKABOUTS.

Start, 3:30. Course, 7.3 Miles.

Mouse, R. F. Supper	5:36:24	2:06:24
Chico, J. F. Godfrey	5:38:28	2:08:28
Skylark, F. B. Jansen	5:39:03	2:09:03
X-tra, S. R. Church	5:43:52	2:13:52
An-X, R. FitzGibbon	5:45:05	2:15:04

MAYBE SAILS WELL IN CALM.

None of the Stars Make Course at Bayside Yacht Club.

Such a light breeze was stirring when the signal was given for the start in the weekly regatta of the Bayside Yacht Club on Little Neck Bay yesterday afternoon that only half of the yachts ventured to sail the course. None of the stars attempted to make the route and only two of the five Bayside Birds that were in readiness set sail. Five of the Bayside Bees ventured the conditions and covered the short four-mile course in fairly good time.

George Hopewell, sailing the Maybe, won in the Bee class, crossing the finish line nearly two minutes in advance of H. P. Clark in the Busibee. In the Bayside Bird class John Johns in the Teaser won over young Mr. Teller, who sailed the Woof, owned by his father, Commodore William R. Teller.

The summary:

BAYSIDE BEE CLASS.

Start, 3:40. Course, four miles.

	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Maybe, George Hopewell	4:50:50	1:10:50
Busibee, H. P. Clark	4:52:46	1:12:46
Befirst, J. Newton	4:59:35	1:19:35
Beatrice, P. W. Mack	5:04:51	1:24:51
Vespa, H. Gaines	5:08:40	1:24:51

BAYSIDE BIRD CLASS.

Start, 3:45. Course, four miles.

Teaser, J. Johns	4:43:01	0:58:01
Woof, W. R. Teller	4:44:47	0:59:47

DR. SHARPE REACHES YALE.

New Director to Keep in Touch with Athletic Situation.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 5.—Dr. Albert H. Sharpe, Yale's new athletic director, has arrived in this city, and, although he will not close his formal connection with Cornell athletics till Aug. 15, he will make his residence here and will be in constant touch with Yale athletics from the present time. He has already held a football conference, meeting Dr. Billy Bull, Dr. Arthur Brides, and Jack Owsley, who will compose Yale's resident coaching staff. Owsley resides here and Bull and Brides will take up their local residence beginning about Sept. 1. The Yale squad will report about Sept. 10.

It was announced today that George C. Moseley, end rush in 1916, would probably coach the Yale ends this Fall. Bull will direct the backs, Brides the linemen, and Owsley will coach in strategy and backfield play. Besides, Herman P. Olcott, "Beau" Olcott, will be available for the line coach. He will be permanent director of freshman athletics at Yale, beginning this Fall.

Word has been received that Herbert Kempton, the former Exeter star and Yale freshman quarter back will return this Fall. He and Chester La Roche will battle for the quarter back position. As both are extremely valuable, one will be shifted to half back. Jim Braden, who will be one of the backs, will remain here all Summer.

WHITE VICTORIOUS IN 3 EXTRA HOLES

Defeats Stearns for Honors on Shackamaxon Links After Stirring Match.

After a sensational match that was carried three extra holes, Gardiner W. White of Nassau captured chief honors in the Shackamaxon Country Club invitation tournament, defeating John N. Stearns, a clubmate, in the final round yesterday. Stearns, it will be recalled, won the medal in the qualifying round on Thursday, and has played well throughout the tournament. His meeting with White was no exception to this rule, for the former Princeton golfer had the Nassau man down all the way. White lost the first hole by missing a short putt, while at the second he sliced his drive to the rough and Stearns became 1 up, winning there in 5 to 6. He increased this advantage at the third, after White pulled his drive to the left of a trap and took 5. Stearns won in 4. Three putts at the fourth cost White that hole, and Stearns became 4 up at the fifth. There both had poor iron shots, White's ball landing against a tree.

White won his first hole, the sixth, when Stearns got in trouble and took 6. The next was halved, and White won the eighth, Stearns taking three putts. Both got in the water at the ninth on their second shots, but White overran the hole on his approach and lost in 6 to 5 for Stearns. The latter had made the outward journey in 41 to 44 for White, and at that point Stearns was 3 up.

White reduced this advantage by winning the tenth, after Stearns's second putt fell short of the cup and he took 3. To the eleventh White sliced his mashie shot and his opponent became 3 up again, only to have the former win the twelfth in 4 to 5 when Stearns got into trouble. The next two were halved, and White won the fifteenth, when Stearns once more needed three putts. A half at the sixteenth left Stearns 1 up going to the seventeenth, where White's tee shot landed close to the cup and he ran down the putt for a 3. Stearns, on the other hand, got into the water and gave up the hole.

Now all square, the pair proceeded to the home hole. There White had the honor and he sliced his ball into the woods, while Stearns got a beautiful drive straight down the line. White recovered well, and was on the green on his third shot, leaving himself a ten-foot putt. On his second, Stearns was within eight feet of the cup, and White then putted, getting to within three inches of the flag. Stearns on his third stymied himself and took 5 for the hole. The last named made the round in 85 to 83 for his opponent.

Both got 5's at the first extra hole, and 4's at the next. At the third extra, or twenty-first hole of the match, Stearns was short on his second shot, whereas White was on the green, and the last named was able to make it in 4, to 5 for Stearns.

The card read as follows:

White, out.... 4 6 5 5 5 4 5 4 6—44
Stearns, out.. 4 5 4 4 3 6 5 5 5—41
White, in..... 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 3 5—39—83
Stearns, in.... 6 3 6 5 4 5 5 5 5—44—85

Extra Holes—White, 5, 4, 4; Stearns, 5, 4, 5.

According to Peter O'Hara, the Shackamexon professional, considering the terrific heat, both White and Stearns deserve great credit for their rounds.

GOOD YEAR FOR FOOTBALL.

Leading Colleges All Expect a Before-the-War Season.

The coming football season gives promise of being one of the best in the history of the game, equalling the years before the war, when the Yale-Harvard contest drew more than 70,000 spectators to New Haven.

Last season few of the universities had regular elevens, the S. A. T. C. teams being the nearest thing to a college squad that was attempted. In many institutions even this form of the sport was dispensed with, cutting an entire year from football records. The teams of the universities were badly crippled in 1916 and 1917 through the loss of players who enlisted in either American or foreign service.

Harvard's plans include opening the training season at least two weeks before college commences. Designated players will report to a training camp in Maine early in September for preliminary work, before going to Cambridge.

Yale football candidates will report at Reggie Brown's Summer place two weeks before the opening of the university. A large number of former Yale football men have returned to their studies.

Dr. A. H. Sharpe, who has coached Cornell elevens for six years, will be in charge of the athletic work at Yale, and will have supervision over football. Judging from the teams he has turned out at Cornell, where athletics are not as whole-heartedly sanctioned by the faculty as at Yale, he should develop an organization which ought to be a strong bidder for the title of the Big Three.

Princeton will begin work early, and many good players will be on deck when the first day comes. Among these is Keck, who played a great game as freshman tackle on the Princeton 1917 team. Others include Harvey, McCaull, and such prep school players as Garrity, De Stefano, Dickinson, and Lourie.

Cornell will open the season several weeks ahead of the university opening, which takes place about Oct. 1. "Speedy" Rush will have charge of the Big Red team, and he has given Summer training directions to a squad of more than 120 men who reported in the Spring for preliminary football talks. Cornell hopes to develop an eleven which will equal the best turned out by Sharpe, hoping to beat Penn in the Thanksgiving game. Toward these two goals Rush will drive in training his men.

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TOTAL CASUALTIES NOW UP TO 302,150

War Department and Marine Corps Give Out New Lists Containing 488 Names.

24 DEAD IN THE ARMY LIST

Four Missing and 433 Wounded Also Named—27 Lost in the Marine Corps.

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, July 5.—One army casualty list, containing 461 names, was given out by the War Department today, bringing the total for the army up to 296,039. This includes 4,534 prisoners released from German prison camps. One Marine Corps list was issued today, which contained 27 names, bringing the total for that arm up to 6,111. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 302,150.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Prev. Reported.	Rptd. July 5.	Total.
Killed in action	33,652	3	33,655
Lost at sea	734	..	734
Died of wounds	13,590	1	13,591
Died of accident	5,004	12	5,016
Died of disease	23,429	8	23,437
Total	76,409	24	76,433
Wounded (85% returned to duty)	212,576	433	213,009
Missing and prisoners (not including prisoners released and returned)	2,059	4	2,063
Prisoners released and returned	4,534	..	4,534
Total	295,578	461	296,039

Summary of Marine Corps Casualties to Date.

	Officers.	Men.
Deaths	101	2,615
Wounded	121	3,131
Missing	..	143
Total	222	5,889
		222
Grand total		6,111

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

Gen.	General.	Corp.	Corporal.
Col.	Colonel.	Bgl.	Bugler.
Maj.	Major.	Mch.	Mechanic.
Capt.	Captain.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
Lt.	Lieutenant.	Mus.	Musician.
Sgt.	Sergeant.	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

CALLAN, A., 29 Spencer Pl., Bklyn...(WS)
CAMERON, A. S., Buckham Court, Brooklyn ......(WU)
CAPPOLA, S., 105 Sullivan St........(WS)
CICHNOCKI, J., 22 Stockton St., Brooklyn ......(WL)
DOYLE, J. J., 4,402 4th Av., Bklyn...(WL)
DOYLE, J. M., 806 Macon St., Bklyn..(WL)
HELLER, C. J., 365 1st Av., L. I. City.(WL)
McAVINCHE, P. J., 516 3d Av.......(WL)
MAHER, J. A., 220 East 33d St......(WL)
MULLER, W. E., 350 Hooper St., Brooklyn ......(WL)
MULLINS, J. J., 68 Lexington Av.—Sgt.(WL)
MURPHY, J. E., 169 Willis Av.......(WL)
MURPHY, W. S., Woodside.—Sgt......(WL)
MURRAY, F. A. C., 590 West 178th..(WL)
MURRAY, J. A., 341 East 52d St......(WL)
MURRAY, J. T., 1,372 Sterling Place, Brooklyn ......(WL)
MURRAY, N. V., 5,524 6th Av., Brooklyn.—Corp. ......(WL)
PEISEL, J., Corona..........(WL)
PLUNKETT, R. A., 1,825 80th St., Brooklyn ......(WL)
REILLY, E. J., 3 West 34th St.—Sgt..(WU)
REED, R. J., 993 Park Av..........(WL)
RHEINHARDT, W., 127 Nall St., Brooklyn.—Corp. ......(WL)
ROSENBLATT, D., 127 Ridge St......(WS)
ROTH, P. K., 421 7th St., Bklyn.—Lt..(WL)
SCHULTZ, H., 86 Madison St.—Sgt...(WL)
SOLOMON, B., 475 2d Av............(WL)
STEFFENS, F., 135 Kent St., Brooklyn—Lt. ......(WU)
WEBB, A. C., 8,678 Bay Parkway, Brooklyn—Lt. ......(WL)
WEBER, P. J., Astoria—Corp........(WL)
SOLINSKI, I., 1,480 Madison Av......(WL)

NEW YORK STATE.

CASE, B. E., Syracuse..............(WU)
CURRAN, E., Johnstown..............(WU)
FARAONI, L., Rome—Corp............(WL)
GARACI, F., Buffalo................(WL)
HEMBDT, J. H., Hortonville—Sgt.....(WL)
McGOWAN, L., Hornell...............(WL)
McGOWAN, R., Hornell—Corp.........(WL)
McSTAY, R. J., Newburg.............(WL)
MARSHALL, R., New Rochelle.........(WU)
MASON, W., Albany—Cook.............(WS)
MILLER, C., Hunter—Bgl.............(WL)
PAPROTZKE, J. E., Buffalo..........(WL)
PEDZIKOWSKI, J., Buffalo—Cook......(WS)
PINNEY, N. W., Highland Falls—Lt...(WL)
PLOWKIO, S. J., Yonkers............(WL)
POLIMENI, G., Schenectady..........(WL)
POOLE, L. C., Albany...............(WS)
RICHARDS, F., White Plains.........(WL)
ROSENBAUER, F., Webster............(WL)
ROSENZWEIG, B., 6 Ludlow St.......(WL)
SCHOFIELD, J. H., Port Jervis—Corp.(WL)
SCOFIELD, A., Yonkers..............(WL)
SPAULDING, E. S., Erieville........(WL)
TAYLOR, D. R., Buffalo.............(WL)
VAUGHAN, J. P., Springville........(WL)
VERNIER, C., Auburn................(WL)
VLIMEN, L. S., Hempstead—Sgt.......(WL)
WASZK, F., Albany..................(WL)

CONNECTICUT.

DEAN, W. A., Niantic...............(WS)
GRAGO, S., New Haven...............(WL)
GUARINO, J., New Haven.............(WL)
JACOBOWITZ, A., Bridgeport.........(WL)
KING, E. H., Westville.............(WU)
MICHAEL, J., Torrington............(WL)
NIELSEN, S. E., Danbury—Mch........(WL)
POKROP, E. F., New Haven—Corp......(WL)

NEW JERSEY.

GIGER, G. J., Newark—Lt............(WL)
LUTOSTANSKI, S., Guttenberg........(WL)
MARISCANO, S., Perth Amboy.........(WL)
MARKER, C., Montclair—Sgt..........(WS)
McGUIRE, J. H., Princeton..........(WL)
MOORE, T. W., Arlington............(WU)
MURPHY, W., Jersey City............(WU)
MUZZI, G., Long Branch.............(WL)
PINATORI, D., Jersey City..........(WU)
SONANTO, H., Passaic...............(WL)
TURNER, W. H., Camden..............(WS)
VALTER, H., Lodi...................(WL)
VAN BUREN, W. A., Newark...........(WL)
VAN HEST, G. F., Woodbury..........(WL)

OTHER STATES.

CARR, B. H., Tague, W. Va.—Corp....(KA)
DUNNING, H., Deep Water, Mo.—Corp..(DW)
FINES, J. L., Louisville, Ky.......(DA)
FOSTER, J. B., Nista, Tenn.........(DD)
FOSTER, R. M., Covington, Tenn.....(DA)
GIBSON, F. J., Batson, Texas.......(DD)
GRIFFIN, W., Mineola, Texas........(DD)
HAMRICK, C. C., Laurel, Miss.—Corp..(DA)
HARP, P., Hatton, Ky...............(DD)
HORNER, B. C., North Miami, Okla...(DD)
JOHN, A., Detroit, Mich............(DD)
JOHNSON, K., Loveland, Ohio........(DA)
NELSON, G. E., Stockholm, Sweden—Sgt. ......(DD)
NUTTER, R., Easton, Minn...........(KA)
OAKES, J., Carriersville, Tenn.....(DD)
POTTER, W. D., Davidsburg, Mich....(DD)
ROWE, L., Beaver, Ohio.............(DA)
SHAFER, V. V., Bellevue, Mich.—Corp.(DA)
SILVERTSEN, I. J., Pt. Blakely, Wash.(KA)
SNIKER, A. J., St. Paul, Minn.—Corp.(DD)
SWENSON, A. M., St. Paul, Minn.—Capt. ......(DA)
TANNER, H. A., Flasher, N. D.......(DD)
WALLING, F. Y., Salem, Ore.—Sgt....(DD)
WILLIAMSON, L., Martin, Tenn.—Sgt..(DD)

Revised Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

Now Rptd. Prev. Rptd.

GOLD, J., 24 Essex St.........(KA) (MA)
GRAHAM, J. B., 1,253 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn......(DW) (MA)
MARCHESE, COSIMO, 172 Graham Av., Brooklyn......(KA) (MA)
MORRIS, F., 1,139 Broadway, Brooklyn......(KA) (MA)
MOSKOWITZ, M., 40 Bristol St., Brooklyn......(KA) (MA)
MOSES, E. G., 188 Clarkson St., Brooklyn......(KA) (MA)
PIPER, A., 1,025 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn......(KA) (MA)
WALLACE, J. W., 139 Albany Av., Brooklyn......(KA) (MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

KEENE, T. J., Cohoes.........(KA) (MA)
MIHALCZO, E., Yonkers........(KA) (MA)

NEW JERSEY.

LESTER, R. W., Westwood—Sgt..(KA) (MA)
RYDELL, C. K., Asbury Park...(KA) (MA)

OTHER STATES.

ASHBY, J. E., Roseburg, Ore....(KA) (MA)
BROWN, R. R., Kingman, Kan—(KA) (WL)
BOGER, H. H., Aurora, Ill.—Lt..(DW) (MA)
BUSACKINO, M., St. Louis, Mo..(KA) (MA)
CHRISTIANSEN, J. B., Westhoff, Texas—Corp......(KA) (MA)
DOWD, R. A., St. Louis, Mo..(KA) (D)
EINSCHUTZ, F. A., Halethorp, Md.(KA) (MA)
FARRACCA, A., Philadelphia..(D) (WU)
FISHER, R. R., Wetumka, Okla..(KA) (MA)
GABRIELE, A. F., Philadelphia—Corp......(DW) (MA)
GALLINA, C., New-Orleans, La.—Mch......(KA) (D)
GILBERT, G. V., Judsonia, Ark.(KA) (D)
HOSFORD, W. H., Menomonie, Wis......(DW) (MA)
ILLO, J. D. J., Illo, Del Norte, Col......(KA) (MA)
JEFFRIES, C. B., Columbus, Ohio......(KA) (MA)
JOHNSON, W. Y., Macon, Ga....(KA) (MA)
JOHNSTON, J. C., Breckenridge, Penn......(KA) (MA)
KENNEDY, G. F., Whitebear, Minn......(KA) (MA)
KENNEDY, J. R., Hydro, Mon...(KA) (D)
KENNER, J., Ephraim, Utah—Corp......(KA) (WS)
KLEIN, G. J., Pilot Grove, Mo..(KA) (MA)
KIDD, H. L., Madan, N. D.....(KA) (MA)
LAUGHRIN, J. R., Brawley, Cal.(DW) (MA)
LESTER, B., Dallas, Texas......(KA) (MA)
LETT, B., Tiffin, Ohio.........(KA) (MA)
LUPO, F. Z., Cincinnati, Ohio....(KA) (MA)
MANNING, J. P., SS. Virginia..(KA) (MA)
MANOS, N., Sparta, Greece......(KA) (MA)
MARSCHKE, A. B., Enderlin, N.D.(KA) (MA)
MEIER, H. C., St. Louis, Mo.—Sgt.(KA) (MA)
MESSICK, R. R., Colonial Beach, Va......(KA) (MA)
MICHALSKI, W., Kettle River, Minn......(KA) (MA)
MICKELSEN, M. T., Dannebrog, Neb......(KA) (MA)
MILLER, E., Shepherd, Texas....(KA) (MA)
MILLER, M. R., Gormania, W. Va.(KA) (MA)
MILLER, R. M., Unionville, Penn.(KA) (MA)
MITCHELL, G., Jennings, Fla...(KA) (MA)
MOE, E. R., Spooner, Wis.......(KA) (MA)
MOEN, U., Shawnee, N. D......(KA) (MA)
PIDCOCK, H. O., New Marshfield, Ohio......(KA) (MA)
PUTT, C. A., Guntown, Miss.....(KA) (MA)
SHANK, M. N., Hummelstown, Penn......(KA) (MA)
SHEAR, J. E., Brock, Ind........(KA) (D)
SWENSON, H. A., Albert Lea, Minn......(KA) (MA)
THALDORF, W., Winona, Minn.(KA) (D)
TIGHE, V. V., Perry, Iowa.......(KA) (D)
VON OERTZEN, R. T., Fayette, Mo.(KA) (MA)
WALLACE, I. W., Hodgensville, Ky......(KA) (MA)
WASHBURN, F. E., Los Angeles, Cal......(KA) (MA)
WILBUR, B. W., St. Paul, Minn..(D) (MA)
WILSON, A., Boston, Mass.....(KA) (MA)

Marine Corps Casualties.

NEW YORK STATE.

KARNATZ, H. J., Niagara Falls......(DW)

NEW JERSEY.

TOULSON, J. C., Salem..............(KA)

OTHER STATES.

CASEY, T. R., Mechanicstown, Ohio...(KA)
CHARD, E. F., Winchendon, Mass....(DW)
HAYS, E. E., Leroy, Minn...........(DA)
MARTER, T. E., Port Huron, Mich....(DD)
SIMONSON, H. O., Ada, Minn........(KA)
SOKOSKY, J., Wendel, Penn..........(DW)
STACH, W. L., Chicago, Ill.........(DW)
TEBBE, M. G., St. Louis, Mo.—Corp..(DW)

Revised Marine Corps Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

Now Reptd. Prev. Reptd.

STEINKAMP, C. W., 820 Columbus Av......(KA) (MA)

OTHER PARTS OF N. Y. STATE.

LUMLEY, J. R., Utica.........(KA) (MA)

OTHER STATES.

ASBURY, W. T., Dunlow, W. Va.(DW) (MA)
BROWN, L. H., Tunkhannock, Penn......(DW) (MA)
CARTER, G. L., Elmer, Mo.....(KA) (MA)
CHEFETZ, H., Fall River, Mass—Corp......(KA) (MA)
DALQUIST, O. E., Randall, Minn.(KA) (MA)
DANZ, W., St. Louis, Mo......(KA) (MA)
GRUVER, F. B., Asotin, Wash...(KA) (MA)
HARTT, P. M., Bloomington, Neb......(KA) (MA)
JONES, A. A., Minneapolis, Minn.(KA) (MA)
LESTER, J. L., Waco, Tex.......(KA) (MA)
MORRIS, C. D., Oakwood, Mich..(KA) (MA)
PLOENGES, L., Indianapolis, Ind.(KA) (MA)
SCHLUMPBERGER, A. H., New Ulm, Minn......(KA) (MA)
STOREY, A. M., Wichita, Kan..(KA) (MA)
WATERS, R. A., Cincinnati, O.—Corp......(KA) (MA)

CELEBRATE AT CRAWFORDS.

Senator Weeks Speaks at 100th Anniversary of Bridle Path Opening.

Special to The New York Times.

CRAWFORDS, N. H., July 5.—Summer residents of the White Mountains congregated at Crawford House today to observe the hundredth anniversary of the opening of the Crawford bridle path to the summit of Mount Washington, eight and a half miles distant, and the opening of the Mount Washington railway, which occurred fifty years ago today; also at the same time the opening of the Twin Mountain House and the entry of the Barron family into the White Mountain hotel world, where they were so potent in developing the region as a summer resort.

Governor Bartlett of New Hampshire was unavoidably absent and was represented by Senator James A. Tufts of Exeter, who spoke upon the significance of this occasion. Chairman Paul Jenks, President of the New England Trail Conference, under whose auspices the exercises were held, and Councillor of Improvements for the Appalachian Mountain Club, presided at the meeting.

Other speakers were Franklin K. Reed, of the United States Forest Service, and Frank H. Burt, former editor of Among the Clouds, a newspaper published on the summit of Mount Washington, who gave an interesting talk upon historic events connected with the opening of train and railroad, and United States Senator John W. Weeks of Massachusetts, who came from his birthplace and Summer home at Lancaster to speak upon the importance of Government ownership of the great White Mountain Forest Park of 400,000 acres, which was largely made possible through the Weeks' bill. Senator Weeks declares that the Government should acquire an additional 400,000 acres in order to fully protect the great water sources of New England, the four great rivers that rise in the White Mountains.

A sign in the shape of a shield bearing appropriate inscriptions was unveiled and dedicated standing at the entrance to the Crawford path and was the gift of the United States Forest Service.

Many motored to the Maplewood for luncheon today and saw the last events in the week's program of trap shooting.

Mrs. Eleanor Ashby arrived from New York to visit Mrs. William A. Barron at the Crawford House.

Curry-Talcott Wedding July 19.

The wedding of Miss Henrietta Talcott, daughter of Mrs. Edward Wyckoff Harris of New York and Rye, and Francis H. Curry of Southampton, England, will take place on Saturday afternoon, July 19, in the Presbyterian Church at Rye. Mr. Curry was recently demobilized from the British Air Service, and is to be connected with the Standard Oil Company at Buenos Aires. His brother, Major P. A. Curry, O. B. E., is to act as his best man at the wedding. Major Curry was recently awarded the Distinguished Service Medal for his services with the British Ministry of Shipping in connection with the American overseas troop movement.

O'Brien-Ferrin.

The wedding is announced of Dr. Francis Paul O'Brien, who has charge of Americanization work in New Britain, Conn., and Miss Livia Ellen Ferrin, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Nelson Ferrin of Montclair, N. J., which took place at the home of the bride on June 27. The Rev. Allen Ferrin, an uncle of the bride, officiated. The bride received a Master's Degree at Columbia University. Dr. O'Brien also received his M. D. at Columbia. After their honeymoon at their Summer home in Northern Pennsylvania, Dr. O'Brien and his bride will return to New Britain.

Miss Dorothy D. Koues Engaged.

Miss Helen Koues of 70 East Seventy-seventh Street, and Lawrence, L. I., daughter of the late George Ellsworth Koues, announces the engagement of her sister, Miss Dorothy Dudley Koues, to George Ide Malcom, son of Mrs. George I. Malcom of 116 East Sixty-third Street. Miss Koues was introduced to society several seasons ago, and is a member of the Junior League. Mr. Malcom served overseas with the United States Mine Force, having returned recently.

DR. NATHL. B. POTTER DIES IN CALIFORNIA

Prominent New York Physician and Surgeon Succumbs After a Long Illness.

ONCE COLUMBIA PROFESSOR

Editor of Medical Works and Consulting Physician to Several Hospitals Here When Stricken.

Word was received here yesterday of the death in Santa Barbara, Cal., of Dr. Nathaniel Bowditch Potter, for a number of years a prominent physician and surgeon of this city. Dr. Potter had been ill for several years and had gone to California in hope of benefiting his health. He grew better at times, and there appeared some hope for his ultimate recovery, but the improvement in his condition proved not to be permanent, and the disease was gradually sapping up his vitality.

Dr. Potter was born in Keeseville, N. Y., Dec. 25, 1869, the son of George Sabine and Mary Gill Powell Potter. He was graduated from the College of the City of New York in 1888 and from Harvard in 1890, and from the Harvard Medical School with the degree of M. D. four years later.

Besides a wide practice, Dr. Potter had been professor of the clinical department at the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the Columbia University; chief of the medical department of St. Mark's Hospital; consulting physician to the French Hospital, to the New York Throat, Nose, and Lung Hospital, and to the Central Islip State Hospital.

Dr. Potter had edited various medical books, including the first and second editions of Sahli's Diagnosis and the first and second editions of Ortner's Therapeutics.

He was a member of the New York Academy of Medicine, American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Association, Harvard Medical Association, Officer de l'Instruction Publique and member Correspondent de la Société Médicale des Hospiteaux de Paris. He was also a member of the University Club.

In 1908 he married Miss Mary Sargent of Brookline, Mass.

PALMER ESTATE $2,334,311.

Appraisal of Drug Manufacturer's Property Filed in Brooklyn.

The appraisal of the estate of Lowell M. Palmer, President of the E. R. Squibb Company, drug and chemical manufacturers, who died Sept. 30, 1915, at his home, 206 Clinton Avenue Brooklyn, was filed yesterday with Surrogate G. W. Wingate in Brooklyn. It places the net value at $2,334,311.

Most of the estate goes to Mr. Palmer's children. Their names and the amount assigned to each follow: Lowell M. Palmer, Jr., $164,543; Carleton H. Palmer, $198,995; Florence E. Welcher, $148,952; Grace M. Johnson, $136,118; Lillian C. Fry, $139,766, and Ethel J. Palmer, $146,374.

Among the real estate holdings are a one-half undivided interest in property on Newtown Creek, between Freeman and Rink Streets, Brooklyn, valued at $487,500, and an interest in the Palmer buildings, 40-46 Doughty Street, Brooklyn.

Included in the assets are a claim for $960,710 against the City of New York, based on a judgment for property taken for barge canal purposes; notes signed by an unspecified lime company, $210,548; a note signed by Theodore Weicher, a son-in-law, $100,000; five notes signed by Farnum Cheshire, $47,435; notes of the E. R. Squibb Company, Academy of Music, $1,250; 1,135 shares Lowell M. Palmer Company, $32,302; fifty shares Palmer Waterfront Land and Improvement Company, $1,400,750; 2,500 shares common stock, E. R. Squibb Company, $257,250; 100 shares, preferred stock, E. R. Squibb Company, $102,900, and 700 shares, Borden Condensed Milk Company, $74,900.

There is a claim against the estate of $210,786, the nature of which is not stated.

New Yorkers at Hot Springs.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 5.—Mrs. John C. Mallery arrived at the Homestead today from New York and will be here for the Summer season. Mrs. Mallery was at the Homestead during the greater part of the Spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pritchett also arrived today at the Homestead from New York. Other New York arrivals today are Miss Jessie Savage, James E. Leach, and Charles March.

The address former Senator Chauncey M. Depew made on the morning of the Fourth of July in Hot Springs has been pronounced the most notable he has made in years. Mr. and Mrs. Depew are making their annual visit at the Homestead.

Wed to Lieut. John S. Reitenbaugh.

The marriage is announced of Miss Evelyn S. Quinn, daughter of Mrs. Richard Quinn of Rockville Centre, L. I., formerly of 303 West 122d Street, this city, and Lieutenant John S. Reitenbaugh, which took place last Thursday evening at the Church of the Ascension, the Rev. F. H. Handsfield officiating. Lieutenant Reitenbaugh returned recently from overseas after spending nearly two years in the air service. The couple, after a short honeymoon trip, will make their home at 48 Lenox Road, Rockville Centre.

George Bennett Hanford.

George Bennett Hanford, 65 years old, organizer and promoter of industrial and financial enterprises, is dead in the Homeopathic Hospital, Newark, N. J., following an operation. Beginning business in New York City in the paper trade he built up the Ticonderoga Pulp and Paper Company. He was a director in a number of concerns in this city, Philadelphia, and Wilmington, Del., and was three years President of the Belmar Club of Belmar, N. J., which he helped to organize. As a promoter of corporations he had an office at 25 Broad Street.

The Rev. Dana Mills Walcott.

The Rev. Dana Mills Walcott, for forty years pastor of the First Congregational Church, Rutherford, N. J., father of Harry M. Walcott, the artist, died Friday night at his home, 132 Mountain Way, that place, at the age of 79. Born in Natick, Mass., he was graduated from Hartford Theological Seminary. He was for some years associated with Evangelist Moody until 1876, when he went to Rutherford to become pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, two years later accepting the pastorate of the Congregational Church there.

Dr. Henry S. Oppenheimer.

Dr. Henry S. Oppenheimer, for many years engaged in the practice of medicine in this city, specializing in eye and ear treatment, died yesterday at his home, 276 Madison Avenue, in the seventy-fifth year of his age. Dr. Oppenheimer was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1876, since which time he had been practicing in this city. He was very much interested in war work and did considerable work for enlisted men without charge. The funeral will be held Monday morning at 10 o'clock at his late home.

T. P. Shonts's Condition Unchanged

Although the heat of the last two days had proved very trying on the patient, the condition of Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, was said to be unchanged late last night by the attending physician, Dr. J. Bentley Squier of 49 East Forty-ninth Street. Mr. Shonts, who has been ill for several weeks, continues in a serious condition.

DR. ANNA H. SHAW'S FUNERAL

Simple Services Conducted by Rev. Caroline Crane at Moylan Home.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 5.—Simple but deeply impressive funeral services were held this afternoon at the home at Moylan for Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, for many years the leader in the cause of woman suffrage in the United States. The services were conducted by the Rev. Caroline Bartlett Crane of Kalamazoo, Mich., and Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, President of the National Woman's Suffrage Association. There was a profusion of floral tributes sent by friends and by various suffrage and civic organizations from all parts of the country.

Mrs. Catt fastened the suffrage pin upon the dress of Dr. Shaw as a symbol of the highest honor the women of the world had to offer. The pin is an American flag with a diamond star for each State which voted for suffrage before the national suffrage amendment passed Congress. There was also upon Dr. Shaw's breast the Distinguished Service Medal, conferred upon her by the Government for her war work, and the jeweled American flag worn by Susan B. Anthony.

Telegrams of condolence have been received from many Government and woman suffrage officials, including Secretary of War Newton D. Baker, Secretary of the Interior Franklin D. Lane, Vice President Marshall, William C. DeLanoy, Director of the Bureau of War Risk Insurance; Miss Gertrude Weil, President of the North Carolina Equal Suffrage League; Mrs. Desha Breckenridge, President of the League in Kentucky; Mrs. Henry Ware Allen, in Kansas, and Mrs. Charles Gellhorn, in Missouri.

Augustus Chasey Doan.

Augustus Chasey Doan, Secretary and Assistant Treasurer of the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad and the Iowa Central Railway, and Treasurer of the Shippers and Manufacturers' Export Corporation, 5 Nassau Street, died yesterday morning at the A. R. Stern Hospital, 365 West End Avenue, following an operation.

Mr. Doan was born in Edgewood, Penn., Jan. 10, 1869, and entered the railway service in 1889 with the Pennsylvania Railroad as clerk in the assistant engineer's office. He came to New York in 1891, and since then had been, consecutively, clerk in the office of the assistant treasurer of the Southern Pacific Railroad, clerk in the traffic department of the Southern Pacific Company, and from March, 1902 to date he was secretary of the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad and the Iowa Central Railway.

Mr. Doan had made his home for the last fourteen years at the San Remo Hotel. Surviving are his mother, Mrs. Mary E. Doan, and sister, Mrs. Charles V. Covert of Trenton, N. J.

Isaac H. Klein.

Isaac H. Klein, President of I. H. Klein & Co., insurance, 105 William Street, President of the Merchants and Shippers' Insurance Company, and prominently identified with a number of charities, died last night at 7 o'clock at his home, 231 West Ninety-sixth Street, following an operation.

Mr. Klein was born in Bridgeport, Conn., fifty-eight years ago, and came to New York about forty years ago, being engaged in the insurance business for nearly all of that time. Mr. Klein was President and a Trustee of the Madison House. He was a member of the Ethical Society, Progress Club, Harmonie Club, and the Grove Club at Far Rockaway. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Theresa L. Klein.

Chandler W. Riker.

Chandler W. Riker, for forty years a prominent attorney in Newark, N. J., died Friday night at his home, 422 Mount Prospect Avenue, that place. Born in Newark sixty-three years ago, Mr. Riker attended Princeton University, then went abroad to study at the Polytechnic School, Hanover, Germany, and the University of Berlin. In 1879 he was graduated from the Columbia Law School and admitted to the bar in New York the same year. He later began practice in Newark, and was City Counsel in 1894 and Prosecutor of Essex County from 1898 to 1903. He was a member of the firm of Riker & Riker, and his clubs included the Essex, Somerset, New York Harbor, Maine Country and the University.

Obituary Notes.

HERMAN WAHLERS, 70 years old, a pharmacist, died on Friday at his home, 119 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn.

Captain GEORGE T. GLADDING, who was of the fourth generation of sea Captains in his family, died Friday at his home in Bristol, R. I., at the age of 82.

GUSTAVE A. FORSTER, a photo-engraver and a member of Dauntless Council, No. 1,757, R. A., died on Friday at his home, 333 Stuyvesant Avenue, Brooklyn.

Captain JOHN B. SHELDON, 63 years old, of the construction department of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, died Friday at his home in North Kingston, R. I.

ADOLPH LASHANSKY, 65 years old, of the sales department of the Singer Sewing Machine Company, in this city, died Thursday at his home, 168 East Ninetieth Street.

DESIRE THOMAS LUPIEN, 68 years old, for twenty-seven years with the Manufacturers Trust Company, died on Wednesday at his home, 104 North Eighth Street, Brooklyn.

THOMAS H. NEVILLE, a civil war veteran and a charter member of Abel Smith Post, G. A. R., died at his home, 111 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn, on Thursday. He was 72 years old.

Mrs. HARRIET G. SABIN, wife of N. Henry Sabin and daughter of the late Daniel A. Jones of Chicago, died yesterday at her home in Williamstown, Mass. The funeral will be held at the home Monday.

JACOB GUNNERSON, 74 years old, a retired ship carpenter who was for many years in the employ of the Union Ferry Company, died of heart disease on Thursday at his home, 4,811 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. ANNIE B. GUNTHER, widow of Frederick Gunther, a hatter in this city, and a resident of Brooklyn for sixty-five years, died on Thursday at the home of her daughter, 534 East Fourth Street, Flatbush, aged 82 years.

Mrs. MARION LOWRY MINOTT, wife of Frederick S. Minott and daughter of the late Commodore R. B. Lowry, U. S. N., died Friday. The funeral will be held tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock at the St. James Episcopal Church, St. James, L. I.

Miss MARY LOUISE LUDINGTON, whose home was at 9 East Thirty-ninth Street, daughter of the late Charles H. and Josephine Noys Ludington, died suddenly yesterday. The funeral will be held at Lyme, Conn., Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

FRANCIS K. McCULLY, 79 years old, one of the first members of the Board of Brokers of New York, later the New York Stock Exchange, and a stock broker in Paterson, N. J., for the last fifty years, died yesterday at his Summer home in Cresco, Penn.

Mrs. ADA MANNE, wife of the Rev. Ray E. Manne, pastor of the Williams Avenue M. E. Church, died in the Methodist Episcopal Hospital on Wednesday after an operation. Mrs. Manne was born in Spartansburg, Penn., and had shared her husband's activities in church work.

CHARLES AUGUSTUS SCHMIDT, 59 years old, County Assessor of Marion County, Ind., died yesterday at the Alston Sanitarium, 26 West Sixty-first Street. He was born in New York, but early in life went West, and for many years had lived in Indianapolis, where he was active in politics.

THOMAS FLETCHER, 79 years old, President of the Bakers' and Consumers' Pressed Yeast Company of Paterson, N. J., and interested in other enterprises of that place, is dead at his Summer home, Franklin Lake, N. J. He was for three terms a member of the Paterson Board of Education, and was a leader in Catholic circles in Northern New Jersey.

GEORGE FOLSOM, artist, died Tuesday at his home, 140 East Eighty-third Street, at the age of 60. He was one of the two artists of The World when Joseph Pulitzer acquired the newspaper in 1883. A pioneer of pen-and-ink newspaper illustrations, for many years his signature, "Fol," appeared on pictures of court scenes, theatricals, weddings, and other news events.

Lieutenant WILLIAM E. DORAN, for twenty years in the service of the United States Army, died Friday at Fort McPherson, Atlanta, Ga., and the body was brought yesterday to the home of his brother, Joseph A. Doran, 9 Trowbridge Street, Astoria. He served with distinction in the Philippines, and was with General Pershing in the Mexican troubles, receiving a commission for his bravery.

Mrs. ELIZABETH JANE GREEN, 78 years old, who was commissioned by the British Government to take charge of Queen Victoria's own personal exhibit during the Philadelphia Centennial in 1876, died Friday at the home of her son, Frederick L. Green, 77 Percy Street, Flushing, L. I. Mrs. Green, who was the widow of John G. Green, was born in London, England, and came to America forty-seven years ago.

Born.

DAVIDOWITZ.—Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Davidowitz of 780 West End Av. announce the arrival of a daughter, Jean Phyllis, on Tuesday, July 1, 1919, at Sterns Sanitarium, 77th St. and West End Av.

FINE.—To Mr. and Mrs. A. Fine, a son, July 4, at the Bedford Private Maternity, Brooklyn.

GREENBERG.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Greenberg, (née Alice Mayer), of 634 West 135th, announce the birth of a daughter, July 5.

JANOVER.—Mr. and Mrs. Jule L. Janover announce the birth of a daughter on June 28.

PITEGOFF.—Mr. and Mrs. A. Pitegoff, 700 West 178th St., announce the birth of a son, Saturday, June 28.

PRENSKY.—Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Prensky, (née Rae Manischewitz), formerly of Cincinnati, announce the birth of a daughter, July 4. Cincinnati papers please copy.

RADER.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Rader, (née Frances Davis), 8 Vernon Av., Brooklyn, announce the birth of a son, July 4, at Flower Hospital.

SCHONBRUN.—To Mr. and Mrs. M. Schonbrun, a daughter, July 4, at the Bedford Private Maternity, Brooklyn.

Confirmations.

GROSSMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Pincus Grossman of 2,124 81st St., Bensonhurst, Brooklyn, announce the bar mitzvah of their son, Eugene Leonard, to take place Saturday, July 12, at 9:30 A. M., in the Temple Sons of Israel, Bay 22d St. and Benson Av., Bensonhurst. At home Sunday, July 13, from 2 to 5 P. M. No cards.

MUENZ.—Mr. and Mrs. Max Muenz announce the bar mitzvah of their son, Kenneth, Saturday, July 12, 1919, at Temple, 215 East 82d St. At home Sunday, July 13, 1919, 3 to 6 P. M., 165 East 86th St.

Engaged.

ABRAMS—HIRSH.—Mrs. S. H. Hirsh announces the betrothal of her daughter Beatrix Winifred to Henry Abrams of this city, who has been a Lieutenant in the U. S. Army. Reception will follow in the Fall.

BERNSTEIN—BARON.—Mr. and Mrs. David Baron of 1,331 Madison Av., now at 52 Gibson Place, Far Rockaway, announce the engagement of their daughter, Essie, to Harold B. Bernstein.

COOK—SCHLANSKY.—Mrs. M. Schlansky of 736 West 181st St., announces the engagement of her daughter, Lillian, to Arthur Cook of Brooklyn, N. Y.

DAVIS—LIPKE.—Mr. and Mrs. Hyman Lipke of 408 Manhattan Av. announce the betrothal of their daughter, Jean, to Mr. Norman Davis.

ENGEL—STURZ.—Mrs. Carrie Sturz wishes to announce the betrothal of her daughter Minnie to Harry M. Engel. At home Sunday evening, July 13, 1919, at 8,120 19th Av., Brooklyn.

GOLDBERG—GOLDFARB.—Mr. and Mrs. Morris Goldfarb, 854 Beck St., Bronx, wish to announce the engagement of their daughter, Etta, to Mr. William Goldberg on July 4.

GOTTLIEB—ROTHSCHILD.—Mr. and Mrs. Abraham D. Rothschild of 3,647 Broadway, announce the engagement of their daughter, Julia, to Mr. Herbert H. Gottlieb, son of Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Gottlieb of 302 West 86th St. Announcement of reception later.

HEIMERDINGER—ROSENBLUM.—Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Rosenblum of 490 West End Av. announce the engagement of their daughter Dorothy to Mr. Harold L. Heimerdinger.

JACOB—MYERS.—Mr. Saul S. Myers of 318 West 100th St. announces the engagement of his sister, Florine, to Mr. Benjamin Jacob.

KAUFMANN—COHEN.—Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Cohen announce the betrothal of their daughter, Rose, to Mr. Milton R. Kaufmann, June, 1919.

KUGELMAN—HAHN.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Jacobs, 953 Jackson Avenue, Bronx, announce the engagement of their sister Julia Hahn to Mr. William Kugelman. No cards.

LOEWUS—FLATAU.—Mrs. Blanche N. Flatau announces the engagement of her daughter, Fannie, to Mr. Edwin H. Loewus.

MALCOM—KOUES.—Miss Helen Koues, daughter of the late George Ellsworth Koues of 70 East 77th St., New York City, and Lawrence, L. I., announces the engagement of her sister, Miss Dorothy Dudley Koues, to Mr. George Ide Malcom, son of Mrs. George Ide Malcom of 116 East 63d St., New York City. Miss Koues made her debut several years ago, and is a member of the Junior League. Mr. Malcom has recently returned from abroad, where he served with the United States Mine Force.

ORNSTEIN—ROSENSTEIN.—Mr. and Mrs. Julius Rosenstein of 395 Fort Washington Av., New York, announce the engagement of their daughter, Claire, to Dr. George G. Ornstein of Port Chester, N. Y. No date has been set for the wedding.

REDERER—WEISS.—Mr. and Mrs. Albert Weiss of 447 East 84th St., announce the engagement of their daughter, Gertrude, to Harold W. Rederer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rederer of St. Louis, Mo.

SALOMON—NEURAD.—Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Neurad of 1,075 West Farms Road, N. Y. C., announce the betrothal of their daughter, Jeannette, to Dr. Alfred V. Salomon, son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Salomon of New York City.

SCHWARTZ—HURWITZ.—Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Hurwitz, 278 East Houston St., announce the engagement of their daughter, Rae, to Mr. Samuel L. Schwartz.

SHACKMAN—SUSSKIND.—Mr. and Mrs. William Susskind of Port Richmond, S. I., announce the engagement of their daughter, Elsie G., to Mr. David A. Shackman of Manhattan.

SIMON—SCHLOSSHEIMER.—Mr. and Mrs. Morris Schlossheimer of 1,861 Madison Av., announce the engagement of their daughter, Hortense May, to Mr. Harry Simon.

SLAFF—SCHER.—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Scher of Sheridan Av., Mount Vernon, wish to announce the engagement of their daughter, Augusta R., to Mr. Frank Slaff, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Slaff, also of the same city.

STILKY—EHRLICH.—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Ehrlich, 1,476 Seabury Place, Bronx, wish to announce the engagement of their daughter, Fannie, to Mr. Sol Stilky of New York City, on July 6.

Married.

BUCHALTER—LOWINSON.—On July 4, at 600 West End Av., Miss Adele Lowinson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Lowinson, to Lieutenant Benjamin Buchalter, U. S. N.

CLARKE—GRAHAM.—Mrs. Cynthia Treadwell announces the marriage of her daughter Mable A. Graham to William A. S. Clarke by the Rev. Walter D. Johnson, rector, at Christ Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., on Monday, June 30, 1919.

EHRLICH—SALIOS.—Mrs. M. Salios announces the marriage of her daughter, Eva, to Mr. Maurice Ehrlich, July 3, 1919.

FLACK—BASHFORD.—On June 27, 1919, at Brooklyn, Agnes Leslie, daughter of William and Mary Bashford, to Alonzo Flack of East Orange, N. J.

GREENEBAUM — STERN. — Mrs. Theresa Stern of 766 Union Av., Bronx, announces the marriage of her daughter, Fannie, to Mr. Herman Greenebaum, June 29, 1919.

GUTMANN—PINCUS.—On Tuesday, June 24, at the Unity Club, Brooklyn, Eva Pincus, daughter of Lena Pincus, to Mr. Jesse Gutmann.

HAVILAND—DESDET.—At New York, June 28, 1919, Jennie Estelle, daughter of Louise A. Joufferandot and the late Anthony L. Desdet of New York, and Frank Budd Haviland of White Plains, N. Y.

HELLER—SCHINDLER.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Schindler of 3,671 Broadway announce the marriage of their daughter, Pearl, to Herman Heller. Cleveland papers please copy.

JOSEPHSON—ESCOVITZ.—On July 2, Miss Florence Escovitz to Mr. Isidore Josephson.

LAZERUS—LANGER.—On July 3, Frieda, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Langer of 321 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., to Mr. Arthur Lazerus, by Dr. Henry Newman.

LEITH—CAMPBELL.—At the Brick Presbyterian Church, June 27, 1919, Kitty McKay Campbell, army nurse, to Robert, son of John Leith, J. P., Aberdeen, Scotland.

LOOMIS — COWPERTHWAITE. — On Saturday, June 28, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Dr. S. Lane Loomis, father of the bridegroom, May Barbara Cowperthwaite to Henry Sprague Loomis.

MARBURG—MAIER.—On July 5, Claire Maier to William Marburg of New York.

O'KELLY—TILGHMAN.—On Saturday, June 28, at the Holy Trinity Church, 82d St., N. Y., Henrietta Cox, daughter of Mrs. and the late Francis M. Tilghman of Baltimore, Md., to Sergeant Thomas O'Kelly, D. S. C., son of Mrs. T. O'Kelly, Limerick, Ireland.

RICHTER—GRAUBART. — Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Graubart of 2,698 Valentine Av., New York City, announce the marriage of their daughter, Ella, to Mr. Henry Richter of this city, on Thursday, the 3d of July, at Hotel Savoy. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Clifton Harvey Levy.

SELIKOWITZ—DAVIDSOHN.—Samuel D. to Elizabeth, (Elsie,) at Hebrew Tabernacle, Sunday, June 29.

SIMMONS—SYMONDS.—Zillah Symonds of California to Maurice Simmons of New York.

WEISS—SPRINGER.—On Thursday, July 3, Florence H. Springer to Michael Weiss, both of Manhattan.

Anniversaries.

BRANDT.—Mr. and Mrs. M. Brandt, 45th St. and 3d Av., celebrated their 25th anniversary at the Hotel McAlpin, July 3, 1919.

Died.

ARMSTRONG.—On Friday, July 4, Marion Armstrong, widow of John Francis Smyth, in her 74th year. Funeral services private. Interment Greenwood Cemetery. Kindly omit flowers.

AYRES.—Suddenly, on July 4, 1919, Caroline Baxter Ayres, widow of the late Norman T. Ayres, and beloved mother of Maud Ayres Mellen, at her residence, 1,245 Madison Av. Funeral private.

BRANDT.—Otto. Funeral services 9:30 Monday morning, Eickelberg's, 55th and 56th Sts., 8th Av.

BUEHLER.—Irma L., on July 4, after a lingering illness, at her residence, 2,171 Hughes Av., beloved daughter of William and Louisa Buehler. Funeral services on Sunday at 8 P. M. Interment Woodlawn, Monday, at 10 A. M.

BUTLER.—Mrs. G. Lying in state Campbell Funeral Church, Broadway, 66th St.

CARPENTER.—On July 4, 1919, Susanna S., widow of Henry Carpenter, in her 82d year. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Arthur W. McCoy, 272 Washington Place, Flushing, L. I., on Monday, July 7, at 3 P. M.

CLOHESSY.—At his father's residence, 2,287 University Av., Bronx, John A. Clohessy, beloved husband of Helen and son of John and the late Mary Clohessy. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DEXHEIMER, July 3, Charles F. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Sunday, 1 P. M.

DOAN. — Suddenly, on July 5, Augustus Chasey Doan of Hotel San Remo. Funeral services on Monday, at 8 P. M., at Stephen Merritt's chapel, 18th St. and 8th Av.

DOLAN.—On July 4, Anna Thresea. Funeral from her late residence, 516 West 175th St., on Monday, July 7, at 10 A. M., thence to the Incarnation Church, West 175th St. and St. Nicholas Av.

EPSTEIN.—On July 3, suddenly, at Binghamton, N. Y., by drowning, Arthur S., beloved son of Morris and Pauline Epstein, (nee Mautner,) of 320 St. Nicholas Av., in his tenth year. Services at the chapel of Meyers & Co., 228 Lenox Av., Sunday, July 6, 10 A. M.

FICK.—Marie L., (nee Lamprecht,) widow of Dr. Otto Fick, suddenly in New York, July 5. Funeral private. Chicago and St. Louis papers please copy.

FIX.—On Saturday, July 5, after a short illness, Emil, beloved husband of Fannie and father of Samuel, Harry, Max and Joseph. Funeral services 2 P. M., Monday, from 239 Lenox Av.

FORD.—On July 4, Harriett Ford, aged 52 years. Funeral services at the home of her sister, Mrs. Fred Minton, 9 Prospect Park West, Monday, July 7, 2 P. M.

FORBES.—At Sound Beach, Conn., on July 4, in his 71st year, William H., beloved husband of Isabella Forbes. Funeral service at his late residence, 707 Vanderbilt Av., Brooklyn, on Sunday, July 6, at 5 P. M. Interment private.

GILL.—On Saturday, July 5, 1919, Caroline Johnson Blaisdell, widow of Joseph Pearson Gill. Notice of funeral hereafter.

GREEN.—Silas, dearly beloved husband of Belle Green and devoted father of Howard J. Green, A. E. F. Funeral from Meyers Funeral Parlors, 228 Lenox Av., Monday, July 7, at 9:30 A. M. San Francisco papers please copy. Kindly omit flowers.

HAGEMAN.—Suddenly, July 4, 1919, at her home, 1,101 Grand Av., Asbury Park, N. J., Mary D. Hageman, widow of John F. Hageman. Funeral private. Interment New Brunswick, N. J.

HARDING.—Dora Grace, July 3. Funeral Sunday at 11 o'clock at Connolly's Funeral Parlor, 402 East 79th St.

HILLEN.—Suddenly, in Baltimore, June 1, at 9:30 P. M., Thomas O'Donnell Hillen, in the 41st year of his age, son of Sophia Felch and the late Thomas Dillon.

HOLLERITH.—Ida, (nee Stimmel) July 5, beloved wife of Joseph Hollerith. Funeral Tuesday, July 8, 1919, 2:30 P. M., from her late residence, 17 Post Avenue, New York City. Interment Woodlawn.

KLEIN.—On July 5, 1919, at his home, 231 West 96th St., in his 59th year, Isaac H. Klein, beloved husband of Theresa L. Klein and brother of Jacob M. Klein, Mrs. Hugo Josephy and Mrs. Henry Bishop. Funeral services Monday, July 7, 2 P. M., at the Meeting House of the Society for Ethical Culture, 2 West 64th St. Interment private.

LUDINGTON.—In New York City, on Saturday, July 5, 1919, Mary Louise Ludington, daughter of the late Charles H. and Josephine Noyes Ludington. Funeral services at Lyme, Conn., on Tuesday, July 8, at 2:30 P. M. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

McDONALD. — Suddenly, on June 30, at Washington, D. C., Captain William L. McDonald, Judge Advocate, beloved husband of Florence Roy McDonald and brother of Finnie McDonald, Montgomery, Texas; Judge James G. McDonald and Mrs. W. W. Meachun, Anderson, Texas; Brown McDonald, St. Louis, Mo., and Mrs. Lethia Hallock, Wisconsin. Funeral on Sunday, July 6, at 4 P. M., from 1,045 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Interment Cedar Groves Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited. Texas papers please copy.

MANVILLE.—After a long illness at Pleasantville, N. Y., early Friday morning, July 4, 1919, Jennie A. Manville, wife of C. B. Manville, formerly of Milwaukee, Wis., mother of T. F., Charles R., and H. E. Manville. Funeral private.

MINOTT.—On July 4, 1919, Marion Lowry, wife of Frederick S. Minott, daughter of the late Commodore R. B. Lowry, U. S. N. Funeral services at St. James' Episcopal Church, St. James, L. I., Monday, July 7, on arrival of 11 o'clock train from Pennsylvania Station. Washington, D. C., and Erie, Penn., papers please copy. Kindly omit flowers.

MURPHY.—On June 29, 1919, drowned at Watermill, L. I., Vincent T. Murphy of St. John's Seminary, beloved son of the late Ellen and Timothy Murphy and brother of John, Timothy, Cornelius and Marie Murphy, and nephew of Sister Mary LaSalle, O. S. D. Conditions will not permit the deceased to be viewed. Funeral will take place on Monday, the 7th inst., 9:30 A. M., from his late residence, 805 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn. Solemn requiem mass will be celebrated at the Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel at 10 o'clock.

O'BRIEN.—On July 5, Sarah E., wife of James F. O'Brien, at her residence, 826 Union Street, Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral notice hereafter.

OPPENHEIMER.—Dr. Henry S., on July 5, after a brief illness, in his 75th year. Funeral from his late residence, 276 Madison Av., on Monday, July 7, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

PIKE.—At 300 Central Park West, on Friday, July 4, Rebecca Fox, beloved wife of Israel E. Pike and devoted mother of Viola P. Rosenbaum, Mabel P. Rothschild, Gladys, and Stanley I., Lieutenant A. E. F. Funeral private.

RIKER.—At Newark, N. J., on Friday, July 4, 1919, Chandler White, husband of Mallie Snyder Riker. Funeral service will be held at his late home, 422 Mount Prospect Av., Newark, on Tuesday, July 8, at 3 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery at the convenience of the family.

ROLLINS.—On July 5, 1919, Elisha B. Rollins. Services at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. H. Lewis, 165 Valley Way, West Orange, N. J., Tuesday, July 8, at 10:30 A. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

ROSENBERG.—At her home, Kingston, N. Y., on July 4, Pauline, widow of Rudolph Rosenberg, beloved mother of Martha Marks and Charles C. Rosenberg. Services at Bayside Cemetery, Monday, 11 A. M.

ROWLAND.—On July 4, 1919, suddenly, Esther Harrison Rowland, daughter of Charles C. and Ellen Waln Harrison of Philadelphia, Pa., aged 37 years. Funeral services at Old St. David's Church, Radnor, Pa., Monday, at 6 P. M.

SABIN.—July 5, at Williamstown, Mass., Harriet G., wife of N. Henry Sabin and daughter of the late Daniel A. Jones of Chicago. Funeral services at her late residence on Monday.

SCHMIDT.—July 5, in his 70th year, Augustus Schmidt, former County Assessor of Marion Co., Ind., beloved husband of Laura Pearson Schmidt and devoted father of Mabel. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.,) Broadway, at 66th St., Tuesday, 2:30 P. M. Indianapolis papers please copy.

SCHWARTZ.—On July 5, Joseph Schwartz, in his 62d year. Funeral at convenience of family.

SERPOSS.—On July 4, 1919, Armend H., beloved husband of Therese Serposs. Remains lying in state at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St. Funeral services will be held at the Arlington Cemetery, Philadelphia, on Monday. Philadelphia papers please copy.

SHORTT.—Lieutenant Edward Allen Low Shortt, M. C. B. E. F., missing Dec. 10, 1916. Has been officially reported dead, and is presumed to have died on or about that date. Only son of the Hon. W. A. Shortt and Lucy E. Low Shortt, and husband of Marie Crevolin Clark.

SIMMONS.—On July 5, Bertha Simmons, (nee Auler,) sister of Fannie Cohen, Louis, Samuel, Fred, mother of Kate Feldblum. Funeral from her late residence, 247 West 111th St., Monday, 2:30 P. M.

STERN.—On July 4, 1919, at his home, 68 Highland Av., Yonkers, Albert Stern, beloved husband of Pauline O. Stern. Funeral private.

WALKER.—At Highwood, Manchester-by-the-Sea, Mass., July 2, William Bentley, husband of Louise C. and father of Charles C. Walker, of cerebral hemorrhage in the 77th year of his age. Funeral from his late residence on Saturday, July 5, at 12 noon. Friends arriving West Manchester by 10:45 train from Boston will find motor cars in waiting. Burial private. Kindly omit flowers.

WATERS.—CORINTHIAN LODGE, 488, F. AND A. M.—Brethren: You are earnestly requested to attend the funeral of our late Brother, Alexander W. Waters, Past Master of Corinthian Lodge, who died suddenly July 3, 1919. Services will be held in the Aurora Grata Cathedral, Bedford Av. and Madison St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, July 6, 1919, at 1:30 P. M. Interment at Maple Grove Cemetery, Long Island. Fraternally yours,

NIMROD S. GORMMEY, Master.
JOHN BEACH, Secretary.

WALCOTT.—At Rutherford, N. J., on July 4, 1919, in his 79th year, Rev. Dana Mills Walcott. Funeral services at his late residence, 132 Mountain Way, Monday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment Natick, Mass., convenience of family.

WIENER.—Levi, July 5, at St. Elizabeth's Hospital, aged 59, beloved husband of Diana S. Wiener and father of Walter, Irene, and Mabel Stern. Funeral Tuesday morning, July 8, at 10 o'clock, from Saul A. Rothschild's Funeral Chapel, 7th Av. at 120th St. Detroit papers please copy.

WINKLER.—At his home, 14 Leslie St., Newark, N. J., on Friday, July 4, 1919, Peter Winkler, in his 71st year. Funeral services and interment at the convenience of the family.

In Memoriam

CUSACK.—An anniversary mass of requiem will be offered in the Church of St. John the Evangelist, 55th St. and 1st Av., on Saturday, July 12, at 10 A. M., for the repose of the soul of the late Bishop Cusack.

LEE.—Julia. In loving memory of our dear Julia, who departed this life July 7, 1912. May her soul rest in peace. Rae and Hattie.

LESSER.—In kind and loving memory of our dearly beloved father, Lazarus Lesser, died July 7, 1909.

LEVINSON.—Ettie. Sad and loving memories of my beloved wife and our devoted mother who passed away July 5, 1917. May she rest in peace.

ELLIS LEVINSON AND CHILDREN.

MEYER.—In sad and loving memory of our dear, darling, beloved boy, Edward Richard Meyer, who left us to join the angels July 7, 1916, in his seventh year.

In Woodlawn gently sleeping
Lies our dear, darling baby boy
In a cold and silent grave;
How we miss you no one knows.
Our thoughts are always of you;
From early morn till late at night
We sit and think of you.
Friends may think that we have forgotten you,
And a wounded heart be healed,
But they little know the sorrow and suffering
That is within our hearts concealed.

Your dear Mother and Father,
ELIZABETH B. MEYER, (nee LAUN,)
HENRY J. MEYER.

NIBLO.—A solemn requiem high mass, third anniversary, in loving memory of Josephine Cohan Niblo will be held at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st St. and Broadway, at 10 o'clock Saturday morning, July 12.

TUITE.—In loving remembrance of Thomas J.; anniversary St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church, Jersey City, Tuesday, July 8, 8 o'clock.

Unveiling.

ELKIN.—I. N. The unveiling of the monument of our beloved husband and father will take place at Acacia Cemetery, Woodhaven, L. I., Sunday, July 6, 2 P. M.

FISCHER.—Unveiling of the tablet erected to the memory of Pauline E. Fischer, beloved wife of Albert Fischer and devoted mother of Herman, will take place at Union Fields Hungarian Cemetery, Sunday, July 13, at 11 o'clock A. M. In case of rain following Sunday.

GERSTMAN.—Unveiling of monument in loving memory of Florence Gerstman (nee Elias) will take place at New Mount Carmel Cemetery, Cypress Hills, Sunday, July 6, at 3 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited.

GORDON.—Monument in memory of Elias Gordon will be unveiled at Mount Hebron Cemetery on Sunday, July 6, at 3 P. M. If rain following Sunday.

GROSSMAN.—On Sunday, July 13, 3 P. M., at Union Fields Cemetery, will be unveiled the monument erected to the dear memory of our beloved Irving. Friends and relatives please note.

LUDWIG.—Unveling of monument to my dear husband, Jacob Ludwig, Sunday, July 6, 2 o'clock sharp, Washington Cemetery, Section 4.

SCHISSMAN.—Dear friends and relatives, you are respectfully invited to attend the unveiling of tombstone of my late dear beloved wife, Beatrice Schissman, at Mount Lebanon Cemetery, on Sunday, July 13, 1919, at 3 P. M. Take Myrtle Avenue train, change at Ridgewood for Richmond Hill car to cemetery.

FEAR ARMY DEMORALIZATION

Speedy Passage of Reorganization Bill Necessary, Experts Believe.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The question of a permanent military policy probably will be forced before the present session of Congress by Secretary Baker's order reducing the army to 233,000 officers and men by Sept. 30. Military experts believe only a speedy passage of the Army Reorganization bill will prevent demoralization of the military establishment.

The recent army bill makes mandatory the continuance of the four new staff corps, chemical warfare, motor transport, tank, and air service, none of which was provided for in the National Defense act. Officers and men must be drawn from the line and from the regular staff personnel to provide the necessary overhead for these branches.

The General Staff is at work on a program which will come within the authorized expenditures and still permit the retention of a skeleton establishment which may be expanded for war. Plans for the air service and tank corps will have to go by the board. Primary troop requirements which must be met include garrisons for the Philippines, Hawaii, and the Panama Canal, conservatively figured at 50,000 men; a guard for the Southern border, now maintained at 30,000; a force of 8,000 on the Rhine, and, for the time being, 8,000 men for Siberia.

These total 96,000 officers and men, and do not include 20,000 for small garrisons at home army posts, with approved additions of 58,000 for coast defenses. Twenty-three thousand temporary officers who have applied for permanent commissions must be discharged forthwith.

Men are now being discharged at an average rate of 15,000 a day, a War Department statement today said. The grand total of discharges to date was given as 2,611,416. If the rate were continued the army would be down to the National Defense act strength of 233,000 men by August 19. Enlistments have increased sharply since July 1, the total now being more than 70,000.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty-five cents an agate line.

LOST—Tan colored silver-fitted handbag marked N. McV., either in 7th Av. subway train or in Pennsylvania Station, Long Island side, about 5 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, July 2; $25 reward. N. McVickar, 49 Wall St. Telephone Hanover 8100.

LOST—Probably taken by mistake, 1 black week-end case and leather double thermos case marked L. G. A., by automobile entrance, Castle-by-the-Sea, Long Beach, July 4, 10:30; reward. Communicate B. Arkell, 120 Broadway. Rector 5160.

LOST—Suitcase, brown leather, two brass locks, marked J. H., with Italian hotel stickers; lost on Bar Harbor express, June 30; $25 reward. Send by express, C. O. D., to Joseph Hudnut, Fryeburg, Me.

LOST—On Ocean Parkway to Manhattan Beach, leather purse initialed L. S. D., containing $50 bill and 2 membership cards with name Louis S. Dunn; reward. Phone 8612 Audubon. Apartment 81.

LOST—Suitcase from automobile on Merrick Road July 3, about Rockville Centre or Freeport; liberal reward. Phone Gramercy 4091, or Centre Moriches 72, or communicate to 44 Gramercy Park, N. Y., J. W. M.

LOST—Pearl necklace, at 776 Lexington Av. or coming or going from 776 Lexington Av. to 39th St. and Madison Av.; $500 reward if returned to Howard & Co., 14 East 47th St.

LOST—In vicinity of 136th St. and Broadway, leather wallet containing notes in name of Alfred Hahn; reward, and no questions asked. Return to Alfred Hahn, care Golding & Hahn Co., 32 Walker St.

LOST.—Gold bar-pin, square ends, small blue stone in center; possibly between 40th and 87th, on 6th Av; reward. Telephone Barclay 4200. Nicholl.

LOST—On Thursday evening at Parsippany, N. J., about 7 o'clock, black handbag; suitable reward offered. Dr. Edwinna F. Dusenderry, 22 Fairmount Terrace, Jersey City, N. J.

LOST—July 1, between Grand Central Terminal and Y. W. C. A., Lexington Av., brown envelope, containing personal papers of a soldier, initials R. A. D. X 477 Times Annex.

LOST—Thursday morning, 97th St., near Drive, small bar pin, 9 sapphires, few small diamonds; liberal reward, no questions asked. Scheuer, 310 West 97th. Riverside 8643.

LOST—Framed oil painting of small boy; left in taxicab engaged near Plaza; $50 reward; no questions asked. Notify W. S. Budworth, 424 West 52d St.; phone Columbus 120.

LOST—June 28,—black leather purse, between Bear Mountain Inn and Queensboro, contains money, watch, keys, &c.; reward. Penrose. Plaza 10100, between 11 and 5.

LOST—Between Flushing and Brightwaters, Imperial vacuum cleaner. Address N. M. Fischer, Brightwaters, L. I. Reward. Phone 371 Bayshore.

LOST.

Between 81st and Park Av. and City College Stadium, diamond onyx pin. Reward. Phone Lenox 5297.

LOST—Gold wrist watch, between 110th, Broadway, along 113th, to St. Luke's Hospital. Reward. Manning, 418 West 114th.

LOST—Hudson seal stole, with squirrel collar, in taxi, Thursday night. Reward Apartment 62, 215 Manhattan Av.

LOST—A two-skin pine marten scarf, Times Square section, perhaps Strand Theatre; liberal reward. X 441 Times Annex.

LOST—Gold locket, initials E. N. M. Y., Fulton St. train or William St., between Bridge and Liberty, July 2. Bushwick 226.

LOST—Between New York and Mamaroneck, purse, money, papers, keys; reward. C. B. Kaufmann, 77 Broad St.

LOST—Tortoise-rimmed spectacles, Morningside Drive, opp. 121st St., July 4; reward. Return to 439 West 123d St.

LOST—Diamond bar pin at Sea Gate on Sunday; liberal reward; no questions asked. Phone Coney Island 1813.

LOST—Lady's bathing suit in blue bag on Chambers St. express; liberal reward. Gallaway, 128 Greenwich Av., New York.

LOST—Diamond locket, photo inside, initials A. E. R. Raia, 610 West 113th St.

LOST—2 men's auto dusters. Tel. Riverside 2375, H. Katz, and receive reward.

$1,000.00 REWARD

No questions asked for the return of a package containing a large three-stone diamond ring, lost in the vicinity of Park Av. and 54th St., if returned to B. D. Benson, 11 Cliff St., N. Y.

$500 REWARD.

No questions asked, return 3-stone diamond pendant and chain, lost June 25, vicinity Riverside Drive and 86th St. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$500 REWARD for pearl and diamond ring, diagonally set, lost within last week, either in New Rochelle or New York City, or on railroad train. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs

LOST—June 24, large, black and white coon cat, named Gyppie; great pet; $10 reward. Mrs. Waterman, 204 West 78th St., New York City.

LOST.—Friday, July 4, at Long Beach, Japanese spaniel; female. Liberal reward. E. L. Van Buskirk, 759 East 18th St., Brooklyn.

AMUSEMENTS

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GAIN $99,000,000 IN EARNING ASSETS

Reserve Banks Also Report Large Increase in Holdings of War Paper.

DECLINE IN GOLD RESERVES

Total for the Week Is $18,000,000 and $72,900,000 Since June 6.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Friday being a national holiday, the Federal Reserve Bank statement was issued as at the close of business on Thursday, July 3. The statement indicates increased borrowings by member banks and large issues of Federal Reserve notes, accompanied by further good withdrawals.

Gold reserves show a decline of $18,800,000 for the week, and of $72,900,000 since June 6, the Friday preceding the removal of the gold embargo.

An increase of $59,200,000 is shown for war paper on hand, while other discounts went up $17,800,000 and acceptances $26,100,000. As against a total increase of $103,100,000 in bill holdings, the banks report liquidation of about $4,000,000 of Treasury certificates, their total earning assets thus showing an increase of over $99,000,000.

Compared with this large increase in total investments, interbank borrowings underwent substantial liquidation, the amount of war paper held under discount for other banks showing a reduction from $122,000,000 to about $88,000,000, while the holdings of acceptances purchased from other banks declined over $3,000,000.

Government deposits increased $62,700,000, reserve deposits declined $25,400,000, while the "float" carried by the Reserve Banks went up $29,000,000. Other deposits, including foreign Government credits, show an increase of over $13,000,000, with the result that net deposits work out $21,300,000 larger than the week before. Federal Reserve notes in circulation exceed by $53,200,000 the previous week's total, New York, Boston, Chicago, and San Francisco accounting for most of the increase, while total cash reserves declined $20,900,000. The banks' reserve ratio shows a decline from 52.1 to 50.8 per cent.

Following the payment of the regular semi-annual dividend the banks were able to increase their surplus by $31,600,000, besides retaining 10 per cent. of their net profits, or $3,500,000, in profit and loss account. Their surplus amounts now to nearly 100 per cent. of their paid-in capital.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK STATEMENT

The following table shows the total gold holdings and other chief items in this week's report of each of the twelve Federal Reserve banks:

District.	Gold Reserve.	Bills on Hand.	Resources.	Due to Members.	Notes in Circulation.
1—Boston	$105,428,000	$172,407,000	$373,711,000	$95,020,000	$182,631,000
2—New York	656,095,000	853,170,000	1,818,155,000	678,669,000	762,915,000
3—Philadelphia	127,492,000	189,316,000	413,537,000	102,165,000	203,310,000
4—Cleveland	202,564,000	154,302,000	440,767,000	126,741,000	217,567,000
5—Richmond	66,527,000	94,995,000	231,199,000	52,181,000	109,640,000
6—Atlanta	75,690,000	88,948,000	211,656,000	47,004,000	117,320,000
7—Chicago	421,900,000	284,413,000	825,849,000	257,937,000	429,248,000
8—St. Louis	92,970,000	62,298,000	233,036,000	59,015,000	104,350,000
9—Minneapolis	82,822,000	61,217,000	163,774,000	55,191,000	82,203,000
10—Kansas City	81,460,000	84,832,000	240,912,000	80,268,000	94,044,000
11—Dallas	32,334,000	55,050,000	123,706,000	42,807,000	47,908,000
12—San Francisco	183,664,000	124,759,000	346,806,000	90,620,000	201,212,000

Consolidated statement of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks compares as follows:

RESOURCES.	Last Week.	Previous Week.	Year Ago.
Gold coin and certificates	$282,947,000	$314,135,000	$421,927,000
Gold settlement fund, Fed. Reserve Board	564,290,000	597,046,000	524,303,000
Gold with foreign agencies	....	....	16,272,000
Total gold held by banks	$847,233,000	$911,181,000	$962,502,000
Gold with Federal Reserve agents	1,155,278,000	1,113,824,000	962,075,000
Gold redemption fund	126,435,000	122,779,000	34,533,000
Total gold reserve	$2,128,946,000	$2,147,784,000	$1,959,110,000
Legal-tender notes, silver, &c	66,407,000	68,472,000	56,053,000
Total reserves	$2,195,353,000	$2,216,256,000	$2,015,163,000
Bills discounted; Secured by Government war obligations	1,632,639,000	1,573,483,000	563,496,000
All other	262,389,000	244,557,000	513,286,000
Bills bought in open market	330,679,000	304,558,000	211,947,000
Total bills on hand	$2,225,707,000	$2,122,598,000	$1,288,729,000
United States Government bonds	27,130,000	27,130,000	42,749,000
U. S. Victory notes	377,000	335,000	....
United States certificates of indebtedness	200,068,000	204,104,000	*17,350,000
All other earning assets	....	....	26,000
Total earning assets	$2,453,282,000	$2,354,167,000	$1,348,854,000
Bank premises	11,684,000	11,257,000	....
Uncollected items and other deduct. from gross dep	742,527,000	686,063,000	669,257,000
Five per cent redemption fund against Federal Reserve Bank notes	9,956,000	9,714,000	725,000
All other resources	10,306,000	10,551,000	10,163,000
Total resources	$5,423,108,000	$5,288,008,000	$4,044,162,000
LIABILITIES.			
Capital paid in	$82,811,000	$82,764,000	$76,163,000
Surplus	81,087,000	49,466,000	1,134,000
Government deposits	136,328,000	73,614,000	128,898,000
Due to members—reserve account	1,687,608,000	1,713,030,000	1,369,697,000
Deferred availability items	561,896,000	534,420,000	527,580,000
Other deposits, including foreign Govt. credits	128,698,000	115,693,000	117,509,000
Total gross deposits	$2,514,530,000	$2,436,757,000	$2,143,184,000
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	2,552,348,000	2,499,180,000	1,791,569,000
Federal Reserve Bank notes in circulation, net liability	181,570,000	177,185,000	10,635,000
All other liabilities	10,762,000	42,656,000	21,477,000
Total liabilities	$5,423,108,000	$5,288,008,000	$4,044,162,000
Ratio of total reserves to net deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	50.8%	52.1%	61.7%
Ratio of gold reserves to F. R. notes in actual circulation, after setting aside 35 per cent. against net deposit liabilities	61.7%	64.2%	80.6%

*Includes one-year Treasury notes.

Reserve Board's Weekly Statement On Banking Conditions of the Nation

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Below is given the Federal Reserve Board's regular weekly statement of total debits to deposit account, reported through the Federal Reserve Banks by about 150 of the country's more important Clearing Houses. Transactions cover the weekly periods ending Wednesday, June 25, and July 2, 1919.

The statement closes with a recapitulation giving comparative data by reserve districts for all centres reporting complete data for both weeks. Figures of reporting Clearing Houses by Federal Reserve Districts are as follows:

	Debits to Individual Account. —Week Ended— June 25	July 2.	Debits to Banks and Bankers' Account. —Week Ended— June 25.	July 2.
New York	$4,643,899,000	$5,063,924,000	$1,779,049,000	$2,093,919,000
Albany	22,107,000	......	70,719,000	......
Binghamton	3,065,000	3,765,000	1,859,000	2,181,000
Buffalo	59,702,000	76,372,000	41,022,000	57,145,000
Passaic	3,430,000	3,985,000	618,000	469,000
Rochester	27,111,000	36,115,000	474,000	573,000
Syracuse	12,473,000	16,617,000	671,000	769,000
RECAPITULATION.				
New York	$4,749,680,000	$5,207,778,000	$1,823,693,000	$2,155,056,000
Boston	450,529,000	507,765,000	249,880,000	261,025,000
Philadelphia	376,762,000	440,783,000	400,169,000	371,985,000
Cleveland	484,348,000	594,845,000	482,715,000	510,022,000
Richmond	154,456,000	186,288,000	141,829,000	140,041,000
Atlanta	192,792,000	221,193,000	153,516,000	154,118,000
Chicago	959,322,000	1,104,930,000	834,118,000	856,066,000
St. Louis	206,494,000	238,358,000	188,250,000	176,440,000
Minneapolis	71,612,000	70,594,000	79,988,000	69,226,000
Kansas City	250,277,000	289,040,000	401,947,000	402,784,000
Dallas	127,837,000	131,275,000	197,931,000	186,928,000
San Francisco	350,921,000	398,712,000	258,792,000	257,346,000
Total	$8,375,730,000	$9,391,561,000	$5,212,128,000	$5,541,037,000

HUMAN APPEAL FOR JOBS.

Col. Woods Sends Out 500,000 Posters to Get Work for Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—More than half a million copies of posters, entitled, "Put Fighting Blood in Your Business," have been distributed from the office of Colonel Arthur Woods, assistant to the Secretary of War, in charge of finding jobs for soldiers.

The poster is printed in colors and is designed to call to the attention of the nation and particularly employers, the duty they owe of giving employment to returned service men. In the upper left-hand corner of the poster is a shield similar to that of the United States, bearing the names Cantigny, Château-Thierry, St. Mihiel, Argonne, Marne—and in the lower right-hand corner are printed the words: "Here's His Record—Does He Get a Job?"

The base of the picture is a line of fighting men.

The poster is being displayed in railroad stations, churches, and other public places. The Boy Scouts have been enlisted to aid in its distribution.

EXPECT 1,000,000 TO STRIKE

But Leaders Are Unable to Estimate Number Out for Mooney.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5.—Most labor unions in San Francisco prolonged their July 4 holiday to last over July 5, so it was not possible for employers or labor leaders to estimate today the number who have joined a general strike on behalf of Thomas J. Mooney, sentenced to life imprisonment for murder.

Fourteen labor unions of San Francisco voted to join the strike, S. Schulberg, executive officer for the International Defense League said. Schulberg asserted 1,000,000 workers in the United States and Canada would join the strike.

Black-Eyed Rats.

It does seem that it will require a pretty strong imagination to conjure up anything of real value in the alleged breeding of white rats with black eyes. It may have been worth five years of work and the production of more than 2,000 specimens to achieve this result, but the layman is certainly to be pardoned if he feels that the same energy and patience devoted to finding some means of exterminating the common or gray rat, which is an acknowledged pest, would have been of greater benefit to humanity.—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

BUSINESS RECORDS.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts of $100 and Over.)

Barthel, Nicholas F.—Swift & Co.	$116.85
Coffey, Charles E.—M. Lenahan	3,318.44
Coffey, Emma—M. Lenahan	3,318.44
Calder, Frederick V.—V. A. Calder, costs	138.08
Dougherty, Malvin, and Thomas—E. W. Sutton	710.85
Fitzgerald, Martin—Central Cigar Mfg. Co.	153.60
Grimwood, Victor—F. E. Lammers	692.57
Hubener, Charles—Swift & Co., Inc.	369.51
Herman, Meyer—M. Josephson, costs	158.15
Leather, Grace A.—L. Bauer	27,217.50
Sirico, George, and Bronx Doll Mfg. Co.—G. R. St. Angelo	213.71
Shehab, Shehab Z.—Pittsburgh State Bank	2,932.74
Sultan, Augusta—M. Rosenbluth	12,062.44
Tempest, Florence—E. Leonard	105.20
In Bronx County.	
Evans, Samuel H.—Indiana Flooring Co.	$537.68
Same—Same	262.73
Hennessy, John—A. J. Spielberger	369.60
Hochstein, Hyman—State Ind. Com.	134.54
Moneth, John—M. Cunningham	175.72
Natanson, Robert—Taiyo Trading Co.	310.50

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that on which judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Barra, Caesar B. F.—A. Nicolini, April 7, 1915	$684.41
Clarke, Besse C.—Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., —— 7, 1916	125.82
Same—Same, March 13, 1914	124.18
Lowe, John Z.—Riverhead Savings Bank, April 3, 1919	1,754.31
Luban, Ida—New Amsterdam Casualty Co., May 15, 1919, (vacated)	10,000.00
In Bronx County.	
Page, Allen H.—J. Bell Co., Jan. 4, 1917	$234.07

WAR EXPENDITURES 550% OF NORMAL

Treasury Disbursements for Year Ended July 1, 1919, $34,841,386,515.

DEFICIT IS $333,342,024

Actual Cost of Hostilities Less Than Apparent Because of Civil List Inclusion.

The total disbursements by the United States Treasury for the fiscal year ended June 30, last, reached the tremendous total of $34,841,386,515, against total receipts of $34,508,044,491, showing thereby a deficit on the year's operations at the Treasury of $333,342,024. In the previous year the receipts, which amounted to $20,358,879,098, exceeded the disbursements, which were $19,911,391,924, by $447,487,174.

In the fiscal year ended with June 30, 1916, the last full year before the war, total receipts were only $838,403,969, and the disbursements were $759,666,159, leaving a balance of $78,737,810. The disbursements in the fiscal year just ended exceeded those of 1916 by $34,081,720,356, or about 450 per cent.

Last year's huge outlay does not represent net cost of the war. Because of a system of cross entries in the Treasury statement the total footings are considerably increased over the actual cost. The item shown in the table as Checks and Warrants Paid, which totaled $14,316,633,170, represents a much closer approximation of what the war actually cost than does the total of all disbursements. Even that, however, is not an absolute calculation of the war cost, for it includes the cost of operating the civil establishment, as well as the military. Of the other items shown in the disbursements, most of them represent investments by the Treasury, as, for example, Loans to Allies, Farm Loan bonds bought, Panama Canal costs, &c.

Interest on the public debt last year required $619,215,569, against $189,743,277 in 1918, and less than $24,000,000 in preceding years. This charge is likely to increase this year, as the Victory Liberty Loan notes will carry a full year's interest in the next annual exhibit, whereas in the last year they required interest for only a few months. Incidentally, the Victory Loan payments totaled only $3,467,840,957 during the fiscal year just ended, as compared with allotments of $4,500,000,000. As most of this additional $1,000,000,000 will be paid in early in the present fiscal year, the interest charges will rise accordingly. Also, charges for sinking fund may be expected to appear soon, so that the debit side of the war loan account should rise rather than diminish for the next few years.

Loans to the Allies (obligations of foreign Governments purchased, is the official designation) will almost surely fall off considerably, as the present authorization for such investments is limited to $10,000,000,000, and $9,102,285,016 has actually been paid out. Of this total, $3,479,255,266 went out in 1919; $4,738,029,750 in 1918, and $885,000,000 in 1917. Congress, notwithstanding the appeal of Mr. McAdoo, when he was Secretary of the Treasury, has refused to increase this authorization and shows no disposition to increase it now.

The credit side of the Treasury account, receipts, shows some interesting comparisons with other recent years. Customs receipts, since the Underwood tariff went into effect, have fallen off steadily, despite the record imports which the Custom House has been reporting lately. Income and profits tax receipts, however, have risen enormously. More than $3,000,000,000 was paid into the Treasury on account of these taxes last year, against only $125,000,000 thus received in 1916. Other tax receipts have also expanded very greatly, as will be seen in the accompanying table. War bonds, including the Victory Notes, brought into the Treasury $11,367,447,913 last year, and for the full war period to date $20,318,502,482. Payment on account of the various war issues last year and for the full war period have been as follows:

	1919.	Total.
1st Lib. Loan	$2,664,345	$1,908,139,442
2d Lib. Loan	1,134	3,807,865,969
3d Lib. Loan	937,436,919	4,175,151,557
4th Lib. Loan	6,959,504,557	6,959,504,557
Vic. Lib. Loan	3,467,840,957	3,467,840,957
Total	$11,367,447,913	$20,318,502,482

Certificates of indebtedness issued last year amounted to $17,182,244,390, and the total redeemed was $16,302,787,763, leaving a debit balance for the year of $879,456,627. For the three years during which these certificates have been resorted to by the Treasury the emissions have totalled $26,891,181,390 and the redemptions have been $24,126,457,234, leaving a balance still outstanding of $2,764,724,156.

Treasury Operations by Fiscal Years.

RECEIPTS.	1919.	1918.	1917.	1916.
Customs	$184,457,867	$179,998,383	$225,981,934	$211,866,222
Income and profits tax	3,018,783,687	2,314,006,292	360,006,142	124,867,430
Other ordinary	1,942,640,992	1,164,541,845	536,588,154	440,746,835
Panama Canal tolls	6,374,590	6,036,345	5,872,244	2,554,577
War bonds	11,367,447,913	7,506,035,812	1,385,018,756	....
Certificates of indebtedness	17,182,244,390	8,790,732,000	918,205,000	....
War Savings	783,177,606	307,092,391	....	....
Postal Savings	289,260	1,020,940	1,794,660	1,803,500
Retirement of bank notes, &c.	22,628,186	29,415,090	41,693,045	56,565,405
Total	$34,508,044,491	$20,358,879,098	$3,475,159,935	$838,403,969
DISBURSEMENTS.				
Checks and warrants paid	$14,316,633,170	$7,684,643,048	$1,018,402,740	$693,466,805
Loans to Allies	3,479,255,266	4,738,029,750	885,000,000	....
Bonds, notes, &c., retired	16,302,787,763	7,193,064,228	630,605,243	35,903
Interest on public debt	619,215,569	189,743,277	23,232,377	22,900,869
Farm Loan bonds bought	86,580,427	65,018,297	*8,880,315	....
Panama Canal	13,195,522	19,268,099	19,782,509	18,629,572
Bank notes, Federal Reserve notes retired	23,718,798	21,625,225	40,574,116	24,633,010
West Indies Islands	....	....	25,000,000	....
Total	$34,841,386,515	$19,911,391,924	$2,651,477,300	$759,666,159
Credit balance	†$333,342,024	$447,487,174	$823,682,635	$78,737,810

*Subscription to Farm Loan banks. †Debit balance.

WAIVED SILVER RESTRICTION

Glass Says Limitations on British Were Removed Last August.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Secretary Glass issued a statement tonight in which he made it plain that there is no obligation upon the British Government prohibiting it from buying any silver at a higher price than a dollar an ounce while the Pittman act remains in force. While it is true that there was an arrangement with the British Government that contained such a limitation, Mr. Glass makes it plain in his announcement that there had been a waiver of the limitation by the American Government. Mr. Glass's statement follows:

"The attention of the Secretary of the Treasury has been directed to a statement made in a bullion circular issued in London to the effect that the agreement between the British Government and the United States Government covering the sale to the former by the latter of 200,000,000 ounces of silver, bound the British Government not to buy any silver at a higher price than $1 per ounce while the Pittman act remained in force.

"On August 15, 1918, a public statement was made by the Treasury Department to the effect that it had been made a condition of the sale of silver under the Pittman act that the purchaser of such bullion should not pay a higher price for silver in other markets than those of the United States, and the Federal Reserve Board at the same time announced that thereafter that export licenses for silver would be granted only for civil or military purposes of importance in connection with the prosecution of the war and only in cases where the silver to be exported had been purchased at a price which did not directly or indirectly, exceed $1.01½ per ounce 1,000 fine.

"The arrangement with the British Government did, in fact, contain the limitation quoted above, but said limitation was subject to waiver by the Secretary of the Treasury from time to time, and was, on Aug. 15, 1918, waived to the extent of permitting purchases by the British Government at a price not exceeding $1.01½ per fine ounce.

"Subsequently, on May 6, 1919, announcement was made by the Federal Reserve Board that licenses for the export of silver bullion or silver coins of foreign mintage would thereafter be granted freely and without condition as to price or otherwise. At the same time, the British Government was notified that the Secretary of the Treasury had, until further notice, waived the provision of the existing arrangement with the British Governmetn limiting that Government and the Secretary of State for India to a price of $1.01½ per fine ounce in respect of silver purchased by them in the United States or elsewhere."

National Bank Call for June 30.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The Controller of the Currency issued a call today for the condition of all national banks at the close of business on Monday, June 30.

Call for State Banks for June 30.

ALBANY, July 5.—A call for a statement of the condition of State banks, trust companies, and private and individual banking institutions at the close of business on Monday, June 30, was issued today by Superintendent Skinner of the State Banking Department.

INSTRUCTION.

Foreign Language Schools.

FRENCH AND SPANISH.

Summer course to begin July 7th. Four classes in each language every day.

L'ECOLE FRANCAISE, 420 W. 121st.

Boston Stock Report.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 5.—Following are the latest quotations of cotton mill stocks:

	Bid.	Ask.	Sales.
American Linen Co.	..	128	..
Anoona Co., pf.	..	100	..
Arkwright Mills	175	..	..
Barnard Mfg. Co.	140	..	..
Bourne Mills	130	..	..
Border City Mfg. Co.	122	..	..
Chace Mills	155	..	..
Charlton Mills	150	..	..
Cornell Mills	185	..	..
Conanicut Mills	110	..	..
Davol Mills	120	..	125
Davis Mills	..	196	185
Flint Mills	200	..	..
Granite Mills	140	150	..
Hargraves Mills	102½	105	100
King Philip Mills	..	195	..
Laurel Lake Mills	145	..	150
Lincoln Mfg. Co.	140	..	..
Luther Mfg. Co.	160	..	..
Merchants Mfg. Co.	175	..	..
Mechanics Mills	130	140	..
Narragansett Mills	150	..	..
Osborn Mills	130	..	192½
Parker Mills	100	105	102
Pocasset Mfg. Co.	..	130	..
Richard Borden Mfg. Co.	162½	..	..
Sagamore Mfg. Co.	290	350	..
Seaconnet Mills	130	135	132½
Shove Mills	130	145	..
Stafford Mills	130	..	..
Stevens Mfg. Co.	120	..	..
Tecumseh Mills	180	..	..
Troy C. and W. Mfy	600	..	..
Union Cotton Mfg. Co.	235	..	..
Wampanoag Mills	143	..	143
Weetamoe Mills	145	160	..

CERTIFICATES ALLOTTED.

Total of $326,468,000 Borrowed on Series T-6.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Secretary Glass announced today that the final amounts of subscriptions allotted for Treasury certificates of indebtedness, Series T-6, dated July 1, and maturing on Sept. 15, was $326,468,000. This, with $526,138,000 of certificates of Series T-4, dated June 3 and maturing on Sept. 15, 1919, makes the aggregate amount of certificates maturing on the latter date $852,606,000. The Treasury does not desire to borrow a larger sum in anticipation of income and profits tax payments due in September and no further certificates of this maturity will be issued.

Subscriptions reported to date for Treasury certificates of indebtedness of Series T-7 total $390,387,500, which, with $238,711,500 of certificates of indebtedness of Series T-5 subscribed for and allotted on or before June 9, and that issue definitely closed, makes the total amount of certificates of indebtedness, subscribed for and allotted to date, of the maturity of Dec. 15, 1919, $629,099,000. Subscriptions are still being received in large amounts for certificates of Series T-7.

Detailed figures by Federal Reserve districts of subscriptions allotted for Treasury certificates of indebtedness of Series T-6 follow:

Fed. Res. Districts.	Subscriptions Allotted.
Boston	$14,188,000
New York	129,254,000
Philadelphia	14,730,000
Cleveland	30,551,000
Richmond	10,753,000
Atlanta	15,152,000
Chicago	46,516,000
St. Louis	11,203,500
Minneapolis	10,000,000
Kansas City	8,222,000
Dallas	6,221,500
San Francisco	12,134,000
Treasury	17,543,000
Total	$326,468,000

FARES DOUBLED IN VIENNA.

Increase in Rates on Street Cars Made Necessary by Wage Raises.

Since June 12 users of the street cars of the Austrian capital have had to pay 100 per cent. more than before that date, according to reports found in Vienna papers just received here. The basic fare, in accordance with a resolution adopted by the Board of Aldermen, was raised to 60 heller, (12 cents at normal exchange,) and the special rate prevailing up to 8 o'clock in the morning was fixed at 40 heller. All other rates were advanced in the same proportion.

It is estimated that the increased rates will bring in 100,000,000 crowns a year, but this will be more than eaten up by the wage raises recently obtained by the operating personnel. The Christian Socialist (Clerical) minority in the Board of Aldermen refrained from voting on the proposition to increase the fares.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., July 5.—Charters filed:

Federal Discount Corp., securities of all kinds, $4,000,000; William F. O'Keefe, George Steinler, J. H. Dowdell, of Wilmington.

Royalty Syndicate, Inc., $3,000,000; M. L. Rogers, T. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, of Wilmington.

Mines Holding and Operating Corp., $3,000,000; T. L. Croteaum, P. B. Drew, H. E. Knox, of Wilmington.

Snap On Thread and Tire Co., $1,000,000; Cornelius A. Cole, Hackensack, N. J.; Robert A. Van Voorhis, Jersey City, N. J.; Arthur R. Oakley, Pearl River, N. J.

Texas Moon Oil Co., $1,500,000; James J. Flannery, L. S. Dumesnil, H. D. Benner, all of New York.

The Speed Automatic Co., machinery, tools, &c., $500,000. T. L. Croteau, P. B. Drew, H. E. Knox, of Wilmington.

The Rhinock-Flexner Can Co., $500,000; T. L. Croteau, P. B. Drew, H. E. Knox, of Wilmington.

Youngoo Leather Co., $250,000; T. L. Croteau, P. B. Drew, H. E. Knox of Wilmington.

Jones Never Loosen Rubber Heel Corp., $200,000; James B. Jones, John R. Walker, Charles T. Resser, all of New York City.

White & Pierce Co., civil and electrical engineers, &c., $200,000; T. L. Croteau, P. B. Drew, H. E. Knox, of Wilmington.

Van Sooten, Mayer & Co., stocks, bonds, &c., $150,000; T. L. Croteau, P. B. Drew, H. E. Knox, of Wilmington.

Federal Trading Corp., importing and exporting, $100,000; William F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, J. H. Dowdell, of Wilmington.

Delta Finance Co., real estate, $100,000; Edward W. Cooch, Leonard E. Wales, Agnes B. Bray, of Wilmington.

John Taylor & Co., investment brokers' business, $100,000; F. R. Hansell, E. M. MacFarland, J. Vernon Pimm, of Philadelphia.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—N. C., S. C., and Ga.—Fair Sun. and Mon.

Fla., Ala., Miss., and Tenn.—Thunder showers Sun. and Mon.

Ind. and Ohio.—Thunder showers and cooler Sun., cloudy Mon.

Mich.—Cloudy Sun., fair and warmer Mon.

Ill., Mo., Wis., Minn., and Iowa—Fair Sun.; fair and warmer Mon.

N. Dak. and S. Dak.—Fair and warmer Sun.; fair and warm Mon.

Neb. and Kan.—Fair Sun. and Mon.

Mon. and Wyo.—Fair and warm Sun.; thunder showers and cooler Mon.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Mayo, Admiral H. T., assigned to General Board.
Deleney, Lt. Cmdr. W. S., to Albany in charge of naval rec. sta.
Ertz, Lt. Cmdr. H., to Milwaukee in charge of navy rec. sta.
Elder, Lt. Cmdr. F. K., to Portland, in charge of recruiting sta.
Fort, Lt. Cmdr. G. H., to Minneapolis, in charge of recruiting sta.
Richards, Lt. Cmdr. J. K., Jr., to Kansas City, in charge of recruiting sta.
Wenzell, Lt. Cmdr. L. P., to Detroit, in charge of recruiting sta.
McMorris, Lt. Cmdr. C. H., and Harlow, Lt. Cmdr. H., to Pittsburgh recruiting sta.
Gates, Lt. Cmdr. H. G., to Chicago, as asst. recruiting inst.
Falge, Lt. Cmdr. J. H., to New York recruiting sta.
Denfeldt, Lt. Cmdr. L. E., to Boston recruiting sta.
Bowden, Lt. Cmdr. J. P., to San Fran. recruiting sta.
Roberts, Lt. Cmdr. C. S., to temp. duty with files of battleship forces No. 1.
Culin, Lt. Cmdr. J. N., to New Orleans as asst. recruiting insp.
Weems, Lt. Cmdr. P. V. H., to Baltimore recruiting sta.
Gatch, Lt. Cmdr. T. L., to St. Louis recruiting sta.
Murphy, Lt. Cmdr. J. A., to temp. duty connection with files of div. No. 4.
Baker, Lt. Cmdr M. C., to the Arkansas.
Smart, Lt. Cmdr. A., to the Nopatin.
Sorenson, Lt. Cmdr. T. C., to headquarters at London.
Day, Lt. Cmdr. J. S., to the Von Steuben.
Myler, Lt. Cmdr. J. A., and Brown, Lt. Cmdr. E. C., recalled to active duty; under Cmdt. of Third Nav. Dist. for special temp. duty.
Berman, Lt. Cmdr. J. M., Base 29, at Lake Harris.
Morgan, Lt. Cmdr. C. H., to Liverpool.
Plunkett, Rear Admiral C. P., assigned to command Destroyer Squad 3 of Atlantic fleet.
Purdy, Cmdr. W. F., to headquarters at London.
Niles, Lt. Cmdr. E. K., will report to Communication Supt. of 1st Naval Dist.
Godwin, Lt. Cmdr. D. C., to aid and flag Lieut. on staff of Vice Admiral Williams, cmdr. of Squad 1, and Div. 1 of Pac. fleet.
Helle, Lt. Cmdr. D. M., to command the Lake Gokona.
Ferguson, Lt. Cmdr. N., to command the Aphrodite.
Foster, Lt. Cmdr. H. R., will report to staff of Base 7, from United States.
Morris, Lt. Cmdr. W. C., to command the Luezla.
Whitney, Lt. Cmdr. C. L., to command the Lake Capens.
Vanderonck, Lt. Cmdr. H. L. E., will report to Naval Port Off. at Antwerp.
Buchalter, Lt. B., to the Connor as eng. off.
Clarke, Lt. L. W., to the Mayflower.
Jorgensen, Lt. H., to Naval Air Station at Pensacola.
Miller, Lt. W. M., to duty abroad.
Williams, Lt. F. A., to Charleston Navy Yard.
Warrar, Lt. H., to headquarters at London and to United States.
Connor, Lt. A. W., to the Azores.
Koembima, Lt. H. K., to the Olympia.
Fechter, Lt. P., to the Stephen.
Wright, Lt. J. E., to Dutch ship mission.
Moyer, Lt. F. E., to the Wisconsin.
Greff, Lt. C. C., to Nav. Prov. Grounds at Indian Head, Md
Goob, Lt. C. F., to Bureau of Steam Eng.
Griffins, Lt. T. D., to the Lake Eliko.
Adams, Lt. W. O., to the Democracy.
David, Lt. B., to command the Eagle No. 25, when commissioned.
Tanske, Lt. G. C., to Puget Sound Navy Yard, in machinery div.
Petry, Lt. F., to the Pennsylvania.
White, Lt. J. W., to naval hosp. at Boston.
Folsom, Lt. S. A., to casual replacement bat. at Quantico.
Bigelow, Lt. A. F., to Atlantic fleet as surg.
Ferguson, Lt. R. A., to Norfolk Navy Yard.
Rehnberg, Lt. J., will report to port off. at Antwerp.
Parent, Lt. H. J., to Nucleus Crew No. 3.
Gilmer, Lt. J., ordered Proteus.
Navel, Lt. W., will report to Cmdt. of Third Naval Dist.
Koebbe, Lt. E. E., to Hosp. of Fifth Naval Dist.
Campbell, Lt. J. M., to cruiser and trans. forces of Fifth Naval Dist.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—A very limited amount of business and situation much the same as previously reported. Feeling steady on the finer grades of creamery and rather easy on other qualities. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 50@50½c; extras, 92 score, 49½c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 48@49c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 46@47½c; lower grades, 45@45½c; unsalted, higher than extras, 53@53½c; extras, 52@52½c; firsts, 50@51½c; seconds, 47½@49½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 49@49½c; good to prime, 47½@48½c; common to fair, 44½@47c; renovated, firsts, 48@48½c; lower grades, 44@47c; ladles, current make, first, 46@47c; seconds, 45c; lower grades, 43@44c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 45c; No. 2, 44c; lower grades, 40@43c.

EGGS.—Practically no trading on poor stock, which is in liberal supply. Some little demand for fancy eggs, which continue scarce and sustained at Thursday's prices. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 51@52c; extra firsts, 47@50c; firsts, 43@46c; under grades, seconds and poorer, 35@42c; dirties, No. 1, 37@38c; No. 2 and poorer, 29@36c; checks, good to choice dry, 34@36c; under grades, 26@33c; State, Pennsylvania and near by Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 56@58c; fair to prime, 47@55c; gathered whites, common to prime, 47@56c; Pacific Coast, whites, 54@56c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 46@55c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery browns, fancy, 53@55c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded, fancy, 50@52c; fair to prime 44@49c.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The warm wave continued with unabated intensity Saturday in the Atlantic States from Virginia north to southern New England, while over the region of the Great Lakes, the Central Mississippi and Ohio Valleys local thunderstorms have been attended by a considerable moderation of the heat wave in these regions. Cooler weather will overspread the region of intense heat in the Eastern States during Sunday and Monday. The following high temperatures occurred Saturday at points in the East: Boston and Baltimore, 102; Washington, 101; Philadelphia, Harrisburg, and Albany, 100; Hartford, Conn., and Scranton, Penn., 98; New York City and Parkersburg, 96; Portland, Me., and Pittsburgh, 94; Nantucket, 92; Atlantic City, 88. Showers and thunderstorms occurred within the last twenty-four hours in the region of the Great Lakes, the Ohio and Middle Mississippi Valley, the Middle Plains States, and widely scattered points in the Gulf States.

The outlook is for a general break in the warm wave over the Middle Atlantic and New England States Sunday and a return to moderate temperatures in these regions by Sunday night. There will be local thunder showers Sunday in the Middle Atlantic and New England States and the Ohio Valley and Sunday and Monday in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States.

The winds off Atlantic Coast: North of Sandy Hook moderate variable becoming north and northeast, overcast showery weather; Sandy Hook to Hatteras moderate variable winds, becoming north and northeast, partly cloudy weather, probably local showers and thunderstorms. Hatteras to Florida Straits, East Gulf and West Gulf Coast, gentle variable winds and fair weather.

FORECASTS FOR TODAY AND MONDAY.

Southern New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania, and New Jersey—Cloudy and cooler, with probably local thunder showers Sunday. Monday, cloudy; moderate temperature.

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, and Virginia—Partly cloudy and cooler; probably local thunder showers Sunday. Monday, partly cloudy; moderate temperautre.

Western New York—Partly cloudy and cooler Sunday, preceded by showers in the morning. Monday, partly cloudy.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1919.	1918.		1919.	1918.
3 A. M.	84	65	4 P. M.	96	83
6 A. M.	82	67	6 P. M.	94	84
9 A. M.	85	72	9 P. M.	88	68
12 M.	94	78	11 P. M.	85	65

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 88; for the corresponding date last year it was 74; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 73.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 82; at 8 P. M. it was 88. Maximum temperature, 96 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 80 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity, 52 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 34 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.91 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.82 inches.

Fire Record.

A.M.	Loss.
1:05—159 W. 45 St.; not given	Not given
1:25—201 W. 109 St.; Hugo Kahn	Slight
1:45—488 Cherry St.; William Winn	Slight
2:15—1,406 Prospect Av.; Morris Aiel and Clarence Stear; damage to Aiel considerable and to Stear	Not given
2:20—251 W. 137 St.; Charles Brown	Slight
4:40—6, 8, 10, 12 Ave A; Friedberger & Koch	Not given
5:25—240 W. 22 St.; Benj. Pollach	Slight
6:30—1,471 Brook Av.; Max Beowitz	Not given
10:00—249 Amsterdam Av.; George Scadduco	Slight
10:08—1,423 Columbus Av.; (auto,) Patrick Lafhan	Slight
10:55—34 Reade St.; not given	Not given
11:20—Spring and Varick Sts.; not given	None
P. M.	
1:15—374 7th Av.; not given	None
1:15—878 West End Av.; C. Kelly	None
1:15—616 Madison St.; unknown	Slight
1:15—167 St. and Gerard Av.; not given	Slight
1:25—2,729 3d Av.; H. Fried	Slight
1:25—508-14 E. 78 St.; A. Sherb	Slight
1:55—27th St. and 8th Av. (auto,) E. Booker	Slight
2:00—346 E. 10 St.; C. Bumayer	Slight
3:45—71st and 2 Av.; (auto,) G. Royce	Slight
3:45—Foot of E. 47 St.; Wilson & Co.	None
4:15—Huxley and Soundview Avs.; M. J. Kane	Slight
5:47—1,672 Madison Av.; awning, not given	None
7:30—2,448 7 Av.; awning, Harris Hattan	Not given

Police Department News.

Temporary Assignment — Patrol. J. J. Mahoney, 57th, to Headquarters Div., Bureau of Telegraph, from 8 A. M., July 9, to 8 A. M., Sept. 19.

Leaves of Absence, (Without pay)—Patrol. V. R. Raynor, 70th, for 1 day, from 12 Noon, July 6; Henry Bruder, 99th, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., July 6.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. as follows:

Hawaii, via Seattle—SS Glymont, July 5.

Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, and Netherlands East Indies, via Seattle—SS Kashima Maru, July 7.

Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, and Netherlands East Indies.

These mails are forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination by the best opportunity.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises.........5:30 | Sun sets.........8:30

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:53	3:30	9:16	9:58
Governors Island	3:38	4:18	10:00	10:45
Hell Gate	6:06	6:28	12:18	12:50

Arrived—Saturday, July 5.

SS Leviathan, Brest, June 28.
SS Mount Vernon, Brest, June 28.
SS Mauretania, Southampton, June 28.
SS Caserta, Gibraltar, June 24.
SS Chiabiados, Baltimore, July 3.
SS Galdames, Port Tampa, June 24.
SS George E. Paddleford, Tampico, June 25.
SS Leon XIII., Havana, June 20.
SS Perfection, Tampico, June 25.
SS Rudelsburg, Hampton Roads, July 3.
SS Sommelsdijk, Barbados, June 28.
SS Toronto, Hull, June 22.
SS Tjilboet, Amsterdam, June 22.
SS Wachtfells, Norfolk, July 3.
SS Lake Yahara, Pernambuco, June 18.
SS Lake View, Cardiff, June 21.
SS Victory Chimes, Bahia, June 15.
SS Melderskin, Barbados, June 24.
SS J. A. Bostwick, Tampico, June 24.
SS Norden, Gibraltar, June 21.
SS Clan MacKenzie, Boston, July 3.
SS Patricia, Brest, June 24.
SS Colon, Port au Prince, July 1.
SS Szent Istvantx, Norfolk, July 4.
SS Trumf, Swansea, June 19.
SS Perfection, Tampico, June 24.
SS George E. Paddleford, Tampico, June 27.
SS Port Judith, Gibraltar, June 16.
SS Washtfelz, Newport News, July 3.
SS El Valle, Galveston, June 29.
SS Brammel Point, Port Arthur, June 23.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Arabian	Hull	June 18
Veendyk	Barbados	June 17
Turretcrown	Dartmouth	June 17
Mae	Swansea	June 18
Eastgate	Havre	June 16
Splendor	Genoa	June 12
Procyon	Havre	June 17
Arizonian	St. Nazaire	June 23
Noordam	Brest	June 26
Baltic	Liverpool	June 28
Muscatine	St. Nazaire	June 22
Lake Silver	St. Nazaire	June 21
Favorite	Brest	June 21
E. L. Doheny	Brest	June 23
Giuseppi Verdi	Marseilles	June 22
Manitou	Brest	June 27
Elvalle	Galveston	June 30
DUE TOMORROW.		
Santa Ana	Bordeaux	June 26
Calamares	St. Nazaire	June 27
Great Northern	Brest	July 1
Frederick	Brest	June 30
San Juan	San Juan	July 2
Lenape	Jacksonville	July 4
DUE TUESDAY.		
Kentuckian	St. Nazaire	June 27
Deepwater	Bordeaux	June 26
Louisville	Brest	June 29
Marcia	Marseilles	June 28
George Washington	Brest	June 29
Comal	Galveston	July 1
City of St. Louis	Savannah	July 5
DUE WEDNESDAY.		
E. F. Luckenbach	St. Nazaire	June 27
Re D'Italia	Marseilles	June 23
El Alba	Galveston	July 3
DUE THURSDAY.		
Pretoria	Brest	June 30
Valacia	Bordeaux	June 29
Nansemond	Brest	June 28
Henderson	St. Nazaire	June 30
W. A. Luckenbach	St. Nazaire	June 30
DUE FRIDAY.		
Santaolivia	Bordeaux	June 28
West Apaum	St. Nazaire	June 26
DUE SATURDAY.		
Saxonia	Brest	June 30

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
K.I. Luckenbach, Brest	——	12:00 M.
Clan MacMaster, Cape Town	——	12:00 M.
Samland, Antwerp	——	12:00 M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Galahad, Glasgow	——	12:00 M.
Alamo, Jamaica	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
Abangarez, Panama	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Wilhelmina, Brest	——	12:00 M.
Santa Rosalia, Buenos Aires	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Vindelia, Glasgow	——	12:00 M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	——	12:00 M.
SAIL WEDNESDAY.		
Iroquois, Turks Isle	——	12:00 M.
Maracaibo, San Juan	——	1:00 P.M.
Lancaster, Brest	——	12:00 M.
Santa Cecilia, Brest	——	12:00 M.
Arizonan, Brest	——	12:00 M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Patricia, Brest	——	12:00 M.
Von Steuben, Brest	——	12:00 M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Mauretania, Southampton	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mt. Vernon, Brest	——	12:00 M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Baltic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Caronia, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carmania, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Calamares, Brest	——	12:00 M.
G. Washington, Brest	——	12:00 M.
Santa Ana, Brest	——	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Port Albany, at Table Bay, June 23.
SS Bayonne, at Venice, June 30.
SS [illegible], at Port Said, July 1.
SS Royal George, at Liverpool, July 5.
SS Cundomar, at Falmouth, July 4.

Sailed.

SS Talesman, from Bahia, July 1.
SS Lake Mary, from Barry, July 3.

Passed.

SS Baysarua, New York for Rotterdam, passed the Lizard.
SS Norwich City, New York for Havre, passed the Lizard.

BANKRUPTCY SALES. BANKRUPTCY SALES.

BANKRUPTCY SALE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY.—In the matter of DeWITT C. IVINS et al., &c., Bankrupts.

By order of GEORGE R. BEACH, REFEREE IN BANKRUPTCY, I shall offer for sale at

PUBLIC AUCTION

on the premises, certain real estate formerly belonging to DeWitt C. Ivins at 761 and 763 WEBSTER PLACE, PLAINFIELD, NEW JERSEY, Thursday, July 10, 1919, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Premises consist of a large plot of ground sixty-six (66) feet in width in front and rear, and one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet in depth on each side, (measured from centre of street), on which are erected two single frame private dwelling houses known as 761 and 763 Webster Place, Plainfield, New Jersey.

NEAR STATION OF C. R. R. OF N. J.

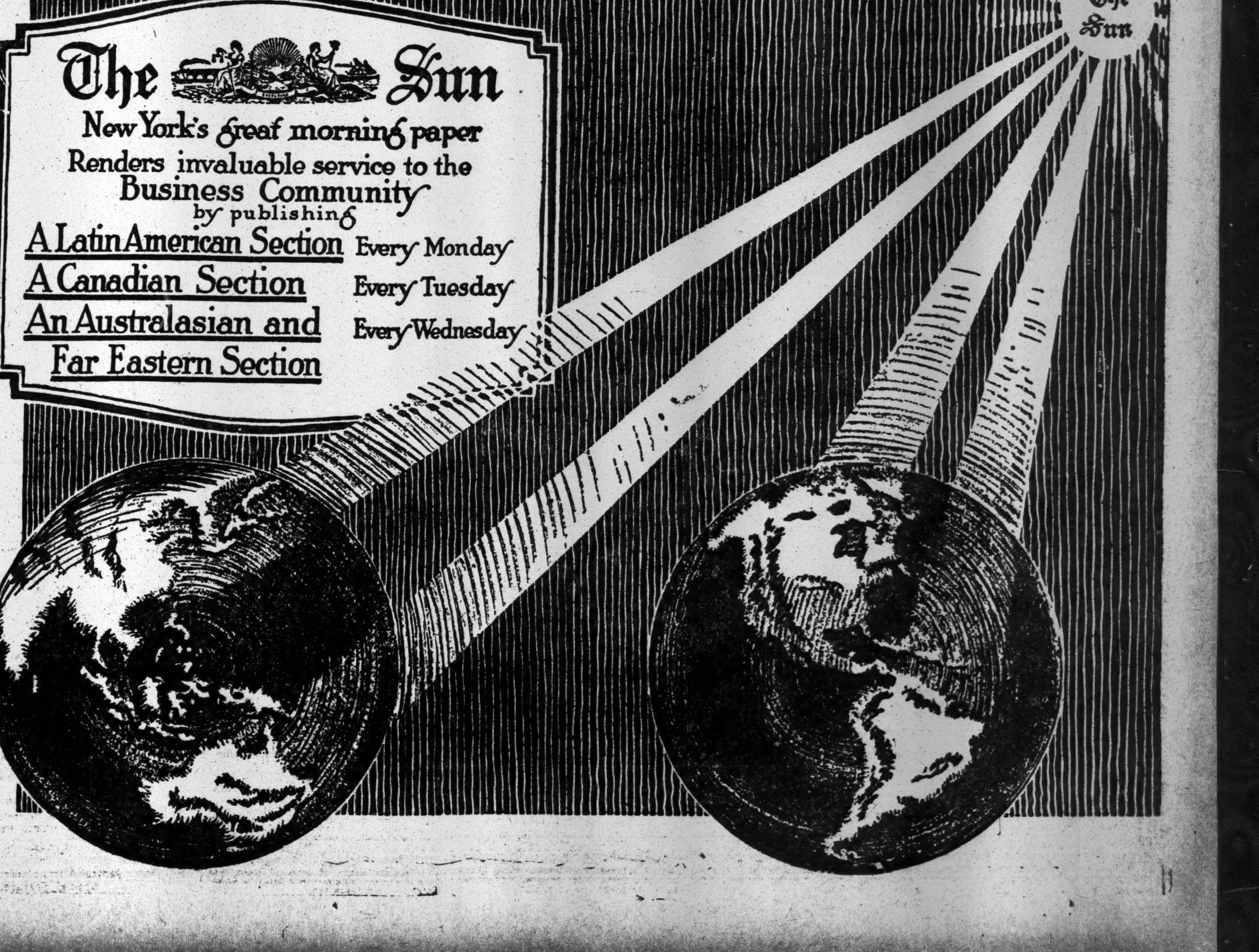
Good neighborhood. Room for gardens. Premises now encumbered by two mortgages of $1,000.00, one on each house. Will be sold subject to same. Opportunity for home-seeker or investor.

Terms 10% cash deposit at time of sale, and balance in cash fifteen days after confirmation of sale.

Sale is subject to confirmation by George R. Beach, Referee, on July 11th, 1919, at 2 P. M. at Court Room, Post Office Building, Jersey City, N. J.

GEORGE G. TENNANT,
Trustee in Bankruptcy, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.
ANDREW J. STEELMAN, Attorney for Trustee, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.


The Sun
New York's great morning paper
Renders invaluable service to the Business Community by publishing
A Latin American Section Every Monday
A Canadian Section Every Tuesday
An Australasian and Far Eastern Section Every Wednesday
The Sun

Store Hours: 9 to 5:30

Gimbel Brothers

32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Closed All Day Saturdays

Announcing A Million Dollar Sale for July That Strikes A New Blow at the High Cost of Living

$1,000,000 Worth of Desirable Merchandise at Prices from 10 to 40% Under the Market

The question for thoughtful people to consider right now is not what do things cost TODAY, but what will they cost in the next few months to come. Every head of a home, every man and woman who has to look a family budget in the eye, should awake to the advantages of buying now for future needs, for Gimbels will make prices that defy the market and may not be duplicated in months or perhaps years.

The question naturally arises, if Gimbel stocks are growing in value by leaps and bounds, why not hold them for the future since goods are so scarce and present retail prices so comparatively low?

The answer is, Gimbel Stocks are so enormous that we could hardly get another dollar's worth into the stores and warehouses, due to the placing of orders far ahead at old prices, and new merchandise is arriving daily from sources few stores can reach.

Divided as Follows:

$30,000 worth of waists and wash dresses for $20,000.
$75,000 worth of sheets and pillow cases for $60,000.
$75,000 worth of pianos and players for $60,000.
$60,000 worth of linens, towels, etc., for $48,000.
$20,000 worth of sewing machines for $18,000.
$12,000 worth of trunks for $9,000.
$30,000 worth of silverware for $27,000.
$60,000 worth of drugs and toilet articles at $48,000.
$20,000 worth of millinery for $15,000.
$36,000 worth of wash goods for $27,500.
$25,000 worth of plain and figured seamless Wilton rugs for $20,000.
$90,000 worth of furniture and bedding for $72,000.
$22,000 worth of grass, rag, and mohair rugs for $18,000.
$10,000 worth of linoleum for $7,500.
$30,000 worth of carpets for $20,000.
$75,000 worth of house furnishings for $60,000.
$62,000 worth of dress goods for $47,000.
$36,000 worth of silks for $27,000.
$100,000 worth of hosiery and underwear for $83,000.
$40,000 worth of undermuslins for $32,000.
$35,000 worth of gloves for $22,000.
$80,000 worth of shoes for $70,000.
$60,000 worth of china, lamps, etc., for $38,000.

And Smaller Lots Covering Nearly Every Section of the Store

The Enormous Purchasing Power of Three Big Gimbel Stores—

The Striking Ingenuity of Three Gimbel Organizations!

New York remembers how Gimbels sold over One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars' Worth of Oil Stoves during the coal shortage of 1917, when no other store in New York could show over a few dozen stoves at a time.

New York remembers how Gimbels dominated the Electric Fan market during the excessively hot Summer of 1917, with Fans to burn, without competition.

New York remembers Rug and Carpet Sales, Silverware and Linen Sales, Sales of Sheets, Muslins and Blankets, Sales of Piece Goods, Piano Sales, Hosiery Sales; and many other stocks of merchandise at times when the supply elsewhere was too scarce for advertising mention.

These conditions were not flukes; this was not the result of good luck, but represents a merchandising ingenuity and a merchandising power to which we proudly refer without false modesty.

And the same reasons lie at the bottom of this determination to sell $1,000,000 Worth of Desirable Merchandise at prices considerably under the market.

A Sale That Demonstrates How Intelligence Rightly Applied Can Master Adverse Conditions

The merchandise that will go into this event was selected from Gimbel regular stocks and is not being offered now at "cut" or "reduced" prices—let that be clearly understood.

But the prices we have placed on this merchandise, because of the basis on which we bought it, are so attractive now compared with present market values and with what they must be later as to make this an even greater attraction than the customary bargain sale.

Hundreds of items will be offered at "Old" prices, in direct competition with prices that many stores have been compelled to advance from 10 to 40% on similar goods.

Gimbel Buyers are now scouring the world in search of new merchandise. We are finding goods in towns and in countries overlooked by most stores in normal times, and we promise our patrons a generous supply of hundreds of articles that many stores will be "out of" in the immediate future.

In this event one sale will follow another of desirable merchandise of the best kinds for home and every member in it at prices that will stand alone.

Not To Forget Gimbels Downstairs Stores!

$200,000 of the Million Dollar Selection Represents Lower Priced Merchandise in Our Bargain Subway Stores.

Enormous quantities of Shoes for men, women and children at extraordinarily low prices considering the present conditions of the shoe market.

Thousands of yards of silks, dress goods, wash goods, and other fabrics by the yard.

Great groups of clothing for men and boys—the scarce kinds, at prices well worth noticing.

Carpets, rugs, upholstery goods, china and glassware, all in the event at distinct savings from today's market value, to say nothing of what prices will be later.

Women's, misses' and children's apparel at the same time offered in July Clearance at prices under the normal markings.

You are urged and invited to visit every section of the Downstairs Stores for these attractions.